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Digitized Automation for a Changing World

# **AS** Series Hardware and Operation Manual



## AS Series Hardware and Operation Manual

## **Revision History**

Version	Revision	Date
1 <sup>st</sup>	The first version was published.	2016/11/30
2 <sup>nd</sup>	<ol> <li>Added new models AS08AD-B, AS08AD-C and UB-10-IO32D product information.</li> <li>Updated module weights.</li> </ol>	2018/02/09
ord	3.Updated Emergency Request Message information	0040/00/00
3 <sup>rd</sup>	1.Chapter 2: Specification Corrections	2018/03/22
4 <sup>th</sup>	1.Updated new models AS08AD-B/C, AS02/04PU-A, AS320T/P-B, AS300N-A, AS228R/T/P-A, AS218RX/TX/PX-A, AS06RTD-A, AS08TC-A, AS-FEN02 and AS01DNET-A product information2018/2.Chapter 9: Updated operation and monitor on the 	
5 <sup>th</sup>	<ol> <li>Updated digital output specifications in section 1.1.2.</li> <li>Added specification of ambient air. temperature-barometric pressure-altitude in section 2.1.</li> <li>Added specifications of program capacity (step) and Ethernet in section 2.2.1.</li> <li>Added specifications of input impedance and leakage current in section 2.2.2.</li> <li>Added specifications of digital conversion range and update input impedance for 04DA/06XA.</li> <li>Added a note for the function specification in section 2.5.1.</li> <li>Updated the cable specification image in section 4.2.1.</li> <li>Updated the cable specification image in section 4.2.1.</li> <li>Updated the contents of initializing a memory card in section 7.4.1 and added root directory of the memory card in sections 7.6, 7.8 and 7.9.</li> <li>Added an example of Daylight Saving Timing in section 8.2.2.1.</li> <li>Updated EIP Scanner/Adapter and data mapping information, EIP Builder operations in section 9.3.1 and 9.3.2.</li> <li>Updated assembly object, TCP/IP interface object and Ethernet link object in section 9.8.</li> <li>Added new EIP products in the EIP product list in section 9.9.</li> <li>Updated operation and monitor on the web information in section 9.10.</li> <li>Added AS200 series descriptions as well as application examples and updated CANopen introduction as well</li> </ol>	2019/1/11

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	as troubleshooting.	
	17.Added descriptions on the Error LED Indicators in section 12.3.1 and 12.3.2.	
	18.Added a new chapter, chapter 13 for Data Tracer and Data Logger.	
	19.Updated the list of Function Codes and Number of Devices Supported for Modbus Protocols in section B.2.	
6 <sup>th</sup>	1. Manual corrections in the response time of electrical specification for the inputs on AS300 series in section 2.2.2.	2019/06/04
	1. Added information of new products AS02PU-A, AS04PU-A, AS02HC-A, AS04SIL-A, and AS-FPFN02.	
	2. Added AS200 analog input/output information in section 2.2.5.	
	3. Updated electrical specification (24 VDC) for IO module in section 2.3.	
	4. Updated A/D functional specification for AS04AD-A, AS08AD-B, AS08AD-C and AS06XA-A in section 2.4.1.	
	5. Added electrical specification and parameter settings for AS02PU-A and AS04PU-A in section 2.6.	
	6. Added specification for AS02HC-A in section 2.7.	
	7. Added specification for AS04SIL-A in section 2.8.	
	8. Updated specification for AS-F2AD, AS-F2DA and AS-FPFN02 in section 2.10.	
	9. Added descriptions for SM204 and SM204 in section 5.1.3.	
	10.Updated device register range in section 5.1.4.	
	11.Added device function description for AS02HC-A in section 5.2.11.	
<b>7</b> <sup>th</sup>	12.Updated data register description in section 5.2.12.	2019/12/20
	13.Updated software setting description "Options - System Information Page" in section 8.2.2.1.	
	<ul> <li>14.Updated Send and Receive Length in section 8.2.2.4.</li> <li>15.Updated description of "Options - Function Card 2 Setting" in section 8.2.2.6.</li> </ul>	
	16.Updated HWCONFIG image for AS Series CPU module in section 8.2.3.	
	17.Updated description of "Options - Function Card 2 Setting" in section 8.3.1.	
	18.Added AS-FPFN02 product information and updated socket information in section 9.3.	
	19.Updated operational description for EIP Builder in section 9.4.	
	20.Added AS-FPFN02 product information in section 9.6.	
	21.Added instance attribute and object examples in section 9.8.5.	
	22.Added object examples in section 9.8.8.	
	23.Added data type for instance 1 in section 9.8.12.	
	24.Added new product information AHCPU501-EN and	

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	AHCPU560-EN2 in section 9.9.	
	25.Updated SR829 information in section 10.5.1.	
	26.Added descriptions of SM5=ON and SM0=ON in section 12.1.4.	
	27.Updated error codes 16#0102, 16#0202, 16#0302, 16#0D03, 16#0E05, and 16#200A in section 12.2.2.	
	28.Added error codes 16#19B0-16#19FC and updated 16#2001, 16#2003, 16#300B-200E, 16#2012-2014, 16#2017, 16#2027-2031 in section 12.2.9.	
	29.Added troubleshooting information for AS02PU-A, AS04PU-A, AS02HC-A, and AS04SIL-A in section 12.3.2, 12.3.3 and 12.3.5.	
	30.Added error codes 16#1500 and16#1505 in section 12.3.7.2.	
	31.Updated error code #162003 and added 16#2030 and16#2031 and added information for AS02PU-A, AS04PU-A, AS02HC-A, and AS04SIL-A in section 12.4.	
	<ol> <li>Updated power supply information on all CPU Series, added new product information, AS100 Series and AS-FOPC02, updated model description on Positioning Modules, Counter Modules, AS-FEN02, and AS-FPFN02 in section 1.1.2.</li> </ol>	
	2. Added the durability information in general specification in section 2.1.	
	3. Updated electrical input insolation information in section 2.2.2, 2.3.1, and 2.7.1.	
	4. Updated the Software filter time setting range in section 2.31.	
	5. Updated the general specification on Positioning Module in section 2.6.1.	
	6. Updated the general specification on Counter Module in section 2.7.1.	
8 <sup>th</sup>	7. Updated the general specification of the Ethernet Communication Interface on Network Module in section 2.8.1.	2020/07/07
	8. Updated the descriptions of the Error LED Indicator,	
	function card slots 1&2 and mode switch for AS00SCM-A in section 2.8.2.	
	9. Added information of Ethernet Communication Interface for AS-FEN02 and AS-FPFN02 in section 2.10.1.	
	10.Added a description for the example of 16-bit counters in section 5.2.10.	
	11.Added a description for the example of 32-bit counters in section 5.2.11.	
	12.Added a description for data register range in section 5.2.12.	
	13.Added a notice in section 8.1.	
	14.Added a device range table for modules in section 8.1.2.2.	
	15.Updated the image and description in point 5 in section 8.2.2.2.	

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	16.Updated the EtherNet/IP specification table in section 9.3.2.	
	17.Updated PROFINET specification in section 9.3.3.	
	18.Update a number in AS300 Series PLC master register in section 10.6.	
	19.Added a new description in section 12.2.8.	
	20.Updated the table of ERROR LED Indicators Are ON in section 12.3.3.1.	
	21.Added two new error codes in section 12.3.5.2.	
	1.AS Series Hardware Manual and AS Series Operation Manual are combined into AS Series Hardware and Operation Manual to enhance more concise reading experiences.	
	2.Added new product information, AS-PS03C, AS-ATXB, AS-FOPC02, AS100 and added power input specifications for AS300 and AS200 series. Updated specifications on AS02PU-A, AS04PU-A, AS02HC-A, AS-FEN02, and AS-FPFN02.	
	3.Added contents from Chapter 3 of AS Series Hardware Manual in Chapter 2.	
	4.Added contents from Chapter 2 and 5 of AS Series Hardware Manual in Chapter 4.	
	5.Added contents from Chapter 4 of AS Series Hardware Manual in Chapter 5.	
	6.Updated HWCONFIG 4.0 operation images in Chapter 8.	
9 <sup>th</sup>	<ul> <li>7.Added section 9.2.3 Network Communication Parameter Setting. Updated maximum connection quantity for Client and Server in Modbus TCP specification in 9.3.1. Updated PROFINET specification in section 9.3.3. Updated TAG description in section 9.5.2. Updated Delta EIP Products in section 9.9.</li> </ul>	2021/2/5
	8.Added section 10.1.3 Refreshing Mechanism in the Input/Output Mapping Area and updated HWCONFIG 4.0 operation images in Chapter 10.	
	<ul> <li>9.Added Execution Timing of Interrupts in section 11.1.3.</li> <li>10.Updated 12.2.8 Status and Operation under Different Operating Modes, and troubleshooting sections in 12.3.3 High-Speed Counter Module AS02HC, 12.3.4 Load Cell Module AS02LC, 12.3.5 the Module AS04SIL as a Communication Module and 12.3.6 Module AS00SCM as a Communication Module.</li> </ul>	
	11.Added Delta Drive Parameters Backup and Restore in section 13.3.	
	12.Added Appendix C to introduce EMC Standards and Appendix D to illustrate Maintenance and Inspection.	

Version	Revision	Date
10 <sup>th</sup>	1.Manual correction in Chapter 1.3 presentation.	20210225
	<ol> <li>Chapter 1: Deleted product information AS-PS03C. Added product information including AS02ADH-A and AS-FFTP01. Updated conversion times for I/O modules and sensor types for temperature measurement modules.</li> <li>Chapter 2: Added new product information including AS100 series PLC CPU, AS02ADH-A, and AS-FFTP01. Added the information of maximum inrush current in the specification. Updated conversion times for I/O modules and sensor types for temperature measurement modules.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Chapter 4: Added new product information including AS100 series PLC CPU, AS02ADH-A, and AS-FFTP01. Updated wiring information for positioning modules, counter modules and temperature measurement modules.</li> </ol>	
	4. Chapter 5: Changed the stepping relays to relays.	
	<ol> <li>Chapter 7: Added new product information AS100 series PLC CPU.</li> </ol>	
11 <sup>th</sup>	<ol> <li>Chapter 8: Updated contents of Select Action When 24Vdc Input Unstable, AS Remote Module Updated Method and I601 to I604 Timer Interrupt Setting Time Base in section 8.2.2.</li> </ol>	20220112
	<ol> <li>Chapter 9: Changed EIP Builder operation procedures to HWCONFIG's. Added a note that Array-typed tags are NOT supported in explicit messages in section 9.3.2. Updated operation procedures and added demonstrations of EIP Tag deployment in section 9.4, removed the 3<sup>rd</sup> party product software images in section 9.7, added Network Security section in section 9.10 and added a web operation restriction in section 9.11.1.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Chapter 10: Added new product information AS100 series PLC CPU. Updated non-synchronous mode information in section 10.1.3. Added product information including AS100 Series PLC CPU and DVP-ES3 Series PLC CPU.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Chapter 11: Updated the contents of Execution Timing of Interrupts in section 11.1.3.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Chapter: Updated the content and the solution for error code 16#1807 in section 12.3.4.2. Added error codes 16#1980 to 16#19FC and 16#C000 to 16#CFFF in sections 12.4. Added a new error LED indicator for "When power-on, the module is not detected by CPU</li> </ol>	

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	module." in section 12.4.5.	
	<ol> <li>Chapter 13: Added new product information AS100 series PLC CPU.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Appendix B: Added new product information AS100 series PLC CPU.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Added information about DIADesigner software and new function card AS-FECAT in every chapter.</li> </ol>	
12 <sup>th</sup>	2. Chapter 2: Added information for specifications of UL 94 Flame Classifications in section 2.1. Updated information for specification of resolution in section 2.5. Updated information for connector types specification of AS00SCM-A and filtering time for AS04SIL-A in section 2.8.1. Updated information for extreme pulse value range and averaging weights of AS02LC-A in section 2.9.1. Updated the extension card profiles in section 2.10.2.	2022/05/30
	<ol> <li>Chapter 9: Deleted software images from 3rd party manufacturers.</li> </ol>	
	<ol> <li>Chapter 12: Added the following error codes, 16#000D, 16#0020, 16#0021, 16#0028, 16#0040-16#0047, 16#1000-10FF, and 16#140C.</li> </ol>	

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\* All the Windows screenshots are used with permission from Microsoft.

# Chapter 1 Product Introduction

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## 1.1 Overview

This manual introduces the AS Series PLC CPU functions, devices, module tables, basic instructions, applied instructions, electrical specifications troubleshooting, as well as appearances, dimensions, and so forth.

## 1.1.1 Related Manuals

The related manuals for AS Series programmable logic controllers are listed below.

- AS Series Quick Start This guides you in how to use the system before reading the related manuals.
- AS Series Programming Manual This introduces programming for the AS Series programmable logic controllers, basic instructions, and applied instructions.
- ISPSoft / DIADesigner User Manual This introduces the use of the ISPSoft and DIADesigner software, programming language (Ladder, IL, SFC, FBD, and ST), POUs, and tasks.
- AS Series Hardware and Operation Manual This introduces electrical specifications, appearances, dimensions, CPU functions, devices, module tables, troubleshooting, and so forth.
- AS Series Module Manual

This introduces special I/O modules such as network modules, analog I/O modules, temperature measurement modules, motion control modules, and so forth.

Classification	Model Name	Description
	AS-PS02	Input: 100-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz
Dower oupply	A0-1 002	Output: 24VDC/2A, 48W (for PLC internal use)
Power supply module		Input: 100-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz
modulo	AS-PS02A	Output: 24VDC/1.5A, 36W (for PLC internal use)
		Output: 24VDC/0.5A, 12W (for external use)
AS CPU power	AS-ATXB	For easier wiring, this adaptor allows wiring on the bottom of
module adaptor	AS-ATAB	the module instead of on the left-side of the module.
		CPU module, 24VDC power input, PNP output, 1x Ethernet
		port, 2x RS-485 ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface,
	AS332P-A	2x function cards (optional), supporting 32 I/Os
AS300 Series		(16DI+16DO) and up to 1024 I/Os. Program capacity:128K
CPU module		steps, high-density terminal blocks
		CPU module, 24VDC power input, NPN output, 1x Ethernet
	AS332T-A	port, 2x RS-485 ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface,
		2x function cards (optional), supporting 32 I/Os

## 1.1.2 Models Descriptions

Classification	Model Name	Description
		(16DI+16DO) and up to 1024 I/Os. Program capacity:128K
		steps, high-density terminal blocks
		CPU module, 24VDC power input, NPN differential output,
		1x Ethernet port, 2x RS-485 ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro
	AS324MT-A	SD interface, 2x function cards (optional), supporting 24
		I/Os (12DI+12DO) and up to 1016 I/Os. Program
		capacity:128K steps, high-density terminal blocks
		CPU module, 24VDC power input, PNP output, 1x Ethernet
		port , 2x RS-485 ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface,
	AS320P-B	2x function cards (optional), supporting 20 I/Os (8DI+12DO)
		and up to 1024 I/Os. Program capacity:128K steps,
		removable terminal blocks
		CPU module, 24VDC power input, NPN output, 1x Ethernet
		port, 2x RS-485 ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface,
	AS320T-B	2x function cards (optional), supporting 20 I/Os (8DI+12DO)
		and up to 1024 I/Os. Program capacity:128K steps,
		removable terminal blocks
		CPU module, 24VDC power input, no I/Os, 1x Ethernet port,
	AS300N-A	2x RS-485 ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, 2x
		function cards (optional), and supporting up to 1024 I/Os.
		Program capacity:128K steps
		CPU module, 24VDC power input, PNP output, 1x Ethernet
		port , 2x RS-485 ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface,
	AS228P-A	CAN communication port, supporting 28 I/Os (16DI+12DO)
		and up to 1024 I/Os. Program capacity: 64K steps,
		removable terminal blocks
		CPU module, 24VDC power input, NPN output, 1x Ethernet
AS200 Series		port , 2x RS-485 ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface,
CPU module	AS228T-A	CAN communication port, supporting 28 I/Os (16DI+12DO)
		and up to 1024 I/Os. Program capacity: 64K steps,
		removable terminal blocks
		CPU module, 24VDC power input, Relay output, 1x
	AS228R-A	Ethernet port , 2x RS-485 ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD
		interface, CAN communication port, supporting 28 I/Os
		(16DI+12DO) and up to 1024 I/Os. Program capacity: 64K

Classification	Model Name	Description
		steps, removable terminal blocks
	AS218PX-A	CPU module, 24VDC power input, PNP output, 1x Ethernet port , 2x RS-485 ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, CAN communication port, supporting 18 I/Os (8DI+6DO+2AI+2AO) and up to 1024 I/Os. Program capacity: 64K steps, removable terminal blocks
	AS218TX-A	CPU module, 24VDC power input, NPN output, 1x Ethernet port , 2x RS-485 ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, CAN communication port, supporting 18 I/Os (8DI+6DO+2AI+2AO) and up to 1024 I/Os. Program capacity: 64K steps, removable terminal blocks
	AS218RX-A	CPU module, 24VDC power input, Relay output, 1x Ethernet port, 2x RS-485 ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, CAN communication port, supporting 18 I/Os (8DI+6DO+2AI+2AO) and up to 1024 I/Os. Program capacity: 64K steps, removable terminal blocks
	AS132P-A	CPU module, 100-240VDC power input, PNP output, 1x Ethernet port, 2x RS-485 ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, CAN communication port, supporting 32 I/Os (16DI+16DO) and up to 1024 I/Os. Program capacity: 64K steps, removable terminal blocks
AS100 Series CPU module	AS132T-A	CPU module, 100-240VDC power input, NPN output, 1x Ethernet port, 2x RS-485 ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, CAN communication port, supporting 32 I/Os (16DI+16DO) and up to 1024 I/Os. Program capacity: 64K steps, removable terminal blocks
	AS132R-A	CPU module, 100-240VDC power input, Relay output, 1x Ethernet port , 2x RS-485 ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, CAN communication port, supporting 32 I/Os (16DI+16DO) and up to 1024 I/Os. Program capacity: 64K steps, removable terminal blocks
	AS148P-A	CPU module, 100-240VDC power input, PNP output, 1x Ethernet port , 2x RS-485 ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD interface, CAN communication port, supporting 48 I/Os (24DI+24DO) and up to 1024 I/Os. Program capacity: 64K

Classification	Model Name	Description
		steps, removable terminal blocks
		CPU module, 100-240VDC power input, NPN output, 1x
		Ethernet port , 2x RS-485 ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD
	AS148T-A	interface, CAN communication port, supporting 48 I/Os
		(24DI+24DO) and up to 1024 I/Os. Program capacity: 64K
		steps, removable terminal blocks
		CPU module, 100-240VDC power input, Relay output, 1x
		Ethernet port , 2x RS-485 ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD
	AS148R-A	interface, CAN communication port, supporting 48 I/Os
		(24DI+24DO) and up to 1024 I/Os. Program capacity: 64K
		steps, removable terminal blocks
		CPU module, 100-240VDC power input, PNP output, 1x
		Ethernet port , 2x RS-485 ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD
	AS164P-A	interface, CAN communication port, supporting 64 I/Os
		(32DI+32DO) and up to 1024 I/Os. Program capacity: 64K
		steps, removable terminal blocks
		CPU module, 100-240VDC power input, NPN output, 1x
		Ethernet port , 2x RS-485 ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD
	AS164T-A	interface, CAN communication port, supporting 64 I/Os
		(32DI+32DO) and up to 1024 I/Os. Program capacity: 64K
		steps, removable terminal blocks
		CPU module, 100-240VDC power input, Relay output, 1x
		Ethernet port , 2x RS-485 ports, 1x USB port, 1x Micro SD
	AS164R-A	interface, CAN communication port, supporting 64 I/Os
		(32DI+32DO) and up to 1024 I/Os. Program capacity: 64K
		steps, removable terminal blocks
		24VDC
		5mA
	AS08AM10N-A	8 inputs
Digital		Spring-clamp terminal block
input/output		5 - 30VDC
module	le	0.5A/output, 4A/COM
	AS08AN01P-A	8 outputs
		Sourcing output
		Spring-clamp terminal block

Classification	Model Name	Description
		240VAC/24VDC
		2A/output, 8A/COM
	AS08AN01R-A	8 outputs
		Relay
		Spring-clamp terminal block
		5 - 30VDC
		0.5A/output, 4A/COM
	AS08AN01T-A	8 outputs
		Sinking output
		Spring-clamp terminal block
		24VDC
	AS16AM10N-A	5mA
	AS IOAM TUN-A	16 inputs
		Spring-clamp terminal block
		5 - 30VDC
		0.5A/output, 4A/COM
	AS16AN01P-A	16 outputs
		Sourcing output
		Spring-clamp terminal block
		240VAC/24VDC
		2A/output, 8A/COM
	AS16AN01R-A	16 outputs
		Relay
		Spring-clamp terminal block
	AS16AN01T-A	5 - 30VDC
		0.5A/output, 4A/COM
		16 outputs
		Sinking output
		Spring-clamp terminal block
		24VDC
	AS16AP11P-A	5mA
		8 inputs

Classification	Model Name	Description
		5 - 30VDC
		0.5A/output, 4A/COM
		8 outputs
		Sourcing output
		Spring-clamp terminal block
		24VDC
		5mA
		8 inputs
		240VAC/24VDC
	AS16AP11R-A	2A/output, 8A/COM
		8 outputs
		Relay
		Spring-clamp terminal block
		24VDC
		5mA
		8 inputs
	AS16AP11T-A	5 - 30VDC
	AS TOAP ITT-A	0.5A/output, 4A/COM
		8 outputs
		Sinking output
		Spring-clamp terminal block
		24VDC
	A \$224 M40NL A	3.2mA
	AS32AM10N-A	32 inputs
		MIL connector
	AS32AN02T-A	5 - 30VDC
		0.1A/output, 3.2A/COM
		32 outputs
		Sinking output
		MIL connector
		24VDC
	AS64AM10N-A	3.2mA

Classification	Model Name	Description
		64 inputs
		MIL connector
		5 - 30VDC
		0.1A/output, 3.2A/COM
	AS64AN02T-A	64 outputs
		Sinking output
		MIL connector
		4-channel analog input module
		Hardware resolution: 16 bits
	AS04AD-A	0–10V, 0/1–5V, -5 to +5V, -10 to +10V, 0/4–20mA, -20– +20mA
		Conversion time: 2 ms/channel; for FW V1.02.00 or later, upgraded to 1 ms/channel
		8-channel analog input module
	AS08AD-B	Hardware resolution: 16 bits
		0 to +10V, 0/1–5V, -5V to +5V, -10V to +10V
		Conversion time: 2 ms/channel; for FW V1.02.00 or later,
		upgraded to 1 ms/channel
Analog		8-channel analog input module
input/output	AS08AD-C	Hardware resolution: 16 bits
module		0/4–20mA, -20mA–+20mA
		Conversion time: 2 ms/channel; for FW V1.02.00 or later,
		upgraded to 1 ms/channel
	AS04DA-A	4-channel analog output module
		Hardware resolution: 12 bits
		-10 to +10V, 0–20mA, 4–20mA
		Conversion time: 2 ms/channel
	AS06XA-A	4-channel analog input
		Hardware resolution: 16 bits
		0–10V, 0/1–5V, -5 to +5V, -10 to +10V, 0/4–20mA, -20 to
		+20mA
		Conversion time: 2 ms/channel; for FW V1.02.00 or later, upgraded to 1 ms/channel

Classification	Model Name	Description
		2-channel analog output
		Hardware resolution: 12 bits
		-10 to +10V, 0–20mA, 4–20mA
		Conversion time: 2 ms/channel
		2-channel analog input
		Hardware resolution: 16 bits
		0–10V, 0/1–5V, -5 to +5V, -10 to +10V, 0/4–20mA, -20 to
		+20mA
	AS02ADH-A	High-speed conversion time: 20 µs
		The analog channels are isolated from one another.
		Digital output value (2000 per channel), peak value
		Low-pass and band-pass filters are available.
		4-channel, 2-wire/3-wire RTD
		Sensor type: Pt100 / Ni100 / Pt1000 / Ni1000 / JPt100 / LG-
		Ni1000 / Cu50 / Cu100 / 0-300Ω / 0-3000Ω / Ni120 (FW
	AS04RTD-A	V1.06 or later) input impedance
		Resolution: 0.1°C/0.1°F (16 bits)
		Conversion time: 200ms/channel
		6-channel, 2-wire/3-wire RTD
		Sensor type: Pt100 / Ni100 / Pt1000 / Ni1000 / JPt100 / LG-
		Ni1000 / Cu50 / Cu100 / 0-300Ω / 0-3000Ω / Ni120 (FW
Temperature	AS06RTD-A	V1.06 or later) input impedance, Resolution: 0.1°C/0.1°F
measurement		(16 bits)
module		Conversion time: 200ms/channel
	AS04TC-A	4-channel thermocouple
		Sensor type: J, K, R, S, T, E, N, B and -100 to +100 mV
		Resolution: 0.1°C/0.1°F (24 bits)
		Conversion time: 200ms/channel
	AS08TC-A	8-channel thermocouple
		Sensor type: J, K, R, S, T, E, N, B and -100 to +100 mV
		Resolution: 0.1°C/0.1°F (24 bits)
		Conversion time: 200ms/channel
Load cell	AS02LC-A	2-channel, 4-wire/6-wire load cell sensor

Classification	Model Name	Description
module		Eigenvalues for a load cell: 1, 2, 4, 6, 20, 40, 80 mV/V
		Highest precision 1/10000 @ 50ms of conversion time
		ADC Resolution : 4 bits
		Conversion time: 2.5–400ms (nine options to choose from)
		2-axis motion control
		5-24 VDC, 1 differential input (A/B/Z phase), maximum
		hardware input frequency at 200 kHz
	AS02PU-A	24 VDC, 5 mA, 5 inputs, maximum hardware input
		frequency at 1 kHz,
Positioning		5 VDC, 2-axis (4 points) differential outputs, maximum
module		output frequency at 200 kHz
		4-axis motion control
		24 VDC, 5mA, 6 inputs, maximum hardware input frequency
	AS04PU-A	at 1 kHz
		5-30 VDC, 0.1A, 4-axis (8 points) open collector output,
		maximum output frequency at 100 kHz
		2-channel high-speed counters
Osumban	AS02HC-A	Input methods are pulse-input (max. at 200 kHz) and SSI
Counter		communication interface input (max. at 1.25 MHz)
module		4-axis high-speed open collector output, 5-30 VDC, 0.1A,
		can work with high-speed instructions to output
	AS00SCM-A	Serial communication module, 2x communication ports for
		communication cards, supporting Modbus protocols
Network		DeviceNet communication port, functioning as master or
module	AS01DNET-A	slave
	AS04SIL-A	IO-Link module, built-in with 4 IO-Link communication ports
	AS00SCM-A	
	+	For AS-FCOPM function cards
	AS-FCOPM	
Remote I/O	AS00SCM-A	
module	+	For AS-FEN02 function cards
	AS-FEN02	
	AS01DNET-A (RTU)	DeviceNet remote IO slave, its right side connects with AS
		Series extension modules, including digital modules, analog

Classification	Model Name	Description
		modules, temperature modules, etc.
-	AS-F232	Serial communication port, RS232, functioning as master or slave
	AS-F422	Serial communication port, RS422, functioning as master or slave
	AS-F485	Serial communication port, RS485, functioning as master or slave
	AS-FCOPM	CANopen communication port, supporting DS301, AS series remote modules and Delta servo systems
		2-channel analog input
	AS-F2AD	0-10V (12 bits), 4-20mA (11 bits)
		Conversion time: 3ms/channel
		2-channel analog output
Function cards	AS-F2DA	0-10V, 4-20mA (12 bits)
		Conversion time: 2ms/channel
	AS-FEN02	Only available for AS300 Series PLC CPU, 2x Ethernet
		ports, supporting switch function, Modbus TCP, EtherNet/IP
		Adapter and AS Series remote control
		Only available for AS300 Series PLC CPU, 2x Ethernet
	AS-FPFN02	ports, supporting switch function and PROFINET Device
		(Slave)
		Only available for AS300 Series PLC CPU, 2x Ethernet
	AS-FOPC02	ports, supporting switch function, OPC-UA Server and
		Modbus TCP
		Only available for AS300 Series PLC CPU, 1x Ethernet
	AS-FFTP01	ports, supporting FTP Server, OPC-UA Server, MQTT
		Client, Web Server, and Data Log
		Only available for AS300 Series PLC CPU, 2x Ethernet ports, supporting data exchange (before EtherCAT Master
	AS-FECAT	enabled), MODBUS TCP Server (1 connection), EtherCAT
		Master 16-axes point-to-point positioning control (only
		available for Delta drive)
Programming	UC-PRG015-01A	Used for the connection between a PLC and a PC via a mini
cable	(1.5M)	USB port, use for AS332T-A, AS332P-A, and AS324MT-A

Classification	Model Name	Description
	UC-PRG030-01A (3M)	Use for the connection between a PLC and a PC with a mini USB port, use for AS332T-A, AS332P-A, and AS324MT-A
	UC-PRG030-20A (3M)	Use for the connection between a PLC and a PC with a RJ45 port, use for AS332T-A, AS332P-A, AS324MT-A, AS-FEN02, AS-FPFN02 and AS-FECAT.
	UC-ET010-24B (1M)	MIL connector, 40Pin $\leftrightarrow$ 40Pin, shielded, use for
	UC-ET020-24B (2M)	AS32AM10N-A, AS32AN02T-A, AS64AM10N-A and
I/O extension	UC-ET030-24B (3M)	AS64AN02T-A
cable	UC-ET010-24D (1M)	MIL connector, 40Pin $\leftrightarrow$ 2x 20Pin, shielded, use for AS332T-
	UC-ET020-24D (2M)	A, AS332P-A, AS324MT-A, AS32AM10N-A, AS32AN02T-A,
	UC-ET030-24D (3M)	AS64AM10N-A, and AS64AN02T-A
	UB-10-ID16A	16 inputs/outputs, 20-Pin MIL connector, use for AS332T-A, AS332P-A, AS324MT-A, AS32AM10N-A, AS32AN02T-A, AS64AM10N-A and AS64AN02T-A
	UB-10-ID32A	32 inputs, 40-Pin MIL connector, use for AS32AM10N-A and AS64AM10N-A
External terminal	UB-10-IO32D	Terminal block (spring clamp/MIL connector), MIL connector to 40-Pin spring clamp terminal block, use for AS332T-A, AS332P-A, AS324MT-A, AS32AM10N-A, AS32AN02T-A
module	UB-10-OR16A	16 relay outputs, 20-Pin MIL connector, NPN, use for AS332T-A, AS32AN02T-A and AS64AN02T-A
	UB-10-OR16B	16 relay outputs, 20-Pin MIL connector, PNP, use for AS332P-A
	UB-10-OT32A	32 transistor outputs, 40-Pin MIL connector, NPN, use for AS32AN02T-A and AS64AN02T-A
	UC-CMC003-01A (0.3M)	CANopen communication cable, use for AS-FCOPM series
	UC-CMC005-01A (0.5M)	CANopen communication cable, use for AS-FCOPM series
	UC-CMC010-01A (1M)	CANopen communication cable, use for AS-FCOPM series
Network cables	UC-CMC015-01A (1.5M)	CANopen communication cable, use for AS-FCOPM series
	UC-CMC020-01A (2M)	CANopen communication cable, use for AS-FCOPM series
	UC-CMC030-01A (3M)	CANopen communication cable, use for AS-FCOPM series
	UC-CMC050-01A (5M)	CANopen communication cable, use for AS-FCOPM series

Classification	Model Name	Description
	UC-CMC100-01A (10M)	CANopen communication cable, use for AS-FCOPM series
	UC-CMC200-01A (20M)	CANopen communication cable, use for AS-FCOPM series
	UC-EMC003-02A (0.3M)	Ethernet communication cable, use for AS Series CPU modules, AS-FEN02, AS-FPFN02 and AS-FECAT.
	UC-EMC005-02A (0.5M)	Ethernet communication cable, use for AS Series CPU modules, AS-FEN02, AS-FPFN02 and AS-FECAT.
	UC-EMC010-02A (1M)	Ethernet communication cable, use for AS Series CPU modules, AS-FEN02, AS-FPFN02 and AS-FECAT.
	UC-EMC020-02A (2M)	Ethernet communication cable, use for AS Series CPU modules, AS-FEN02, AS-FPFN02 and AS-FECAT.
	UC-EMC050-02A (5M)	Ethernet communication cable, use for AS Series CPU modules, AS-FEN02, AS-FPFN02 and AS-FECAT.
	UC-EMC100-02A (10M)	Ethernet communication cable, use for AS Series CPU modules, AS-FEN02, AS-FPFN02 and AS-FECAT.
	UC-EMC200-02A (20M)	Ethernet communication cable, use for AS Series CPU modules, AS-FEN02, AS-FPFN02 and AS-FECAT.

## 1.2 Overview

An AS series CPU module is an advanced controller with built-in 6 high speed counters for inputs, up to 6-axis (pulse), and can optionally work with a total of 8-axis (CANopen) position outputs. It provides a strong network function for users, and users can create connection among devices on the network through software. An AS series CPU module also provides structured programming. Users can assign programs to different tasks, and write a program which is frequently executed in a function block. Besides, users can choose different programming languages ladder diagrams (LD), structured texts (ST), sequential function charts (SFC), continuous function chart (CFC) and C language dealt with by IEC 61131-3 according to their needs when writing programs in ISPSoft or DIADesigner. They can create the AS series hardware configuration by means of hardware configuration software. They can also restore or back up a system rapidly through the built-in SD interface in an AS series CPU module. This manual introduces the basic operation of an AS series system, and help users familiarize themselves with the AS series system.

## **1.3 Characteristics**

Characteristics of the AS series CPU module:

#### (1) High efficiency

- The AS Series CPU module uses a 32-bit high-speed processor. The module executes basic instructions at 25 ns each and moving instructions at 150ns each. The module executes instructions at a speed of 40k steps/ms (40% of the instructions are basic instructions, and 60% of the instructions are applied instructions).
- The CPU of the AS Series uses the Soc architecture, built with six (or three) high speed counters. The maximum frequency is 200 kHz for each counter (differential output models can reach 4 MHz); six-axis high speed position output at 200 kHz (differential output models can reach 4 MHz).

#### (2) Supporting more inputs and outputs

- The AS series CPU module supports up to 1024 digital I/Os or 32 I/O modules (any type) or 16 analog I/O modules.
- The AS series works with SCM/DNETcommunication modules (AS-FCOPM, and AS-FEN02 included) to create a remote connection, and you can connect up to 15 remote modules.

Note: For the connections between the CPU modules and the remote modules, the I/O points cannot exceed 1024 I/Os, 32 I/O modules (any type), or 16 analog I/O modules.

#### (3) Multiple I/O modules

• The AS series CPU module supports the following I/O modules: digital input/output modules, analog input/output modules, temperature measurement modules, positioning/counter modules, network modules, and function cards. Refer to section 1.1.2 section for more details.

#### (4) Larger program capacity and memory

- The AS300 Series advanced CPU modules have 128k steps of program capacity. 60000 general registers (30000 for specific use and 30000 for programming editing), and 64k words of memory (that can be used for storing parameters).
- The AS100 and AS200 Series advanced CPU modules have 64k steps of program capacity. 60000 general registers (30000 for specific use and 30000 for programming editing), and 64k words of memory (that can be used for storing parameters).

#### (5) Supporting IEC 61131-3

- The AS series CPU module supports IEC 61131-3.
- Supported programming languages are ladder diagrams (LD), sequential function chart (SFC), structured text (ST), continuous function chart (CFC) (ISPSoft V3.01 or later) and C language (ISPSoft V3.08 or later).

POU Name Prog0 Active	Cyclic Task (I)
Protection (4~12 Characters)	-Language-
Enter Password Confirmation	Ladder Diagram (LD)     Sequential Function Chart (SFC)     Function Block Diagram (FBD)     Instruction List (IL)     Structure Text (ST)     Continuous Function Chart (CFC)
POU Comment	×
	OK Cancel

• You can select a programming language according to your preference. Programming languages support one another so that programs written by different users are compatible.

#### (6) Strong function block

- Both standard IEC61131-3 function blocks and convenient functions blocks provided by Delta Electronics, Inc. are supported. You can use function blocks for frequently used programs for greater structure and convenience.
- The symbol for a function block in a ladder diagram is similar to an integrated circuit (IC) in a circuit diagram. Because the ladder diagram is based on the traditional circuit diagram, the operation of a function block is similar to the function of an integrated circuit. You only need to send the signal to the corresponding input of the function block. You do not need to consider the processing procedure inside the function block.



- A function block is a program element equipped with the operation function. It is similar to a subroutine, and is a type of POU (Program Organization Unit). It cannot operate by itself, and must be called through the main program POU. The function defined by the function block is executed after being called with the related parameters. The final result can be sent to the device or variable in the superior POU after the function block completes.
- You can set passwords in ISPSoft or DIADesigner to provide function block security. The program inside a function block cannot be read, and business patents cannot be compromised.

#### (7) Task



#### (ISPSoft image)

- You can assign 283 tasks at most to a program. Among these tasks, 32 are cyclic, 32 are I/O interrupts, 4 are timer interrupts, two are communication interrupts, one is an external 24 V low-voltage interrupt, and 212 are user-defined tasks.
- You can enable and disable a task when running a program by using the TKON and TKOFF instructions.

#### (8) Increasing hardware configuration efficiency through a USB cable and ISPSoft / DIADesigner

 The AS Series CPU module provides a standard USB 2.0 interface. USB 2.0 increases the data transfer rate and decreases the time it takes to download the program, monitor the program, and configure the hardware. You do not need to buy a special communication cable for the CPU module. You can use a general USB cable to connect to the AS Series CPU module.

#### (9) Serial control interface with multiple functions

- AS Series CPU modules provide two RS-485 serial control interfaces, COM1 and COM2, which can be set as a either master or slave.
- You use the communication cards to work with two extension serial communication ports and to set the port as a master or slave.

#### (10) High-speed Ethernet communication interface

- AS Series CPU modules are equipped with a 10/100 M Ethernet communication interface and support email, web, and socket services.
- System error messages can be sent to your email immediately. You do not need to be on location to
understand the problem.

### (11) Memory card

• The memory card has the following functions.

System backup: user program, CPU parameters, module table, and the device setting values System recovery: user program, CPU parameters, module table, and device setting values Parameter storage: device value

Log storage: system error log and system status log

### (12) I/O module installation

• The AS Series PLC supports slide-and-lock installation on I/O modules when the power is off. After the PLC is powered off, you can remove the defective module and replace it with a new one without removing other modules.



### (13) Supporting on-line debugging mode

- You can use the on-line debugging mode in the AS series CPU module after a single instruction step completes, or after a breakpoint is specified, to find bugs in the program.
- The CPU module must be running to enter the debugging mode. After enabling the on-line monitoring

function, click . The debugging screen varies from programming language to programming language, but the same operation applies to these programming languages. For the AS series PLC, structured text does not support debugging mode, and sequential function charts supports debugging mode during the action and the transition.

### Using ISPSoft to demonstrate:

1



Step 2: Entering the on-line mode





### Step 3: Enter debugging mode

### (14) On-line editing mode

- You can use the on-line editing mode when the system is running to update the program without affecting the system operation.
- Using ISPSoft to demonstrate, when the system is in the on-line monitoring mode, enter the on-line

PRJ\_0 - Delta ISPSoft View PLC Tools Window Help File ● ≠ ■ ▲ ■ ■ ◇ · ③ ● ' = ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ ■ 9 @ 3 10 1.2 OOXDO/ONNOD 111 = + - 10 Online Edit Mode (Ctrl+Alt+E) Project ₽× NWCONFIG
 Project [C'/GRP\_0/PRJ\_0/ 😭 P rog0 🚺 Tasks Local Symbols 🖃 🗹 Cyclic (0) Class Identifiers Address Type. Initial Val... Identifier Comment. Prog0 [PRG,LD] R Prog1 [PRG,SFC] Prog2 [PRG,FBD] IL Prog3 [PRG,IL] ST Prog4 [PRG,ST] Network 1 Global Symbols M100 MÖ 🔡 Programs Prog0 [PRG,LD] (s) R Prog1 [PRG,SFC] ÷ D Prog2 [PRG,FBD] Network 2 IL Prog3 [PRG,IL] ST Prog4 [PRG,ST] M100 MI Function Blocks (R) 🔮 Device Monitor Table + TAPIs Project Insert Network: 1 AHCPU: Scan Time: 1.300 ms 31/262128 Steps RUN Drv\_USB, [USB: COM9]

editing mode by clicking

• After the program is modified and compiled, you can update the program in the CPU module by

clicking I to download it to the CPU.

🌱 PRJ_0 - Delta ISPSoft		
<u>File Edit View Compile PLC Tools Window</u>	Help	
90X 11 1 2 2 4 1 2 2 2 1	ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا	• <u>未</u> + • む 🎬
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💿 🚯 Device Comment & Used Device	S Prog2	
A HWCONFIG	Page 1 and 1	
ARD Utility AHCPU530-EN (AH-01)	Prog1	
Motion Module	🗁 😽 Prog0	
Tasks	Local Symbols	
🖻 🖂 🗹 Cyclic (0)	Class Identifiers Address Type Initial Val	Identifier Comment
Prog0 [PRG,LD]		
Terror Froga [PRG,SFC]		
L Prog3 [PRG,IL]		
ST Prog4 [PRG,ST]	Network 1	^
🗐 Global Symbols		
	M0 M100	
Fine Prog0 [PRG,LD]		
D Prog2 [PRG,FBD]	Network 2	
IL Prog3 [PRG,IL]	Network 2	
ST Prog4 [PRG,ST]	M1 M100	
Function Blocks     Provice Monitor Table		
Device ivionitor 1 able     The APIs		(A)
Project		
Insert Network: 1 Scan Time: 1.	200 ms 31/262128 Steps On-line Edit Drv_USB, [USB: COM	19] AHCPU:

# Chapter 2 Specifications and System Configuration

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# 2.1 General Specifications

Item	Specifications
Operating temperature	-20 to 60°C
Storage temperature	-40 to 80°C
	5–95%
Operating humidity	No condensation
Storage humidity	5–95%
	No condensation
Work environment	No corrosive gas exists.
Installation location	In a control box
Pollution degree	2
Ingress protection (IP ratings)	IP20
EMC (electromagnetic compatibility)	Refer to Appendix C for more information.
	Tested with:
	5 Hz $\leq$ f $\leq$ 8.4 Hz, constant amplitude 3.5 mm;
Vibration resistance	8.4 Hz $\leq$ f $\leq$ 150 Hz, constant acceleration 1g
	Duration of oscillation: 10 sweep cycles
	per axis on each direction of the three mutually perpendicular axes
	International Standard IEC 61131-2 & IEC 60068-2-6 (TEST Fc)
	Tested with:
	Half-sine wave: Strength of shock 15 g peak value, 11 ms duration;
Shock resistance	Shock direction: The shocks in each in direction per axis, on three mutually
	perpendicular axes (total of 18 shocks)
	International Standard IEC 61131-2 & IEC 60068-2-27 (TEST Ea)
Safety	Conforms to IEC 61131-2, UL508
Ambient air	
temperature-barometric	Operating: 1080 ~ 795hPa (-1000 ~ 2000 m)
pressure-altitude	Storage:1080 ~ 660hPa (-1000 ~ 3500 m)
	Applicable to the removable terminal block, function card slot, SD card slot,
	Ethernet port, USB port on the modules and the connecting ports between
	modules.
	Plugging: more than 100 times (Each plugging in is counted as 1 time and pins
Endurance	inside the slots or ports should not be bent or crooked.)
	Force used for plugging in: to plug in a removalbe terminal block, the force used is around 70 g and for other slots and ports, the force is around 220 g.
	Force used for plugging out: to plug out a removalbe terminal block, the force
	used is around 1000 g and for other slots and ports, the force is around 20 g.
UL 94 Flame	
Classifications	UL 94 V-0

# 2.2 CPU Module Specifications

## 2.2.1 Functional specifications

	•		
Item	AS324MT-A / AS332T-A / AS332P-A	AS164T-A / AS164R-A AS164P-A / AS148T-A AS148R-A / AS148P-A AS132T-A / AS132R-A AS132P-A AS228T-A / AS228P-A AS228R-A / AS218TX-A AS218PX-A / AS218RX-A	Remark
Execution	The program is executed	cyclically.	
Input/Output control	Regenerated inputs/outputs	The inputs and outputs can be controlled through the direct inputs and direct outputs.	
	IEC 61131-3		
Programming language	Ladder diagrams, continu structured text, and seque		
Instruction execution speed	40K steps/ms		
Number of instructions	Approximately 666 instrue	ctions	
Constant scan cycle (ms)	1-32000 (The scan cycle can be ir millisecond.)	Setting the parameter	
Program capacity (step)	128K steps (256K bytes)	64K steps (128K bytes)	
Installation	DIN rails or screws		
Installation of a module	No backplane installation; only module after module		
Maximum number of modules which can be installed	32 modules		
Number of tasks	283 tasks (32 cyclic tasks timed interrupts, etc.)	Refer to the AS Series Operation manual for more information.	
Number of inputs/outputs	1024	Number of inputs/outputs accessible to an actual input/output module	
Input relays [X]	1024		
Output relays [Y]	1024		
Internal relays [M]	8192 (M0–M8191)		
Timers [T]	512 (T0–T511)		
Counters [C]	512 (C0–C511)		
32-bit counter [HC]	256 (HC0–HC255)		
Data register [D]	30000 (D0–D29999)		
Data register [W]	30000 (W0–W29999)		
Stepping relay [S]	2048 (S0–S2047)		

2

Item	AS324MT-A / AS332T-A / AS332P-A	AS164T-A / AS164R-A AS164P-A / AS148T-A AS148R-A / AS148P-A AS132T-A / AS132R-A AS132P-A AS228T-A / AS228P-A AS228R-A / AS218TX-A AS218PX-A / AS218RX-A	Remark
Index register [E]	10 (E0–E9)		
Special auxiliary relay [SM]	2048 (SM0–SM2047)		
Special data register [SR]	2048 (SR0–SR2047)		
Serial communication port	2x RS-485		
Ethernet port	10/100 M	Refer to the section 9.3 for more details on Ethernet specificaitons	
USB port	Mini USB		
Storage interface	SD Card (Micro SD); max	kimum storage: 32G	
Real-time clock	Years, months, days, hou weeks	irs, minutes, seconds and	*Batteries (CR1620) are not included.
Function card interface	communication card, None		Function card is only available for AS300 Series.
CANopen DS301 (Master)	Maximum node: 64; max	*A function card AS-	
CANopen DS301 (Slave)	Maximum PDO: 8; maxin	FCOPM is required for AS300 Series.	

# 2.2.2 Electrical specifications

### • AS200 Series and AS300 Series

Model Item	AS332T-A/ AS332P-A/ AS324MT-A	AS320T-B/ AS320P-B	AS300N-A	AS228T-A/ AS228P-A	AS218TX-A/ AS218PX-A	AS228R-A/ AS218RX-A		
Supply voltage	24 VDC (20.4	VDC-28.8 VD	C) (-15% to +20	0%)				
Max. inrush current	95 A (@28.8VDC $\cdot I^2 t = 4.5 A^2 S$ )							
Power consumption (W)	3.6	3.6         3.6         3         3.6         4.32         4.56 / 4.8						
Weight (g)	260	285	235	285	290	325 / 310		
Communication port isolation	USB, COM1, COM2, and CAN <sup>*1</sup> ports: 500 VAC Ethernet: 1500 VAC: *1: CAN port is not built-in for AS300 Series. You need to purchase a communication card AS-FCOPM to have a CAN port.							

### AS100 Series

Model Item	AS132T-A AS132P-A	AS132R-A	AS148T-A AS148P-A	AS148R-A	AS164T-A AS164P-A	AS164R-A
Supply voltage	100 ~ 240VA	C (-15% ~ 10%	6); 50 / 60Hz $\pm$	5%		
Max. inrush current	140 A (@264	$VAC \cdot I^2 t = 29.$	4 A²S)			
Power fuse rating	2.5 A / 250 V	AC				
Power consumption (W)	130 VA <sub>MAX</sub>					
Internal power consumption (W)	2.64	3.84	3	4.8	3.36	5.76
Current output (DC 24V)	500 mA	500 mA				
Output shortt- circuit protection (DC 24V)	Yes					
Electronical isolation	3,000 VAC (Primary-secondary); 3,000 VAC (Primary-FE); 500 VAC (Secondary-FE)					
Insulation voltage	Above 5 MΩ					
insulation voltage	The voltage between all inputs/outputs and the ground is 500 VAC.					
Ground	The diameter of the ground should not be less than the diameters of the					
	cables connected to the terminals L and N.					
Weight (g)	550	600	650	700	750	800
Communication	USB, COM1, COM2, and CAN ports: 500 VAC					
port isolation	Ethernet: 1500 VAC					

• AS300 Series: Electrical specifications for the inputs on digital input/output module. The signals passing through the inputs are 24 VDC signals.

Item	Model	AS332T-A AS332P-A		
Number o	f inputs	16 (X0.0-X0.15)	8 (X0.0-X0.7)	12 (X0.0-X0.11)
Terminal of type	connector	MIL connector	Removable spring-type terminal blocks	MIL connector
Input type	•		Digital input	
Input form		Direct current (si	Direct current (sinking or sourcing)	
Input voltage/ current			24 VDC 5 mA	
Action			VDC	X0.0+-X0.3+/X0.0- to X0.3-: >0.2VDC X0.4-X0.11: >15VDC
level ON→OFF <5 VDC		VDC	X0.0+-X0.3+/X0.0- to X0.3-: <-0.2VDC X0.4-X0.11: <5VDC	
Response time	OFF→ON		11: < 2.5μs .15: < 50μs	X0.0+–X0.3+/X0.0- to X0.3-: < 0.125 µs X0.4–X0.11: < 2.5µs

ltem	Model	AS332T-A AS332P-A	AS320T-B AS320P-B	AS324MT-A	
o	N→OFF		X0.0~X0.11: < 2.5µs X0.12~X0.15: < 50µs		
Maximum input frequency		X0.0~X0.11: 200 kHz X0.12~X0.15: 10 kHz		X0.0+-X0.3+/X0.0- to X0.3-: < 4 MHz X0.4-X0.11: < 200 kHz	
Input impeda	ance		5.6 k Ω		
Input signal		Voltage input Sinking: The inputs are NPN transistors whose collectors are open collectors. Sourcing: The inputs are PNP transistors whose collectors are open collectors.			
Input isolation 500 VAC					
Input display	display When the optocoupler is driven, the input LED indicator is ON.				

Note: AS300N-A does not come with inputs/outputs.

### • AS300 Series: Electrical specifications for the outputs

ltem	Model	AS332T-A AS332P-A	AS320T-B AS320P-B	AS324MT-A	
Number of c	outputs	16 (Y0.0-Y0.15)	12 (Y0.0-Y0.11)	12 (Y0.0-Y0.11)	
	nnector type	MIL connector	Removable spring-type terminal blocks	MIL connector	
Output form	I	Transistor-T (sinking)		Y0.0+-Y0.3+/Y0.0- to Y0.3-: differential input Y0.4-Y0.11: Transistor-T (sinking)	
Voltage		5-30	VDC	Y0.0+-Y0.3+/Y0.0- to Y0.3- : 5 VDC Y0.4-Y0.11: 5-30VDC	
Leakage cur	rent		<10	DuA	
Max. inrush current		Transistor-T (sinking): 0.8 A Transistor-P (sourcing): 1.2 A (Tested condition: Ta = 25 $^{\circ}$ C, V <sub>DS</sub> = 30VDC and pulse duration = 1ms)			
Maximum load	Resistance	0.1A/output, 1.6A/COM	0.1A/output, 1.2A/COM	Y0.0+-Y0.3+/Y0.0-Y0.3- : 20mA/output (+ and – as a group, e.g. Y0.0+ and Y0.0- is a group) Y0.4-Y0.11:0.1A/output, 0.8A/COM	
loud	Inductance	N/A			
	Bulb	N		//A	
Minimum loa	ad	1mA / 5V			
Maximum Resistance		Y0.0-Y0.11: 200 kHz Y0.12-Y0.15: 100 Hz		Y0.0+-Y0.3+/Y0.0- to Y0.3- : 4 MHz Y0.4-Y0.11: 200 kHz	
output frequency <sup>*1</sup>	Inductance		N	J/A	
nequency	Bulb		N	/A	
Maximum Response time	OFF→ON	Y0.0~Y0.11: 2.5µs Y0.12~Y0.15: 0.5ms		Y0.0+-Y0.3+/Y0.0- to Y0.3-: 0.125 μs Y0.4-Y0.11: 2.5 μs	
Output isolation		500 VAC			

• AS200 Series: Electrical specifications for the inputs. The signals passing through the inputs are 24 VDC signals.

Item	Model	AS228P-A / AS228R-A / AS228T-A	AS218PX-A / AS218RX-A / AS218TX-A	
Number of inputs		16 (X0.0-X0.15)	8 (X0.0-X0.7)	
Terminal connector type		Removable spring-type terminal blocks		
Input type		Digital input		
Input form		Direct current (sinking or sourcing)		
Input voltage/ cu	rrent	24 VDC, 5 mA		
Action level	OFF→ON	>15	5 VDC	
Action level	ON→OFF	<5 VDC		
	OFF→ON		.7: < 2.5 μs .15: < 50 μs	
Response time	ON→OFF		.7: < 2.5 μs 15: < 50 μs	
Maximum input f	requency	X0.0–X0.7: 200 kHz X0.8–X0.15: 10 kHz		
Input impedance		X0.0~X0.7: 3.9 k Ω X0.8~X0.15: 5.6 k Ω	3.9 k Ω	
Input signal		Voltage direct input Sinking: The inputs are NPN transistors whose collectors are open collectors. Sourcing: The inputs are PNP transistors whose collectors are open collectors.		
Digital input isola	ation	500 VAC		
Input display		When the optocoupler is driven, the input LED indicator is ON.		
Analog inputs		N/A	2	
Analog input con time* <sup>1</sup>	version	N/A	3 ms / channel	
Analog input reso	olution	N/A	12bits	
Analog input mode		N/A	-10V~10V (voltage mode) or 20mA~20mA (currentmode)	
Analog linearity error		N/A	±1% (full scale)	
Analog input impedance		N/A	≧1 MΩ (Voltage mode)	
			250 Ω (Current mode)	
Analog input isolation		When there is isolation between alaog and digital electricals and there is no isolation among analog channels. Isolation between analog electrical and gronunding: 500 VAC		
		Isolation between analog and digital electrical: 500 VAC		

\*1: Analog input data updates automatically in every PLC program scan.

### AS200 Series: Electrical specifications for the outputs

		Model	AS228R-A	AS228T-A	AS228P-A
Item		AS218RX-A AS218TX-A AS218PX-A			
Number of outputs			AS228 Series: 12 outputs (Y0.0-Y0.11)		
	•			8 Series 6 outputs (Y0.0-	
Terminal conr	nector type		Remov	Removable spring-type terminal blocks	
Output form			Relay	Transistor-T (sinking	) Transistor-P (sourcing)
Voltage / curre	ent		240 VAC / 24 VDC	5-30 VDC	5-30 VDC
Leakage curre	ent		0uA	<1	0uA
Max. inrush c	urrent		N/A	Transistor-T (sinking): Transistor-P (sourcing (Tested condition: Ta = 2 pulse duration = 1ms)	
		AS228	2A/output, 8A/COM	0.5A/output, 2A/COM	0.5A/output, 2A/COM
F Maximum	Resistance	AS218	2A/output, 6A/COM	0.5A/output, 1.5A/COM	M 0.5A/output, 1.5A/COM
load l	Inductance		Life cycle curve*2	N/A	N/A
E	Bulb		20W (24 VDC) 100W (230 VAC)	N/A	N/A
Minimum load	Minimum load		1mA / 5V		
Maximum F	Resistance		1Hz	200kHz	200kHz
•	Inductance		0.5Hz	N/A	N/A
frequency E	Bulb		1Hz	N/A	N/A
Response	OFF→ON ON→OFF		10 µs	2.5 µs	2.5 µs
Analog outpu	ts			AS218 Series: 2 outputs	
Analog output conversion time* <sup>1</sup>		on	3 ms / channel (for AS218 PLC CPU)		
Analog output resolution		AS218 Series: 12bits			
Analog output mode		AS218 Series: -10V~10	DV (voltage mode) or 0m	A~20mA (currentmode)	
Electrical output isolaiton		1500 VAC		500 VAC	
Analog output isolation		no isolation among anal Isolation between analog	g electrical and gronundir	ng: 500 VAC	
			Isolation between analog and digital electrical: 500 VAC		

\*1: Analog output data updates automatically in every PLC program scan.
\*2: Life cycle curve: The lifetime of a relay terminal varies with the working voltage, the load type (the power factor cos w, the time constant t(L/R)), and the current passing through the terminal. The relation is shown in the life cycle curve below.



• AS100 Series: Electrical specifications for the inputs. The signals passing through the inputs are 24 VDC signals.

Model Item		AS164T-A AS164P-A AS164R-A	AS148T-A AS148P-A AS148R-A	AS132T-A AS132P-A AS132R-A	
Number of inputs		32 (X0.0~X0.15) (X1.0~X1.15)	24 (X0.0~X0.15) (X1.0~X1.7)	16 (X0.0 ~ X0.15)	
Terminal co type	onnector	Removable screw-type terminal blocks			
Input type		Digital input			
Input form		Direct current (sinking or se	ourcing)		
Input volta	ge/ current	24 VDC, 5 mA			
Action	OFF→ON	>15 VDC			
level	ON→OFF	<5 VDC			
Response	OFF→ON	X0.0~X0.7: < 2.5 μs X0.8~X0.15: <25 μs X1.0~X1.15: < 500 μs			
time	ON→OFF	X0.0~X0.7: < 2.5 μs X0.8~X0.15: <25 μs X1.0~X1.15: < 500 μs			
Maximum in frequency	nput	X0.0~X0.7: 200 kHz X0.8~X0.15: 20 kHz X1.0~X1.15: 1 kHZ			
Input impedance		X0.0~X0.7: 3.9 k Ω X0.8~X0.15; X1.0~X1.15: 5.6 k Ω			
Input signal		<b>U</b>	N transistors whose collecto NP transistors whose collec	· · ·	
Digital inpu		500 VAC			
Input displa	ay	When the optocoupler is di	riven, the input LED indicato	or is ON.	

### • AS100 Series: Electrical specifications for the outputs

Item	Model	AS164R-A AS148R-A AS132R-A	AS164T-A AS148T-A AS132T-A	AS164P-A AS148P-A AS132P-A
Number of outputs		AS13	2R/T/P-A: 16 outputs (Y0.0~ P-A: 24 outputs (Y0.0~Y0.15)	Y0.15)
	οαιραιδ		-A: 32 outputs (Y0.0~Y0.15)	
Terminal co type	onnector	Rem	novable screw-type terminal b	blocks
Output form	n	Relay	Relay	Relay
Voltage / cu	urrent	240 VAC/24 VDC	5~30 VDC	
Leakage cu	irrent	0uA	<10uA	
Max. inrush current		NA	Transistor-T (sinking): 0.8 A Transistor-P (sourcing): 7.2 A (Tested condition: Ta = 25 °C, V <sub>DS</sub> = 30VDC and pu duration = 1ms)	
Maximum	Resistan ce	2A/output, 5A/COM	0.5A/outpu	nt, 2A/COM
load	Inductan ce	Life cycle curve*2	15W (30 VDC)	

ltem	Model	AS164R-A AS148R-A AS132R-A	AS164T-A AS148T-A AS132T-A	AS164P-A AS148P-A AS132P-A
	Bulb	20W (24 VDC) 100W (230 VAC)	2.5W (3	30 VDC)
Maximum output frequency		1 Hz	Y0.0~Y0.11: 200 kHz Y0.12~*1: 1 kHz	
Maximum OFF→ON		10 mg		11: 2.5 μs <sup>1</sup> : 500 μs
Response time	ON→OFF	10 ms		11: 2.5 μs <sup>1</sup> : 500 μs
Electrical output isolaiton		1500 VAC	500	VAC

\*1: Refere to section 2.2.4 for more information on the maximum output points of each model.

\*2: Life cycle curve: The lifetime of a relay terminal varies with the working voltage, the load type (the power factor cosu), the time constant t(L/R)), and the current passing through the terminal. The relation is shown in the life cycle curve below.



### 2.2.3 CPU Module Profiles

### • AS324MT-A/AS332T-A/AS332P-A/AS300N-A



• AS320T-B/AS320P-B



Number	Name	Description
	Power LED indicator	Indicates the power status of the CPU module
		Operating status of the module
	Run LED indicator	ON: the module is running.
		OFF: the module is stopped.
		Error status of the module
	Error LED indicator	ON: a serious error occurs in the module.
1		OFF: the module is normal.
		Blinking: a minor error occurs in the module.
	BAT.LOW LED	Indicates the battery status of the CPU module.
	indicator	(Enable/Disable this display in HWCONFIG in ISPSoft)
	COM1 LED	Indicates the communication status of the COM port.
	COM1 LED	OFF: no communication over the COM port
		Blinking: communication over the COM port
2	Model name Shows the model name of the CPU module.	
	Pup/Stop	RUN: execute the programs
3	Run/Stop	STOP: stop the programs
	USB port	Mini USB communication port

Unit: mm

Number	Name	Description	
	SD card slot	Provides an interface for an SD card	
	VR0/VR1	VR0: use the flag SM166 to activate the values in SR166 VR1: use the flag SM167 to activate the values in SR167	
4	Input/Output LED indicator		
5	Ethernet port	Provides an interface for a n Ethernet communication	
6	COM1/COM2	Provides an interface for RS-485 communication	
7	DIN rail clip	Secures the DIN rail	
8	Extension card slot	Provides an interface for an extension card	
	MIL connector	Connects the module and the wiring module	
9	AS300N-A does not come with inputs/outputs; no MIL connector for it.		
10	Grounding clip	For grounding	
11	Power supply	For power supply	
12	Label	Nameplate	
13	External module port	rt Connects the modules	
14	Removable terminal blocks	For wiring the input and output; Note: Since AS300N-A does not come with inputs/outputs, no terminal block for this series.	

### • AS200 Series (AS218PX-A/AS218RX-A/AS218TX-A/AS228R-A/AS228T-A/AS228P-A)



Unit: mm

Number	Name	Description
	Power LED indicator	Indicates the power status of the CPU module
		Operating status of the module
	Run LED indicator	ON: the module is running.
		OFF: the module is stopped.
		Blinking: the module is detecting an error.
		Error status of the module
1	Error LED indicator	ON: a serious error occurs in the module.
		OFF: the module is normal.
		Blinking: a minor error occurs in the module.
	BAT.LOW LED	Indicates the battery status of the CPU module.
	indicator	(Enable/Disable this display in HWCONFIG in ISPSoft)
	COM1 LED	Indicates the communication status of the COM/CAN port.
	COM2 LED	OFF: no communication over the COM/CAN port
	CAN LED	Blinking: communication over the COM/CAN port

2

Number	Name	Description	
2	Model name	Shows the model name of the CPU module.	
	Run/Stop	RUN: execute the programs STOP: stop the programs	
2	USB port	Mini USB communication port	
3	SD card slot	Provides an interface for an SD card	
	VR0/VR1	VR0: use the flag SM166 to activate the values in SR166 VR1: use the flag SM167 to activate the values in SR167	
4	Input/Output LED indicator	If there is an input signal, the input LED indicator is ON. If there is an output signal, the output LED indicator is ON.	
5	Ethernet port	Provides an interface for a n Ethernet communication	
6	COM1/COM2	Provides an interface for RS-485 communication	
7	DIN rail clip	Secures the DIN rail	
8	CAN port	Provides an interface for CAN communication	
9	Removable terminal blocks	For wiring the input and output	
10	Grounding clip	For grounding	
11	Power supply	For power supply	
12	Label	Nameplate	
13	External module port	Connects the modules	

### AS100 Series (AS132T-A/AS132P-A/AS132R-A/AS148T-A/AS148P-A/AS148R-A/AS164T-A/ AS164P-A/AS164R-A)



Unit: mm

Model name	AS132R/T/P-A	AS148R/T/P-A	AS164R/T/P-A
L	156	207	249.5
Model name	AS132R/T/P-A	AS148R/T/P-A	AS164R/T/P-A
L1	110.3	161.3	203.8

Number	Name	Description	
1	SD card slot	Provides an interface for an SD card	
2	Run/Stop	RUN: execute the programs STOP: stop the programs	
	Power LED indicator	Indicates the power status of the CPU module	
	Run LED indicator	Operating status of the module ON: the module is running. OFF: the module is stopped. Blinking: the module is detecting an error.	
3	<sup>3</sup> Error LED indicator	Error status of the module ON: a serious error occurs in the module. OFF: the module is normal. Blinking: a minor error occurs in the module.	
	BAT.LOW LED indicator	Indicates the battery status of the CPU module. (Enable/Disable this display in HWCONFIG in ISPSoft)	
	COM1 LED COM2 LED CAN LED	Indicates the communication status of the COM/CAN port. OFF: no communication over the COM/CAN port Blinking: communication over the COM/CAN port	
4	DIN rail clip	Secures the DIN rail	
5	Removable terminal blocks	Connects the wirings of power, input/output and CAN communication.	
6	Model name	Shows the model name of the CPU module.	
7	Ethernet port	Provides an interface for a n Ethernet communication	
8	COM1/COM2	Provides an interface for RS-485 communication	
9	USB port	Mini USB communication port	
10	External module port	Connects the modules	
11	Grounding clip	For grounding	
12	Label	Nameplate	

### • MIL connector, extension cable, and wiring modules (for AS332T-A/AS332P-A/AS324MT-A)

1. Extension Cable UC-ET010-24D (1M) / UC-ET020-24D (2M) / UC-ET030-24D (3M)



Unit: mm

Number	Name	Description
1	IDC 40-pin terminal	Connects a digital input/output module and an external terminal module.
2	IDC 20-pin terminal	Connects the external terminal modules UB-10-ID16A/UB-10- OR16A/UB-10-OR16B



2. AS332T-A/AS332P-A/AS324MT-A and the external terminal module UB-10-ID16A

	Unit: mm									
Number	Name	Description								
1	20-pin MIL connector	Connects the external terminal module and a wiring module								
2	Terminals	Input/Output terminals for wiring								
3	Clip	Hangs the external terminal module on a DIN rail								
4	Set screw	Fixes the base								

3. AS332T-A and the external terminal module UB-10-OR16A/AS332P-A, and UB-10-OR16B



Number	Name	Description
1	20-pin MIL connector	Connects the external terminal module and a wiring module
2	Terminals	Input/Output terminals for wiring
3	2-pin power input terminal	Power input terminal for wiring
4	Output LED indicator	If there is an output signal, the output LED indicator is ON.
5	Relay output	Relay output
6	Clip	Hangs the external terminal module on a DIN rail
7	Set screw	Fixes the base





Number	Name	Description
1	Terminal block for output	Terminal block
2	40-pin MIL connector	Connects the module and the wiring module

Note: It is suggested to use simple test for input and output points. Its right-side cannot be connected to the same terminal block typed module, e.g. 64 points DIO module to prevent two terminal blocks from interfering with each other.

### 2.2.4 CPU Module Input/Output Terminals

### • AS300 Series PLC CPU



### • AS200 Series PLC CPU

	AS218RX-A/AS218TX-A/AS218PX-A									
			AI	0	DI	0				
			V1+	V2+	S/S	C0				
© ERROR © BAT. LOW © COM1	_	I	l1+	l2+	X0.0	Y0.0				
	∾ <b>181</b> ∾ *0100*		VI1-	VI2-	X0.1	Y0.1				
01 09 02 010 03 011			-	-	X0.2	Y0.2				
PULL > 04 012 05 013 06 014	4 <b>0 1 0</b> 5 6 <b>0 1 0</b> 7	2 <b>01 10</b> 6 3 <b>01 10</b> 7	VO1	VO2	X0.3	-				
-07 015 -00 08 -01 09	8 <b>0 10</b> 9 10 <b>0 10</b> 11		IO1	102	X0.4	C1				
Ethemet 02 010 03 011 04 0	12 <b>01 10</b> 13 14 <b>01 10</b> 15	8 <b>Chi II</b> C 9 10 <b>Chi II</b> C 11	AG	AG	X0.5	Y0.3				
	ਬਿੰਧ		-	-	X0.6	Y0.4				
			-	Ŧ	X0.7	Y0.5				
	AS2	28R-A/AS228T	-A/AS22	8P-A						
			11	١	OUT					
			S/S	S/S	C0	C1				
© ERROR © BAT. LOW © COM1	_	I	X0.0	X0.1	Y0.0	Y0.4				
			X0.2	X0.3	Y0.1	Y0.5				
01 09 02 010 03 011			X0.4	X0.5	Y0.2	Y0.6				
PULL > 04 012 05 013 06 014	4 <b>0 1 0</b> 5 6 <b>0 1 0</b> 7	2 01 00 6 3 01 00 7	X0.6	X0.7	Y0.3	Y0.7				
	8 <b>01 10</b> 9 10 <b>01 10</b> 11		X0.8	X0.9	-	-				
Ethemet 01 03 02 010 01 03 011 04 0	12 <b>0</b> 10 13 14 <b>0</b> 10 15	8 01 10 9 10 01 10 11	X0.10	X0.11	-	C2				
	ŢŢĨ		X0.12	X0.13	Y0.8	Y0.9				
			X0.14	X0.15	Y0.10	Y0.11				

### AS100 Series PLC CPU







### Upper

row	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
AS148	L	Ν	•	-lı	٠	+24V	24G	S/S0	X0.0	X0.1	X0.2	X0.3	X0.4	X0.5	X0.6	X0.7	X0.8	X0.9	X0.10	X0.11
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36				
	X0.12	X0.13	X0.14	X0.15	S/S1	X1.0	X1.1	X1.2	X1.3	X1.4	X1.5	X1.6	X1.7	D+	D-	SG				
Lower						-			-											
row	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
AS148	C0	Y0.0	Y0.1	Y0.2	Y0.3	•	C1	Y0.4	Y0.5	Y0.6	Y0.7	•	C2	Y0.8	Y0.9	Y0.10	Y0.11	•	C3	Y0.12
	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36				
	Y0.13	Y0.14	Y0.15	•	C4	Y1.0	Y1.1	Y1.2	Y1.3	•	C5	Y1.4	Y1.5	Y1.6	Y1.7	•				

### 2



 MIL connector and the external terminal module UB-10-ID16A for AS332T-A / AS332P-A / AS324MT-A



	AS332T-A												
#1	TB1	Y0.0	Y0.2	Y0.4	Y0.6	Y0.8	Y0.10	Y0.12	Y0.14	C0	-		
	TB2	Y0.1	Y0.3	Y0.5	Y0.7	Y0.9	Y0.11	Y0.13	Y0.15	C0	-		
#2	TB1	X0.0	X0.2	X0.4	X0.6	X0.8	X0.10	X0.12	X0.14	S/S	-		
#2	TB2	X0.1	X0.3	X0.5	X0.7	X0.9	X0.11	X0.13	X0.15	S/S	-		

	AS332P-A											
#1	TB1	Y0.0	Y0.2	Y0.4	Y0.6	Y0.8	Y0.10	Y0.12	Y0.14	-	C0	
	TB2	Y0.1	Y0.3	Y0.5	Y0.7	Y0.9	Y0.11	Y0.13	Y0.15	-	C0	
#2	TB1	X0.0	X0.2	X0.4	X0.6	X0.8	X0.10	X0.12	X0.14	S/S	-	
#2	TB2	X0.1	X0.3	X0.5	X0.7	X0.9	X0.11	X0.13	X0.15	S/S	-	

	AS324MT-A											
#1	TB1	Y0.0+	Y0.1+	Y0.2+	Y0.3+	SG1	Y0.4	Y0.6	Y0.8	Y0.10	C0	
	TB2	Y0.0-	Y0.1-	Y0.2-	Y0.3-	SG1	Y0.5	Y0.7	Y0.9	Y0.11	C0	
#2	TB1	X0.0+	X0.1+	X0.2+	X0.3+	SG0	X0.4	X0.6	X0.8	X0.10	S/S	
#2	TB2	X0.0-	X0.1-	X0.2-	X0.3-	SG0	X0.5	X0.7	X0.9	X0.11	S/S	

• Spring clamp/MIL connector terminal block UB-10-IO32D for AS332T-A/AS332P-A/AS324MT-A

40	40 UT-AS300-A 39	39
38	1944-0 AT 4	37
36		35
34		33
32		31
30	OTESTO	29
28		27
26		25
24	oli 🔅 Oli	23
22		21
20		19
18		17
16	OT BOT	15
14		13
12	ot i oti	11
10	O Long O L	9
8		7
6		5
4		3
2	2	1

### 2.2.5 AS200 Input/Output Terminals

### Analog Input

Two analog signal input channels:

Item	Voltage Input	Current input
Analog Signal	-10 to +10 V	-20 to 20 mA 4 to 20mA (for FW V1.08 or later)
Resolution	12-bit	11-bit
Input impedance	≧1 MΩ	250 Ω
Conversion time	3 ms	/ СН
Analog to digital conversion range	-2000 to 2000	-1000 to 1000 (-20 to 20 mA) 0 to 1000 (4 to 20mA)
Digital value output	SR168 (CH1)	SR169 (CH2)

You can use the program to read the values in SR to obtain the corresponding A/D conversion value for the channel.

### Analog Output

Two analog signal output channels:

Item	Voltage output	Current output				
Analog Signal	-10 to +10 V	0 to 20 mA				
Resolution	12-bit	12-bit				
Impedance allowance	≥1 k Ω	≤500 Ω				
Conversion time	2ms /	/ CH				
Analog to digital conversion range	-2000 to 2000	0 to 4000				
Digital value output	SR172 (CH1)	SR173 (CH2)				

You can use the instruction MOV to move the value to the SR to obtain the corresponding voltage output value.

# 2.3 Digital Input/Output Module Specifications

### 2.3.1 General Specifications

# • Electrical specifications for the inputs on digital input/output modules (The signals passing through the inputs are 24 VDC signals.)

The signals passing through the inputs are 24 VDC signals.)										
Module name	9	08AM10N -A	16AM10N -A	32AM10N -A	64AM10N -A	16AP11R A	16AP11T -A	16AP11P -A		
Number of in	puts	8	16	32	64	8	8	8		
Connector ty	ре		le terminal ock	MIL co	onnector	Remov	able termina	al block		
Input type					Digital inpu	t				
Input form				Direct curre	ent (sinking	or sourcing	<b>j</b> )			
Input voltage	current	24	4 VDC · 5 r	mA	24 VDC 3.2 mA	2	4 VDC · 5 r	nA		
Input impeda	nce		4.7 k Ω		7.5k Ω		4.7 k Ω			
Action level	OFF→ON	>15 VDC								
Action level	ON→OFF				<5 VDC					
Response	OFF→ON	< 20 us								
time	ON→OFF	< 200 us								
Software filte	r time	Setting range: 0 ~ 25 ms; default: 10 ms								
Maximum inp frequency	but	Varies according to the filter time; for example when the filter is 1 ms, the maximum input frequency is 500 Hz, when 2 ms, 250 Hz. Note: CPU scan time also affects the maximum input frequency.								
Input signal		Voltage input Sinking: The inputs are NPN transistors whose collectors are open collectors. Sourcing: The inputs are PNP transistors whose collectors are open collectors.								
Input isolatio	n	500 VAC								
Input display		When the optocoupler is driven, the input LED indicator is ON.								
Weight		100 g	117 g	100 g	140 g	138 g	120 g	120 g		

	Model	08AN01	16AN01	16AP11	08AN01	16AN01	16AP11	08AN01	16AN01	16AP11
ltem		R-A	R-A	R-A	T-A	T-A	T-A	P-A	P-A	P-A
Number of outputs		8	16	8	8	16	8	8	16	8
Connector t	уре				Remova	ble term	inal blocł	<		
Output type		Digital output								
Output form	1 <u> </u>	Relay-R		Transistor-T (sinking)		Transistor-P (sourcing)				
Voltage/ cur	rent	240 VAC/24 VDC		5–30 VDC		5-	-30 VDC	*2		
Leakage cu	rrent	OuA		<10uA		<250uA (@V1.00A0) <10uA (@V1.00A1)				
Max. inrush current		NA		Overcurrent protection		7.5A (Tested condition: Ta = 25 °C, V <sub>DS</sub> = 30VDC and pulse duration = 1ms)				
	Resistance	2A/output, 8A/COM		0.5A/output, 4A/COM		0.5A/output, 4A/COM				
Maximum	Inductance	Life cycle curve*2		12	W (24 VI	DC)	12	W (24 VE	DC)	
load	Bulb	20 W (24 VDC) 100 W (230 VAC)		2 \	W (24 VC	DC)	2 V	V (24 VD	C)	
Minimum load						1 mA / 5∖	/			
Maximum	Resistance		1 Hz			100 Hz			100 Hz	
output	Inductance	0.5 Hz		0.5 Hz		0.5 Hz				
frequency*1	Bulb	1 Hz		10 Hz		10 Hz				
Maximum Response time	OFF→ON	< 10 ms			< 0.5 ms			< 0.5 ms		
	ON→OFF	< 10 ms		< 0.5 ms		< 0.5 ms				
Output isolation		1	1500 VAC	)	500 VAC					
Weight		120 g	158 g	138 g	100 g	122 g	120 g	100 g	123 g	120 g

### • Electrical specifications for the outputs on a digital input/output module

Item	Model	32AN02T-A	64AN02T-A		
Number of	outputs	32	64		
Connector	type	MIL connector			
Output type	e	Digital output			
Output form	n	Transistor-T (sinking)			
Output volt	age	5–30 VDC			
Leadage cu	irrent	<10uA			
Max. inrush	n current	Overcurrent protection			
	Resistance	0.1A/output, 3.2A/COM			
Maximum Ioad	Inductance	N/A			
1040	Bulb	N/A			
Minimum Ic	ad	1 mA / 5V			
Maximum o frequency <sup>*1</sup>	•	100 Hz (resistance)			
Maximum Response time	OFF→ON ON→OFF	< 0.5	5 ms		
Output isolation		500	500 VAC		

Model	32AN02T-A	64AN02T-A
Weight	100 g	142 g

- \*1: The scan cycle affects the frequency. Here shows the maximum output frequency. The load type should be taken into account while designing for the application.
- \*2: Life cycle curve: The lifetime of a relay terminal varies with the working voltage, the load type (the power factor cosψ, the time constant t(L/R)), and the current passing through the terminal. The relation is shown in the life cycle curve below.



### 2.3.2 Digital Input/Output Module Profiles



### • AS08AM10N-A/AS08AN01P-A/AS08AN01R-A/AS08AN01T-A

Unit: mm

Number	Name	Description
1	Model name	Model name of the module
2	Input/output LED indicator	If there is an input signal, the input LED indicator is ON. If there is an output signal, the output LED indicator is ON.
3	Removable terminal block	The inputs are connected to sensors. The outputs are connected to loads to be driven.
4	Arrangement of the input/output terminals	Arrangement of the terminals
5	Terminal block clip	Secures the terminal block
6	DIN rail clip	Secures the DIN rail
7	External module port	Connects the modules
8	Label	Nameplate



### • AS16AM10N-A/AS16AN01P-A/AS16AN01R-A/AS16AN01T-A/AS16AP11P-A/AS16AP11R-A/ AS16AP11T-A



Number	Name	Description
1	Model name	Model name of the module
2	Input/Output LED indicator	If there is an input signal, the input LED indicator is ON. If there is an output signal, the output LED indicator is ON.
3	Removable terminal block	The inputs are connected to sensors. The outputs are connected to loads to be driven.
4	Arrangement of the input/output terminals	Arrangement of the terminals
5	Terminal block clip	Secures the terminal block
6	DIN rail clip	Secures the DIN rail
7	External module port	Connects the modules
8	Label	Nameplate

### • AS32AM10N-A



Number	Name	Description
1	Model name	Model name of the module
2	X0/X1 LED Indicator switch	Switches the LED indicators to their represented inputs.
3	ML connector	For the external I/O connecting cables UC-ET010-24B, UC-ET020-24B, UC-ET030-24B
4	Power LED indicator	Indicates the power status of the module
5	Input LED indicator	LED indicator is ON during input.
6	DIN rail clip	Secures the DIN rail
7	External module port	Connects the modules
8	Label	Nameplate

### • AS32AN02T-A



Number	Name	Description
1	Model name	Model name of the module
2	Y0/Y1 LED indicator switch	Switches the LED indicators to their represented outputs.
3	ML connector	For the external I/O connecting cables UC-ET010-24D, UC-ET020-24D, UC-ET030-24D
4	Power LED indicator	Indicates the power status of the module
5	Output LED indicator	LED indicator is ON during output.
6	DIN rail clip	Secures the DIN rail
7	External module port	Connects the modules
8	Label	Nameplate

### • AS64AM10N-A

2



Number	Name	Description
1	Model name	Model name of the module
2	LED indicator switch 1	Switches the LED indicators to their represented inputs.
3	LED indicator switch 2	Switches the LED indicators to their represented inputs.
4	ML connector	For the external I/O connecting cables UC-ET010-24B, UC-ET020-24B, UC-ET030-24B
5	Power LED indicator	Indicates the power status of the module
6	Input LED indicator	If there is an input signal, the input LED indicator is ON.
7	DIN rail clip	Secures the DIN rail
8	External module port	Connects the modules
9	Label	Nameplate

### • AS64AN02T-A



Number	Name	Description
1	Model name	Model name of the module
2	LED indicator switch 1	Switches the LED indicators to their represented outputs.
3	LED indicator switch 2	Switches the LED indicators to their represented outputs.
4	ML connector	For the external I/O connecting cables UC-ET010-24D, UC-ET020-24D, UC-ET030-24D
5	Power LED indicator	Indicates the power status of the module
6	Output LED indicator	If there is an output signal, the output LED indicator is ON.
7	DIN rail clip	Secures the DIN rail
8	External module port	Connects the modules
9	Label	Nameplate
#### • ML connector, extension cable, and wiring modules

1. Extension Cable UC-ET010-24D (1M) / UC-ET020-24D (2M) / UC-ET030-24D (3M)



Unit:	mm
OT III.	

Number	Name	Description
1	IDC 40-pin terminal	Connects a digital input/output module and an external terminal module.
2	IDC 20-pin terminal	Connects the external terminal modules UB-10-ID16A/UB-10- OR16A/UB-10-OR16B

2. I/O connecting cables UC-ET010-24B (1M) / UC-ET020-24B (2M) / UC-ET030-24B (3M)



Number	Name	Description
1	IDC 40 pip terminal	Connects an external terminal module and a wiring module UB-10-
	IDC 40-pin terminal	Connects an external terminal module and a wiring module UB-10-ID32A, and UB-10-OT32A

3. AS32AM10N-A/AS64AM10N-A and the external terminal modules UB-10-ID16A, UB-10-ID32A





♦ UB-10-ID32A



Unit: mm
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Number	Name	Description
1	UB-10-ID16A: 20-pin ML connector UB-10-ID32A: 40-pin ML connector	Connects the external terminal module and a wiring module
2	Terminals	Input/Output terminals for wiring
3	Clip	Hangs the external terminal module on a DIN rail
4	Set screw	Fixes the base

4. AS332T-A/AS64AN02T-A and the external terminal modules UB-10-ID16A, UB-10-OR16A, and UB-10-OT32A.





UB-10-OR16A -113-(1) o 00 (3) 4 87 (5 55.3 7) 0 A 2 ງກະ (6)







Number	Name	Description
1	UB-10- ID16A /OR16A: 20- pin ML connector UB-10-OT32A: 40-pin ML connector	Connects the external terminal module and a wiring module
2	Terminals	Input/Output terminals for wiring
3	2-pin power input terminal	Power input terminal for wiring
4	Output LED indicator	LED indicator is ON during output.
5	Relay output	Relay output
6	Clip	Hangs the external terminal module on a DIN rail
7	Set screw	Fixes the base

### Spring clamp/MIL connector terminal block UB-10-IO32D for AS32AM10N-A/AS32AN02T-A



Number	Name	Description
1	Terminal block for output	Terminal block
2	40-pin MIL connector	Connects the module and the wiring module



## 2.3.3 Digital Input/Output Module Terminals









- ML connector and the wiring module
  - 1. AS32AM10N-A/AS64AM10N-A
    - The wiring module: UB-10-ID16A





				AS32A	M10N-A/	AS64AN	/10N-A				
#2	TB1	X0.0	X0.2	X0.4	X0.6	X0.8	X0.10	X0.12	X0.14	S/S	-
#2	TB2	X0.1	X0.3	X0.5	X0.7	X0.9	X0.11	X0.13	X0.15	S/S	-

### The wiring module: UB-10-ID32A



### AS series terminals:

Upper row	X0.0	X0.2	X0.4	X0.6	X0.8	X0.10	X0.12	X0.14	X1.0	X1.2	X1.4	X1.6	X1.8	X1.10	X1.12	X1.14	S/S	S/S
Lower row	X0.1	X0.3	X0.5	X0.7	X0.9	X0.11	X0.13	X0.15	X1.1	X1.3	X1.5	X1.7	X1.9	X1.11	X1.13	X1.15	S/S	S/S

- 2. AS32AN02T-A/AS64AN02T-A and the wiring modules:
  - UB-10-ID16A



					AS3	32T-A					
<i>#1</i>	TB1	Y0.0	Y0.2	Y0.4	Y0.6	Y0.8	Y0.10	Y0.12	Y0.14	C0	-
#1	TB2	Y0.1	Y0.3	Y0.5	Y0.7	Y0.9	Y0.11	Y0.13	Y0.15	C0	-

UB-10-OT32A



AS series terminals:

Upper row	Y0.0	Y0.2	Y0.4	Y0.6	Y0.8	Y0.10	Y0.12	Y0.14	Y1.0	Y1.2	Y1.4	Y1.6	Y1.8	Y1.10	Y1.12	Y1.14	•	•
Lower row	Y0.1	Y0.3	Y0.5	Y0.7	Y0.9	Y0.11	Y0.13	Y0.15	Y1.1	Y1.3	Y1.5	Y1.7	Y1.9	Y1.11	Y1.13	Y1.15	C0	C0

UB-10-OR16A





Terminals:

																			V
C0	Y0	Y1	Y2	Y3	C1	Y4	Y5	Y6	Y7	C2	Y10	Y11	Y12	Y13	C3	Y14	Y15	Y16	Y17

#### AS series terminals:

 GND
 +24V

 C0
 Y0.0
 Y0.1
 Y0.2
 Y0.3
 C1
 Y0.4
 Y0.5
 Y0.6
 Y0.7
 C2
 Y0.8
 Y0.9
 Y0.11
 C3
 Y0.12
 Y0.13
 Y0.14
 Y0.15

GND +24

2

- 3. AS32AM10N-A/AS32AN02T-A and the wiring modules:
  - ♦ UB-10-IO32D

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## 2.4 Analog Input/Output Module Specifications

### 2.4.1 General Specifications

### • AS04AD-A / AS08AD-B / AS08AD-C

### Electrical specifications

Module Name	AS04AD-A	AS08AD-B	AS08AD-C			
Number of Inputs	4	8	8			
Analog-to-Digital Conversion	Voltage input/Current input	Voltage input	Current input			
Supply Voltage	24 VDC (2	0.4 VDC–28.8 VDC) (-15%	% to +20%)			
Connector Type	Removable terminal block					
Conversion Time	2 ms / channel; for FW V1.02.00 or later, upgraded to 1 ms/channel					
Isolation	An analog circuit is isolated from a digital circuit by a digital integrated circuit/ optocoupler, but the analog channels are not isolated from one another. Isolation between a digital circuit and a ground: 500 VAC Isolation between an analog circuit and a ground: 500 VAC Isolation between an analog circuit and a digital circuit: 500 VAC Isolation between the 24 VDC and a ground: 500 VAC					
Weight	145g					

#### **Functional specifications**

Analog-to-Digital Conversion	Voltage Input						
Rated Input Range	-10 V ~ +10 V 0 V ~ 10 V ±5 V 0 V ~ 5 V 1 V ~ 5 V						
Detect Conversion	K-32000	K0	K-32000	K0	K0		
Rated Conversion	~	~	~	~	~		
Range	K32000	K32000	K32000	K32000	K32000		
	-10.12V	-0.12V	-5.06V	-0.06V	0.95V		
Hardware Input Limit* <sup>1</sup>	~	~	~	~	~		
	10.12V	10.12V	5.06V	5.06V	5.05V		
	K-32384	K-384	K-32384	K-384	K-384		
Conversion Limit*2	~	~	~	~	~		
	K32384	K32384	K32384	K32384	K32384		
Error Rate	Room	n Temperature: ±	±0.2% ; Full Temp	perature Range:	±0.5%		
Hardware Resolution	16 bits						
Input Impedance	2ΜΩ						
Absolute Input Range <sup>*3</sup>		±15 V					

\*1: If the input signal exceeds the hardware input limit, the module only shows the maximum value. If the input signal is below the lower limit, it only shows the minimum value. And an error flag will be set.

\*2: If the input signal exceeds the hardware input limit, it also exceeds the conversion limit and a conversion limit error appears. For example in the voltage input mode (-10 V to +10 V), when the input signal is 10.15 V, exceeding the hardware upper limit, it also exceeds the conversion upper limit. The module uses the upper limit value (32387) as the input signal and a conversion limit error appears.

\*3: If an input signal exceeds the absolute range, it might damage the channel.

Analog-to-Digital Conversion	Current Input					
Rated Input Range	±20 mA 0 mA-20 mA 4 mA-20 mA					
Rated Conversion Range	K-32000 ~ K+2000	K0 ~ K32000	K0 ~ K32000			
Hardware Input Limit <sup>*1</sup>	-20.24 mA ~ 20.24 mA	-0.24 mA ~ 20.24 mA	3.81 mA ~ 20.19 mA			
Conversion Limit* <sup>2</sup>	K-32384 ~ K32384	K-384 ~ K32384	K-384 ~ K32384			
Error Rate	Room Temperature: ±0.2% ; Full Temperature Range: ±0.5%					
Hardware Resolution	16 bits					
Input Impedance	250Ω					
Absolute Input Range <sup>*3</sup>		±32 mA				

\*1: If the input signal exceeds the hardware input limit, the module only shows the maximum value. If the input signal is below the lower limit, it only shows the minimum value. And an error flag will be set.

\*2: If the input signal exceeds the hardware input limit, it also exceeds the conversion limit and a conversion limit error appears. For example in the voltage input mode (4 mA to 20 mA), when the input signal is 0 mA, exceeding the hardware upper limit, it also exceeds the conversion upper limit. The module uses the upper limit value (-384) as the input signal and a conversion limit error appears.

\*3: If an input signal exceeds the absolute range, it might damage the channel.

### • AS04DA-A

**Electrical specifications** 

Module name	AS04DA-A			
Number of outputs	Four			
Digital-to-analog conversion	Voltage output/Current output			
Supply voltage	24 VDC (20.4 VDC-28.8 VDC) (-15%-+20%)			
Connector type	Removable terminal block			
Conversion time	2 ms/channel			
Isolation	An analog circuit is isolated from a digital circuit by a digital integrated circuit/an optocoupler, but the analog channels are not isolated from one another. Isolation between a digital circuit and a ground: 500 VAC Isolation between an analog circuit and a ground: 500 VAC Isolation between an analog circuit and a digital circuit: 500 VAC Isolation between the 24 VDC and a ground: 500 VAC			
Weight	145 g			

### Functional specifications

Digital-to-analog conversion	Voltage output					
Rated output range	±10 V	0 V–10 V	±5 V	0 V–5 V	1 V–5 V	
Conversion Range	K-32000 ~ K+32000	K0 ~ K32000	K-32000 ~ K+32000	K0 ~ K32000	K0 ~ K32000	
Hardware output range	-10.1V to +10.1V	-0.1V to +10.1V	-5.05V to +5.05V	-0.05V to +5.05V	0.95V–5.05V	
Error rate (Room temperature)	±0.2%					
Error rate (Full temperature range)	±0. 5%					
Linearity error (Room temperature)	±0.05%					
Linearity error (Full temperature range)	±0.05%					
Hardware resolution	12 bits					
Input impedance		≧1 k Ω ≧500 Ω				

Digital-to-analog conversion	Current	Current output				
Rated output range	0 mA–20 mA	4 mA–20 mA				
Conversion Range	K0 ~ K32000	K0 ~ K32000				
Hardware output range	-0.2 mA to +20.2 mA	3.8 mA–20.2 mA				
Error rate (Room temperature)	±0	.2%				
Error rate (Full temperature range)	±0	±0.5%				
Linearity error (Room temperature) (Full temperature range)	±0.	±0.03%				
Linearity error	±0.03%					
Hardware resolution	12 bits					
Input impedance	≦5:	<u>≤</u> 550 Ω				

### • AS06XA-A

Electrical specifications

Module name	AS06XA-A			
Number of inputs/outputs	Inputs: four; Outputs: two			
Analog-to-digital conversion	Voltage input/Current input; Voltage output/Current output;			
Supply voltage	24 VDC (20.4 VDC-28.8 VDC) (-15% to +20%)			
Connector type	Removable terminal block			
Conversion time	2ms/channel; for FW V1.02.00 or later, upgraded to 1 ms/channel			
Isolation	An analog circuit is isolated from a digital circuit by a digital integrated circuit/an optocoupler, but the analog channels are not isolated from one another. Isolation between a digital circuit and a ground: 500 VAC Isolation between an analog circuit and a ground: 500 VAC Isolation between an analog circuit and a digital circuit: 500 VAC Isolation between the 24 VDC and a ground: 500 VAC			
Weight	145 g			

Functional specifications for the analog-to-digital conversion

Analog-to-Digital Conversion	Voltage Input						
Rated Input Range	-10 V ~ +10 V 0 V ~ 10 V ±5 V 0 V ~ 5 V 1 V ~ 5 V						
	K-32000	K0	K-32000	K0	K0		
<b>Rated Conversion Range</b>	~	~	~	~	~		
	K32000	K32000	K32000	K32000	K32000		
	-10.12V	-0.12V	-5.06V	-0.06V	0.95V		
Hardware Input Limit*1	~	~	~	~	~		
	10.12V	10.12V	5.06V	5.06V	5.05V		
	K-32384	K-384	K-32384	K-384	K-384		
Conversion Limit*2	~	~	~	~	~		
	K32384	K32384	K32384	K32384	K32384		
Error Rate	Room Temperature: ±0.2% ; Full Temperature Range: ±0.5%						
Hardware Resolution	16 bits						
Input Impedance	2ΜΩ						
Absolute Input Range*3	±15 V						

\*1: If the input signal exceeds the hardware input limit, the module only shows the maximum value. If the input signal is below the lower limit, it only shows the minimum value. And an error flag will be set.

\*2: If the input signal exceeds the hardware input limit, it also exceeds the conversion limit and a conversion limit error appears. For example in the voltage input mode (-10 V to +10 V), when the input signal is 10.15 V, exceeding the hardware upper limit, it also exceeds the conversion upper limit. The module uses the upper limit value (32384) as the input signal and a conversion limit error appears.

\*3: If an input signal exceeds the absolute range, it might damage the channel.

Analog-to-Digital Conversion	Current Input					
Rated Input Range	±20 mA 0 mA-20 mA 4 mA-20 mA					
Rated Conversion	K-32000	K0	KO			
Range	~ K+2000	~ K32000	~ K32000			
Hardware Input Limit <sup>*1</sup>	-20.24 mA ~ 20.24 mA	-0.24 mA ~ 20.24 mA	3.81 mA ~ 20.19 mA			
	K-32384	K-384	K-384			
Conversion Limit*2	~	~	~			
	K32384	K32384	K32384			
Error Rate	Room Temperature: ±0.2% ; Full Temperature Range: ±0.5%					
Hardware Resolution	16 bits					
Input Impedance	250Ω					
Absolute Input Range <sup>*3</sup>	±32 mA					

\*1: If the input signal exceeds the hardware input limit, the module only shows the maximum value. If the input signal is below the lower limit, it only shows the minimum value. And an error flag will be set.

\*2: If the input signal exceeds the hardware input limit, it also exceeds the conversion limit and a conversion limit error appears. For example in the voltage input mode (4 mA to 20 mA), when the input signal is 0 mA, exceeding the hardware upper limit, it also exceeds the conversion upper limit. The module uses the upper limit value (-384) as the input signal and a conversion limit error appears.

\*3: If an input signal exceeds the absolute range, it might damage the channel.

Digital-to-Analog Conversion	Voltage Output					
Rated Output Range	±10 V	0 ~ 10	) V	±5 V	0 ~ 5 V	1 ~ 5 V
	K-32000	K0		K-32000	K0	К0
Conversion Range	~	~		~	~	~
	K32000	K320	00	K32000	K32000	K32000
	-10.1 V	-0.1	V	-5.05 V	-0.05 V	0.95
Hardware Output Range	~	~		~	~	~
	+10.1 V	10.1	V	+5.05 V	+5.05 V	5.05 V
Error Rate	±0.2%					
(Room Temperature)	±0.2 %					
Error Range	±0.5%					
(Full temperature range)	±0.0 %					
Linearity Error	0.05%					
(Room Temperature)	±0.05%					
Linearity Error	-0.05%					
(Full Temperature Range)	±0.05%					
Hardware Resolution	12 bits					
Permissible load impedance	≧1k Ω ≧500Ω					

Functional specifications for the digital-to-analog conversion

Digital-to-Analog Conversion	Current Output				
Rated Output Range	0–20 mA 4–20 mA				
	KO	KO			
Conversion Range	~	~			
	K32000	K32000			
Hardware Output Range	-0.2 mA to 20.2 mA	3.8–20.2 mA			
Error Range	±0.2%				
(Room Temperature)					
Error Range	±0.5%				
(Full Temperature Range)	±0.070				
Linearity Error	±0.03%				
(Room Temperature)	±0.03%				
Linearity Error (Full Temperature Range)	±0.10%				
Hardware Resolution	12 bits				
Permissible Load Impedance	≦550 Ω				

### • AS02ADH-A

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**Electrical specifications** 

Supply Voltage	24 VDC (20.4 VDC-28.8 VDC) (-15% to +20%)
Connector Type	Removable terminal block
Isolation	An analog circuit is isolated from a digital circuit by a digital integrated circuit/ optocoupler, but the analog channels are not isolated from one another. Isolation between a digital circuit and a ground: 500 VAC Isolation between an analog circuit and a ground: 500 VAC Isolation between an analog circuit and a digital circuit: 500 VAC
Rated voltage of external input point	Isolation between the 24 VDC and a ground: 500 VAC 24 VDC
Rated currentof external input point	5 mA
Resistance value of external input point	3.9 kΩ
Hardware response time of external input point OFF -> ON	< 5 µs
Hardware response time of external input point ON -> OFF	< 5 µs
Weight	154 g

#### Functional specifications

Number of input channels	2	
Analog input	Voltage: -10 V to 10 V, 0 V to 10 V, 5 V to -5 V, 0 V to 5 V, 1 V to 5 V Current: -20 mA to 20 mA, 0 mA to 20 mA, 4 mA to 20 mA	
Digital output	16-bit integer 32-bit floating point	
Error rate	Room temperature: ±0.1% ; full temperature range: ±0.2%	
Hardware resolution	16 bits	
Input resistance value	Voltage: ≧2 MΩ Current: 250 Ω	
Absolute input range <sup>*1</sup>	Voltage: ±15 V Current: ±32 mA	
Channel sampling Cycle <sup>*2</sup>	20 μs, 40 μs and 80 μs	
Bandwidth of analog input signal	20 kHz	
Average function	Time average, moving average: 1 to 1000 times	
Digital filtering	Low-pass filter, band-pass filter	
Logging function*3	Digital output value (2000 per channel), peak value	
Digital calibration	Maximum / minimum digital output value clipping, gain, offset	
Abnoraml input signal detection	Limit-exceeding detection, disconnection detection#4	
External input triggering	2 points (1 point / channel), rising-edge or falling-edge triggered	
Maximum frequency of external input point triggering	10 kHz	

\*1: If an input signal exceeds the absolute range, it might damage the channel.

\*2: Two channels are in A/D conversion simulanelously.

\*3: Logging function should be used with API instructions.

\*4: Disconnecton detecton can only be used in the modes of 4 mA to 20 mA and 1V to 5 V.

Analog-to-Digital Conversion	Voltage Input				
Rated Input Range	-10V~10V	0V~10V	±5V	0V~5V	1V~5V
Rated Conversion Range	K-32000 ~ K32000	K0~K32000	K-32000 ~ K32000	K0~K32000	K0~K32000
Hardware Input Limit*1	-  10.12V~10.12V	-0.12V~10.12V	-5.06V~5.06V	-0.06V~5.06V	0.95V~5.05V
Conversion Limit* <sup>2</sup>	K-32384 ~ K32384	K-384~K32384	K-32384 ~ K32384	K-384~K32384	K-384~K32384

Functional specifications for the analog-to-digital conversion - Voltage Input

\*1: If the input signal exceeds the hardware input limit, the module only shows the maximum value. If the input signal is below the lower limit, it only shows the minimum value. And an error flag will be set.

\*2: If the input signal exceeds the hardware input limit, it also exceeds the conversion limit and a conversion limit error appears. For example in the voltage input mode (-10 V to +10 V), when the input signal is 10.15 V, exceeding the hardware upper limit, it also exceeds the conversion upper limit. The module uses the upper limit value (32384) as the input signal and a conversion limit error appears.

Functional specifications for the analog-to-digital conversion - Current Input

Analog-to-Digital Conversion	Current Input		
Rated Input Range	±20mA	0mA~20mA	4mA~20mA
Rated Conversion Range	K-32000 ~ K32000	K0~K32000	K0~K32000
Hardware Input Limit*1	-20.24mA~20.24mA	-0.24mA~20.24mA	3.81mA~20.19mA
Conversion Limit* <sup>2</sup>	K-32384~ K32384	K-384~K32384	K-384~K32384

\*1: If the input signal exceeds the hardware input limit, the module only shows the maximum value. If the input signal is below the lower limit, it only shows the minimum value. And an error flag will be set.

\*2: If the input signal exceeds the hardware input limit, it also exceeds the conversion limit and a conversion limit error appears. For example in the voltage input mode (4 mA to 20 mA), when the input signal is 0 mA, exceeding the hardware upper limit, it also exceeds the conversion upper limit. The module uses the upper limit value (-384) as the input signal and a conversion limit error appears.

## 2.4.2 Analog Input/Output Module Profiles

### • AS04AD-A/AS08AD-B/AS08AD-C/AS04DA-A/AS06XA-A/AS02ADH-A



Number	Name	Description	
1	Model name	Model name of the module	
	POWER LED indicator	Indicates the status of the power supply ON: the power is on OFF: no power	
2	ERROR LED indicator	Error status of the module ON: a serious error occurs in the module. OFF: the module is normal. Blinking: a minor error occurs in the module.	
	Input LED indicator	Indicates the status of the input point ON: If there is an input signal, the input LED indicator is ON. OFF: No input signal, the input LED indicator is OFF.	
	Analog-to-digital / digital- to-analog conversion indicator	Indicates the conversion status Blinking: conversion is taking place OFF: stop conversion	
3	Removable terminal block	The inputs are connected to sensors. The outputs are connected to loads to be driven.	
4	Arrangement of the input/output terminals	Arrangement of the terminals	
5	Terminal block clip	Removal of the terminal block	
6	DIN rail clip	Secures the module onto the DIN rail	
7	Module connecting set	Connects the modules	
8	Ground clip		
9	Label	Nameplate	



### 2.4.3 Analog Input/Output Terminals



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## 2.5 Temperature Measurement Modules Specifications

### 2.5.1 General Specifications

### • AS04RTD-A / AS06RTD-A

Electrical specifications

Number of analog inputsAS04RTD-A: four; AS06RTD-A: sixApplicable sensor2-WIRE & 3-WIRE P1100: DIN 43760-1980 JIS C1604-1989; 100 Ω 3850 PPM/°C P11000: DIN EN60751; 1 k Ω 3850 PPM/°C Ni100/Ni1000: DIN 43760 JPt100: JIS C1604-1989LG-Ni1000 Cu50/Cu100 Ni120 (available for FW V1.06 or later) 0-300 Ω/0-3000 ΩSupply voltage24 VDC (20.4 VDC-28.8 VDC) (-15% to +20%)Connector typeRemovable terminal blockPoverall accuracy LG-Ni100: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±0.1% of the input within the range. -20 to +60°C/-4 to +140°F: The error is ±0.5% of the input within the range. LG-Ni1000: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±0.2% of the input within the range. Cu50: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±0.2% of the input within the range. Cu100: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±0.2% of the input within the range. Cu100: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±0.2% of the input within the range. Cu100: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±0.2% of the input within the range. Cu100: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±0.2% of the input within the range. Cu100: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±0.2% of the input within the range. Cu100: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±0.2% of the input within the range. Cu100: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±0.2% of the input within the range. Cu100: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±0.2% of the input within the range. Cu100: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±0.2% of the input within the range. Cu100: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±0.2% of the input within the range. Subject of the input within the range. Cu100: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±0.2% of the input within the range. Cu100: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±0°C of the input within the range. Subject on the within the range. Cu100: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±0°C of the input within the range. Cu100: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±0°C of the input within the range. Subject on the within the range. Cu100: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±0°C of the i			
Applicable sensorP1100: DIN 43760-1980 JIS C1604-1989; 100 Ω 3850 PPM/°C P11000: DIN EN60751; 1 k Ω 3850 PPM/°C N1100/Ni1000: DIN 43760 JPt100: JIS C1604-1989LG-Ni1000 Cu50/Cu100 Ni120 (available for FW V1.06 or later) 0-300 Ω/0-3000 ΩSupply voltage24 VDC (20.4 VDC-28.8 VDC) (-15% to +20%)Connector typeRemovable terminal blockPrince: LG-Ni1000/LG-25°C/77°F: The error is ±0.1% of the input within the range. -20 to +60°C/-4 to +140°F: The error is ±0.5% of the input within the range. LG-Ni1000: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±0.2% of the input within the range. Cu50: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±2°C of the input within the range. Cu100: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±2°C of the input within the range. Cu100: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±2°C of the input within the range. Cu100: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±2°C of the input within the range.Resolution0.1°C / 0.1°FConversion timeTwo-wire/three-wire configuration: 200 ms/channelIsolation between a digital circuit and a ground: 500 VAC Isolation between an analog circuit and a ground: 500 VAC Isolation between an analog circuit and a ground: 500 VAC		AS04RTD-A: four ; AS06RTD-A: six	
Connector typeRemovable terminal blockPt100/Ni100/Ni120/Pt1000/Ni1000/JPt100: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±0.1% of the input within the range. -20 to +60°C/-4 to +140°F: The error is ±0.5% of the input within the range. LG-Ni1000: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±0.2% of the input within the range. Cu50: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±0.2% of the input within the range. Cu100: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±2°C of the input within the range. Cu100: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±2°C of the input within the range.Resolution0.1°C / 0.1°FConversion timeTwo-wire/three-wire configuration: 200 ms/channelAn analog circuit is isolated from a digital circuit by a digital integrated circuit/an optocouplers. Isolation between an analog circuit and a ground: 500 VAC Isolation between an analog circuit and a digital circuit: 500 VAC Isolation between the 24 VDC and a ground: 500 VAC	Applicable sensor         Pt100: DIN 43760-1980 JIS C1604-1989; 100 Ω 3850 PPM/°C           Pt1000: DIN EN60751; 1 k Ω 3850 PPM/°C           Ni100/Ni1000: DIN 43760           JPt100: JIS C1604-1989LG-Ni1000           Cu50/Cu100           Ni120 (available for FW V1.06 or later)		
Overall accuracyPt100/Ni100/Ni120/Pt1000/Ni1000/JPt100: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±0.1% of the input within the range. -20 to +60°C/-4 to +140°F: The error is ±0.5% of the input within the range. LG-Ni1000: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±0.2% of the input within the range. Cu50: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±4°C of the input within the range. Cu100: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±2°C of the input within the range. Cu100: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±2°C of the input within the range.Resolution0.1°C / 0.1°FConversion timeTwo-wire/three-wire configuration: 200 ms/channelIsolationAn analog circuit is isolated from a digital circuit by a digital integrated circuit/an optocoupler, and the analog channels are isolated from one another by optocouplers. Isolation between an analog circuit and a ground: 500 VAC Isolation between an analog circuit and a digital circuit: 500 VAC Isolation between the 24 VDC and a ground: 500 VAC	Supply voltage	24 VDC (20.4 VDC-28.8 VDC) (-15% to +20%)	
Overall accuracy25°C/77°F: The error is ±0.1% of the input within the range. -20 to +60°C/-4 to +140°F: The error is ±0.5% of the input within the range. LG-Ni1000: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±0.2% of the input within the range. Cu50: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±4°C of the input within the range. Cu100: 25°C/77°F: The error is ±2°C of the input within the range.Resolution0.1°C / 0.1°FConversion timeTwo-wire/three-wire configuration: 200 ms/channelAn analog circuit is isolated from a digital circuit by a digital integrated circuit/an optocoupler, and the analog channels are isolated from one another by optocouplers. Isolation between an analog circuit and a ground: 500 VAC Isolation between an analog circuit and a digital circuit: 500 VAC Isolation between the 24 VDC and a ground: 500 VAC	Connector type	Removable terminal block	
Conversion time       Two-wire/three-wire configuration: 200 ms/channel         An analog circuit is isolated from a digital circuit by a digital integrated circuit/an optocoupler, and the analog channels are isolated from one another by optocouplers.         Isolation       Isolation between a digital circuit and a ground: 500 VAC Isolation between an analog circuit and a ground: 500 VAC Isolation between an analog circuit and a digital circuit: 500 VAC Isolation between the 24 VDC and a ground: 500 VAC	Overall accuracy	25°C/77°F: The error is $\pm 0.1\%$ of the input within the range. -20 to +60°C/-4 to +140°F: The error is $\pm 0.5\%$ of the input within the range. LG-Ni1000: 25°C/77°F: The error is $\pm 0.2\%$ of the input within the range. Cu50: 25°C/77°F: The error is $\pm 4°$ C of the input within the range.	
Isolation       An analog circuit is isolated from a digital circuit by a digital integrated circuit/an optocoupler, and the analog channels are isolated from one another by optocouplers.         Isolation       Isolation between a digital circuit and a ground: 500 VAC Isolation between an analog circuit and a ground: 500 VAC Isolation between an analog circuit and a digital circuit: 500 VAC Isolation between the 24 VDC and a ground: 500 VAC	Resolution	0.1°C / 0.1°F	
Isolation       optocoupler, and the analog channels are isolated from one another by optocouplers.         Isolation between a digital circuit and a ground: 500 VAC         Isolation between an analog circuit and a ground: 500 VAC         Isolation between an analog circuit and a ground: 500 VAC         Isolation between an analog circuit and a ground: 500 VAC         Isolation between the 24 VDC and a ground: 500 VAC	Conversion time	Two-wire/three-wire configuration: 200 ms/channel	
	Isolationoptocoupler, and the analog channels are isolated from one another b optocouplers.IsolationIsolation between a digital circuit and a ground: 500 VAC Isolation between an analog circuit and a ground: 500 VAC Isolation between an analog circuit and a digital circuit: 500 VAC		
	Weight	-	

Analog-to-digital conversion	Centigrade (°C)	Fahrenheit (°F)	Input impedance
	Pt100: -180°C to +800°C	Pt100: -292°F to +1,472°F	
	Ni100: -80°C to +170°C	Ni100: -112°F to +338°F	
	Ni120 : -80°C~320°C	Ni120: -112°F~608°F	
	Pt1000: -180°C to +800°C	Pt1000: -292°F to +1,472°F	0–300 Ω
Rated input range*1	Ni1000: -80°C to +170°C	Ni1000: -112°F to +338°F	0-3000 Ω
	JPt100: -180°C to +500°C	JPt100: -292°F to +932°F	0-3000 12
	LG-Ni1000: -50°C to +180°C	LG-Ni1000: -58°F to +356°F	
	Cu50: -50°C to +150°C	Cu50: -58°F to +302°F	
	Cu100: -50°C to +150°C	Cu100: -58°F to +302°F	
	Pt100: -200°C to 850°C	Pt100 : -328°F to 1,562°F	
	Ni100: -100°C to 180°C	Ni100: -148°F to 356°F	
Maximum	Pt1000: -200°C to 850°C Ni1000: -100°C to 180°C	Pt1000 : -328°F to 1,562°F Ni1000 : -148°F to 356°F	0–320 Ω
Measurable Range <sup>*2</sup>	JPt100: -200°C to 510°C	JPt100 : -328°F to 950°F	0-3200 Ω
weasurable Mange	LG-Ni1000: -60°C to 200°C	LG-Ni1000 : -76°F to 392°F	0 0200 12
	Cu50: -50°C to 150°C	Cu50 : -58°F to 302°F	
	Cu100: -50°C to 150°C	Cu100 : -58°F to 302°F	
Average function	Range: 1–100		
Self-diagnosis	Disconnection detection		

Functional specifications

\*1: If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

\*2: If the to be measured temperature exceeds the upper/lower limit, it only shows the maximum / minimum value.

#### AS04TC-A / AS08TC-A

**Electrical specifications** 

Number of analog inputs	AS04TC-A: four ; AS08TC-A: eight	
Applicable sensor	Type J, K, R, S, T, E, N, B, C, U, L, TXK thermocouple; input impedance: ±100mV	
Supply voltage	24 VDC (20.4 VDC-28.8 VDC) (-15% to +20%)	
Connector type	Removable terminal block	
Overall accuracy	25°C/77°F: The error is $\pm 0.5\%$ of the input within the range. -20 to +60°C/-4 to +140°F: The error is $\pm 1\%$ of the input within the range.	
Resolution	0.1°C / 0.1°F	
Conversion time	200 ms/channel	
Isolation	An analog circuit is isolated from a digital circuit by a digital integrated circuit, and the analog channels are isolated from one another by optocouplers. Isolation between a digital circuit and a ground: 500 VAC Isolation between an analog circuit and a ground: 500 VAC Isolation between an analog circuit and a digital circuit: 500 VAC Isolation between two group circuits: 500 VAC Isolation between two group circuits: 500 VAC Isolation between the 24 VDC and a ground: 500 VAC Isolation between the analog channels: 120VAC	
Weight	AS04TC-A: 115g ; AS08TC-A: 125g	

Analog-to-digital conversion	Centigrade (°C)	Fahrenheit (°F)	Input impedance	
Rated input range*1	Type J: -100°C~1200°C Type K: -100°C~1,350°C Type R: 0°C~1,750°C Type S: 0°C~1,750°C Type T: -150°C~400°C Type E: -150°C~980°C Type N: -150°C~1,300°C Type B: 200°C~1,800°C Type B: 200°C~2,320°C Type U: -200°C~600°C Type L: -200°C~800°C	Type J: -148°F~2,192°F Type K: -148°F~2,462°F Type R: 32°F~3,182°F Type S: 32°F~3,182°F Type T: -238°F~752°F Type E: -238°F~1,796°F Type N: -238°F~2,372°F Type B: 392°F~3,272°F Type C: NA Type U: -328°F~1,112°F Type L: -328°F~1,652°F Type TXK: -328°F~1,472°F	±100mV	
Maximum Measurable Range <sup>*2</sup>	Type J: -210°C~1200°C Type K: -250°C~1,350°C Type R: -50°C~1,760°C Type S: -50°C~1,760°C Type S: -250°C~400°C Type E: -250°C~1,300°C Type N: -250°C~1,300°C Type B: 20°C~1,800°C Type C: 0°C~2,320°C Type U: -200°C~600°C Type L: -200°C~800°C	Type J: -346°F~2,192°F Type K: -418°F~2,462°F Type R: -58°F~3,200°F Type S: -25°F~3,200°F Type T: -418°F~752°F Type E: -418°F~1,832°F Type N: -418°F~2,372°F Type N: -418°F~2,372°F Type B: 68°F~3,272°F Type C: NA Type U: -328°F~1,112°F Type L: -328°F~1,652°F Type TXK: -328°F~1,472°F	±100mV	
Average function	Range: 1~100			
Self-diagnosis	Disconnection detection			

Functional specifications

\*1: If any of these limits are exceeded, device functionality should not be assumed, damage may occur and reliability may be affected.

\*2: If the to be measured temperature exceeds the upper/lower limit, it only shows the maximum / minimum value.

### 2.5.2 Temperature Measurement Module Profiles

### • AS04RTD-A / AS06RTD-A



Number Name Description Model name Model name of the module 1 Indicates the status of the power supply POWER LED indicator ON: the power is on OFF: no power Error status of the module ON: a serious error occurs in the module. 2 ERROR LED indicator OFF: the module is normal. Blinking: a minor error occurs in the module. Indicates the analog to digital conversion status Analog to digital Blinking: conversion is taking place conversion indicator OFF: stop conversion Removable terminal The inputs are connected to sensors. 3 block The outputs are connected to loads to be driven. Arrangement of the 4 Arrangement of the terminals input/output terminals 5 Terminal block clip Removal of the terminal block 6 DIN rail clip Secures the module onto the DIN rail 7 Module connecting set Connects the modules 8 Ground clip 9 Label Nameplate

### • AS04TC-A / AS08TC-A

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Number	Name	Description	
1	Model name	Model name of the module	
		Indicates the status of the power supply	
	POWER LED indicator	ON: the power is on	
		OFF: no power	
		Error status of the module	
2	ERROR LED indicator	ON: a serious error occurs in the module.	
-		OFF: the module is normal.	
		Blinking: a minor error occurs in the module.	
	Applea to digital	Indicates the analog to digital conversion status	
	Analog to digital conversion indicator	Blinking: conversion is taking place	
		OFF: stop conversion	
3	Removable terminal	The inputs are connected to sensors.	
3	block	The outputs are connected to loads to be driven.	
4	Arrangement of the input/output terminals	Arrangement of the terminals	
5	Terminal block clip	Removal of the terminal block	
6	DIN rail clip	Secures the module onto the DIN rail	
7	Module connecting set	Connects the modules	
8	Ground clip		
9	Label	Nameplate	

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### 2.5.3 Temperature Measurement Module Dimensions

## 2.6 Positioning Module Specifications

### 2.6.1 General Specifications

### Electrical specifications for the inputs

### • AS02PU-A

Item	Model	High-speed Input	Normal Input	
Number of	f inputs	3 (A+/A-, B+/B-, Z+/Z-)	5 (X0.0-X0.4)	
Connector	r type	Removable t	erminal blocks	
Input form	1	Differential input	Direct current (sinking or sourcing)	
Input curre	ent	5-24 VDC, 5 mA	24 VDC, 5 mA	
Action	OFF→ON	>3 VDC	>15 VDC	
level	ON→OFF	<1.5 VDC	<5 VDC	
Response	time	1.5 µs	< 0.5 ms	
Maximum frequency	•	200 kHz (A+/A-, B+/B-, Z+/Z-)	1 kHz	
Input impedance 4.7 k Ω		kΩ		
Input isolation 500 VAC		VAC		
Input disp	lay	When the optocoupler is driven, the input LED indicator is ON.		
Weight		120 g		

#### • AS04PU-A

Model		Normal	
Item			
Number of	inputs	Six	
Connector	type	Removable terminal blocks	
Input form		Direct current (sinking or sourcing) Sinking: The inputs are NPN transistors whose collectors are open collectors. Sourcing: The inputs are PNP transistors whose collectors are open collectors.	
Input curre	ent	24 VDC, 5 mA	
Action	OFF→ON	>15 VDC	
level	ON→OFF	<5 VDC	
Response	time	< 0.5 ms	
Maximum input 1 kHz		1 kHz	
Input impe	dance	4.7 k Ω	
Input isolation		500 VAC	
Input display		When the optocoupler is driven, the input LED indicator is ON.	
Weight	Weight 120 g		

Item	Model	AS02PU-A	AS04PU-A	
Number of	outputs	Four (2-axis)	Eight (4-axis)	
Connector t	уре	Removable to	erminal blocks	
Output form	า	differential output	Transistor-T (sinking) (NPN)	
Output volt	age	5 VDC*1	5-30 VDC, 0.1A	
Leakage cu	rrent	< 10	) uA	
Minimum load		1 mA / 5 VDC		
	Resistance	10 mA	0.1A	
Maximum load	Inductance	N/A		
IUau	Bulb	N/A		
Maximum output frequency	Resistance	200 kHz	100 kHz	
Maximum	OFF→ON	0.1 µs	1.5 µs	
Response time	ON→OFF	0.1 µs	1.5 µs	
Output isolation		500 VAC		
Weight		120	) g	

### Electrical specifications for the outputs

Note \*1: Acutal output 4 VDC (high input impedance) to 3.3 VDC (10 mA)/point

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## 2.6.2 Positioning Module Profiles

### • AS02PU-A / AS04PU-A



Number	Name	Description
1	Model name	Model name of the module
	POWER LED indicator (Blue)	Indicates the status of the power supply ON: the power is on OFF: no power
	Run LED indicator (Green)	Operating status of the module ON: the module is running and ready to accept instructions. OFF: the module is stopped and can NOT accept instrucitons.
2	Error LED indicator (Red)	Error status of the module OFF: the module is normal. Blinking (0.2 seconds ON/OFF): hardware error occurs in the module, can NOT operate normally
	Input LED indicator (Red)	ON: Receives an input signal OFF: Receives no input signal
	Output LED indicator (Red)	ON: Receives an output signal OFF: Receives no output signal
3	Removable terminal block	The inputs are connected to sensors. The outputs are connected to loads to be driven.
4	Arrangement of the input/output terminals	Arrangement of the terminals
5	Terminal block clip	Removal of the terminal block
6	DIN rail clip	Secures the module onto the DIN rail
7	Module connecting set	Connects the modules
8	Ground clip	On the DIN reail for grounding
9	Label	Nameplate



### 2.6.3 Positioning Module Terminals

# 2.7 Counter Module Specifications

## 2.7.1 General Specifications

Item		Description
Number of chann	els	2
	Input signal type	Phase differential (A/B): x2, x4; CW/CCW; Pulse/Direction
Pulse Input	Max. transmission distance	200 kHz at 30 m
	Counter type	Circular counter, linear encoder
	Max. data length	32-bit (The single-turn, multi-turn, and status data length can be set.)
	Coding method	Binary code, gray code
SSI Input	Max. transmission distance	250 kHz at 150 m, 500 kHz at 50 m, 625 kHz at 40 m, 1 MHz at 20 m, 1.25 MHz at 10 m
	Parity check bit	None, odd parity, even parity
	Counter type	Circular counter, absolute counter
	Counting range	-2147483648 ~ 2147483647 (32-bit)
	Counter control	Reset, preset, gate, capture, offset correction for absolute position
Counter	Output state check	Direction to count, counting overflow/underflow, linear counting beyond the lower and upper limit values, SSI feedback, SSI position exceeding the protection limit, SSI parity checking, SSI communication status, a zero point is set beyond SSI encoder resolution
	Input point	2 (one for each channel)
External input	Function	Reset, gate, capture
point (phase Z)	Digital filtering	OFF, 100 µs, 200 µs to 20 ms
p (p )	Min. software interrupt response time	20 µs (hardware response time included)
External output	Output point	4
point	Output type	NPN transistor (sinking)
Comparison function	Instruction	General comparison output instruction, table comparision output instruction
runction	Interrupt	Using comparision to achieve the interrupt function
Measurement	Measured item	Input frequency and revolution
function	Average times	1 to 10 times

2

	Model	Pulco input	External input	
Item		Pulse input	External input	
Number o	f inputs	4 (A+/B+, A-/B-)	2 (Z+/Z-)	
Connecto	r type	D-sub 15		
Input curr	ent	5-24 VDC	, 6-15 mA	
Action	OFF→ON	3	V	
level	ON→OFF	1 V		
Maximum input frequency		200 kHz	20 kHz	
Input impedance		4.7 kΩ		
Input signal		Signal signal: 5 – 24 VDC (sinking or sourcing) ; differential signal: 5 V		
Input isolation		500 VAC		
Input display		When the optocoupler is driven, the input LED indicator is ON.		
Weight		138 g		

### Electrical specifications for the inputs

### Electrical specifications for the SSI input and output

ltem	Model	SSI input	SSI output	
Number of outputs	f inputs /	2 (DATA+/DATA-)	2 (CLK+/CLK-)	
Connector	· type	D-su	ıb 15	
Voltage / C	Current	5 VDC, 1 mA	5 VDC, ±60 mA (max.)	
Action	OFF→ON	$V_{1D}^{*1} \ge 0.2V$	-	
level	ON→OFF	$V_{ID} \leq 0.2 V$	-	
Maximum input/output frequency		1.25 MHz		
Input impedance		12 kΩ (terminal resistor 120 Ω) -		
Input signal		RS-422		
Input isolation		500 VAC		
Input display		When the optocoupler is driven, the input LED indicator is ON.		

\*1: VID is the voltage difference between DATA+ and DATA-.

### Electrical specifications for the external outputs

Item	Model	AS02HC-A
Number of outp	outs	4
Connector type		D-sub 15
Ouptut type		NPN transistor (sinking)
Voltage		5 – 30 VDC
Minimum load		1 mA / 5 VDC
	Resistance	0.1A/output
Maximum load	Inductance	-
	Bulb	-
Maximum output frequency <sup>*1</sup>	Resistance	10 kHz
Maximum Response time	OFF→ON ON→OFF	25 µs
Output isolation	1	500 VAC

### Electrical specifications for the +5 V encoder power supply

Model	AS02HC-A
Number of outputs	2 (+5 VO/GND)
Connector type	D-sub 15
Voltage / Current	5 VDC (±5%), ±100 mA (max.)

2



## 2.7.2 Counting Module Profiles

Number	Name	Description
1	Model name	Model name of the module
	POWER LED indicator (Blue)	Indicates the status of the power supply ON: the power is on OFF: no power
	Error LED indicator (Red)	Error status of the module ON: a serious error occurs in the module. OFF: the module is normal. Blinking: a minor error occurs in the module.
2	Counter LED indicator for Ch1 Act. & Ch2 Act. (Green)	Counting status of the module OFF: the counter is disabled. ON: the counter is enabled but the result of counting is not changed. Blinking: the result of counting is updating. When SSI input: Blinking: the counter is enabled and the position value is updating.
	Input / output LED indicator	ON: Receives an input / output signal OFF: Receives no input / output signal
3	D-sub 15	Input: connected for pulse input and encoder Output: connected to loads to be driven Power: providing external encoder +5 VDC
4	DIN rail clip	Secures the module onto the DIN rail
5	Module connecting set	Connects the modules
6	Ground clip	On the DIN reail for grounding
7	Label	Nameplate

## 2.7.3 Counting Module Terminals

2

	Pin No.	CH1	CH2
	8	A1+	A2+
	3	A1-	A2-
	7	B1+	B2+
	2	B1-	B2-
CH2 CH1 B CH1 Z CH	6	Z1+	Z2+
CH2 Act. □	1	Z1-	Z2-
	10	CLK1+	CLK2+
	5	CLK1-	CLK2-
	9	DATA1+	DATA2+
D-sub15 pin	4	DATA1-	DATA2-
	14	+5VO1	+5VO2
	15	GND1	GND2
	12	Y0.0	Y0.2
	11	Y0.1	Y0.3
	13	COM0	COM1

## 2.8 Network Module Specifications

## 2.8.1 General Specifications

### • AS00SCM-A

### RS-485/RS-422/RS-232 communication interface

ltem	Specifications
Connector type	5-pin European-style terminal block, spring-clamp terminal block
<b>Electronical isolation</b>	500 VAC
Communication format	Stop bit: 1 stop bit or 2 stop bits Parity bit: none, an odd parity bit, or an even parity bit Data bit: 7 data bits or 8 data bits
Communication protocol	CAN

### CAN communication interface

ltem	Specifications
Connector type	RJ-45*2
Transmission speed	10K, 20K, 50K, 125K, 250K, 500K, 1000 Kbps
Communication AS special remote mode (for RTU mode)	
protocol	CANopen (available for models with firmware V2.0 or later)

### Ethernet communication interface

ltem	Specifications	
Connector type	RJ-45*2	
Transmission speed	10M, 100 Mbps	
<b>Communication</b> EtherNet/IP (available for models with firmware V2.02 or later),		
protocol	PROFINET (available for models with firmware V2.06 or later)	

#### **Electrical specifications**

ltem	Specifications
Supply voltage	24 VDC
Electric energy consumption	0.6 W
Weight	169 g
## • AS01DNET-A

## **CAN** communication interface

Item	Specifications	
Connector type	Removable terminal blocks (enclosed with fastening screws, 5.08 mm)	
Electronical isolation	500 VAC	
Transmission cables	Communication cable *2, power cable *2, shield cable *1	
Communication protocol	DeviceNet	

### **Communication interface**

ltem	Specifications	
Data type	I/O polling, explicit message	
Standard mode: 125K, 250K, 500Kbps		
Transmission speed	Extension mode: 10K, 20K, 50K, 125K, 250K, 500K, 1000K, 800Kbps and 1M	
	bps	

## **Electrical specifications**

Item	Specifications	
Voltage	11~25 VDC supplied by power cable of the network	
Current Ttypical value: 28 mA; rush current: 125 mA (24 VDC)		

2

## • AS04SIL-A

## **Unit Specifications**

Item		Specifications	
Model type		IO-Link master	
Model name		AS04SIL-A	
Number of ports		4	
	Baud rate	4.8 kbps ; 38.4 kbps ; 230.4 kbps	
Communication	Topology	1:1	
Communication	Compliant	■ IO-Link Interface and System Specification Version 1.1.2	
	standards	IO-Link Test Specification Version 1.1.2	
	IO-Link	Yes	
Modes	SIO (DI)	Yes	
	SIO (DO)	Yes, up to 100 mA / channel	
Cyclic communicati	ons	2 ms min. ; dynmatic, according to the valid data length	
Input: data size in e communication por		32 bytes max.	
Output: data size in each communication port		32 bytes max.	
Input: data size in e	ach module	128 bytes max.	
Output: data size in	each module	128 bytes max.	
Input PDO data size	•	100 words max.	
Output PDO data siz	ze	100 words max.	
Back up		Yes	
	Туре	Unshielded (can also apply to shielded ones)	
	Length	20 m max.	
Cable specification	Electrostatic capacity between lines	3 nF max.	
	Loop resistance	6 Ω max.	
External connection terminals		Clamping terminal block	

## **Electrical specifications**

Item		Specifications	
Power supply to	Rated voltage	24 VDC (20.4 VDC~ 28.8 VDC) (9-15%~+20%)	
device in IO-Link mode or SIO (DI)	Maximum load current	0.2A/port	
mode	Short-circuit protection	Yes	
	Internal I/O common	NPN, PNP	
Digital inputs in	Input voltage / current	24 VDC, 5 mA	
SIO (DI) mode	ON voltage	>15 VDC	
	OFF voltage	<5 VDC	
	Filter time	0 – 65 ms (0: no filter)	
	Internal I/O common	NPN, PNP	
	Output voltage / current	24 VDC (20.4 VDC~ 28.8 VDC), 0.1A/port	
Digital outputs in SIO (DO) mode	Short-circuit protection	Yes	
	Leakage current	<0.1 mA	
	Residual voltage	<1.5 VDC	
	Internal I/O common	NPN, PNP	
Digital inputs for pin 2 in IO-Link	Input voltage / current	24 VDC, 2 mA	
mode	ON voltage	>15 VDC	
	OFF voltage	<5 VDC	
	Filter time	0 – 65 ms (0: no filter)	
Electronical isolation		500 VAC	
Power consumption		0.8 W	
Weight		133g	

2

## 2.8.2 Network Module Profiles

## • AS00SCM-A



Unit: mm

Number	Name	Description	
1	Model name	Model name of the module	
	POWER LED indicator	Indicates the status of the power supply ON: The power is on OFF: No power or the power is low	
2	ERROR LED indicator	Error status of the module OFF: The module is normal. Blinking: Error occurs now or error had occurred before	
	Extension card 1 indicator (orange)	Blinking: Communication is taking place in card 1 OFF: No communication in card 1	
	Extension card 2 indicator (orange)	Blinking: Communication is taking place in card 2 OFF: No communication in card 2	
3	Address and function setting knobs	2 sets for setting up the address and function in card 1 and 2	
	Slot of function card 1	COM mode: Available for AS-F232, AS-F422, AS-F485	
4	Slot of function card 2	COM mode: Available for AS-F232, AS-F422, AS-F485, AS-FCOPM RTU mode: AS-FCOPM, AS-FEN02, AS-FPFN02	
5	Mode switch	COM: Serial communication mode; RTU: remote module mode	
6	DIN rail clip	Secures the module onto the DIN rail	
7	Module connecting set	Connects the modules	
8	Ground clip		
9	Label	Nameplate	
10	Input for supplying power to remote modules	Power supply for the remote module (NOT for COM mode)	

## • AS01DNET-A

2



Unit: mm

Number	Name	Description	
1	Model name	Model name of the module	
2	State LED indicator	<ul> <li>Master/slave mode:</li> <li>NS LED</li> <li>OFF: no power or duplicate ID check has not been completed.</li> <li>Green light blinking every 0.5 seconds: the connection to the DeviceNet network failed.</li> <li>Green light ON: online; the connection to the DeviceNet network is normal.</li> <li>Red light blinking every 0.5 seconds: communication error</li> <li>Red light ON: Network trouble, duplicate node ID, no network power or Bus-OFF.</li> <li>MS LED</li> <li>OFF: no power</li> <li>Green light ON: input and output data are normal.</li> <li>Red light blinking every 0.5 seconds: no module is configured.</li> <li>Green light ON: input and output data are normal.</li> <li>Red light DN: hardware error</li> <li>Combination of NS LED and MS LED</li> <li>NS LED OFF &amp; MS LED OFF: no power</li> <li>NS LED OFF &amp; MS LED Green light ON: duplicate ID check has not been completed.</li> <li>NS LED OFF &amp; MS LED green light ON: duplicate ID check failed or Bus-OFF.</li> <li>S LED red light ON &amp; MS LED red light Dinking every 0.5 second is duplicate ID check failed or Bus-OFF.</li> </ul>	

Number	Name	Description
		RTU mode:
		NS LED
		OFF: no power or duplicate ID check has not been
		completed.
		Green light blinking every 0.5 seconds: the connection
		to the DeviceNet network failed.
		Green light ON: online; the connection to the DeviceNet network is normal.
		Red light blinking every 0.5 seconds: I/O connection
		timeout between AS01DNET (RTU) and DeviceNet master
		<b>Red light ON:</b> Network trouble, duplicate node ID, no
		network power or Bus-OFF.
		• MS LED
		OFF: no power
		Green light blinking every 0.5 seconds:
		- AS01DNET (RTU) is waiting for the I/O data from
		DeviceNet master.
		<ul> <li>No I/O data transmission between AS01DNET(RTU) and DeviceNet master</li> </ul>
		- The PLC connected to DeviceNet master is in STOP state.
		Green light ON: normal transmission of I/O data between
		AS01DNET (RTU) and DeviceNet master
		Red light blinking every 0.5 seconds: no network power
		supply; configuration error; module alarms.
		Red light ON: hardware error
3	Address switch	Setting up the address
		Setting up the funcitons, including the work mode and baud rate
4	Function switch	of
		DeviceNet network
5	DeviceNet communication	Connects the modules via DeviceNet communication.
	port	Use AS01DNET-A connector for wiring.
		Master/Slave mode: the port does not need an external
	Mode switch	24VDC power supply connected
6	(RTU/DNET; Mastar/Slava)	RTU mode: the power input port of the network module is
	Master/Slave)	required to connect an external 24VDC power supply only. You can connect
7	Left-side extension port	Connects the modules
8	Label	Nameplate
9	Right-side extension port	Connects the modules
10	Input for supplying power to remote modules	Power supply for the remote module

## • AS04SIL-A

2



Number	Name	Description	
1	Model name	Model name of the module	
	POWER LED indicator	Indicates the status of the power supply ON: the power is on OFF: no power or the power is low	
	Module LED indicator	<ul> <li>Error status of the module</li> <li>OFF: The module is normal.</li> <li>Blinking:</li> <li>Module setting or communication error (blinks every 1 second)</li> <li>Hardware or low power error (blinks every 0.2 second)</li> </ul>	
2	Network LED indicator	Error status of the network ON: No external power supply Blinking: Scanning is under going or the module is configured and the diagnosis is done. OFF: The module is configured but the diagnosis has not done yet.	
	C1, C2, C3, C4 LED indicator (orange)	<ul> <li>IO-Link connection status of each communication port</li> <li>ON: The communication port is in IO-Link mode and a device is connected.</li> <li>Blinking: The communication port is in IO-Link mode but no device is connected or thhe device connected is not configured.</li> <li>OFF: The communication port is disabled or in SIO mode.</li> </ul>	
	Q1, Q2, Q3, Q4 LED indicator (orange)	Indicates the status of input / output in SIO mode ON: The input/output is working in SIO mode. OFF: The communication port is disabled or in IO-Link mode.	
	E1, E2, E3, E4 LED indicator (red)	Indicates if any warning or error occurs in the IO-Link connection Blinking: A warning or error occurs OFF: No warnings or errors	
3	Removable terminal block	IO-Link	
4	Arrangement of the input/output terminals	Arrangement of the terminals	
5	Terminal block clip	Removal of the terminal block	
6	DIN rail clip	Secures the module onto the DIN rail	
7	Module connecting set	Connects the modules	
8	Label	Nameplate	

## 2.9 Load Cell Module Specifications

## 2.9.1 General Specifications

• AS02LC-A

Item	Description	
Rated supply voltage/Power consumption	24 VDC (-15 to +20%) / 5W	
Minimum/maximum voltage	18~31.2VDC	
Maximum current consumption	150 mA	
Input signal range	±40mVDC	
Sensibility	+5 VDC +/-10%	
ADC resolution	24 bits	
Highest precision	0.04%	
Applicable sensor type	Four-wire or six-wire load cell	
Expanding a temperature coefficient	≤ ± 50 ppm/K v. E	
Reducing a temperature coefficient to zero	≤ ± 0.4 µV/K	
Linearity error	≤ 0.02%	
Response time	2.5, 10, 16, 20, 50, 60, 100, 200, and 400ms	
Eigenvalue applicable to a load cell	0-1, 0-2, 0-4, 0-6, 0-20, 0-40 and 0-80 mV/V	
Maximum distance for connecting a load cell	100 meters	
Maximum output current	5 VDC * 160 mA	
Allowable load	40–4,010 Ω	
Common-mode rejection ratio (CMRR @50/60 Hz)	≥100 dB	
Extreme pulse value range	0-8	
Averaging weights	1–100 (FW V1.04: 1 to 400)	
Isolation	Between a digital circuit and the ground: 500 VAC Between an analog circuit and the ground: 500 VAC Between an analog circuit and a digital circuit: 500 VAC	
Weight	147 g	

## 2.9.2 Load Cell Module Profiles





Number	Name	Description	
1	Model name	Model name of the module	
	POWER LED indicator	Indicates the status of the power supply ON: the power is on OFF: no power	
2	ERROR LED indicator	Error status of the module ON: a serious error occurs in the module. OFF: the module is normal. Blinking: a minor error occurs in the module.	
	Analog to digital conversion indicator	Indicates the analog to digital conversion status Blinking: conversion is taking place OFF: stop conversion	
3	Removable terminal block	The inputs are connected to sensors. The outputs are connected to loads to be driven.	
4	Arrangement of the input/output terminals	Arrangement of the terminals	
5	Terminal block clip	Removal of the terminal block	
6	DIN rail clip	Secures the module onto the DIN rail	
7	Module connecting set	Connects the modules	
8	Ground clip		
9	Label	Nameplate	

2

## 2.9.3 Load Cell Module Dimensions

• AS02LC-A



## 2.10 Extension Card Specifications

## 2.10.1 General Specifications

## • AS-F2AD

Two DC analog signal input channels:

Item	Voltage Input	Current Input	
Rated Input Range	0 V - 10 V	4 mA - 20 mA	
Resolution	12-bit	11-bit	
Digital Conversion Range	0 - 4000	0 - 2000	
Hardware Input Limit <sup>*1</sup>	0V ~ +10.24V	4mA ~ 20.37mA (FW V1.00) 3.63mA ~ 20.37mA (FW V1.20 or later)	
Digital Conversion Limit <sup>*2</sup>	0 ~ 4095	0 ~ 2047 (FW V1.00) - 48 ~ 2047(FW V1.20 or later)	
Error Rate	room temperature: ±0.5% ; full temperature range: ±1.0%		
Isolation	The isolation between digital and analog is 500 VAC; no isolation between channels.		
Input Impedance	2 ΜΩ	250 Ω	
Conversion Time* <sup>3</sup>	3 ms / CH		
Characteristic Curve	Digital Value Output Offage output	Digital Value Output 4 2000 4 20mA Current input	
Digital Value	Card 1	SR168 (CH1), SR169 (CH2)	
Output <sup>*4</sup>	Card 2	SR170 (CH1), SR171 (CH2)	

\*1: The input signal should NOT exceed the limit. If exceeding the limit, damage may occur.

\*2: If the input signal exceeds the hardware input limit, the module only shows the maximum value. If the input signal is below the lower limit, it only shows the minimum value. If the input signal exceeds the hardware input limit, it also exceeds the digital conversion limit and a conversion limit error appears. For example in the current input mode (4 mA to 20 mA), when the input signal is 0 mA, exceeding the hardware lower limit, it also exceeds the conversion lower limit. The module uses the lower limit value (-48) as the input signal. If a disconnected analysis is required, you can check if the digital conversion value is -48.

\*3: The conversion time is the time for each channel to convert signals to hardware input signals. If you need to calculate a complete conversion time, you need to add the PLC scan time.

\*4: Use the program to read the values in SR to obtain the corresponding A/D conversion value for the channel.

\*5: Refer to section 2.2.16 SM/SR notes for more information on descriptions of SM27/SR27 analog input error codes.

### • AS-F2DA

Two DC analog signal output channels:

ltem	Voltage Output		Current Output	
Analog Signal	0 V - 10 V		4 mA - 20 mA	
Resolution	12-bit			12-bit
Digital Conversion Limit	0 - 4000		0 - 4000	
Error Rate	room tempera	ture: ±0.5% ; f	ull temperature	e range: ±1.0%
Isolation	The isolation between digita	I and analog is	500 VAC; no	isolation between channels.
Impedance Allowance	≥1 kΩ		≤500 Ω	
Conversion Time*1	2ms / CH			
Characteristic Curve	tindino official value Input		Digital Value Input	
Digital Value	Card 1	SR172	(CH1)	SR173 (CH2)
Output* <sup>2</sup>	Card 2	SR174	(CH1)	SR175 (CH2)

\*1: The conversion time is the time for each channel to convert signals to hardware input signals. If you need to calculate a complete conversion time, you need to add the PLC scan time.

\*2: Use the MOV instruction to move the value to the SR to obtain the corresponding voltage output value.

## • AS-F232

The AS series PLC is built with COM1 (RS-485), and COM2 (RS-485). You can use this extension card for communication with different interfaces such as RS-232 and a PC. The communication functions and isolation levels are the same as the PLU CPU built-in ones. It can be used in slave or master mode. After installing the extension card, go to the HWCONFIG in the ISPSoft for communication setup.



### AS-FCOPM

With its own standalone communication port, the extension card can work independently and can act as a master or a sloave. After installing the extension card, go to the HWCONFIG in ISPSoft to set up the communication.

### Wiring example



#### • AS-F422

You can use this extension card for communication with Delta HMI series or other devices through the RS-422 communication port. You can use this extension card for communication with different interfaces such as RS-232 and a PC. The communication functions and isolation levels are the same as the PLU CPU built-in ones. It can be used in slave or master mode. After installing the extension card, go to the HWCONFIG in the ISPSoft for communication setup.

■ Wiring example of the communication with Delta HMI DOPA series via COM2



#### AS-F485

With its own standalone communication port, the extension card can work independently. You can use this extension card for communication with different interfaces such as RS-232 and a PC. The communication functions and isolation levels are the same as the PLU CPU built-in ones. It can be used in slave or master mode. After installing the extension card, go to the HWCONFIG in the ISPSoft for communication setup.

#### ■ Wiring example



## • AS-FEN02

With its own standalone communication port, the extension card can work independently and can be set as a MODBUS TCP server, Client or EtherNet/IP Adapter. After installing the extension card, go to the HWCONFIG in ISPSoft to set up the communication.

### Ethernet communication interface

Item Specifications	
Connector type	RJ-45*2
Transmission speed	10/100BASE-T (X) full duplex, switched Ethernet
Cable CAT5e (up to 100 m)	
Communication protocol Modbus TCP Server, Client and EtherNet/IP Adapter	
Isolation	1500 VAC

## • AS-FOPC02

With its own standalone communication port, the extension card can work independently and can be set as a Modbus TCP Server and OPC UA Server. After AS-FOPC02 is installed on the PLC, you need to go to HWCONFIG to edit the parameters.

### Ethernet communication interface

Item Specifications		
Connector type	RJ-45*2	
Transmission speed	ission speed 10/100BASE-T (X) full duplex, switched Ethernet	
Cable	CAT5e (up to 100 m)	
Communication protocol Modbus TCP Server and OPC UA Server		
Isolation	1500 VAC	

## • AS-FPFN02

With its own standalone communication port, the extension card can work independently and can be set as a PROFINET slave to connect to PROFINET network and exchange data with PROFINET master. After installing the extension card, go to the PROFINET Configurator to set up the communication and download the configurations to the master and then the master sends the configurations to the function card.

### Ethernet communication interface

ltem	Specifications
Connector type	RJ-45*2
Transmission speed	10/100BASE-T (X) full duplex, switched Ethernet
Cable	CAT5e (up to 100 m)
Communication protocol PROFINET RT	
Isolation	1500 VAC

### • AS-FFTP01

With its own standalone communication port, the extension card can work independently and can be set as a MODBUS TCP server, Client or EtherNet/IP Adapter. After installing the extension card, go to the HWCONFIG in ISPSoft to set up the communication.

### Ethernet communication interface

Item Specifications	
Connector type	RJ-45*2
Transmission speed 10/100BASE-T (X) full duplex, switched Ethernet	
Cable	CAT5e (up to 100 m)
Communication protocol Modbus TCP Server, Client and EtherNet/IP Adapter	
Isolation	1500 VAC

#### **Micro SD**

Item	Specifications	
Applicalbe SD card	Micro SD card	
Capacity	Max.<= 2TB (SD/SDHC/SDXC)	
Speed class rating Class 10 (C1)		
Busbar interface         High Speed (25MB/s)		
It is suggested to use the Micro SD with 32GB capacity and Class10 rating		

## • AS-FECAT

This communication card can work independently and does NOT occupy the communication port of PLC CPU. It can act as Modbus TCP Server and EtherCAT Master. After AS-FECAT is installed, you can go to HWCONFIG from ISPSoft for editing in the Function Card 2 section.

#### Ethernet communication interface

Item	Specifications	
Connector type	RJ-45*2	
Transmission speed	10/100BASE-T (X) full duplex, switched Ethernet (before EtherCAT Master enabled)	
Cable	CAT5e (up to 100 m)	
Communication protocol	protocol Modbus TCP Server and EtherCAT Master	
Isolation	1500 VAC	

2

## 2.10.2 Extension Card Profiles

## • AS-F2AD/AS-F2DA/AS-F422/AS-F485



Unit: mm

Pin no.	AS-F2AD	AS-F2DA	AS-F422	AS-F485
1	V1+	VO1	R+	-
2	l1+	IO1	R-	-
3	V2+	VO2	T+	D+
4	l2+	IO2	T-	D-
5	СОМ	СОМ	SG	SG

### • AS-F232/AS-FCOPM





#### Unit: mm

Pin no.	AS-F232	AS-FCOPM
1	-	CAN_H
2	ТХ	CAN_L
3	RX	GND
4	-	-
5	GND	-
6-9	-	-

## • AS-FEN02



Unit: mm

Number	Name	Description
		Indicates the status of the communication card Green light ON: the operation is working normal
1	MS indicator	Green light BLINKING: the setting is not complete Red light ON: internal communication fail, can NOT be recovered Red light BLINKING: internal communication timeout OFF: no power
2	NS indicator	<ul> <li>Indicates the status of Ethernet connection</li> <li>Green light ON: a CIP connection is established</li> <li>Green light BLINKING: a CIP connection is not established after power-on</li> <li>Red light ON: duplicated IP address</li> <li>Red light BLINKING: communication timeout (a CIP connection has been established after power-on) / IP address change</li> <li>OFF: no power / network cable is not connected</li> </ul>
3	RJ-45 port X1/X2	For network connections
4	LINK indicator X1/X2	Indicate the status of Ethernet connection Green light ON: a network connection is established OFF: a network connection is not established
5	ACT indicator X1/X2	Indicate the status of Ethernet communication Orange BLINKING: data transmission OFF: no data transmission
6	Clip ring	Secures AS series

1 TX+	2 TX-	3 RX+	4 N/C	
5 N/C	6 RX-	7 N/C	8 N/C	81

2

## • AS-FPFN02



Number	Name	Description
1	SF indicator	System Fault Indicator Red light ON: an error occurs in the topology or RTU module OFF: no system error
2	BF indicator	Bus Fault Indicator Red light ON: no PROFINET connection Red light BLINKING: the connection is working fine but the communication with PROFINET Controller is NOT normal. OFF: the connection with PN-Controller is working fine.
3	RJ-45 port X1/X2	Uses for network connections
4	LINK indicator X1/X2	Indicates the status of Ethernet connection Green light ON: a network connection is established OFF: a network connection is not established
5	ACT indicator X1/X2	Indicates the status of Ethernet communication Orange BLINKING: data transmission OFF: no data transmission
6	Clip ring	Secures AS series

1 TX+	2 TX-	3 RX+	4 N/C	
5 N/C	6 RX-	7 N/C	8 N/C	8 1

## AS-FOPC02

2



Number	Name	Description
1	MS indicator	Indicates the status of the communication card Green light ON: the operation is working normal Green light BLINKING: the setting is not complete Red light ON: powering on, or internal communication fail, can NOT be recovered Red light BLINKING: internal communication timeout OFF: no power
2	NS indicator	Indicates the status of Ethernet connection Green light ON: an OPC UA connection is established Green light BLINKING: an OPC UA connection is not established after power-on Red light ON: duplicated IP address Red light BLINKING: communication timeout (OPC UA connection has been established after power-on) / IP address change OFF: no power / network cable is not connected
3	RJ-45 port X1/X2	For network connections
4	LINK indicator X1/X2	Indicate the status of Ethernet connection Green light ON: a network connection is established OFF: a network connection is not established
5	ACT indicator X1/X2	Indicate the status of Ethernet communication Orange BLINKING: data transmission OFF: no data transmission
6	Clip ring	Secures AS series

1 TX+	2 TX-	3 RX+	4 N/C	
5 N/C	6 RX-	7 N/C	8 N/C	8 1

2

## • AS-FFTP01



Number	Name	Description
1	MS indicator	Indicates the status of the communication card Green light ON: the communication card operation is working normal Green light BLINKING: communication card is initializing Red light ON: powering on or internal communication fail, can NOT be recovered Red light BLINKING: internal communication timeout; reboot is required. OFF: no power
NS indicator		Red light ON: IP address conflict; remove the device with the same IP address on the network
2	Micro SD card slot	For Micro SD card
3	RJ-45 port	For network connections
4	LINK indicator	Indicate the status of Ethernet connection Green light ON: a network connection is established OFF: a network connection is not established
5	ACT indicator	Indicate the status of Ethernet communication Orange BLINKING: data transmission OFF: no data transmission
6	Clip ring	Secures AS series

1 TX+	2 TX-	3 RX+	4 N/C	
5 N/C	6 RX-	7 N/C	8 N/C	8 1

## • AS-FECAT



Number	Name	Description
1	SYS indicator	Indicates the power status of the communication card and the status of the firmware update Green light ON: Power On Green light BLINKING: firmware updating OFF: no power or firmware updating is complete.
2	ECAT indicator	Indicates the status of EtherCAT communication Green light ON: the communication card operation is working normal (All slaves are in the operational state.) Red light ON: the network connection between master and slave is not established. Red light BLINKING (2s): the connection of slave is lost. Red light BLINKING (5s): the state of slave is not normal OFF: ECAT master function is not enabled. Going to state of firmware updating
3	RJ-45 ports x1, x2	For network connections
4	LINK indicators x1, x2	Indicate the status of Ethernet connection Green light ON: a network connection is established OFF: a network connection is not established
5	ACT indicators x1, x2	Indicate the status of Ethernet communication Orange BLINKING: data transmission OFF: no data transmission
6	Clip ring	Secures AS series

## **RJ-45 Pin Definition**

1 TX+	2 TX-	3 RX+	4 N/C	
5 N/C	6 RX-	7 N/C	8 N/C	8 1

## 2.10.3 Function Card Weights

	AS- F2AD	AS- F2DA	AS- F422	AS- F485	AS- F232	AS- FCOPM	AS- FEN02	AS-FEN02 / AS- FOPC02 / AS-FFTP01 / AS-FECAT
Weight	30 g	30 g	22 g	29 g	26 g	29 g	51 g	51 g

## 2.11 Power Supply Module Specifications

## 2.11.1 General Specifications

## • AS-PS02/AS-PS02A

	tem	Specifications
Supply	voltage	100–240 VAC (-15% to +10%) 50/60 Hz±5%
Action specific	ations	If the input power supply is larger than 85 VAC, the power supply module can function normally.
Allowat instanta power f		If the instantaneous power failure time is less than ten milliseconds, the power supply module keeps running.
Fuse		2.5A/250 VAC
Inrush o	current	< 70A@115 VAC
24 VDC output		AS-PS02: 2 A for internal use: the CPU and the modules. AS-PS02A: 1.5 A for internal use: the CPU and the modules; 0.5 A for external use.
Power p	protection	The 24 VDC output is equipped with the short circuit protection and the overcurrent protection.
Electronical isolation		1,500 VAC (Primary-secondary), 1,500 VAC (Primary-PE), 500 VAC (Secondary-PE)
Insulation voltage		Above 5 $M\Omega$ The voltage between all inputs/outputs and the ground is 500 VAC.
Ground		The diameter of the ground should not be less than the diameters of the cables connected to the terminals L and N.
Weight         AS-PS02         270 g           AS-PS02A         310 g		5

2

## 2.11.2 Power Supply Module Profiles

#### AS-PS02 $\overline{ }$ F Ð le\_ D POW ▶1 ▶2 PS02 98.3 ▶3 88 4 4) WARNING ical shock dsa fter re Ð Т 75 70 74.2 91.5 77.9 Unit: mm

AS-PS02A

•



Unit: mm

Number	Name	Description	
1	POWER LED indicator (green)	Indicates the status of the power supply	
2	Model name	Model name of the power supply module	
3	Arrangement of the terminals	+24V: connecting external 24VDC + 24G: connecting external 24G LG: Line ground L: AC power input (Line) N: AC power input (Neutral)	
4	Power output Connected with AS series		

## 2.12 Power Supply Module Adapter Specification

For easier wiring, this adaptor allows wiring on the bottom of the module instead of on the left-side of the module. If you already purchased AS-PS02 or AS-PS02A, you do not need this adaptor to have an easier wiring.





# Chapter 3 Installing Software

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Before creating an AS Series system, you need to install ISPSoft / DIADesigner and COMMGR. ISPSoft or DIADesigner is a software platform for integrating the hardware, network configuration, and program development for a system. COMMGR functions as middleware between a computer and devices. It functions as a communication management interface between ISPSoft / DIAdesigner and AS Series hardware. This chapter uses ISPSoft for demonstration. For DIADesinger operation, refer to Chapter 3 from DIADesigner software manual. AS for COMMGR operation, refer to software manual (DIAInstaller -> Software Manual).

## 3.1 Installing and Uninstalling ISPSoft

System requirements

ltem	Syste	em requirement		
Operating system	Windows XP / 7 / 8 / 10			
CPU	Pentium 1.5 G or above			
Memory	256 MB or above (512 MB or above is re	ecommended.)		
Hard disk drive	Capacity : 500 MB or above			
CD-ROM drive	This is optional for installing ISPSoft.			
Monitor	Resolution: 800×600 or above			
Monitor	(suggested setting: 1024x768/96 dpi)			
Keyboard/Mouse	A general keyboard/mouse or devices compatible with Windows			
Printer	A printer with a driver for Windows. This is needed to print projects.			
RS-232 port	For connecting to a PLC			
USB port	For connecting to a PLC	One of them is used, but a PLC that is connected must have a corresponding port. (*1)		
Ethernet port	For connecting to a PLC			
Communication software	COMMGR, a communication manager, must be installed. (*2)			
Supported Models		exclusive of DVP-PM series PLCs)/ AS series, AC es, and Text panel HMI with PLC built-in series.		

\*1. ISPSoft supports several ways to connect a computer to a PLC. Make sure the port and the mode supported by the PLC are correct before you connect a computer to the PLC.

\*2. Please refer to section 3.2 for more information about COMMGR.

\*3. The functions and specifications mentioned above are only applicable to ISPSoft version 3.00 or above. The older versions are not equipped with complete functions.

## 3.1.1 Installing ISPSoft

If an older version of ISPSoft has been installed on a computer, uninstall it before you install ISPSoft. Refer to section 3.1.2 for more information about uninstalling ISPSoft. The following are the steps to install ISPSoft.

- (1) Start the Windows operating system and then install ISPSoft. You may need administrative privileges to install the software.
- (2) Put the ISPSoft CD in the CD-ROM drive, or download the installation program from the official Delta website <u>http://www.delta.com</u>. Before you install the installation program downloaded from the website, you must decompress the file.
- (3) Click Start, and then click Run... to open the Run window. Specify the path to the file called setup.exe in the Open box, and then click OK. You can also double-click the setup icon to execute the installation program.



(4) When a previous version of the ISPSoft is found, click **OK** then **Yes** to uninstall that version shown in the pop-up windows (see below).



(5) Click Install once Shield Wizard window appears.



(6) The installation program detects if your computer has installed Microsoft Visual C++ 2013 or not. If not, the following installation steps will show up. Click **Install** to install and after the installation is done, click **Close**.



(7) After the ISPSoft x.xx – Install Shield Wizard window appears, click **Next**.



(8) Select I accept the terms in the license agreement and click Next.

ISPSoft 3.06 - InstallShield Wizard	×
License Agreement	
Please read the following license agreement carefully.	P
SOFTWARE LICENSE AGREEMENT	^
THIS IS A LEGAL AGREEMENT BETWEEN YOU, THE END USER, AND DELTA ELECTRONICS, NC., ACTING THROUGH ITS INDUSTRIAL AUTOMATION BUSINESS GROUP ("DELTA"). BY INSTALLING, COPYING OR OTHERWISE USING THIS SOFTWARE, INCLUDING ANY "ONLINE" OR ELECTRONIC DOCUMENTATION (COLLECTIVELY REFERERED TO AS " SOFTWARE"). YOU ARE ACCEPTING AND AGREEING	Ì
TO THE TERMS OF THIS AGREEMENT. IF YOU DO NOT AGREE TO THE TERMS OF THIS AGREEMENT, DO NOT INSTALL, COPY OR USE THIS SOFTWARE.	
COPYRIGHT DELTA, 2014	~
I accept the terms in the license agreement     I do not accept the terms in the license agreement	
IstallShield	
< Back Next > Cancel	

(9) Type the necessary information in the User Name and Organization boxes, and then click Next.

🕼 ISPSoft 3.06 - InstallShield Wizard	×
Customer Information	
Please enter your information.	<u>کی</u>
User Name:	
DELTA	
Organization:	
DELTA	
Install this application for:	
<ul> <li>Anyone who uses this computer (all users)</li> </ul>	
Only for me (DELTA)	
InstallShield	
< Back N	ext > Cancel

(10) Check if the installation information is correct and then click Install.



(11) After ISPSoft is installed, click **Finish** to complete the installation.

🖟 ISPSoft	3.06 - InstallShield Wizard	-		×
Installing	ISPSoft 3.06			
The prog	ram features you selected are being installed.			¢.
P	Please wait while the InstallShield Wizard installs ISPSoft 3.0 take several minutes.	6. This m	ау	
	Status:			
	Copying new files			
InstallShield -				
	< Back Next >		Car	icel
	<₽			
18PSoft	3.06 - InstallShield Wizard			×
	InstallShield Wizard Complet	ed		
	The InstallShield Wizard has successfu Click Finish to exit the wizard.	ly installe	d ISPSo	oft 3.06,

Finish

<Bade

(12) Next the HWCONFIG is about to be installed. If there is a previous version of HWCONFIG installed in your computer. The following image appears. Click **Yes** to replace the previous version of HWCONFIG with a newer version.

HWC	ONFIG 4.02 Setup	×
	The previous version of HWCONFIG (v4.02.12) has already installed on your computer.	
	Click [YES] to replace with newer version or [ o quit.	
	Yes No	
	<₽	
	븅 HWCONFIG 4.02 Uninstall ×	
	Do you want to delete your settings of HWCONFIG?	
	Yes No	
	<₽	
	谢 HWCONFIG 4.02 Uninst ×	
	Uninstall complete	
	OK	

(13) Click Install, once the installation window appears.



(14) After HWCONFIG is installed, click Finish to complete the installation.



(15) After installation is done, the installation program creates shortcuts on the desktop and the Start menu. Click

**Close** to complete the installation.

🚚 ISPSoft 3.06 Setup —	) X
Installation Complete	
Setup was completed successfully.	
Completed	
Output folder: C: \Users\ben.yuan\Desktop Extract: ISPSoft_3.0.6_Installer.exe 100% Output folder: C: \Users\ben.yuan\Desktop Execute: "C: \Users\ben.yuan\Desktop\ISPSoft_3.0.6_Installer.exe Delete file: C: \Users\ben.yuan\Desktop\ISPSoft_3.0.6_Installer.exe Completed	
Nullsoft Install System v2,46,5-Unicode	Cancel

## 3.1.2 Uninstalling ISPSoft

- Generally, you can click ISPSoft Uninstall or select Programs under Control Panel to remove the ISPSoft; when ISPSoft Uninstall is not found, there are two methods to uninstall the software:
  - Method 1: Select ISPSoft x.xx from the Windows list, click More then select Open file location.
  - Method 2: Place **%ProgramData%\Microsoft\Windows\Start Menu\Programs\Delta Industrial** Automation\PLC\ in the address box and press Enter. Then, double click ISPSoft x.xx file.



(2) Remove the software by double-click the ISPSoft Uninstall.



3

(3) To uninstall ISPSoft, click Yes shown in the pop-up window. The window will automatically close once the software is removed.



## 3.2 Installing and Uninstalling COMMGR

#### 3.2.1 Installing COMMGR

COMMGR is a software independent of ISPSoft. It must be installed separately. When the previous version of COMMGR is detected in a computer, that version is advised to be uninstalled first before the latest COMMGR can be installed.

- Start a computer and enter the Windows operating system. You need to log on to the system as a system (1) administrator before installing COMMGR.
- Put a COMMGR CD in the CD-ROM drive, or download the installation program from official Delta website (2) http://www.deltaww.com/. Before you install the program downloaded from the website, you must decompress the file.
- Click Start, and then click Run... to open the Run window. Specify the path to the file called setupComm.exe in (3) the Open box, and then click OK. Alternatively, you can double-click the icon which is used to install COMMGR to execute the installation program.

ຄ



(4) When the previous version of COMMGR is installed, click **OK** to remove that version shown in the pop-up window (see below) and when uninstall is complete, click **OK** again.

	COMMGR is a	ready installed.			
<u> </u>	Click [OK] to re this upgrade.	move the previou	s version o	r [Canc	o cancel
			ОК	>	Cancel
		_	_		
COM	AGR 1.09 Uninstall	Uninstallation Compl			
E	3	Uninstallation Compl Uninstall was complete		-	
Comple	ted				
Comple Delete Delete	ted file: C: \Program File file: C: \Program File file: C: \Program File		d successfully.	MMGR 1.09\Si MMGR 1.09\Si MMGR 1.09\Si	mula
Comple Delete Delete Delete Delete	ted file: C: VProgram File file: C: VProgram File file: C: VProgram File file: C: VProgram File file: C: VProgram File	Uninstall was complete	d successfully.	MMGR 1.09\Si MMGR 1.09\Si MGR 1.09\Si GR 1.09\Si	mula imula imula imula
Completing Deleter Deleter Deleter Deleter Deleter Remo	ted e file: C: \Program File e file: C: \Program File e file: C: \Program File file: C: \Program File	Uninstall was complete	d successfully.	MMGR 1.09\Si MMGR 1.09\Si MGR 1.09\Si	mula imula imula imula 09\Si

(5) Click **Next** after the Setup window appears.



(6) Use default setup in the destination folder. Click Install to start the installation.



(7) After you install COMMGR, the installation program creates a shortcut to the program on the Start menu. Click Finish to complete the installation.


#### 3.2.2 Uninstalling COMMGR

(1) Enter the settings of Apps & features in Windows, select COMMGR x.xx and click Uninstall.



(2) Click Yes and then OK to complete COMMGR uninstallation.



MEMO

# 4

# Chapter 4 Installing Hardware and Wiring

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# 4.1 AS Series Hardware Framework

#### 4.1.1 AS Series Hardware Component

The AS series programmable logic controller is a medium-to-small programmable logic control (PLC). The execution speed and memory capacity are increased. Use of function blocks is also supported. In order to meet your more advanced application requirements, the AS series programmable logic controllers provide more flexible system extension frameworks. Under such system frameworks, you do not need to use several CPU modules to control the system because there are too many I/O points or the equipment is too far away. This retains system completeness, and you can be more efficient in developing projects. Several PLC CPUs are available for various sectors; users can make their choices according to their applications.

#### • The minimum requirements for an AS200 / AS300 Series framework

The minimum framework of the AS200 / AS300 series system consists of one CPU module (AS200 / AS300 PLC CPU) and one power supply module (AS-PS02). AS-PS02 converts AC into DC, providing PLC CPU with direct current power supply. As for AS200 / 300 Series PLC CPU, it is the heart of the system and is responsible for the system control and management.



4-3

#### • The minimum requirements for an AS100 Series framework

Since AS100 Series PLC CPU does NOT require a power supply module, AS100 Series PLC CPU is all you need to run a whole system.



#### • Communication cable

Several communication interfaces are included in a CPU module, and many types of network modules are available. You can select a suitable communication cable according to the actual situation.

Interface	Connector	Application
Communication port	Five-pin removable terminal block	Computer/HMI communication/Industrial control network (2x RS-485)
Ethernet	RJ45	Computer/HMI communication/Remote control/Data exchange/Industrial control network
USB	Mini USB	Computer communication

The following table lists information about communication interfaces and main applications.

#### Extension module

AS Series CPU module is equipped with standard communication ports, select suitable modules according to the actual situation. Various kinds of modules can be purchased according to your needs. Refer to section 1.1.2 for detailed information on the modules that can be used with your AS Series System.

#### • The limitations of setting up a standard AS PLC framework

The following lists the limits for setting up a standard framework of the AS PLC system. Exceeding any one of the limits causes the PLC to send an error message.

Limit 1: You can connect up to 32 extension modules to the PLC, not including the power module, CPU module, and remote module.

Limit 2: The maximum number of digital I/O points is 1024. The built-in digital I/O points of the CPU module are included.

Limit 3: You can connect up to 16 analog modules (AD, DA, XA, RTD, TC and LC) to the PLC.

Limit 4: You can connect up to 4 communication modules (AS00SCM, AS01DNET-A, and AS04SIL-A) to the PLC.

Limit 5: You can connect up to 8 positioning modules (AS02PU-A, AS04PU-A and AS02HC-A) to the PLC.

Limit 6: You can connect up to 15 remote modules (AS00SCM+AS-FCOPM) to the PLC. The remote modules can work with up to eight digital/analog modules.

Limit 7: You can connect up to 15 remote modules (AS00SCM+AS-FEN02) to the PLC. The remote modules can work with up to eight digital/analog modules.

Limit 8: You can connect up to 8 extension modules (digital modules, analog modules, temperature measurement module, etc.) to AS01DNET-A (RTU mode).

Limit 9: You can connect remote modules to digital/analog modules (temperature measurement and load cell modules), but not to communication or positioning modules.

# 4.2 Installation Notes

- To ensure you have sufficient installation space for AS Series System, before installation begins, be sure to measure the size of your AS Series System and the size of the communication cable connectors and the space between devices should also be taken into account.
- Make sure that the work environment conforms to the specifications for the products. It is necessary to consider the basic temperature/humidity control and dust/corrosion prevention.
- Electromagnetic interference can result in system malfunction. Therefore, you must design the EMC carefully. Refer to Appendix C in this manual for more information on EMC standards.
- If components such as screws and washers are specified in the manual, do use components conforming to the specifications.
- If a cable is connected to a communication port, make sure the cable connector is properly joined to the port on the module.
- For the installation of DIN Rail, use a 35 mm wide rail or use the one that complies with EN 60715.



# 4.3 Installation

# 4.3.1 Installing Modules in a Control Box

A PLC has to be installed in a closed control box. In order to ensure that the PLC radiates heat normally, the space between the PLC and the control box must be larger than 50 millimeters.

#### • AS200 / AS300



• AS100



- Keep the PLC away from high-voltage equipment, high-voltage wires, and high-voltage motors.
- In order to prevent the PLC from overheating, please do not install the PLC vertically on the bottom or top of the control box.
- Please install the PLC horizontally in the control box, as shown above.
- If you intend to increase the number of modules, you must leave some space for installing the modules in the control box.

#### 4.3.2 Installing a Module

The methods to install a module are the same for AS100, AS200 and AS300 series PLC CPU. Here we use AS200 / AS300 as an example for demonstration.

- 1. Press the clip rings if they are out as the image 1 shown. Push the module to the desire position until you hear a click to finish installation.
- 2. Link the I/O modules on the right side of the PLC and make sure they are hooked together. Push the modules into the DIN rail until you hear a click.
- 3. After you installed the module, fasten the screws on the modules to secure the module on the DIN rail.



If there is a vibration source near the installation site, install anti-vibration baffles on the sides of the AS Series modules for better stabilization, such as the gray baffles show below.



- Install the baffles:
  - Hook the baffle onto the DIN rail and press it down as the directional arrow shows below.



• Use screws to secure the baffle.



a. The completed baffle installation is shown below.



# 4.3.3 Installing a Removable Terminal Block

For AS200 / AS300 Series PLC CPU: install the removable terminal block on the module as shown below.

#### Installation



#### Removal

Pull the clips down in the direction shown by the arrow, and then pull the terminal block up as shown
below.

Align the terminal block at the printed circuit board, and press it into the module.

For AS100 Series PLC CPU: install the removable terminal block on the module as shown below.

#### Installation

#### Removal

Use a screwdriver to separate the terminal block from the module and then pull the terminal block out as shown below.



## 4.3.4 Changing a Module

1. Take the removable terminal block out of the module and pull the clip out from the DIN rail as the image shown below.



- 2. Remove the module to be changed out.
- 3. Slide the new module in as the image shows below.



4.3.5 Installing and Removing an Extension Card for AS300 PLC CPU

Installation

- A. AS-F232/AS-F422/AS-F485/AS-F2AD/AS-F2DA/AS-FCOPM
- 1.

Push the extension card into the extension card slot until you hear a click.



#### 2. Removal

Press the |PUSH| button to release the extension card and then take the extension card out.



## B. AS-FEN02 / AS-FPFN02 / AS-FOPPC02 / AS-FECAT

#### 1. Installation

Push the extension card into the extension card slot until you hear a click.



#### 2. Removal

Press the buttons on the upper and lower ends to release the extension card and then take the extension card out.



# 4.3.6 Installing and Removing a Wiring Module for AS300 PLC CPU

Put a communication cable in the port on a CPU module, and make sure the connector of the cable is properly joined to the port.

#### Installation

- 1. One side of the wiring module has to be fixed first.
- 2. Press the driver board in the direction indicated by arrow 1, and make sure the groove is aligned with the DIN rail.



#### Removal

- 1. Push the wiring module in the direction indicated by arrow 1.
- 2. Pull the wiring module in the direction indicated by arrow 2.



# 4.4 Wiring

• Please pay attention to the following warnings.

A	•	Before installing or wiring a module, you must verify that the external power supply is turned
WARNING		off. If the power supply is not turned off, you may get an electric shock, or the product may be
		damaged.
	•	After you complete installing or wiring the module, make sure that a terminal block cover is
		installed on the module before turning on the power supply or operating the module. If the
		terminal block cover is not installed properly, you may get an electric shock, or the module
		may not operate normally.
	•	Be sure to connect the terminals FG and LG with protective grounding conductors. Otherwise,
		you may get an electric shock, or the module may not operate normally.
	•	To ensure that a PLC is wired correctly, you must check the rated voltage of the product and
		the arrangement of the terminals. If the PLC is connected to a power supply that does not
		conform to the rated voltage, or the product is not wired correctly, a fire may occur, or the
		product may be damaged.
	•	The external connections should be crimped, press-welded by specific tools, or soldered
		correctly. Improper connections may result in a short circuit, fire, or malfunction.
	•	Tighten the terminal screws to the specified torque. If the terminal screws are loose, a short
		circuit, fire, or faulty operation may occur. Tightening the terminal screws too far may cause
		damage to the terminal screws or the module, resulting in a short circuit or malfunction.
	•	Make sure there are no foreign substances such as iron filings or wiring debris inside the
		module. Foreign substances may result in a fire, damage, or malfunction.
L		

#### • I/O module wiring notes

- (1) Terminal definitions
  - Two-/three-wire (passive sensor): the sensor and the system share the same power circuit.
  - Four-wire (active sensor): the sensor uses an independent power supply and should not share the same power circuit with the system.
- (2) Terminals with insulation sleeves cannot be used as a terminal block. It is recommended that the terminals be covered with insulation tubes.
- (3) Use single-wire cables or two-wire cables with a diameter of 24 AWG to 22 AWG and with less than 1mm pin-type terminals. Only use copper conducting wires with a temperature rating of 60/75°C.



- (4) Keep the input cables, output cables, and power cable separate from one another.
- (5) If the main circuit and the power cable cannot be separated from each other, use a shielded cable, and ground it at the side of the I/O module. In some cases, the shielded cable can be grounded at the opposite side.



- (6) If you wire a module through conduit, you must ground the conduit correctly.
- (7) Keep 24 VDC input cables separate from 110 VAC input cables and 220 VDC input cables.
- (8) If the wiring length is more than 200 meters (656.19 feet), leakage current can result from parasitic capacitance, and the system will not function properly.

Δ

# 4.5 Connecting Power Cables

#### 4.5.1 Power Cable Wiring Notes

#### Connecting AC power cables

- (1) If a power grid's input voltage source is alternating current (AC), ranging from 100 VAC to 240 VAC, you need to connect the power supply to the terminals L and N. Do NOT connect 110 VAC or 220 VAC to the input terminals +24V or -24V that will damage the PLC CPU.
- (2) The cables carrying the 110 VAC, 220 VAC, and 24 VDC should be single or two-wire cables.
- (3) Do not bundle 110 VAC cable, 220 VAC cable, 24 VDC cable, the (high-voltage high-current) main circuit, and the I/O signal cable together. The distance between adjacent cables should be more than 100 millimeters (3.94 inches).
- (4) If a power failure lasts less than 10 ms, PLC keeps running without being affected. If the time of power loss lasts longer or the voltage of the power supply is too low, the PLC will stop running and all outputs will be stopped. After the power is back on, the PLC will resume working automatically. (Some auxiliary relays and registers are retainable in the PLC, you can make use of these advantages while designing a PLC program.)
- (5) For the input terminals L and N as well as LG / <sup>⊥</sup>/<sub>=</sub>, use single-wire cables or two-wire cables in a diameter of 12 AWG to 18 AWG and with less than 1mm pin-type terminals. Only use copper conducting wires with a temperature rating of 60/75°C.



- (6) If cables are connected to the terminals LG or <sup>⊥</sup>/<sub>=</sub>, you must ground the cables. Do not connect LG or <sup>⊥</sup>/<sub>=</sub> to any devices. If LG and <sup>⊥</sup>/<sub>=</sub> are not grounded, the PLC will be susceptible to noise. Since LG / <sup>⊥</sup>/<sub>=</sub> carries electric potential, you will get an electric shock if you touch the metal parts.
  - (7) To prevent electrical surge from lightning, install a surge protector as shown below.



#### Points for attention:

- 1. Ground the surge protector and the PLC system.
- Select the surge protector with a working voltage that is not less than the maximum allowable input voltage.

# 4.5.2 Ground



# 4.5.3 Wiring Power Supply

#### AS200 / AS300 PLC CPU

AS-PS02



# AS-PS02A



AS100 PLC CPU



\*1. The live wire and the neutral wire in the AC power cable are connected to L and N on the power supply module respectively. To prevent incorrect system operation, the ground in the AC power cable must be connected to LG on the power supply module or  $\frac{1}{2}$  of AS100 PLC CPU.

# 4.5.4 Power Consumption

Classification	Model name	Internal power consumption (mA)	Internal power consumption (W)	External power consumption (W)
	AS332P-A	150	3.6	N/A
-	AS332T-A	150	3.6	N/A
-	AS324MT-A	150	3.6	N/A
-	AS320P-B	150	3.6	N/A
-	AS320T-B	150	3.6	N/A
-	AS300N-A	125	3	N/A
-	AS228T-A	150	3.6	N/A
-	AS228P-A	150	3.6	N/A
-	AS228R-A	190	4.56	N/A
-	AS218TX-A	180	4.32	N/A
CPU module	AS218PX-A	180	4.32	N/A
	AS218RX-A	200	4.8	N/A
-	AS132T-A	110	2.64	N/A
-	AS132P-A	110	2.64	N/A
-	AS132R-A	160	3.84	N/A
-	AS148T-A	125	3	N/A
-	AS148P-A	125	3	N/A
-	AS148R-A	200	4.8	N/A
-	AS164T-A	140	3.36	N/A
-	AS164P-A	140	3.36	N/A
-	AS164R-A	240	5.76	N/A
	AS08AM10N-A	20	0.5	N/A
-	AS08AN01T-A	30	0.72	N/A
-	AS08AN01P-A	60	1.4	N/A
-	AS08AN01R-A	70	1.7	N/A
-	AS16AM10N-A	20	0.5	N/A
-	AS16AP11T-A	30	0.7	N/A
-	AS16AP11P-A	30	0.7	N/A
Digital I/O	AS16AP11R-A	80	1.9	N/A
module	AS16AN01T-A	60	1.4	N/A
-	AS16AN01P-A	60	1.4	N/A
-	AS16AN01R-A	140	3.4	N/A
-	AS32AM10N-A	20	0.48	N/A
-	AS32AN02T-A	30	0.72	N/A
-	AS64AM10N-A	30	0.72	N/A
-	AS64AN02T-A	60	1.44	N/A
	AS04AD-A	50	1.2	2.16
-	AS04AD-A AS08AD-B	50	1.2	2.10
Analog I/O	AS08AD-C	50	1.2	2.5
module	AS04DA-A	50	1.2	2.64
	AS04DA-A AS06XA-A	50	1.2	2.16
-	AS02ADH-A	50	1.2	2.10
	AS02ADT-A AS04RTD-A	30	0.75	2
Temperature	AS04RTD-A	30	0.75	2
measurement	AS04TC-A	30	0.75	2
module	AS04TC-A AS08TC-A	30	0.75	2
	100010-A		0.70	L 2

The following table lists the power consumption for AS Series modules.

Classification	Model name	Internal power consumption (mA)	Internal power consumption (W)	External power consumption (W)	
module					
Positioning	AS02PU-A	62.5	1.5	N/A	
module	AS04PU-A	62.5	1.5	N/A	
Notwork	AS00SCM-A	25	0.6	N/A	
Network module	AS01DNET-A	33	0.8	N/A	
module	AS04SIL-A	33	0.8	0.5	
	AS-F232	20	0.48	N/A	
	AS-F422	30	0.72	N/A	
	AS-F485	20	0.48	N/A	
	AS-FCOPM	20	0.48	N/A	
Function	AS-F2AD	15	0.36	N/A	
cards	AS-F2DA	50	1.2	N/A	
Garao	AS-FEN02	50	1.2	N/A	
	AS-FPFN02	50	1.2	N/A	
	AS-FOPC02	50	1.2	N/A	
	AS-FFTP01	55	1.32	N/A	
	AS-FECAT	50	1.2	N/A	

# 4.6 Wiring CPU Modules

- When you use open collector NPN/PNP outputs to activate AS300 high speed inputs, you need to have the pull up/pull down resistor connected to X point and S/S. Only use 3 W / 470 ohm or 2 W / 1 Kohm resistors.
- When you use Push-Pull outputs to activate AS PLC CPU high speed inputs, you don't need to use any pull up/pull down resistor connected to X point and S/S.
- While using ports Y as output ports, all the C0 points should be connected. Do NOT only use ONE C0 point.

#### Note:

- In case open collector NPN/PNP outputs are used to activate AS300 high speed inputs, you need to have the pull up/pull down resistor connected to X point and S/S.
- In case Push-Pull outputs are used to activate AS300 high speed inputs, you don't need to use any pull up/pull down resistor connected to X point and S/S.
- It is recommended to use the resistor of 3W/470ohm or 2W/1Kohm.
- While using ports Y as output ports, all the C0 points should be connected. Do NOT only use ONE C0 point.

Through the following wiring you can increase the resistance of a resistor. See the illustration below for reference.



lanual farma	X0.0+ to X0.3+/X0.0- to X0.3- : Differential input
Input form	X0.4–X0.11: Direct current (sinking or sourcing)
1	X0.0+ to X0.3+/X0.0- to X0.3- : 5V DC, 5 mA
Input current/voltage	X0.4–X0.11: 24 VDC, 5 mA
Output forms	Y0.0+ to Y0.3+/Y0.0- to Y0.3- : Differential input
Output form	Y0.4–Y0.11: Transistor-T (sinking)
	Y0.0+ to Y0.3+/Y0.0- to Y0.3-: 5V DC, 20mA/output
Output current/voltage	(+ and – as a group, e.g. Y0.0+ and Y0.0- is a group)
	Y0.4 to Y0.11: 5 to 30V DC, 0.1A/output, 0.8A/COM





40		39	S/S	S/S
38	]	37	X0.11	X0.10
36		35	X0.9	X0.8
34		33	X0.7	X0.6
32		31	X0.5	X0.4
30	40	29	SG0	SG0
28		27	X0.3-	X0.3+
26		25	X0.2-	X0.2+
24		23	X0.1-	X0.1+
22		21	X0.0-	X0.0+
20		19	C0	C0
8		17	Y0.11	Y0.10
16		15	Y0.9	Y0.8
4	2 - 1	13	Y0.7	Y0.6
2		11	Y0.5	Y0.4
0		9	SG1	SG1
8	]	7	Y0.3-	Y0.3+
6	]	5	Y0.2-	Y0.2+
4	]	3	Y0.1-	Y0.1+
2		1	Y0.0-	Y0.0+



#### Wiring the External Terminal Module UB-10-ID16A

lane ut forme	X0.0+ to X0.3+/X0.0- to X0.3-: Differential input
Input form	X0.4–X0.11: Direct current (sinking or sourcing)
	X0.0+ to X0.3+/X0.0- to X0.3- : 5 VDC, 5 mA
Input current/voltage	X0.4–X0.11: 24 VDC, 5 mA
Output form	Y0.0+ to Y0.3+/Y0.0- to Y0.3- : Differential input
Output form	Y0.4–Y0.11: Transistor-T (sinking)
	Y0.0+ to Y0.3+/Y0.0- Y0.3-: 5 VDC, 20 mA
Output current/voltage	Y0.4–Y0.11: 5 to 30 VDC, 0.1 A



Length: UC-ET010-24D(1M)(28AWG) UC-ET020-24D(2M)(28AWG) UC-ET030-24D(3M)(28AWG)

#1	TB1	Y0.0+	Y0.1+	Y0.2+	Y0.3+	SG1	Y0.4	Y0.6	Y0.8	Y0.10	C0
#1	TB2	Y0.0-	Y0.1-	Y0.2-	Y0.3-	SG1	Y0.5	Y0.7	Y0.9	Y0.11	C0
	TB1	X0.0+	X0.1+	X0.2+	X0.3+	SG0	X0.4	X0.6	X0.8	X0.10	S/S
#2	TB2	X0.0-	X0.1-	X0.2-	X0.3-	SG0	X0.5	X0.7	X0.9	X0.11	S/S

# 4.6.2 Wiring AS332P-A

Input form	Direct current (sinking or sourcing)			
Input current/voltage 24 VDC, 5 mA				
Output form	Transistor-P (souring)			
Output current/voltage	5 to 30 VDC, 0.1A/output, 1.6A/COM			





• Wining the Exter	
Input form	Direct current (sinking or sourcing)
Input current/voltage	24 VDC. 5 mA
Output form	Transistor-P (souring)
Output current/voltage	5 to 30 VDC. 0.1A







#### UC-ET010-24D(1M)(28AWG) UC-ET020-24D(2M)(28AWG) UC-ET030-24D(3M)(28AWG)

#1	TB1	Y0.0	Y0.2	Y0.4	Y0.6	Y0.8	Y0.10	Y0.12	Y0.14	-	C0
#1	TB2	Y0.1	Y0.3	Y0.5	Y0.7	Y0.9	Y0.11	Y0.13	Y0.15	-	C0
#0	TB1	X0.0	X0.2	X0.4	X0.6	X0.8	X0.10	X0.12	X0.14	S/S	-
#2	TB2	X0.1	X0.3	X0.5	X0.7	X0.9	X0.11	X0.13	X0.15	S/S	-

#### • Wiring the External Terminal Module UB-10-OR16B

For cables that can only be connected to the cables of group #1, see below.

Output form	Relay
Output voltage	Less than 250 VAC, 30 VDC



# 4.6.3 Wiring AS332T-A

Input form	Direct current (sinking or sourcing)
Input current/voltage	24 VDC, 5 mA
Output form	Transistor-T (sinking)
Output current/voltage	5 to 30 VDC, 0.1A/output, 1.6A/COM





#### • Wiring the External Terminal Module UB-10-ID16A

Input form	Direct current (sinking or sourcing)
Input current/voltage	24 VDC, 5 mA
Output form	Transistor-T (sinking)
Output current/voltage	5 to 30 VDC, 0.1 A
	Length





Length:

UC-ET010-24D(1M)(28AWG) UC-ET020-24D(2M)(28AWG) UC-ET030-24D(3M)(28AWG)

#1	TB1	Y0.0	Y0.2	Y0.4	Y0.6	Y0.8	Y0.10	Y0.12	Y0.14	C0	-
TT I	TB2	Y0.1	Y0.3	Y0.5	Y0.7	Y0.9	Y0.11	Y0.13	Y0.15	C0	-
#2	TB1	X0.0	X0.2	X0.4	X0.6	X0.8	X0.10	X0.12	X0.14	S/S	-
#2	TB2	X0.1	X0.3	X0.5	X0.7	X0.9	X0.11	X0.13	X0.15	S/S	-

• Wiring the External Terminal Module UB-10-OR16A



For cables that can only be connected to the cables of group #1, see below.

Note: UB-10-OR16A can be used with AS Series and DVP Series. The indications on the UB-10-OR16A board is for DVP Series. For the definitions of terminal connections for AS Series, you can see the reference table below. Or refer to the enclosed sticker for AS Series.

AS	C0	Y0.0	Y0.1	Y0.2	Y0.3	C1	Y0.4	Y0.5	Y0.6	Y0.7	C2	Y0.8	Y0.9	Y0.10	Y0.11	C3	Y0.12	Y0.13	Y0.14	Y0.15
DVP	C0	Y0	Y1	Y2	Y3	C1	Y4	Y5	Y6	Y7	C2	Y10	Y11	Y12	Y13	C3	Y14	Y15	Y16	Y17

# 4.6.4 Wiring AS320P-B

Input form	Direct current (sinking or sourcing)							
Input current/voltage	24 VDC, 5 mA	4 VDC, 5 mA						
Output form	Transistor-P (souring)							
Output current/voltage	5 to 30 VDC, 0.1A/output, 1.2A/COM							
Ethernet O2								

OUT

Input form	Direct current (sinking or sourcing)						
Input current/voltage	24 VDC, 5 mA						
Output form	Transistor-T (sinking)						
Output current/voltage	5 to 30 VDC, 0.1A/output, 1.2A/COM						







# 4.6.6 Wiring AS228P-A

Input form	Direct current (sinking or sourcing)					
Input current/voltage	4 VDC, 5 mA					
Output form	Transistor-P (sourcing) (PNP)					
Output current/voltage	5 to 30 VDC, 0.5A/output, 2A/COM					



# 4.6.7 Wiring AS228R-A

Input form	Direct current (sinking or sourcing)
Input current/voltage	24 VDC, 5 mA
Output form	Relay
Output current/voltage	240VAC/24VDC, 2A/output, 8A/COM



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# 4.6.8 Wiring AS228T-A

Input form	Direct current (sinking or sourcing)					
Input current/voltage	24 VDC, 5 mA					
Output form	Transistor-T (sinking) (NPN)					
Output current/voltage	5 to 30 VDC, 0.5A/output, 2A/COM					






## 4.6.9 Wiring AS218PX-A / AS218RX-A / AS218TX-A

### 4.6.9.1 Wiring AS218PX-A

Input form	Direct current (sinking or sourcing)	
Input current/voltage	24 VDC, 5 mA	
Output form	Transistor-P (sourcing) (PNP)	
Output current/voltage	5 to 30 VDC, 0.5A/output, 1.5A/COM	
Analog input*1	12bits, -10V-10V (voltage), -20mA-20mA (current)	
Analog output*1	12bits, -10V-10V(voltage), 0- 20mA (current)	

\*1. Refer to section 4.6.9.4 for more details on wiring analog input and output.





### 4.6.9.2 Wiring AS218RX-A

Input form	Direct current (sinking or sourcing)	
Input current/voltage	24 VDC, 5 mA	
Output form	elay	
Output current/voltage	240 VAC / 24 VDC, 2A/output, 6A/COM	
Analog input*1	12 bits, -10V-10V (voltage), -20mA-20mA (current)	
Analog output*1	12 bits, -10V-10V(voltage), 0- 20mA (current)	

\*1. Refer to section 4.6.9.4 for more details on wiring analog input and output.



Input form	Direct current (sinking or sourcing)	
Input current/voltage	24 VDC, 5 mA	
Output form	Transistor-T (sinking) (NPN)	
Output current/voltage	5 to 30 VDC, 0.5A/output, 1.5A/COM	
Analog input*1	12 bits, -10V-10V (voltage), -20mA-20mA (current)	
Analog output*1	12 bits, -10V-10V(voltage), 0- 20mA (current)	

#### 4.6.9.3 Wiring AS218TX-A

\*1. Refer to section 4.6.9.4 for more details on wiring analog input and output.



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### 4.6.9.4 Wiring Details on AS218PX-A/AS218RX-A/AS218TX-A

# 4.6.10 Wiring AS132T-A/AS148T-A/AS164T-A

Input form	Direct current (sinking or sourcing)	
Input current/voltage	24 VDC, 5 mA	
Output form	Transistor-T (sinking) (NPN)	
Output current/voltage	5 to 30 VDC, 0.5A/output, 2A/COM	

The following illustrations uses AS148T-A as an example. The wiring method is similar to AS132T-A and AS164T-A.



## 4.6.11 Wiring AS132P-A/AS148P-A/AS164P-A

Input form	Direct current (sinking or sourcing)	
Input current/voltage	24 VDC, 5 mA	
Output form	Transistor-P (sourcing) (PNP)	
Output current/voltage	5 to 30 VDC, 0.5A/output, 2A/COM	

The following illustrations uses AS148P-A as an example. The wiring method is similar to AS132P-A and AS164P-A.



4.6.12 Wiring AS132R-A/AS148R-A/AS164R-A
--

Input form	Direct current (sinking or sourcing)	
Input current/voltage	24 VDC, 5 mA	
Output form	Relay	
Output current/voltage	240VAC/24VDC, 2A/output, 5A/COM	

The following illustrations uses AS148R-A as an example. The wiring method is similar to AS132R-A and AS164R-A.



4-41





#### • USB port

Pin	Function	
1	VBUS (4.4–5.25 V)	
2	D-	54321
3	D+	Mini-B
4	Ground	Win II-D
5	Ground	

 Refer to Appendix A : Installing a USB Driver, if it is the first time for AS Series to use USB port to communicate.

• Time to use USB port: uploading/downloading PLC programs, monitoring during calibration and upgrading firmware.

- NOT suggested to use USB port: applications that require a long and un-interruptible communication.
- What to do when a communication failure occurs: unplug any communication connector from the USB port and then plug the connector back. After that reconnect and try communication again.

#### • Ethernet port

Pin	Signal	Description
1	TX+	Transmitting data (positive pole)
2	TX-	Transmitting data (negative pole)
3	RX+	Receiving data (positive pole)
4		N/C
5		N/C
6	RX-	Receiving data (negative pole)
7		N/C
8		N/C

#### • RS485

Pin	Signal	Description	
1	+	COM1 D+	
2	-	COM1 D-	
3	SG	Signal Ground	
4	+	COM2 D+	5
5	-	COM2 D-	

#### RS485 Wiring



#### CAN Pins and Wiring

CAN Pins for AS200 / AS300 Series PLC CPU

Pin	Signal	Description	
1	CAN+	CAN_H	
2	CAN-	CAN_L	
3	GND	GROUND	
4	1200	Terminal resistor	<b>E</b> 5
5	120Ω	Terminal resistor	

Note: Pin4 and Pin5 must be short-circuited to activate the built-in terminal resistor  $120\Omega$  and work as an impedance to reduce noise inference when signal reflections occur and ensure signal can be transmitted normally.





- 1. It is recommended to use Daisy Chain for connection and be sure to use terminal resistor in the beginning and the end of the terminal arrangement.
- 2. Pin4 and Pin5 must be short-circuited to activate the built-in terminal resistor 120Ω.

### CAN Pins for AS100

AS132T/P/R-A				
AS148T/P/R-A				
Terminal				
PIN	1 2 3			
Signal	D+	D-	SG	
Description	CAN_H	CAN_L	GROUND	

AS164T/P/R-A					
		1	2 3 4	5	
Terminal					
PIN	1	2	3	4	5
Signal	-	D+	D-	SG	-
Description	-	CAN_H	CAN_L	GROUND	-

### CAN Wiring for AS100

- 1. It is recommended to use Daisy Chain for CANopen network connection and be sure to use 120Ω terminal resistor in the beginning and the end of the terminal arrangement.
- 2. SG is the grounding signal for CANopen network.



①     Master     ②     Slave     ③	Terminal (4)	Shielded cable
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# 4.7 Wiring Digital Input/Output Modules

This section illustrates how to wire digital input/output modules. The wiring diagrams below also illustrate how the power supplies are connected to S/S, and COM. If you need more information about wiring of digital input/output terminals, refer to Section 4.8 in this manual.

### 4.7.1 Wiring AS08AM10N-A

Input form	Direct current (sinking or sourcing)	
Voltage specifications	24 VDC, 5 mA	
	BAM WINNINNNN	$\begin{bmatrix} IN \\ S/S \\ III \\ III \\ S/S \\ III  \\ III \\ IIII \\ III \\ I$

## 4.7.2 Wiring AS08AN01P-A

Output form	Transistor-P (souring)
Voltage specifications	5 to 30 VDC, 0.5A/output, 4A/COM





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## 4.7.3 Wiring AS08AN01R-A

Output form	Relay	
Voltage specifications	5 to 30 VDC, 2A/output, 8A/COM	
	AN <b>ot</b> C C C C C C C C C C C C C	

4

5

6

## 4.7.4 Wiring AS08AN01T-A

Output type	Transistor-T (sinking)
Voltage specifications	5 to 30 VDC, 0.5A/output, 4A/COM





### 4.7.5 Wiring AS16AM10N-A

Input type	Direct current (sinking or sourcing)
Voltage specifications	24 VDC, 5 mA





## 4.7.6 Wiring AS16AN01R-A

Output type	Relay
Voltage specifications	240 VAC/24 VDC, 2A/output, 8A/COM





### 4.7.7 Wiring AS16AN01T-A

Output type	Transistor-T (sinking)
Voltage specifications	5 to 30 VDC, 0.5A/output, 4A/COM





## 4.7.8 Wiring AS16AN01P-A

Output type	Transistor-P (souring)
Voltage specifications	5 to 30 VDC, 0.5A/output, 4A/COM





### 4.7.9 Wiring AS16AP11R-A

Input form	Direct current (sinking or sourcing)	
Voltage specifications	24 VDC, 5 mA	
Output type	Relay	
Voltage specifications	240 VAC/24 VDC, 2 A/inputs, 8 A/COM	





## 4.7.10 Wiring AS16AP11T-A

Input form	Direct current (sinking or sourcing)	
Voltage specifications	24 VDC, 5 mA	
Output type	Transistor-T (sinking)	
Voltage specifications	5 to 30 VDC, 0.5A/output, 4A/COM	





## 4.7.11 Wiring AS16AP11P-A

Input form	Direct current (sinking or sourcing)
Voltage specifications	24 VDC, 5 mA
Output type	Transistor-P (sourcing)
Voltage specifications	5 to 30 VDC, 0.5A/output, 4A/COM





Input form	Direct current (sinking or sourcing)	
Input current	24 VDC, 5 mA	
		IN $S/S$

## 4.7.12 Wiring AS32AM10N-A

• Wiring the External Terminal Module UB-10-ID16A

For cables that can only be connected to the cables of group #2, see below.

Input form	Direct current (sinking or sourcing)
Voltage specifications	24 VDC, 5 mA
	Length $39 \xrightarrow{40}$ $19 \xrightarrow{10}$ $10 \xrightarrow{10}$

Λ

#2	TB1	X0.0	X0.2	X0.4	X0.6	X0.8	X0.10	X0.12	X0.14	S/S	-
#2	TB2	X0.1	X0.3	X0.5	X0.7	X0.9	X0.11	X0.13	X0.15	S/S	-

#### • Wiring the External Terminal Module UB-10-ID32A



Note: UB-10-ID32A can be used with AS Series and DVP Series. The indications on the UB-10-ID32A board is for DVP Series. For the definitions of terminal connections for AS Series, you can see the reference table below. Or refer to the enclosed sticker for AS Series.

	ldn	AS	X0.0	X0.2	X0.4	X0.6	X0.8	X0.10	X0.12	X0.14	X1.0	X1.2	X1.4	X1.6	X1.8	X1.10	X1.12	X1.14	S/S	S/S
-	pper	DVP	X0	X2	X4	X6	X10	X12	X14	X16	X20	X22	X24	X26	X30	X32	X34	X36	S/S	S/S
	Lov	DVP	X1	ХЗ	X5	Х7	X11	X13	X15	X17	X21	X23	X25	X27	X31	X33	X35	X37	S/S	S/S
W	wer	AS	X0.1	X0.3	X0.5	X0.7	X0.9	X0.11	X0.13	X0.15	X1.1	X1.3	X1.5	X1.7	X1.9	X1.11	X1.13	X1.15	S/S	S/S

Δ

### 4.7.13 Wiring AS32AN02T-A



• Wiring the External Terminal Module UB-10-ID16A

For cables that can only be connected to the cables of group #1, see below.



#1	TB1	Y0.0	Y0.2	Y0.4	Y0.6	Y0.8	Y0.10	Y0.12	Y0.14	C0	-
	TB2	Y0.1	Y0.3	Y0.5	Y0.7	Y0.9	Y0.11	Y0.13	Y0.15	C0	-

#### • Wiring the External Terminal Module UB-10-OR16A



For cables that can only be connected to the cables of group #1, see below.

Note: UB-10-OR16A can be used with AS Series and DVP Series. The indications on the UB-10-OR16A board is for DVP Series. For the definitions of terminal connections for AS Series, you can see the reference table below. Or refer to the enclosed sticker for AS Series.

AS	C0	Y0.0	Y0.1	Y0.2	Y0.3	C1	Y0.4	Y0.5	Y0.6	Y0.7	C2	Y0.8	Y0.9	Y0.10	Y0.11	C3	Y0.12	Y0.13	Y0.14	Y0.15
DVP	C0	Y0	Y1	Y2	Y3	C1	Y4	Y5	Y6	Y7	C2	Y10	Y11	Y12	Y13	C3	Y14	Y15	Y16	Y17

### Wiring the External Terminal Module UB-10-OT32A



Note: UB-10-OT32A can be used with AS Series and DVP Series. The indications on the UB-10-OT32A board is for DVP Series. For the definitions of terminal connections for AS Series, you can see the reference table below. Or refer to the enclosed sticker for AS Series.

	Idn	AS	Y0.0	Y0.2	Y0.4	Y0.6	Y0.8	Y0.10	Y0.12	Y0.14	Y1.0	Y1.2	Y1.4	Y1.6	Y1.8	Y1.10	Y1.12	Y1.14	•	•
W	lpper	DVP	Y0	Y2	Y4	Y6	Y10	Y12	Y14	Y16	Y20	Y22	Y24	Y26	Y30	Y32	Y34	Y36	•	•
	Lov	DVP	Y1	Y3	Y5	Y7	Y11	Y13	Y15	Y17	Y21	Y23	Y25	Y27	Y31	Y33	Y35	Y37	C0	C0
W	wer	AS	Y0.1	Y0.3	Y0.5	Y0.7	Y0.9	Y0.11	Y0.13	Y0.15	Y1.1	Y1.3	Y1.5	Y1.7	Y1.9	Y1.11	Y1.13	Y1.15	C0	C0

Δ

### 4.7.14 Wiring AS64AM10N-A



Wiring the External Terminal Module UB-10-ID16A

For cables that can only be connected to the cables of group #2, see	below.
--	--------

Input fo	rm		Direct of	current (s	inking or	sourcing	)				
Voltage	specifica	ations	24 VD0	C, 5 mA							
00000		H		→ TB1 → TB2	UC-E1	010-24[ 020-24[	—Length	BAWG)		20 2 20 20 #2 20 #2 20 #2	
#2	TB1	X0.0	X0.2	X0.4	X0.6	X0.8	X0.10	X0.12	X0.14	S/S	-
#2	TB2	X0.1	X0.3	X0.5	X0.7	X0.9	X0.11	X0.13	X0.15	S/S	-

• Wiring the External Terminal Module UB-10-ID32A

For cables that can only be connected to the cables of group #2, see below.



Note: UB-10-ID32A can be used with AS Series and DVP Series. The indications on the UB-10-ID32A board is for DVP Series. For the definitions of terminal connections for AS Series, you can see the reference table below. Or refer to the enclosed sticker for AS Series.

ro	Upper	AS	X0.0	X0.2	X0.4	X0.6	X0.8	X0.10	X0.12	X0.14	X1.0	X1.2	X1.4	X1.6	X1.8	X1.10	X1.12	X1.14	S/S	S/S
WO	ber	DVP	X0	X2	X4	X6	X10	X12	X14	X16	X20	X22	X24	X26	X30	X32	X34	X36	S/S	S/S
row	Гo	DVP	X1	ХЗ	X5	Х7	X11	X13	X15	X17	X21	X23	X25	X27	X31	X33	X35	X37	S/S	S/S
\$	wer	AS	X0.1	X0.3	X0.5	X0.7	X0.9	X0.11	X0.13	X0.15	X1.1	X1.3	X1.5	X1.7	X1.9	X1.11	X1.13	X1.15	S/S	S/S

Δ

### 4.7.15 Wiring AS64AN02T-A



• Wiring the External Terminal Module UB-10-ID16A

For cables that can only be connected to the cables of group #1, se	e below.
---	----------

Output type	Transistor-T (sinking)										
Voltage specifications	5 to 30 VDC, 0.1 A										
	Length $39 \xrightarrow{40}$ $19 \xrightarrow{10}$ $19 \xrightarrow{10}$ $19 \xrightarrow{10}$ $19 \xrightarrow{20}$ $19 \xrightarrow{20}$ $19 \xrightarrow{20}$ $19 \xrightarrow{20}$ $19 \xrightarrow{20}$ $19 \xrightarrow{20}$ $19 \xrightarrow{20}$ $12 \xrightarrow{500\pm10}$ UC-ET010-24D(1M)(28AWG) UC-ET020-24D(2M)(28AWG) UC-ET030-24D(3M)(28AWG)										

#1	TB1	Y0.0	Y0.2	Y0.4	Y0.6	Y0.8	Y0.10	Y0.12	Y0.14	C0	-
#1	TB2	Y0.1	Y0.3	Y0.5	Y0.7	Y0.9	Y0.11	Y0.13	Y0.15	C0	-

• Wiring the External Terminal Module UB-10-OR16A

For cables that can only be connected to the cables of group #1, see below.



Note: UB-10-OR16A can be used with AS Series and DVP Series. The indications on the UB-10-OR16A board is for DVP Series. For the definitions of terminal connections for AS Series, you can see the reference table below. Or refer to the enclosed sticker for AS Series.

AS	C0	Y0.0	Y0.1	Y0.2	Y0.3	C1	Y0.4	Y0.5	Y0.6	Y0.7	C2	Y0.8	Y0.9	Y0.10	Y0.11	C3	Y0.12	Y0.13	Y0.14	Y0.15
DVP	C0	Y0	Y1	Y2	Y3	C1	Y4	Y5	Y6	Y7	C2	Y10	Y11	Y12	Y13	C3	Y14	Y15	Y16	Y17

#### • Wiring the External Terminal Module UB-10-OT32A

Output type	Transistor-T (sinking)
Voltage specifications	5 to 30 VDC, 0.1 A





Note: UB-10-OT32A can be used with AS Series and DVP Series. The indications on the UB-10-OT32A board is for DVP Series. For the definitions of terminal connections for AS Series, you can see the reference table below. Or refer to the enclosed sticker for AS Series.

ro	AS	Y0.0	Y0.2	Y0.4	Y0.6	Y0.8	Y0.10	Y0.12	Y0.14	Y1.0	Y1.2	Y1.4	Y1.6	Y1.8	Y1.10	Y1.12	Y1.14	•	•
pper row	DVP	YO	Y2	Y4	Y6	Y10	Y12	Y14	Y16	Y20	Y22	Y24	Y26	Y30	Y32	Y34	Y36	•	•
Lowe	DVP	Y1	Y3	Y5	Y7	Y11	Y13	Y15	Y17	Y21	Y23	Y25	Y27	Y31	Y33	Y35	Y37	C0	C0
ower	AS	Y0.1	Y0.3	Y0.5	Y0.7	Y0.9	Y0.11	Y0.13	Y0.15	Y1.1	Y1.3	Y1.5	Y1.7	Y1.9	Y1.11	Y1.13	Y1.15	C0	C0

# 4.8 Wiring Digital Input/Output Terminals

## 4.8.1 Wiring Digital Input Terminals

### 4.8.1.1 Sinking and Sourcing

The input signal is the 24 VDC power input. Sinking and sourcing are the current driving capabilities of a circuit. They are defined as follows.



### 4.8.1.2 Relay Type

Sinking



Sourcing



### 4.8.1.3 Open-collector Input Type

Sinking

#### (NPN transistor whose collector is open)



Sourcing

#### (PNP transistor whose collector is open)



### 4.8.1.4 Two-wire Proximity Switch

Use the two-wire proximity switch whose leakage current  $I_L$  is less than 1.5 mA when the switch is OFF. If the leakage current is larger than 1.5 mA, connect the divider resistance Rb using the formula below.

$$Rb \leq \frac{6}{IL-1.5}$$
 (k  $\Omega$ )

Sinking



Two-wire proximity switch

Sourcing



Two-wire proximity switch

#### 4.8.1.5 Three-wire Switch

Sinking



Sourcing



### 4.8.1.6 Optoelectronic Switch

Sinking



Optoelectronic switch

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• Sourcing

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Optoelectronic switch

## 4.8.1.7 Differential Input


# 4.8.2 Wiring Digital Output Terminals

# 4.8.2.1 Output Circuits

There are three types of output units. They are relay outputs, transistor outputs, and differential outputs.

### 1. Relay output





## 2. Transistor output





### 3. Differential output



#### 4.8.2.2 Relay Output Circuit

Relay terminals have no polarity. They can be used with alternating current that passes through a load, or with direct current that passes through a load. The maximum current that can pass through every relay terminal is 2 A, and refer to each product specification for the maximum current that can pass through every common terminal. Life cycle curve: The lifetime of a relay terminal varies with the working voltage, the load type (the power factor  $\cos\psi$ , the time constant t(L/R)), and the current passing through the terminal. The relation is shown in the life cycle curve below.



• Relay output circuit



1	Direct-current power supply
2	Emergency stop using an external switch.
3	Fuse: to protect the output circuit, a fuse having a breaking capacity between 5 A to 10 A is connected to the common terminal.
4	Alternating-current power supply



4

# 4.8.2.3 Transistor Output Circuit (NPN)



1	Direct-current power supply		
2	Emergency stop		
3	Fuse		
	The output terminals of a transistor module are open-collector output terminals. If Y0.0/Y0.1 is a pulse train output terminal of a transistor module, the output current passing through its output pull-up resistor must be greater than 0.1 A to ensure that the transistor module operates normally.		
4	<ol> <li>A diode is connected in parallel to absorb the surge voltage: used in low-power situations (refer to Figure 1).</li> </ol>		
	<ol> <li>A diode and Zener are connected in parallel to absorb the surge voltage: used in high-power and power-on/off frequently situations (refer to Figure 2).</li> </ol>		
5	A bulb (incandescent lamp) is used as a DC load. A thermistor is connected in series to absorb the surge current which occurs when the load is ON.		
6	Mutually exclusive output: For example, Y0.2 controls the clockwise rotation of the motor, and Y0.3 controls the counterclockwise rotation of the motor. This interlock circuit and the program in the PLC ensure that there are protective measures if an abnormal condition occurs.		
7	Connected to a NTC thermistor (negative temperature coefficient), when a bulb (incandescent lamp) i used as a DC load and a thermistor is connected in series to absorb the surge current.		

4

# 4.9 Wiring Analog Input/Output Modules

#### Definitions of the terminals

- Two/three-wire (passive sensor): the sensor and the system share the same power circuit.
- Four-wire (active sensor): the sensor uses an independent power supply and should not share the same power circuit with the system.
- Note: use cables with the same length (less than 200 m) and use terminal resistors of less than 100 ohm.

### 4.9.1 Wiring AS04AD-A



- \*1. Use shielded cables to isolate the analog input signal cable from other power cables.
- \*2. If the module is connected to a current signal, the terminals Vn and In+ (n=1-4) must be short-circuited.

- \*3. If noise in the input voltage results in noise interference in the wiring, connect the module to a capacitor with a capacitance between  $0.1-0.47 \ \mu$ F with a working voltage of 25 V.
- \*4. Connect FE of the shielded cable to ground.
- \*5. Connect the terminal to ground.
- \*6. Every channel can work with the wiring shown above.

## 4.9.2 Wiring AS08AD-B



- \*1. Use shielded cables to isolate the analog input signal cable from other power cables.
- \*2. If noise in the input voltage results in noise interference in the wiring, connect the module to a capacitor with a capacitance between 0.1–0.47 μF with a working voltage of 25 V.
- \*3. Connect FE of the shielded cable to ground.
- \*4. Connect the terminal to ground.
- \*5. Every channel can work with the wiring shown above.

### 4.9.3 Wiring AS08AD-C



- \*1. Use shielded cables to isolate the analog input signal cable from other power cables.
- \*2. Connect FE of the shielded cable to ground.
- \*3. Connect the terminal to ground.
- \*4. Every channel can work with the wiring shown above.

# 4.9.4 Wiring AS04DA-A



- \*1. Use shielded cables to isolate the analog input signal cable from other power cables.
- \*2. If noise in the input voltage results in noise interference in the wiring, connect the module to a capacitor with a capacitance between 0.1–0.47 μF with a working voltage of 25 V.
- \*3. Connect the SLD to FE. Connect FE and the terminal () to ground.
- \*4. Every channel can work with the wiring shown above.

# 4.9.5 Wiring AS06XA-A



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- \*1. Use shielded cables to isolate the analog input/output signal cable from other power cables.
- \*2. If the module is connected to a current signal, the terminals Vn and In+ (n=1-4) must be short-circuited.
- \*3. If noise in the input voltage results in noise interference with the wiring, connect the module to a capacitor with a capacitance between 0.1–0.47  $\mu$ F with a working voltage of 25 V.
- \*4. Use shielded cables to isolate the analog output signal cable from other power cables.
- \*5. If noise in the output voltage results in noise interference in the wiring, connect the module to a capacitor with a capacitance between 0.1  $\mu$ F-0.47  $\mu$ F with a working voltage of 25 V.
- \*6. Connect FE of the shielded cable to ground.
- \*7. Connect the terminal to ground.
- \*8. CHX-I: Every channel can work with the input wiring shown above. CHX-O: Every channel can work with the output wiring shown above.

# 4.9.6 Wiring AS02ADH-A

#### Precautions

To ensure the analog-to-digital module functions well and reliably, the external wiring must prevent noise. Before you install the cables, follow the precautions below.

- To prevent a surge and induction, the AC cable and the input signal cables that are connected to the module must be separate cables.
- (2) Do not install the cable near a main circuit, a high-voltage cable, or a cable connected to a load that is not a PLC. In addition, the cable must not be bound to a main circuit, a high-voltage cable, or a cable connected to a load which is not a PLC.
- (3) Ground shielded cables and hermetically sealed cables separately.
- (4) Terminals with insulation sleeves cannot be arranged as a terminal block, so you should cover the terminals with insulation tubes.
- (5) Use single-core cables or twin-core cables in a diameter of 24 AWG–22 AWG with pin-type connectors smaller than 1 mm. Use only copper conducting wires that can resist temperatures above 60° C-75° C.



- (6) Notes on two-wire, three-wire, and four-wire connections:
  - Two-wire connection/three-wire connection (passive transducer): connect the transducer and the analog input module to the same power circuit.
  - Four-wire connection (active transducer): the transducer uses an independent power supply so do not connect it to the same power circuit as the analog input module.
- (7) Note: use cables with the same length (less than 200 m) and use wire resistance of less than 20 ohm.



#### 4.9.6.1 Digital Input Wiring

# 4.9.6.2 Analog Input Wiring

#### • 4-wired



- \*1. Use shielded cables to isolate the analog input signal cable from other power cables.
- \*2. If the module is connected to a current signal, the terminals Vn and In+ (n=1-2) must be short-circuited.
- \*3. If variability in the input voltage results in interference within the wiring, connect the module to a capacitor with a capacitance between 0.1–0.47  $\mu$ F and a working voltage of 25 V.
- \*4. The wording "CHX" indicates that very channel can operate with the wiring presented above.
- \*5. If the environment is severe or there is interferences in 24 V pwer supply, short-circuit AGn (n=1-2) and the input signal.

#### • 3-wired



- \*1. Use shielded cables to isolate the analog input signal cable from other power cables.
- \*2. If the module is connected to a current signal, the terminals Vn and In+ (n=1-2) must be short-circuited.
- \*3. If variability in the input voltage results in interference within the wiring, connect the module to a capacitor with a capacitance between 0.1–0.47  $\mu$ F and a working voltage of 25 V.
- \*4. The wording "CHX" indicates that very channel can operate with the wiring presented above.
- \*5. If the environment is severe or there is interferences in 24 V pwer supply, short-circuit AGn (n=1-2) and the input signal.

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#### • 2-wired



- \*1. Use shielded cables to isolate the analog input signal cable from other power cables.
- \*2. If the module is connected to a current signal, the terminals Vn and In+ (n=1-2) must be short-circuited.
- \*3. If variability in the input voltage results in interference within the wiring, connect the module to a capacitor with a capacitance between 0.1–0.47  $\mu$ F and a working voltage of 25 V.
- \*4. The wording "CHX" indicates that very channel can operate with the wiring presented above.
- \*5. If the environment is severe or there is interferences in 24 V pwer supply, short-circuit AGn (n=1-2) and the input signal.

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# 4.10 Wiring Temperature Measurement Modules



### 4.10.1 Wiring AS04RTD-A

- \*1. Use shielded twisted pair cables for temperature sensors, and keep them away from power cables and other cables that generate noise.
- \*2. If you use two-wire temperature sensors, Ln- and In- must be short-circuited (where n is between 1-4).
- \*3. There are two different internal excitation currents. If you are using temperature sensors, such as Ni100, Ni120, Pt100, JPt100, Cu50/Cu100, or a 0~300 Ω resistance sensor, the internal excitation current is 1.0 mA. If you are using a Ni1000 temperature sensor, a Pt1000 temperature sensor, a LG-Ni1000 sensor, or a 0~3000 Ω resistance sensor, the internal excitation current is 0.2 mA.

Note: use cables with the same length (less than 200 m) and use terminal resistors of less than 200 ohm.

### 4.10.2 Wiring AS06RTD-A



- \*1. Use shielded twisted pair cables for temperature sensors and keep them away from power cables and other cables that generate noise.
- \*2. Terminal "I12-" indicates " I1- & I2-", terminal "I34-" indicates " I3- & I4-", and terminal "I56-" indicates
  " I5- & I6-". If you use two-wire temperature sensors, Ln- and In- must be short-circuited (where n is between 1–6).
- \*3. There are two different internal excitation currents. If you are using temperature sensors, such as Ni100, Ni120, Pt100, JPt100, Cu50/Cu100, or a 0~300 Ω resistance sensor, the internal excitation current is 1.0 mA. If you are using a Ni1000 temperature sensor, a Pt1000 temperature sensor, a LG-Ni1000 sensor, or a 0~3000 Ω resistance sensor, the internal excitation current is 0.2 mA.

Note: use cables with the same length (less than 200 m) and use terminal resistors of less than 200 ohm.

# 4.10.3 Wiring AS04TC-A / AS08TC-A



\*1. The cable connected to the input terminal should be the cable or the shielded twisted pair cable connected to a type J, K, R, S, T, E, N, B thermocouple. It should be kept separate from other power cables and cables that generate noise.

Note1: do not wire empty terminals.

Note2: only use copper conducting wires with a temperature rating of 60/75°C and the length must be less than 50 m.

Note3: TC modules must run for 30 minutes before they start to take any temperature measurement.

# 4.11 Wiring Positioning Modules and Counter Modules

# 4.11.1 Wiring AS02PU-A



\*1. Sinking

4

\*2. Souring

\*3. Differential input

\*4. Open collector sinking

\*5. Open collector sourcing

\*6. Open collector sinking/sourcing to connect to phase A/B/Z and if the input frequency is higher than 100 kHz,

add a 3W/470 ohm resistor between + the positive end and – the negative end.

\*7. Refer to API1402 in AS Series Programming Manual and Delta Servo Drive Manual for more information on the output mode.

# 4.11.2 Wiring AS04PU-A



- \*1. VDD and COM are seen as a group and its power is provided by Delta servo drive.
- \*2. It is a load or an input point.
- \*3. Use the same power supply for the same COM group.
- \*4. Sinking
- \*5. Sourcing

# 4.11.3 Wiring AS02HC-A

# 4.11.3.1 Pulse Input

Sinking



### Sourcing



Note: Open collector sinking/sourcing to connect to phase A/B/Z and if the input frequency is higher than 100 kHz, add a 3W/470 ohm resistor between + the positive end and – the negative end.

5V differential output encoder



# 4.11.3.2 SSI Input / Output Encoder



Note: The power supply of the SSI encoder you are using may NOT be 5 VDC, check for the actual power supply of your SSI encoder.

# 4.11.3.3 External Output



- \*1: A load or an input point
- \*2: The same COM should use power from the same supply.

# 4.12Load Cell Modules

# 4.12.1 Wiring AS02LC-A



• Multiple load cells connected to one load cell module:



\*1. Connect the of the power module and the of the load cell module to the system ground terminal. Use the system ground as the third grounding or connect it to the control box.

\*2. When connecting multiple load cells, the total resistance of the load cells should be greater than 40 Ω.

# 4.13 Wiring Network Modules

# 4.13.1 ASOOSCM-A



## 4.13.2 Wiring ASOOSCM-A

### 4.13.2.1 AS00SCM-A module wiring for communication

• COM communication mode

AS00SCM-A module has with two function card slots, CARD1 and CARD2, supporting function cards AS-F232, AS-F422, and AS-F485. Refer to Section 4.14 for wiring.

• RTU remote control mode

The card slot CARD2 supports AS-FCOPM and both CARD1 & CARD2 support AS-FEN02 and AS-FPFN02. Refer to Section 4.14 for wiring.

### 4.13.2.2 AS00SCM-A module wiring for power

- COM: extension via serial ports
   Switch the dip switch of the AS00SCM-A module to COM and install the module on the right side of the AS300 series CPU module. To avoid errors, do not supply extra power to this module.
- RTU remote control mode

Switch the dip switch of the AS00SCM-A module to RTU. This module uses an independent direct-current power supply. Note the following when wiring.

- (1) Keep the input cables, the output cables, and the power cable separate from one another as shown in the following illustration. Use an independent power supply for this module.
- (2) The 24 VDC cable should be twisted and connected to a module within a short distance. Do not

bundle 110 VAC cable, 220 VAC cable, 24 VDC cable, the (high-voltage high-current) main circuit, and the I/O signal cable together. The distance between adjacent cables should be more than 100 millimeters.

(3) Use single-wire cables or two-wire cables with a diameter of 20 AWG to 14 AWG. Only use copper conducting wires with a temperature rating of 60/75°C.





# 4.13.3 AS01DNET-A



#### 4.13.4 Wiring AS01DNET-A

The network requires one or multiple supply powers to supply the power to each piece of network equipment via the bus cable. Delta DeviceNet communication cable consists of five wires, among which the power cable and signal cable occupy two wires respectively and the one on the left is the shielded wire as the above figure shows. The supply power for the bus is optional and could be a single supply power or multiple supply powers according to the actual demand.

#### Single Supply Power



#### • Multiple Supply Powers

CAN\_H CAN\_L drain V+ V+ Only one for grounding on the whole network V-Supply power V+ Supply power

Wiring of multiple supply powers on the network

## 4.13.5 AS04SIL-A



# 4.13.6 Wiring AS04SIL-A

# 4.13.6.1 IO-Link mode communication and power wiring

(1) Keep the input cables, output cables, and power cable separate from one another. It is suggested to use independent power for AS04SIL-A. See the example below.



- (2) The 24 VDC cable should be twisted and connected to a module within a short distance.
- (3) Do not bundle 110 VAC cable, 220 VAC cable, 24 VDC cable, the (high-voltage high-current) main circuit, and the I/O signal cable together. The distance between adjacent cables should be more than 100 millimeters.
- (4) Connect a cable with a diameter of 14 AWG or higher to ground.
- (5) Use single-wire cables or two-wire cables with a diameter of 20 AWG to 14 AWG. Only use copper conducting wires with a temperature rating of 60/75°C.

# 4.13.6.2 Digital Input Wiring (SIO Mode)



# 4.13.6.3 Digital Output Wiring (SIO Mode)



# 4.13.6.4 Digital Input Wiring



4

# 4.14 Wiring Function Cards

# 4.14.1 Communicational Function Card Profiles and the Pin Definitions



### AS-FEN02 / AS-FPFN02 / AS-FECAT





1 TX+	2 TX-	3 RX+	4 N/C	
5 N/C	6 RX-	7 N/C	8 N/C	8 - 1

4

AS-FFTP01



## 4.14.2 Wiring the Communicational Function Cards

■ AS-F232 wiring example:



DB9 male to DB9 female (standard cable)

■ AS-F422 wiring example:



# ■ AS-F485 wiring example:



## AS-FCOPM wiring example:



■ AS-FEN02 wiring example:

• Linear Topology



• Star Topology



# • Ring Topology

A DLR function is required to create a ring topology.



When a switch is needed for topology, the switch should support the DLR function. If not, the connection might fail.



4

- AS-FPFN02 wiring example:
- Linear Topology



• Star Topology



#### AS-FECAT (EtherCAT OFF)

Linear Topology



Star Topology



- AS-FECAT sets EtherCAT Master Port via HWCONFIG (EtherCAT ON)
- Use Port x1 as EtherCAT Master



Δ

# • Use Port x2 as EtherCAT Master



# 4.14.3 Analog Function Card Profiles and the Pin Definitions



Pin no.	AS-F2AD	AS-F2DA
1	V1+	VO1
2	l1+	IO1
3	V2+	VO2
4	12+	102
5	СОМ	СОМ

4

#### 4.14.4 Wiring AS-F2AD



- \*1. Use shielded cables to isolate the analog input signal cable from other power cables.
- \*2. If the module is connected to a current signal, the terminals Vn and In+ (n=1-2) must be short-circuited.
- \*3. If noise in the input voltage results in noise interference in the wiring, connect the module to a capacitor with a capacitance between 0.1–0.47 μF with a working voltage of 25 V.
- \*4. Connect FE of the shielded cable to ground.
- \*5. CHX: Every channel can work with the input wiring shown above.

# 4.14.5 Wiring AS-F2DA



- \*1. Use shielded cables to isolate the analog input signal cable from other power cables.
- \*2. If noise in the input voltage results in noise interference in the wiring, Connect the module to a capacitor with a capacitance between 0.1–0.47  $\mu$ F with a working voltage of 25 V.
- \*3. Connect FE of the shielded cable to ground.
- \*4. CHX: Every channel can work with the input wiring shown above.


# Chapter 5 Devices

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## **5.1 Introduction of Devices**

This section describes the values and strings processed by the PLC. It also describes the functions of devices that include input, output, and auxiliary relays, as well as timers, counters, and data registers. The PLC simulates external devices in the PLC's internal memory, so the word "device" is a generic name that refers to all the internal memory locations in the PLC. A device can be a bit device or a word device. Bit devices simulate coils, contacts and flags, while word devices simulate registers.

## 5.1.1 Device Table

Туре	Device name		Number of devices	Range
	Input relay	х	1024	X0.0–X63.15
	Output relay	Y	1024	Y0.0–Y63.15
	Data vanistar	D	48,0000	D0.0-D29999.15
	Data register	w	48,0000	W0.0-W29999.15 *4
Bit device	Auxiliary relay	М	8192	M0–M8191
Bit device	Special auxiliary relay	SM	4096	SM0-SM4095
	Relay	S	2048	S0–S2047
	Timer	т	512	T0–T511
	Counter	С	512	C0–C511
	32-bit counter	нс	256	HC0-HC255
	Input relay	х	64	X0–X63
	Output relay	Y	64	Y0–Y63
	Dete maister	D	30000	D0–D29999
	Data register	w	30000	W0–W29999 *4
	Special auxiliary relay	SR	2048	SR0-SR2047
Word device	File register	FR	65536	FR0-FR65535
	Timer	т	512	T0–T511
	Counter	С	512	C0–C511
	32-bit counter	нс	256(512 words)	HC0-HC255
	Index register	F	10	E0–E9
	Index register	dex register E	5	E10–E14 *4
Constant*1	Decimal system	к	16 bits: -32768 to 32767	
			32 bits: -2147483648 to 2	147483647

Туре	Device name		Number of devices	Range
	Hexadecimal system	16#	16 bits: 16#0–16#FFFF 32 bits: 16#0–16#FFFFFF	FF
Constant* <sup>2</sup>	Single-precision floating- point number	F	32 bits: ±1.17549435 <sup>-38</sup> to	±3.40282347 <sup>+ 38</sup>
String* <sup>3</sup>	String	"\$"	1-31 characters	

\*1: Constants are indicated by K in the device lists in Chapter 5 and Chapter 6 in the AS Series Programming Manual. An example when "K50" appears in the AS Series Programming Manual, enter only the number 50 in ISPSoft / DIADesigner.

\*2: Floating-point numbers are indicated by F/DF in the device lists in Chapter 5 and Chapter 6 in the AS Series Programming Manual, but they are represented by decimal points in ISPSoft. For example, for the floating-point number F500, enter 500.0 in ISPSoft / DIADesigner.

\*3: Strings are indicated by "\$" in Chapter 5 and Chapter 6 in the AS Series Programming Manual, but they are represented by quotes ("") in ISPSof / DIADesigner t. For example, for the string 1234, enter "1234" in ISPSoft / DIADesigner.

\*4: This is used for editing in ISPSoft only.

Device	Function	Access by bits	Access by words	Modify by ISPSoft / DIADesigner	Force the bit ON/OFF
x	Input relay	ОК	ОК	ОК	ОК
Y	Output relay	ОК	ОК	ОК	ОК
м	Auxiliary relay	ОК	-	ОК	-
SM	Special auxiliary relay	ОК	-	ОК	-
S	Relay	ОК	-	ОК	-
т	Timer	ОК	ОК	ОК	-
С	Counter	ОК	ОК	ОК	-
НС	32-bit counter	ОК	ОК	ОК	-
D	Data register	ОК	ОК	ОК	ОК
SR	Special data register	-	ОК	ОК	-
FR	File register	-	OK*1	-	-

### 5.1.2 Basic Structure of I/O Storages

Device	Function	Access by bits	Access by words	Modify by ISPSoft / DIADesigner	Force the bit ON/OFF
E	Index register	-	ОК	ОК	-

\*1: Use an instruction for writing to an FR.

## 5.1.3 Relation Between the PLC Action and the Device Type

Device type		Non-latc	hed area	Latched area		
PLC action		Device Y	Other devices	File register	Other devices	
	Power: OFF→	N	Cleared	Cleared	Retained	Retained
	Restore to defa	ults	Cleared	Cleared	Cleared	Cleared
STOP	This clears the nest	on-latched area	Cleared	Cleared	Retained	Retained
↓ RUN*1	This retains the r area state.	ion-latched	Retained	Retained	Retained	Retained
	This clears the device Y.	SM203 = OFF	Cleared	Retained	Retained	Retained
RUN	This retains the device Y.	SM203 = OFF	Retained	Retained	Retained	Retained
↓ STOP*1	This clears the device Y.	SM203 = ON* <sup>3</sup>	Cleared	Cleared	Retained	Retained
	This retains the device Y.	SM203 = ON	Retained	Cleared	Retained	Retained
SM204 is ON.This clears all non-latched areas.*2		Cleared	Cleared	Retained	Retained	
SM20	SM205 is ON.This clears all latched areas.*2		Retained	Retained	Retained	Cleared

\*1: For state setups, see HWCONFIG in ISPSoft. The PLC STOP->RUN default is "clear the non-latched area state". The PLC RUN->STOP default is "clear the state of device Y".

\*2: The timing for clearing the SM is when SM turns from OFF to ON. After PLC completes clearing, the system turns SM from ON to OFF.

\*3: When SM203 is ON, the system clears all non-latched area once when PLC is from RUN to STOP, available for AS PLC CPU with FW V1.08.30 or later.

Device	Function	Device range	Latched area
x	Input relay	X0–X63	All devices are non-latched.
Y	Output relay	Y0-Y63	All devices are non-latched.
M*1	Auxiliary relay	M0–M8191	The default range is M6000–M8191.
SM	Special auxiliary relay	SM0-SM2047	Some devices are latched and cannot be changed. Refer to the list of special auxiliary relays for more information.
S*1	Relay	S0–S1023	The default range is S512–S1023
т	Timer	T0–T511	All devices are non-latched.
C*1	Counter	C0–C511	The default range is C448–C511
HC*1	32-bit counter	HC0-HC255	The default range is HC128–HC255
D*1	Data register	D0–D29999	The default range is D20000–D23999
		W0–W29999	Use this for editing in ISPSoft only.
FR	File register	FR0–FR65535	All devices are latched.
SR	Special data register	SR0-SR2047	Some are latched and cannot be changed. Refer to the list of special data registers for more information.
Е	Index register	E0–E9	All devices are non-latched.
E		E10–E14	Use this for editing in ISPSoft only.

## 5.1.4 Latched Areas in the Device Range

\*1: For the latched area setups, see HWCONFIG in ISPSoft. Setting the latched area means the other areas show as non-latched areas. The range of latched areas cannot exceed the device range. For example, if you set the M600–M7000 as latched areas, M0–M5999 and M7001–M8191 become non-latched areas.

5\_

## 5.2. Device Functions

Input terminal X

Device memory

Processing the program

Device memory

Regenerating the output signal

and sending it to the output terminal

Procedure for processing the program in the PLC:

Regenerating the input signal

Device memory

- Regenerating the input signal
  - Before executing the program, the external input signal state is read into the memory for the input signal.
  - When the program is executed, the state in the memory location for the input signal does not change even if the input signal changes from ON to OFF or from OFF to ON. The input signal is not refreshed until the next scan begins.
  - Processing the program

After the input signal is refreshed, the instructions in the program are executed in order from the starting address of the program. The results are stored in the device memories.

Regenerating the state of the output
 After the instruction END is executed, the device memory state in the device memory is sent to the specified output terminal.

Name	Description
Bit	A bit is the basic unit in the binary system. Its state is either 1 or 0.
Nibble	A nibble is composed of four consecutive bits (for example b3–b0). Nibbles can represent 0–9 in the decimal system or 0–F in the hexadecimal system.
Byte	A byte is composed of two consecutive nibbles (i.e. 8 bits, b7–b0). Bytes can represent 00–FF in the hexadecimal system.
Word	A word is composed of two consecutive bytes (i.e. 16 bits, b15–b0). Words can represent 0000–FFFF in the hexadecimal system.
Double word	A double word is composed of two consecutive words (i.e. 32 bits, b31–b0). Double words can represent 0000000–FFFFFFF in the hexadecimal system.

## 5.2.1 Values and Constants

The relation among bits, nibbles, bytes, words, and double words in the binary system is shown below.



The PLC uses four types of values to execute the operation according to different control purposes. The following illustrates the values of these functions.:

1. Binary number (BIN)

The PLC uses the binary system to operate the values.

2. Decimal number (DEC)

The PLC uses decimal numbers for;

- The setting value of a timer (T) or the setting value of a counter (C/HC); for example, TMR C0 50 (constant K).
- The device number; for example, M10 and T30 (device number)
- The number before or after the decimal point; for example, X0.0, Y0.11, and D10.0 (device number).
- The constant K: used as the operand in an applied instruction. For example, MOV <u>123</u> D0 (constant K).
- 3. Binary-coded decimal (BCD)

A decimal value is represented by a nibble or four bits, so that sixteen consecutive bits represent a four-digit decimal value.

4. Hexadecimal number (HEX)

The PLC uses hexadecimal numbers for;

 the constant 16#: used as the operand in an applied instruction; for example, MOV <u>16#1A2B</u> D0 (hexadecimal constant).

Binary Number	Decimal Number	Binary Code Decimal	Hexadecimal Number
(BIN)	(DEC)	(BCD)	(HEX)
PLC internal execution	Constant K,	BCD related instruction	Instant 16#,
FLC Internal execution	Device number	BCD Telated Instruction	Device number
0000	0	0000	0
0001	1	0001	1
0010	2	0010	2
0011	3	0011	3
0100	4	0100	4
0101	5	0101	5
0110	6	0110	6
0111	7	0111	7
1000	8	1000	8
1001	9	1001	9
1010	10	-	A
1011	11	-	В
1100	12	-	С
1101	13	-	D
1110	14	-	E
1111	15	-	F
10000	16	0001 0000	10
10001	17	0001 0001	11

The following table shows the corresponding values.

## 5.2.2 Floating-point Numbers

The floating-point numbers are represented by decimal points in ISPSoft / DIADesigner. For example, the floating-point number of 500 is 500.0. Refer to Section 2.2.2 in the AS Series Programming Manual for more information.

### 5.2.2.1 Single-precision Floating-point Numbers

Floating-point numbers are represented by the 32-bit register. The representation adopts the IEEE754 standard, and the format is as follows.



Equation:  $(-1)^{S} \times 2^{E-B} \times 1.M$ ; B = 127

The single-precision floating-point numbers range from  $\pm 2-126$  to  $\pm 2+128$ , and correspond to the range from  $\pm 1.1755 \times 10-38$  to  $\pm 3.4028 \times 10+38$ .

The AS series PLC uses two consecutive registers to form a 32-bit floating-point number. Take (D1, D0) for example.



#### Example 1:

#### 23 is represented by a single-precision floating-point number.

Step 1: Convert 23 into the binary number, i.e. 23.0=10111.

Step 2: Normalize the binary number, i.e. 10111=1.0111 x24 (0111 is the mantissa, and 4 is the exponent.).

Step 3: Get the value of the exponent.

∴ E-B=4→E-127=4 ∴ E=131=100000112

Step 4: Combine the sign bit, the exponent, and the mantissa to form the floating-point number.

#### Example 2:

#### -23 is represented by a single-precision floating-point number.

Converting -23.0 into the floating-point number uses the same steps as converting 23.0 into the floating-point number, except that the sign bit is 1.

#### 5.2.2.2 Decimal Floating-point Numbers

#### -23 is represented by a single-precision floating-point number.

Converting -23.0 into the floating-point number uses the same steps as converting 23.0 into the floating-point number, except that the sign bit is 1.

#### 5.2.2.2 Decimal Floating-point Numbers

- Single-precision floating-point numbers and double-precision floating-point numbers can be converted into decimal floating-point numbers so people can read them. However, the PLC uses single-precision floating-point numbers and double-precision floating-point numbers internally.
- A 32-bit decimal floating-point number is represented by two consecutive registers. The constant is stored in the register whose number is smaller while the exponent is stored in the register whose number is bigger. Take (D1, D0) for example.

 $\label{eq:constant_D1} Decimal floating-point number = [Constant D0]^* 10$ 

Base number D0=±1,000 to ±9,999

Exponent D1=-41-+35

The base number 100 does not exist in D0 because 100 is represented by  $1,000 \times 10^{-1}$ . 32-bit decimal floatingpoint numbers range from  $\pm 1175 \times 10^{-41}$  to  $\pm 402 \times 10^{+35}$ .

## 5.2.3 Strings

The PLC can process strings composed of ASCII codes (\*1). A complete string begins with a start character and ends with an ending character (NULL code). Strings can be a maximum of 31 characters, and the ending character 16#00 is added automatically in ISPSoft / DIADesigner.

1. No string (NULL code) is moved.



D0=0 (NULL)

.

2. The string has an even number of characters.

NETWORK 1	
мо	\$MOV
	En "abcd" – S D – D0
1	

D0	16#62 (b)	16#61 (a)		
D1	16#64 (d)	16#63 (b)		
D2	0 (N	0 (NULL)		

3. The string has an odd number if characters.



D0	16#62 (b)	16#61 (a)
D1	16#64 (d)	16#63 (b)
D2	0 (NULL)	16#65 (e)

#### \*1: ASCII code chart

Hex	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	В	С	D	E	F
ASCII	$\mathbf{X}$	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X
Hex	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	1A	1B	1C	1D	1E	1F
ASCII	$\mathbf{X}$	X	X	X	$\boxtimes$	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	$\boxtimes$
Hex	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	2A	2B	2C	2D	2E	2F
ASCII	SP	!	"	#	\$	%	&		(	)	*	+	,	-		/
Hex	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	ЗA	3B	3C	3D	3E	3F
ASCII	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	:	;	<	=	>	?
Hex	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	4A	4B	4C	4D	4E	4F
ASCII	@	A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L	М	N	0
Hex	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	5A	5B	5C	5D	5E	5F
ASCII	Р	Q	R	S	Т	U	V	W	Х	Y	Z	$\mathbf{X}$	X	X	X	X
Hex	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	6A	6B	6C	6D	6E	6F
ASCII	`	а	b	с	d	е	f	g	h	i	j	k	I	М	n	о
Hex	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	7A	7B	7C	7D	7E	7F
ASCII	р	q	r	s	t	u	v	w	x	у	z	{		}	~	X

Note: I represents an invisible character. Please do not use it.

## 5.2.4 Input Relays (X)

Input function

The input is connected to the input device (external devices such as button switches, rotary switches, and number switches), and PLC reads the input signal. You can use input contact A or contact B several times in the program, and the ON/OFF input state varies with the ON/OFF input device state.

• Input number (the decimal number):

For the PLC, the input numbers start from X0.0. The number of inputs varies with the number of inputs on the digital input/output modules. The inputs are numbered according to the order in which the digital input/output modules are connected to the CPU module. The maximum number of inputs for the PLC is 8192, and the input number range is between X0.0 and X511.15.

- Input type: Inputs are classified into two types.
- 1. Regenerated inputs: PLC reads the state of a regenerated input before the program is executed. For example, LD X0.0.
- 2. Direct input: The state of a direct input is read by the PLC during the execution of the instructions. For example, LD DX0.0.

## 5.2.5 Output Relays (Y)

Output function

The output sends the ON/OFF signal to drive the load connected to the output, such as an external signal lamp, a digital display, or an electromagnetic valve. There are four types of outputs: relays, transistors (NPN and PNP), and TRIACs (thyristors). You can use the output contact A or contact B several times in the program. Use output Y only once in the program; otherwise, according the PLC's program-scanning principle, the state of the output depends on the circuit connected to the last output Y in the program.

• Output number (the decimal number)

For the PLC, the output numbers start from Y0.0. The number of outputs varies with the number of outputs on the digital input/output modules. The outputs are numbered according to the order in which the digital input/output modules are connected to the PLC. The maximum number of outputs on the PLC is 1024, and the range is between Y0.0 and Y63.15.

An output that is not used as an output device can be used as a general device.

Output types

Outputs are classified into two types.

- 1. Regenerated output: The state of a regenerated output is not written until the program executes the instruction END according to the states of the outputs. For example, OUT Y0.0.
- Direct output: The state of a direct output is written by the PLC during the execution of the instructions according to the states of the outputs. For example, OUT DY0.0.

### 5.2.6 Auxiliary Relays (M)

The auxiliary relay has contact A and contact B. It can be used several times in the program. You can combine the control loops with the auxiliary relay, but you cannot drive the external load with the auxiliary relay. You can use the auxiliary relays in either of two ways.

- For general use: In general use, if an electrical power interruption occurs when the PLC is running, the auxiliary relay is reset to OFF. When the power is restored, the auxiliary relay remains OFF.
- For latched use: In latched use, if an electrical power interruption occurs when the PLC is running, the state of the auxiliary relay states for latched use is retained. When the power supply is restored, the state remains the same as before the power interruption.

## 5.2.7 Special Auxiliary Relays (SM)

Every special auxiliary relay has its own specific function. Refer to section 2.2.7 in the AS Series Programming Manual for more information.

### 5.2.8 Relays (S)

Relay is the most basic device to set procedures, especially common in ladder diagram (LD) programming. Refer to the ISPSoft User Manual for more information on using ladder diagram.

There are 2048 relays, (S0–S2047). Every relay (device S) is like an auxiliary relay (device M) which contains an output coil, contact A, and contact B. There is no limit on the number of usage in a program. For the retainable relays, their stautses can be retained after power loss. However, for the unretainable relays, the statuses cannot be retained after power loss and all the statuses will be restored to OFF after the power returns.

## 5.2.9 Timers (T)

- 100 millisecond timer: The timer specified by the instruction TMR takes 100 milliseconds as the timing unit.
- 1 millisecond timer: The timer specified by the instruction TMRH takes 1 millisecond as the timing unit.
- The accumulative timers are ST0–ST511. If you want to use the device-monitoring function, these timers can monitor T0–T511.
- If you use the same timer repeatedly in a program, including in different instructions TMR and TMRH, the timer setting value is the one that the timer matches first.
- If you use the same timer repeatedly in a program, the timer is OFF when one of the conditional contacts is OFF.
- If you use the same timer in a program as the timer for a subroutine's exclusive use and an accumulative timer in the program, it is OFF when one of the conditional contacts is OFF.
- When the timer is switched from ON to OFF and the conditional contact is ON, the timer is reset and counts again.
- When the instruction TMR is executed, the specified timer coil is ON and the timer begins to count. When the value of the timer matches the timer setting value (value of the timer ≥ setting value), the contact state is ON.

#### A. General-purpose timer

When the instruction TMR is executed, the general-purpose timer begins to count. When the value of the timer matches the timer setting value, the output coil is ON.

- When X0.0=ON and the timer takes 100 ms as the timing unit, the output coil T0 is ON when the value of the timer = setting value100.
- When X0.0=OFF or the power is off, the value of the timer is 0 and the output coil T0 is OFF.



#### B. Accumulative timer

When the instruction TMR is executed, the accumulative timer begins to count. When the value of the timer matches the timer setting value, the output coil is ON. As long as you add the letter S in front of the letter T, the timer becomes an accumulative timer. When the conditional contact is OFF, the value of the accumulative timer is not reset. When the conditional contact is ON, the timer counts from the current value.

- When X0.0=ON and the timer T250 takes 100 ms as the timing unit, the output coil T250 is ON when the value of the timer = timer setting value100.
- When X0.0=OFF or the power is off, the timer T250 stops counting, and the value of the timer stays the same. When X0.0=ON, the value of the timer is accumulating value When the accumulated value = timer setting value 100, the output coil T250 is ON.



## C. Timer used in the function block

Use the T412–T511 timers for the function block or the interrupt.

When the instruction TMR or END is executed, the timer used in the functional block begins to count.

When the value of the timer matches the timer setting value, the output coil is ON.

If you use the general-purpose timer is used in the function block or the interrupt, and the functional or interrupt is not executed, the timer cannot count correctly.

## 5.2.10 16-bit Counters

• Characteristics of the 16-bit counter

Item	16-bit counter
Туре	General type
Number	C0–C511
Direction	Counting up
Setting value	0–32,767
Specificying the counter setting value	The setting value can be either the constant or the value in the data register.
Change of the current value	The counter stops counting when the value of the counter matches the setting value.
Output contact	The contact is ON when the value of the counter matches the setting value.

Item	16-bit counter
Reset	When the instruction RST is executed, the current value is cleared to zero, and the contact is reset to OFF.
Action of the contact	After the scan completes, the contact acts.

Counter function

Each time the input switches from OFF to ON, the value of the counter is the same as the output coil. Use either the decimal constant or the value in the data register as the counter setting value.

- 16-bit counter:
- 1. Setting range: 0–32,767. The setting values 0 and 1 both mean the same thing in that the output contact is ON when the counter counts for the first time.
- For the general-purpose counter, the current value of the counter is cleared when there is a power interruption. If the counter is latching, the current value of the counter and the state of the contact before the power interruption are retained. The latched counter counts from the current value when the power supply is restored.
- If you use the instruction MOV or ISPSoft / DIADesigner to transmit a value bigger than the counter setting value to the current value register C0, the contact of the counter C0 is ON and the current value becomes the same as the counter setting value next time X0.1 switches from OFF to ON.
- 4. Use either the constant or the value in the data register as the counter setting value.
- 5. The counter setting value can be a positive or negative value. If the counter counts up from 32,767, the next value is 0.
- Here we uses the most common application as an example. You can use this counter with API 1003 CNT instruction; refer to CNT instruction for more description.

## 

- 1. When X0.0=ON, the instruction RST will be executed and the current value of C0 will be reset to zero and the output contact of the counter C0 will be FF.
- 2. When X0.1 is from OFF to ON, the value of the counter increases by one increment.
- 3. When the value of the counter C0 reached the setting value 5, the contact of the counter C0 will be ON (the current value of C0 = the setting value = 5). After that the trigger from X0.1 will not be accepted by C0 and the current value of C0 will stay at the value 5.



## 5.2.11 32-bit Counters (HC)

• Characteristics of the 32-bit counter

Item	32-bit counter								
Туре	Up/down counter Up counter High-speed counter								
Number	HC0–HC63 HC64–HC199 HC200–HC255								
Direction	Counting up/down	Counting up	Counting up/down						
Setting value	-2,147,483,648 to +2,147,4	483,647							
Specification of the setting value	The setting value can be either the constant or the value occupying two data registers (32-bit).								
Change of the current value	The counter keeps countin value.	g even after the value of	the counter matches the setting						
Output contact	The contact is ON when the value of the addition counter matches the setting value. The contact is reset to OFF when the value of the subtraction counter matches the setting value.								
Reset	When the RST instruction is executed, the current value is cleared to zero, and the contact is reset to OFF.								

ltem	32-bit counter
Action of the contact	After the DCNT instruction scan is complete, the contact activates.

- 32-bit general-purpose addition/subtraction counter
- 1. Setting range: -2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647
- 2. The switch between the 32-bit general-purpose addition counters and the 32-bit general-purpose subtraction counters depends on the states of the special auxiliary relays SM621–SM684. For example, the counter HC0 is the addition counter when SM621 is OFF, but HC0 is the subtraction counter when SM621 is ON. Use either the constant or the value in the data registers as the setting value for the counter, and the setting value can be a positive or a negative number. If you use the value in the data registers as the setting value of the counter, the setting value occupies two consecutive registers.
- 3. For the general-purpose counter, the current value of the counter is cleared when there is a power interruption. If the counter is latched, the current value of the counter and the state of the contact before the power interruption are retained. The latched counter counts from the current value when the power supply is restored.
- 4. If the counter counts up from 2,147,483,647, the next current value is -2,147,483,648. If the counter counts down from -2,147,483,648, the next current value is 2,147,483,647.
- Here we uses the most common application as an example. You can use this counter with API 1004 DCNT instruction; refer to DCNT instruction for more description.
- 32-bit high speed addition/subtraction counter

Refer to the DCNT instruction description (API 1004) in the AS Series Programming Manual for more details.

#### Example:



- 1. X10.0 drives SM621 to determine counting direction (up/down) of HC0.
- 2. When X11.0 goes from OFF to ON, RST instruction executes, the PV in HC0 is cleared to 0, and its contact is OFF.
- 3. When X12.0 goes from OFF to ON, PV of HC0 counts up (plus 1) or down (minus 1).
- 4. When PV in HC0 changes from -6 to -5, the contact HC0 goes from OFF to ON. When PV in HC0 changes from -5 to -6, the contact HC0 goes from ON to OFF.



#### 5.2.12 Data Registers (D)

The data register stores 16-bit data. The highest bit represents either a positive sign or a negative sign, and the values that you can store in the data registers are between -32,768 to +32,767. Two 16-bit registers can be combined into a 32-bit register, that is, (D+1, D) in which the register whose number is smaller represents the lower 16 bits. The highest bit represents either a positive sign or a negative sign, and the values that you can store in the data registers are between -2,147,483,648 to +2,147,483,647. Four 16-bit registers can be combined into a 64-bit register; that is, (D+3, D+2, D+1, D) in which the register whose number is smaller represents the lower 16 bits. The highest bit represents either a positive sign or a negative sign, and the values which can be stored in the data registers are between -9,223,372,036,854,776 to +9,223,372,036,854,775,807. You can also use the data registers to refresh the values in the control registers in the modules other than digital I/O modules. Refer to the ISPSoft / DIADesigner User Manual for more information about refreshing the values in the control registers.

The registers can be classified into three types according to their properties.

- General-purpose register: when the PLC begins to run or is disconnected, the value in the register clears to zero. To retain the data when the PLC begins to RUN, refer to the ISPSoft / DIADesigner User Manual for more information. Notice that the value still clears to zero when the PLC is disconnected.
- Latched register: if the PLC is disconnected, the data in the latched register is not cleared. In other words, the value before the disconnection is still retained. To clear the data in the latched area, use the RST or ZRST instruction.
- 3. Data exchange area: When the PLC is connected with a module, the PLC exchanges data with the connected module at every scan cycle. And the data is stored in data registers D26000 to D29999. Refer to the ISPSoft > HWCONFIG > Module > Device Setting > Normal Exchange Area to see the data register range and refer to Chapter 8 for more descriptions.

## 5.2.13 Special Data Registers (SR)

Every special data register has its definition and specific function. Refer to section 2.2.14 in the AS Series Programming Manual for more information.

## 5.2.14 Index Register (E)

The index register is a 16-bit data register. Like the general register, you can read data from it and write data into it. However, it is mainly used as the index register. The index registers range from E0–E9. Refer to section 4.4 in the AS Series Programming Manual for more information about using index registers.

#### 5.2.15 File Registers (FR)

The AS Series PLC provides you with file registers for storing larger numbers of parameters. You can edit, upload, and download the system parameters with ISPSoft / DIADesigner. You can read the values in a file register can be read while operating the PLC. Refer to the MEMW instruction (API 2303) in the AS Series Programming Manual for more information about how to write to a file register.

## 5.3. Assigning I/O Addresses for Modules

This chapter explains how to assign input and output devices to an AS Series input/output module in ISPSoft. For DIADesigner operation, refer to section 6.1 from DIADesigner software manual.

#### Using HWCONFIG in ISPSoft

The following picture shows the HWCONFIG window in ISPSoft. Please refer to Chapter 8 for more

information on the hardware configuration.



#### Module addresses defined by software

Through HWCONFIG, the system automatically assigns a starting address to every slot of an input/output module in ISPSoft.

#### Remote module addresses defined by software

You use HWCONFIG to assign a starting address to a remote module in ISPSoft. Double-click the CPU module and select Function Card 2. Change the Card 2 Detect mode to Manual and then select AS-FCOPM from the Manual Select Card. You can assign a starting address to the first remote module installed on the right side of the I/O module slot. Then the following I/O modules are assigned addresses automatically and consecutively.

## 5.4 Module Addresses Defined by Software

This section uses ISPSoft for demonstration. For DIADesigner operation, refer to section 6.1 from DIADesigner software manual.

## 5.4.1 Starting Addresses for Digital Input/Output Modules

HWCONFIG automatically assigns input/output devices to a digital input/output module in ISPSoft according to the number of inputs and outputs in the digital input/output module (X0.0–X0.15, X1.0–X1.15, X2.0–X2.15...; Y0.0–Y0.15, Y1.0–Y1.15, Y2.0–Y2.15). The default starting addresses are shown below. Note: each digital I/O module reserves 20 words of data devices and it assigns consecutive data devices automatically starting from D28000.

- AS332T/AS332P: There are 16 inputs. The input and output device range occupies 16 bits. (Xn.0–Xn.15), (Yn.0–Yn.15) and 20 words of data devices.
- AS324MT: There are 16 outputs. The input and output device range occupies 16 bits. (Xn.0–Xn.15), (Yn.0–Yn.15) and 20 words of data devices.
- 08AM: There are eight inputs. The input device range occupies 16 bits (Xn.0–Xn.15) and 20 words of data devices.
- 08AN: There are eight outputs. The output device range occupies 16 bits (Yn.0–Yn.15) and 20 words of data devices.
- 16AM: There are 16 inputs. The input device range occupies 16 bits (Xn.0–Xn.15) and 20 words of data devices.
- 16AN: There are 16 outputs. The output device range occupies 16 bits (Yn.0-Yn.15) and 20 words of data devices.
- 16AP: There are eight inputs and eight outputs. The input and output device range occupies 16 bits.
  (Xn.0-Xn.15), (Yn.0-Yn.15) and 20 words of data devices.
- 32AM: There are 32 inputs. The input device range occupies 32 bits (Xn.0-Xn+1.15) and 20 words of data devices.
- 32AN: There are 32 outputs. The output device range occupies 32 bits (Yn.0-Yn+1.15) and 20 words of data devices.
- 64AM: There are 64 inputs. The input device range occupies 64 bits (Xn.0–Xn+3.15) and 20 words of data devices.
- 64AN: There are 64 outputs. The output device range occupies 64 bits (Yn.0–Yn+3.15) and 20 words of data devices.

PS	04 AD	d8 AM	08 AN	16 AM	16 AN	16 AP	32 AM	32 AN	64 AM	64 AN	04 AD	÷
----	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	----------	---

	CPU Group			р				
ĺ	Module		ule	Module Name		Input Device Range	Output Device Range	
		Po	wer	AS	S-PS02	NONE	NONE	
		C	PU	AS	332T-A	X0.0 - X0.15	Y0.0 - Y0.15	
				Fu	nction Card	NONE	NONE	
				Fu	nction Card	NONE	NONE	
			1	AS	04AD-A	D28000 - D28019	NONE	
		2		AS08AM10N-A		X1.0 - X1.7	NONE	
			3	AS08AN01R-A		NONE	Y1.0 - Y1.7	
			4	AS16AM10N-A		X2.0 - X2.15	NONE	
			5	AS16AN01T-A AS16AP11T-A		NONE	Y2.0 - Y2.15	
			6			X3.0 - X3.7	Y3.0 - Y3.7	
			7	AS	32AM10N-A	X4.0 - X5.15	NONE	
		8		AS	532AN02T-A	NONE	Y4.0 - Y5.15	
			9	AS	64AM10N-A	X6.0 - X9.15	NONE	
			10 A		64AN02T-A	NONE	Y6.0 - Y9.15	

Note: though there is no information on the occupied data devices in the image shown above, the CPU reserves 20 words of data devices.

## 5.4.2 Starting Addresses for Analog Input/Output Modules

HWCONFIG automatically assigns consecutive input and output data registers starting from D28000 to an analog input/output module in ISPSoft according to the number of registers defined for the analog input/output module.

- 1. 04AD: There are four input channels. The input device range occupies 20 data registers.
- 2. 08AD: There are eight input channels. The input device range occupies 20 data registers.
- 3. 004DA: There are four output channels. The input device range occupies two data registers and the output device range occupies 18 data registers.
- 4. 06XA: There are four input channels and two output channels. The input device range occupies 10 data registers, and the output device range occupies 10 data registers.

	- 1				
		04 AD	04 0A	06 XA	÷
PS 🔲		Ĩĭ	11	11	

С	PU	Grou	р		
Ν	lod	ule	Module Name	Input Device Range	Output Device Range
	Po	ower	AS-PS02	NONE	NONE
	C	PU	AS332T-A	X0.0 - X0.15	Y0.0 - Y0.15
		Function Card		NONE	NONE
			Function Card	NONE	NONE
		1	AS04AD-A	D28000 - D28019	NONE
		2	AS08AD-B	D28020 - D28039	NONE
		3 AS04DA-A		D28040 - D28041	D28042 - D28059
	4 AS06XA-A		AS06XA-A	D28060 - D28069	D28070 - D28079

## 5.4.3 Starting Addresses for Temperature Measurement Modules

HWCONFIG automatically assigns consecutive input and output data registers starting from D28000 to a temperature measurement module in ISPSoft according to the number of registers defined for the temperature measurement module.

- 1. 04RTD: There are four input channels. The input device range occupies 20 data registers.
- 2. 06RTD: There are six input channels. The input device range occupies 20 data registers.
- 3. 04TC: There are four input channels. The input device range occupies 20 data registers.
- 4. 08TC: There are eight input channels. The input device range occupies 20 data registers.

	С	PU Grou	p		
	Ν	Iodule	Module Name	Input Device Range	Output Device Range
		Power	AS-PS02	NONE	NONE
		CPU	AS332T-A	X0.0 - X0.15	Y0.0 - Y0.15
			Function Card	NONE	NONE
			Function Card	NONE	NONE
R		1	AS04RTD-A	D28000 - D28019	NONE
		2	AS06RTD-A	D28020 - D28039	NONE
RTD TC +		3	AS04TC-A	D28040 - D28059	NONE
PS B B B B		4	AS08TC-A	D28060 - D28079	NONE

## 5.4.4 Starting Addresses for Positioning/Counter Modules

HWCONFIG automatically assigns consecutive input and output data registers starting from D28000 to a network module in ISPSoft according to the number of registers defined for the network module.

- 1. 02PU: The input device range occupies 20 data registers.
- 2. 04PU: The input device range occupies 20 data registers.
- 3. 02HC: The input device range occupies 20 data registers.

	С	PU Group	)			
	Module Power A		Module Name	Input Device Range	Output Device Range	
			AS-PS02	NONE	NONE	
	CPU A		AS332T-A	X0.0 - X0.15	Y0.0 - Y0.15	
	Fu		Function Card	NONE	NONE	
STHE .			Function Card	NONE	NONE	
• +		1	AS02PU-A	D28000 - D28019	NONE	
ă l		2	AS04PU-A	D28020 - D28039	NONE	
		3	AS02HC-A	D28040 - D28059	NONE	

## 5.4.5 Starting Addresses for Network Modules

HWCONFIG automatically assigns consecutive input and output data registers starting from D28000 to a network module in ISPSoft according to the number of registers defined for the network module.

• SCM, as a general COM communication module:

Communication status and communication method; the input device range occupies 20 data registers, and the output device range occupies 20 data registers.

	CF
RE	
PS	

С	CPU Group				
Ν	Iodule	Μ	Iodule Name	Input Device Range	Output Device Range
	Power A		-PS02	NONE	NONE
	CPU	AS	332T-A	X0.0 - X0.15	Y0.0 - Y0.15
		Fu	nction Card	NONE	NONE
		Fu	nction Card	NONE	NONE
	1	AS	00SCM-A	D28000 - D28019	D28020 - D28039
		Fu	nction Card	NONE	NONE
		Fu	nction Card	NONE	NONE

Remote module SCM: the input device range and output device range each occupy 10 data registers.



Group_1					
Module		ule	Module Name	Input Device Range	Output Device Range
	Re	mote	AS00SCM-A	D29000 - D29009 ···	D29010 - D29019
			AS-FCOPM	NONE	NONE
		1	AS08AM10N-A	X1.0 - X1.7	NONE
		2	AS08AN01T-A	NONE	Y1.0 - Y1.7
		3	AS16AM10N-A	X2.0 - X2.15	NONE
		4	AS16AN01T-A	NONE	Y2.0 - Y2.15
		5	AS16AP11T-A	X3.0 - X3.7	Y3.0 - Y3.7
		6	AS32AM10N-A	X4.0 - X5.15	NONE
		7	AS32AN02T-A	NONE	Y4.0 - Y5.15
		8	AS64AM10N-A	X6.0 - X9.15	NONE

 AS01DNET-A: when selecting the COM communication mode, its communication status and communication method: the input device range occupies 20 data registers, and the output device range occupies 20 data registers.

	CF	O Group	p		
	М	odule	Module Name	Input Device Range	Output Device Range
		Power	AS-PS02	NONE	NONE
		CPU	AS332T-A	X0.0 - X0.15	Y0.0 - Y0.15
R			Function Card	NONE	NONE
			Function Card	NONE	NONE
- <b>i</b> i t		1	AS01DNET-A	D28000 - D28019	D28020 - D28039
PS			Data Exchange	D26000 - D26099	D26100 - D26199

• AS04SIL-A: when selecting the COM communication mode, its communication status and communication method: the input device range occupies 20 data registers.

	0	PU Group	p		
	Ν	Iodule	Module Name	Input Device Range	Output Device Range
		Power	AS-PS02	NONE	NONE
		CPU	AS332T-A	X0.0 - X0.15	Y0.0 - Y0.15
			Function Card	NONE	NONE
	** +	Function Card	NONE	NONE	
₩ <b>₩</b>		1	AS04SIL-A	D28000 - D28019	NONE
PS 🔲 🛄 🖗 🛄			Data Exchange	D26000 - D26099	D26100 - D26199

## 5.4.6 Starting Addresses for Load Cell Modules

HWCONFIG automatically assigns consecutive input and output data registers starting from D28000 to a load cell module in ISPSoft according to the number of registers defined for the load cell module.

 02LC: The input device range occupies 7 data registers and the output device range occupies 13 data registers.

	R		-		
	E	=	1000	02	+
PS	<b>n</b>			ff	
-			-	-	-

C	PU Grou	p		
Module		Module Name	Input Device Range	Output Device Range
	Power	AS-PS02	NONE	NONE
	CPU	AS332T-A	X0.0 - X0.15	Y0.0 - Y0.15
		Function Card	NONE	NONE
		Function Card	NONE	NONE
	1	AS02LC-A	D28000 - D28006	D28007 - D28019

## 5.5 Remote Module Addresses Defined by Software

This section uses ISPSoft for demonstration. For DIADesigner operation, refer to section 6.1 from DIADesigner software manual.

Double-click the CPU module to see the setting page where you can set up the PLC parameters. Select options on the left under the General or Data Exchange tab, you can see the setting items on the right under the tab of the option you have selected.



• Click **Function Card2** on the left to see the Function Card 2 Setting tab on the right and find setting items under the tab.

dit Area										
								Hardw	/are Configurat	tior
General Data Exchange										
- AS332T-A		Fund	tion Card 2 Setting							
+ System settings			Name	Setting Value		Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum	T
COM1 Port Setting		•	Card 2 Detect mode	Manual	•		Auto Detect	-	-	
COM2 Port Setting			Manual Select Card	None	-		None	-	-	
Ethernet Port Basic Setting			Card 2 ID No.	1			1	1	254	
+ Ethernet Port Advanced Setting	8		Protocol Setup Opportunity	Stop> Run	-		Stop> R	-	-	
Function Card 1 Setting			Baud Rate	9600	✓ bps	h				
+ Function Card 2 Setting			Dauu Kale	9000	•	ops	9600	-	-	
+ Delta Device Parameter Restore Setting			Data bit	7	- ▼ bit		7	-	-	
			Parity bit	Even	-		Even	-	-	
Default Import Export		Up	date							

For Card 2 Detect mode, select Manual. For Manual Select Card, select AS-FCOPM Card.

Edit Area	it Area								
	Hardware Configuration								
General Data Exchange									
- AS332T-A		Fund	ction Card 2 Setting						
+ System settings			Name	Setting Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum	
COM1 Port Setting			Card 2 Detect mode	Manual 👻		Auto Detect	-	-	
COM2 Port Setting	8	۶.	Manual Select Card	AS-FCOPM Card 🔹		None	-	-	
Ethernet Port Basic Setting			Card 2 ID No.	1		1	1	254	
+ Ethernet Port Advanced Setting	8		Protocol Setup Opportunity	Stop> Run 🔹		Stop> R	-	-	
Function Card 1 Setting			Baud Rate	9600 -	bps	9600	_		
+ Function Card 2 Setting						5000	-	-	
+ Delta Device Parameter Restore Setting			Data bit	7 •	bit	7	-	-	
			Parity bit	Even -		Even	-	-	-
Default Import Export	Default Import Export Update								

• For **AS-FCOPM Working mode**, select **AS Remote Communication**, and then enter the number of the connected AS Remote module. Click **Upate** and then close the setting page.

Edit Area								
					H	lardware	Configurati	ion
General Data Exchange								
- AS332T-A	Func	tion Card 2 Setting						
+ System settings		Name	Setting Value	Unit	Default	Minim	Maxim	
COM1 Port Setting		F2AD Average Times	10		10	1	15	*
COM2 Port Setting		F2AD Analog Input Warning	Disable 👻		Disable	-	-	
Ethernet Port Basic Setting		AS-FCOPM Working mode	AS Remote Comminucation 👻		AS Remote Commi	-		
+ Ethernet Port Advanced Setting		AS-FCOPM node ID	1		1	1	127	
Function Card 1 Setting		AS Remote module No.	1	unit	0 0	0	15	I
+ Function Card 2 Setting + Delta Device Parameter Restore Setting		Select Run mode after detect r	Run connected remote 👻		Run connected re	-	-	
		AS CPU module keep or Stop w	Only Show Error Message 👻		Only Show Error M	-	-	
Default Import Export	Upo	date				1		

• You can see the new remote module on the main page. For the configurations of remote modules, refer to the configurations of modules.

Note: You can add up to 15 modules in the remote group. The total number of I/O modules and connected remote modules cannot exceed 32. Only digital I/O modules, analog I/O modules, temperature measurement modules, load cell modules and AS04SIL-A can be used for remote modules.



Change the address of the remote module

You can change the remote module address by simply double-click the ... behind the Input Device Range and then you can see the Manual Assignment window. Define the starting address of your remote module and click OK to confirm and save the change.





	🔏 Manual Assig	nment	×	
	- Input Device Rar	nge		
	Device Name :	D		
	Device Number			
		D29000 - D29999	3	
	Length :	10		
	ОК	Cancel		
		$\checkmark$		
Module	Module Name	Input Device Range	Outpu	ut Device Range
Remote	AS00SCM-A	D29900 - D29909	D2991	LO - D29919

## 5.5.1 Starting Addresses for Digital Input/Output Modules

The remote module AS00SCM-A can connect to up to eight modules on its right side. HWCONFIG automatically assigns input and output devices to a digital input/output module in ISPSoft according to the number of inputs/outputs in the digital input/output module (X1.0–X1.15, X2.0–X2.15...; Y0.0–Y0.15, Y1.0–Y1.15, Y2.0–Y2.15). The default starting addresses are shown below.

Note: each digital I/O module reserves 20 words of data devices and it assigns consecutive data devices automatically starting from D29000.

- 08AM: There are eight inputs. The input device range occupies 16 bits (Xn.0–Xn.15) and 20 words of data devices.
- 08AN: There are eight outputs. The output device range occupies 16 bits (Yn.0-Yn.15) and 20 words of data devices.
- 16AM: There are 16 inputs. The input device range occupies 16 bits (Xn.0–Xn.15) and 20 words of data devices.
- 16AN: There are 16 outputs. The output device range occupies 16 bits (Yn.0–Yn.15) and and 20 words of data devices.
- 16AP: There are eight inputs and eight outputs. The input and output device range occupies 16 bits.
  (Xn.0–Xn.15), (Yn.0–Yn.15) and 20 words of data devices.
- 32AM: There are 32 inputs. The input device range occupies 32 bits (Xn.0-Xn+1.15) and 20 words of data devices.
- 32AN: There are 32 outputs. The output device range occupies 32 bits (Yn.0-Yn+1.15) and 20 words of data devices.
- 64AM: There are 64 inputs. The input device range occupies 64 bits (Xn.0–Xn+3.15) and 20 words of data devices.
- 64AN: There are 64 outputs. The output device range occupies 64 bits (Yn.0–Yn+3.15) and 20 words of data devices.



G	roup_1			
1	Module	Module Name	Input Device Range	Output Device Range
	Remote	AS00SCM-A	D29000 - D29009	D29010 - D29019
		AS-FCOPM	NONE	NONE
	1	AS04AD-A	D29020 - D29039	NONE
	2	AS08AM10N-A	X1.0 - X1.7	NONE
	3	AS08AN01T-A	NONE	Y1.0 - Y1.7
	4	AS16AM10N-A	X2.0 - X2.15	NONE
	5	AS16AN01T-A	NONE	Y2.0 - Y2.15
	6	AS32AM10N-A	X3.0 - X4.15	NONE
	7	AS32AN02T-A	NONE	Y3.0 - Y4.15
	8	AS04AD-A	D29160 - D29179	NONE

## 5.5.2 Starting Addresses for Analog Input/Output Modules

HWCONFIG automatically assigns input and output data registers to an analog input/output module in ISPSoft according to the number of registers defined for the analog input/output module. The default starting address is D29000.

- 1. 04AD: There are four input channels. The input device range occupies 20 data registers.
- 2. 08AD: There are eight input channels. The input device range occupies 20 data registers.
- 3. 004DA: There are four output channels. The input device range occupies two data registers and the output device range occupies 18 data registers.
- 4. 06XA: There are four input channels, and two output channels. The input device range occupies 10 data registers, and the output device range occupies 10 data registers.



G	roup_1			
Module		Module Name	Input Device Range	Output Device Range
	Remote	AS00SCM-A	D29000 - D29009	D29010 - D29019
		AS-FCOPM	NONE	NONE
	1	AS04AD-A	D29020 - D29039	NONE
	2	AS08AD-B	D29040 - D29059	NONE
	3	AS04DA-A	D29060 - D29061	D29062 - D29079
	4	AS06XA-A	D29080 - D29089	D29090 - D29099

## 5.5.3 Starting Addresses for Temperature Measurement Modules

You can use HWCONFIG to assign input registers to a temperature measurement module in ISPSoft. The default starting address is D29000.

- 1. 04RTD: There are four input channels. The input device range occupies 20 data registers.
- 2. 06RTD: There are six input channels. The input device range occupies 20 data registers.
- 3. 04TC: There are four input channels. The input device range occupies 20 data registers.
- 4. 08TC: There are eight input channels. The input device range occupies 20 data registers.

R	Group_1			
	Module	Module Name	Input Device Range	Output Device Range
PS P	Remote	AS00SCM-A	D29000 - D29009	D29010 - D29019
		AS-FCOPM	NONE	NONE
	1	AS04RTD-A	D29020 - D29039	NONE
0à 0à	2	AS06RTD-A	D29040 - D29059	NONE
RTD TC +	3	AS04TC-A	D29060 - D29079	NONE
	4	AS08TC-A	D29080 - D29099	NONE

## 5.5.4 Starting Addresses for Load Cell Modules

HWCONFIG automatically assigns input data registers to a load cell module in ISPSoft according to the number of registers defined for the load cell module. The default starting address is D29000.

 02LC: The input device range occupies 7 data registers and the output device range occupies 13 data registers.



G	rou	p_1			
Module		lule	Module Name	Input Device Range	Output Device Range
	Remote		AS00SCM-A	D29000 - D29009	D29010 - D29019
			AS-FCOPM	NONE	NONE
		1	AS02LC-A	D29020 - D29026	D29027 - D29039

## 5.5.5 Starting Addresses for AS04SIL-A Modules

AS04SIL-A: when selecting the COM communication mode, its communication status and communication ٠ method: the input device range occupies 20 data registers.

PS +					
	Gro	oup_1			
	Module		Module Name	Input Device Range	Output Device Range
		Remote	AS00SCM-A	D29000 - D29009	D29010 - D29019
			AS-FCOPM	NONE	NONE
		1	AS04SIL-A	D29020 - D29039	NONE
			Data Exchange	D26000 - D26099	D26100 - D26199



# Chapter 6 Writing a Program

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## 6.1 Quick Start

This section uses ISPSoft for demonstration. For DIADesigner operation, refer to Chapter 8 from DIADesigner software manual.

This chapter provides a simple example showing you how to create a traditional ladder diagram in ISPSoft. Because you may not be familiar with IEC 61131-3 and may not understand the functions provided by ISPSoft, the chapter does not introduce programming concepts related to IEC 61131-3. For example, the chapter does not include POUs, function blocks, variables, and so on.

## 6.1.1 Example

When the equipment in this example operates, the parts on the conveyor move from left to right. If a sensor senses that a part is under an injector, the PLC sends a trigger signal to the injector, and the injector injects the glue. The injection length is set externally and is not controlled by the PLC program. However, the PLC program must be able to turn the trigger signal OFF so that the trigger signal can be sent next time. There are two injectors above the conveyor, and the two injectors inject glue in the same way.

There is a sensor at the left side of the conveyor. When a part passes the sensor, the sensor value increases by one increment. When the sensor value is 100, the internal completion flag is set to ON. The flag state can be used by other procedures later. However, this example does not introduce the use of flag states.



#### 6.1.2 Hardware

In this example, the AS series CPU module used is the AS332T-A.

Туре	ID	Description
Digital input	X0.0	START button
Digital input	X0.1	STOP button
Digital input	X0.2	In position sensor 1
Digital input	X0.3	In position sensor 2
Туре	ID	Description
----------------	------	-------------------------------
Digital input	X0.4	Counting sensor
Digital output	Y0.0	Conveyer
Digital output	Y0.1	Trigger signal for injector 1
Digital output	Y0.2	Trigger signal for injector 2

### 6.1.3 Program

- (1) When the START button (X0.0) switches from OFF to ON, the internal operation flag is set to ON, and the conveyor (Y0.0) starts. When the STOP button (X0.1) switches from OFF to ON, an error occurs (the error flag is ON), the operation flag is reset to OFF, and the conveyor stops.
- (2) When the in position sensor 1 (X0.2) is ON, the trigger signal for injector 1 (Y0.1) is set to ON. When the in position sensor 1 is OFF, the trigger signal for injector 1 is reset to OFF.
- (3) When the in position sensor 2 (X0.3) is ON, the trigger signal for injector 2 (Y0.2) is set to ON. When the in position sensor 2 is OFF, the trigger signal for injector 2 is reset to OFF.
- (4) When the counting sensor (X0.4) switches from OFF to ON, the sensor value increases by one increment. If the sensor value is larger than or equal to 100, the internal completion flag is set to ON.

## 6.2 Procedure for Creating a Project in ISPSoft

This section shows you the procedure for creating a project in ISPSoft. You can adjust the procedure



#### • Hardware configuration

You set the parameters such as a range of latched devices and a port number in a PLC. You configure the modules with an AS Series CPU module, and set the parameters in these modules.

#### Network configuration

If a system uses a network architecture, or devices need to exchange data, use the network configuration tool **NWCONFIG** in ISPSoft to configure a network and exchange data with COM as well as Ethernet.

#### • Programming

After you write a program in ISPSoft, compile the program. If the compiling is unsuccessful, messages in the **Compile Message** page show where the errors occur.

#### • Testing and debugging

Download the compiled program, the hardware configuration, and the network configuration to a PLC. You can then test and debug the program online with the functions provided by ISPSoft.

Because the example introduced in this chapter does not discuss a network configuration, you only perform

the following procedure. Hardware Configuration Programming Test & Debugging

## 6.3 Creating a Project

After you start ISPSoft, on the **File** menu, point to **New**, and then click **New** to create a new project. You can also create a new project by clicking on the toolbar after you start ISPSoft.

File	<u>E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew	<u>C</u> ompile					
	New	•	E <u>N</u> ew	Ctrl+N	OR	3	
<b>B</b>	<u>Op</u> en	Ctrl+	Grow	1p Project 🔹 🕨			
	Save	Ctrl+	ŗ			)	
	Save <u>A</u> s Ctr	l+Alt+S					
₽	<u>C</u> lose Project						
ے	<u>P</u> rint	Ctrl+P					
	Project Print						
۵	Printer Setup						
	Exit	Alt+X					

In the **Create a New Project** dialog box, type a project name in the **Project Name** box and a path in the **Drive/Path** box, select a PLC in the **PLC Type** drop-down list box, and then click **OK**. The PLC in this example is the AS332T.

Project Name	AS332T			
Controller Type	AS300	▼ PLC Type	AS332T	•
Drive/Path	C:\ProgramData\D	elta Industrial Automa	tion\ISPSoft_Ne	w\Project
			I	Browser

After you create the project, a project management area appears at the left side of the main screen. The relation between the items listed in the project management area is represented by a hierarchical tree structure. If the project management area does not appear, on the **View** menu, click **Workspace**, or click **I** on the toolbar.





## 6.4 Hardware Configuration

After you double-click HWCONFIG in the project management area, the HWCONFIG window appears.



In the **HWCONFIG** window, the default setting is for a CPU module. Refer to Chapter 8 for more information on settings for other types of modules.

When the hardware configuration is complete, download the configuration and the settings to the CPU module to take effect. Save the configuration and settings now, and you can download them with the program later in the project. After that close the **HWCONFIG** window.

## 6.5 Creating a Program

The following sections show you how to create a traditional ladder diagram in ISPSoft. The sections include creating a POU, editing a traditional diagram, and compiling a program.

## 6.5.1 Adding a Ladder Diagram

(1) Right-click **Programs** in the project management area, point to **POU** (program organization unit), and then click **New...**.



(2) In the Create Program dialog box, type a program name in the POU Name box, select Ladder Diagram (LD) in the Language section, and keep the other default values. Click OK after the setting is complete. A new program organization unit (POU) appears under Programs in the project management area.

Create Program	×			
POU Name MAIN  Altive Protection Password Enter Password (4-12 Characters) Confirmation Lock (Permanently)  POU Comment	Language     Ladder Diagram (LD)     Sequential Function Chart (SFC)     Function Block Diagram (FBD)     Instruction List (IL)     Structure Text (ST)     Commonde Function Chart (CFC)	¢	Project  NWCONFIG  Project [C:\Gluing_Sys  Device Comment  A HWCONFIG  CARD Utility  AHCPU530-EN  Motion Module  O Tasks  Global Symbols  Programs  Global Symbols  Programs  Device Monitor  Device Monitor  Device Monitor	(Main_Controller) G.LD]
	OK Cancel		Project	

(3) After you add the POU, a program editing window appears in the main working area.

C Project [C: ProgramData Delta Industrial Automation						- 0
Device Comment & Used Device	Prog0			Local Symbols		
HWCONFIG	Class	Identifiers	Address	Type	Initial Value (Acti	Identifier Comment
Global Symbols     Frograms     Frog(IPRG,LD)	Network 1					
Function Blocks	Network 1					
Table_I						

Local Symbols       Class     Identifiers     Address     Type     Initial Value (Active w)     Identifier Comment	🌍 P	Prog0							×
Local symbol table						Local Symbols			
Network 1		Class	Identi	fiers	Address	Type	Initial Value (Active w	Identifier Comment	
Program editing area		Network 1					A		
i logiani culting alea	-				Program	n editing area	]		

After the program editing window opens, the corresponding toolbar appears in the window. The list below describes the functions.

## 日 - 4 苯 - 🔺 🖸 🗰 🕕 🖉 + 6) 🗰 🖸 🖉 🔄 🞬

Icon	Keyboard shortcut	Function
	None	Switches to the address mode
	Shift+Ctrl+C	Display/hides the comments on the networks
<b>•</b>	None	Displaying/hides the commands on the devices
2	Shift+Ctrl+B	Adds a bookmark to the selected network selected or deletes a bookmark from the selected network
<u>6</u>	Shift+Ctrl+P	Goes to the previous bookmarked position
2	Shift+Ctrl+N	Goes to the next bookmarked position
<u>LIT</u>	Ctrl+I	Puts a network above the selected network
<u>III</u>	Shift+Ctrl+I	Put a network under the selected network
2	ESC	Selects an item
ΗH	Typing an instruction	Inserts a contact

lcon	Keyboard shortcut	Function
-()	Typing an instruction	Inserts a coil
1	Typing an instruction	Inserts a comparison contact
& -	Typing an instruction	Selects a type of comparison contact
茎	Typing an instruction	Inserts a block logic instruction (NP/PN/INV/FB_NP/FB_PN)
<b></b>	Typing an instruction	Selects a type of block logic instruction (NP/PN/INV/FB_NP/FB_PN)
Ð	Shift+Ctrl+U	Inserts an instruction or a function block

\*. Refer to Section 6.5.3 for more information about typing an instruction.

## 6.5.2 Basic Editing – Creating a Contact and a Coil

(1) Click - on the toolbar, and then move the mouse cursor to the red frame in Network 1. The mouse cursor changes to a contact when the mouse cursor is moved to the left, right, or bottom of the red frame. Decide where to insert a contact. If you edit a ladder diagram, the mouse cursor must be near a position you want to edit. The system automatically arranges an inserted object; you cannot move the object.

In this example, you do not need to decide where to insert the contact. Place the mouse cursor near the red frame and click the left mouse button.



(2) Click on the toolbar, or press Esc on the keyboard. After you double-click the contact, a list appears. The items on the list are Normally Open, Normally Close, Rising-edge Trigger, and Falling-edge Trigger. In this example, click Rising-edge Trigger.

	• 幸 • む
Network 1 ??? I Normally Open // Normally Close I T Rising-edge Trigger I Falling-edge Trigger (2)	
Ū 🖓	
Network 1 ???	

(3) Click the line at the right side of the contact, click [] on the toolbar, and then move the mouse cursor to the red frame. The mouse cursor changes to a coil when the mouse cursor is above or under the red frame. Decide where to insert the coil.

In this example, you do not need to decide where to insert the coil. Place the mouse cursor near the red frame and click the left mouse button.



(4) Click on the toolbar, or press Esc on the keyboard. After you double-click the coil, a list appears.
 The items on the list are **Out**, **Set**, and **Reset**. In this example, click **Set**.



(5) Click ??? above the contact, type a device address in the box, and then press Enter on the keyboard to jump to the next box in the network. After you type a device address in the box, press Esc on the keyboard to complete the editing. In this example, type X0.0 in the box for the contact, and type M0 in the box for the coil.



#### Additional remark

After you click a network and press Enter on the keyboard, you can edit a box. Press Enter on the keyboard to edit the next box in the network. Press Tab on the keyboard to select the next network. Use the keyboard to edit boxes. After you finish the editing, press Enter on the keyboard to jump to the next box. Press Esc on the keyboard to exit editing.

If you have declared symbols, click in a box, or press Page Down on the keyboard when you edit the box. The symbols on the drop-down list are the symbols that you can assign to the object. Select a symbol with the mouse or the up/down key on the keyboard. Refer to Chapter 6 in the ISPSoft User Manual for more information about symbols.



### 6.5.3 Basic Editing – Inserting a Network and Typing an Instruction

Click up on the toolbar to select a network. Click up on the toolbar to place another network above the selected network. In this example, Network 2 is under Network 1.



Create a contact and a coil by clicking **H** and **f** on the toolbar or by typing instructions.

#### (1) Click the line in Network 2.



(2) Type the IL instruction "LD M0". This instruction is not case-sensitive. As soon as you type the IL instruction, a box which you can edit appears. After you finish typing the IL instruction, press Enter on the keyboard or click **OK** at the right side of the box.

	LD M0 Cancel	
	$\checkmark$	
Network 1		
x0.0  ↑	(S)	
Network 2		
	I	

(3) Type the IL instruction "OUT Y0.0", and write the program shown below.

	OUT Y0.0
	$\checkmark$
Network 1	
x0.0  ↑↑	(S)
Network 2	
M0	YO.0

#### Additional remark

You create a contact and a coil by typing simple instructions. Refer to the description below. The instructions typed are not case-sensitive.

• To Insert a normally-open contact (contact A), type "A <device address>"

A M100	OK Cancel
M100	

• To insert a normally-closed contact (contact B), type "B <device address>"

B M110		K Cancel
M110	M100	

• To insert an output coil (OUT), type "O <device address>"



## 6.5.4 Basic Editing – Selecting a Network and Operation

Before you select an object in a network, press Esc on the keyboard, or click in the toolbar. After the cursor appears as a small arrow, click the object in the network. The basic selection shows below.



also select the group of devices by clicking the first device, pressing Ctrl+B on the keyboard, clicking the last device, and then pressing Ctrl+B on the keyboard. You must draw a frame around devices that are in the same network, and the devices must be adjacent to one another. Input and output devices cannot be in the same frame.



To select several networks, press and hold the Ctrl key on the keyboard and click the networks. You can also select a range of networks by pressing and holding Shift on the keyboard, clicking the first network within the range, and then clicking the last network within the range.



Right-click an object after selecting it to show the context menu.

Item	Function				
Undo	Undo the last action.				
Undo	You can undo up to 20 previous actions.				
Redo	You can redo an action that has been undone.				
Cut	Cut a device, block, or network.				
Сору	Copy a device, block, or network.				
Paste	Paste an object that has been copied or cut into the present position.				
Paste right	Paste an object at the right side of the selected position.				
	The object is connected in series to the selected position.				
Paste under	Paste an object under the selected position.				
	The object is connected in parallel to the selected position.				
Delete	Delete a device, block, or network.				
Activate/Inactivate	Activate or deactivate the selected network.				
Network	The deactivated network is ignored when you compile the program.				
Fold/Unfold Network	Fold or unfold the network section.				
Auto Generate Symbols	Used on the contacts of the function block to generate symbols automatically.				



Item	Function
Add to Device Monitor	Light on the calented contents to quickly add the device to the Maniter Table
Table	Used on the selected contacts to quickly add the device to the Monitor Table.

Proceed with the steps in the example below.

(1) Select Network 1, then right-click Network 1, and then click **Copy**.



- (2) Select Network 2, right-click Network 2, and then click **Paste**. A copy of Network 1 is put above Network
  - 2, and Network 2 becomes Network 3.



## 6.5.5 Basic Editing – Connecting a Contact in Parallel

(1) Click  $\dashv$  on the toolbar, and then move the mouse cursor to the input contact in Network 2. The mouse cursor changes to a contact. Move the mouse cursor to the input contact in Network 2. After the mouse cursor changes to  $\dashv \mu$ , click the left mouse button. This connects a contact in parallel with the input contact in Network 2.



(2) Write the program in Network 2 shown below.



#### Additional remark

After you select a group of contacts, connect a contact to the group of contacts as described above.



## 6.5.6 Basic Editing – Editing a Comment

(1) Press **s** on the toolbar. Click the position above a device name, type a comment in the box, and then press Enter on the keyboard.



(2) Press not the toolbar. Click the position under a network number, and then type a comment in the box. To start a new line of text, press Shift+Enter on the keyboard. Press Enter on the keyboard after the you complete the editing.



(3) Write the program shown below.



## 6.5.7 Basic Editing – Inserting an Applied Instruction

Add Network 6 under Network 5, and then write the program shown below. Insert an applied instruction in one of the three ways described below.

Network 6		
RUNNING M0	CNT_SENSOR X0.4	
Ĩ	[]]	

#### Method 1

Click the position where you want to insert an instruction, type the instruction (INC in this example), and then press Enter on the keyboard.

Network 6 RUNNING M0	CNT_SENSOR X0.4		
	ूर	ን	. []
	2	OK Ca	incel

Method 2

Click APIs in the project management area and find the instruction type.



Click the instruction (INC in this example) that you want to insert, and then drag it to the desired position.



#### • Method 3

Click the position where you want to insert an instruction, click ① on the toolbar, select the instruction (INC in this example) to insert in the **API/FB** dialog box, and then click **Insert**.



After you insert the instruction, assign a device address to the operand, and write the program shown below.



## 6.5.8 Basic Editing – Creating a Comparison Contact and Typing a Constant

You can insert a comparison contact with the following steps. Add Network 7 under Network 6, and write the program shown below.

Network 7		
RUNNING M0	CNT_SENSOR X0.4	

(1) Click &  $\bullet$  on the toolbar, and then select a operator (>= in this example).

🖥 🛱 🖻 🖆 🐿 🐿 💷 💷 😓 ++ {) 🗄		표 • 1
---------------------------	--	-------

(2) Click on the toolbar, and then move the mouse cursor to the position where you want to insert the comparison contact. The mouse cursor changes to a comparison contact when you move the mouse to the left, right, or bottom of the red frame. Decide where to insert the comparison contact, and then click the left mouse button to insert the comparison contact.



Write the program shown below. In ISPSoft, K precedes a decimal value and H precedes a hexadecimal value. To type a decimal value in ISPSoft, type it directly. To type a hexadecimal value in ISPSoft, type "16#" and the hexadecimal value; e.g. 16#7FFF. In ISPSoft, 8# precedes an octal value, and 2# precedes a binary value.



## 6.5.9 Writing a Program

The previous sections introduced creating a traditional ladder diagram in ISPSoft. Write the program shown below. Because the program is not yet compiled for the PLC, the mother line at the left side of the ladder diagram is colored red while you write the program. The following sections show how to compile and download the compiled program for testing.



\*1. The program above saves in the folder ...\ISPSoft x.xx\Project\Example\Gluing\_System\_C.

\*2. Refer to Chapter 10 in the ISPSoft User Manual for more information about creating a ladder diagram.

## 6.5.10 Checking and Compiling a Program

After you write a program, check the syntax of the programming language or compile the program. The syntax and structure in the present window are checked after you run the **Check** function. The system checks the entire project after you run the **Compile** function. If the system does not find any errors in the project, it automatically generates execution code. After you successfully compile the program, the mother line at the left side of the ladder diagram becomes black.

Check



After you complete the check, the **Compile Message** page shows the check result. If there are any errors in the project, the **Compile Message** window shows the related message. After you click the message, the system automatically shows you where the error occurs. You can run the **Check** function or the **Compile** function after you correct the error.



## 6.6 Testing and Debugging a Program

## 6.6.1 Creating a Connection

Before you download a program and parameters to a PLC or monitor them online, connect ISPSoft to the PLC. In this example, connect ISPSoft to the CPU module AS332T-A with a USB cable. Refer to Section 2.4 in the ISPSoft User Manual for more information about connecting ISPSoft to a PLC in other ways. Refer to the AS Operation Manual for more information about wiring.

## You can skip this section if you have connected ISPSoft to a PLC successfully as described in Section 2.4 in the ISPSoft User Manual.

- (1) Install the modules on the main backplane to match the hardware configuration in HWCONFIG. Make sure that the wiring is correct, and then power on the CPU module.
- (2) Connect the CPU module to the computer with a USB cable. If the USB driver for the AS series CPU module is installed on the computer, **Delta PLC** appears in the **Device Manager** window, and a port number is assigned to **Delta PLC**. Refer to Appendix A for more information about installing a USB driver.
- (3) Make sure that COMMGR is started and the icon representing COMMGR is displayed on the system tray. If the icon representing COMMGR is not displayed on the system tray, start COMMGR by clicking the shortcut on the Start menu (Start > Programs > Delta Industrial Automation > Communication > COMMGR).

Programs	, 🖻	Accessories	•						
Reference Programs	<b>-</b>	Delta Industrial Automation	+ 📾 🤇	Communication	+ 🖻	DCISoft 1.08	F		
Documents	• 🔊	Internet Explorer	E H	HMI	•	COMMGR	0	COMMGR	D
settings	, 🖄	Outlook Express	F F	PLC	<u>ا د</u>		j	🚽 UnInstall 🥄	
J Sounds	1	Remote Assistance							7

(4) Double-click the icon representing COMMGR on the system tray to open the COMMGR window. ClickAdd in the COMMGR window to create a driver.



Driver Name	Driver1
Connection Setup	
Туре	USB (Virtual COM)
Comunication Port	-
COM Port	COM4 •
Setup Responding	Time
Time of Auto-retr	ry 3
Time Interval of a	Auto-retry (100 ms) 30 🗧

(5) Set the parameters in the Driver Properties dialog box, and then click OK.

- 1 Type a driver name in the **Driver Name** box.
- 2 Select USB (Virtual COM) in the Type list in the Connection Setup section.
- ③ Select a communication port in the COM Port list. If the first two steps are complete, the connected PLC and its communication port display in the COM Port list.
- ④ Select the number of times to retry the sending of a command if a connection error occurs in the Time of Auto-retry box, and select a retry interval in the Time Interval of Auto-retry box.
- (6) After you finish the setup, USB\_Driver appears in the COMMGR window. When the connection is normal, OK appears in the Status column.



(7) Click the driver you created in the COMMGR window, and then click Start. Start ISPSoft, and then on the Tools menu, click Communication Settings.... In the Communication Setting dialog box, select the driver you created in the Driver list, select 0 in the Station Address list, and then click OK. The driver information displays in the ISPSoft status bar.

Project  Project [C:\Progr Device Com HWCONFIC CAPD Utili	ramData\Delta In iment & Used De G	Change PLC Type Program Settings Set RTC Review Error Log File		
→ AS332T (A → Tasks → Q DUT		Language English Options		
E Programs				
Communication Se	etting		X	
Communication Se Driver	etting Driver1		×	
	-		×	

(8) On the PLC menu, click System Information. ISPSoft retrieves related information from the PLC. If the computer communicates with the CPU module normally, the related information retrieved from the PLC displays in the System Information dialog box.

System Information			x
CPU			
CPU-		Scan Time (ms)-	
PLC Type	A\$332P	Current	1.100
Label	Untitled	Minimum	0.800
Version	V0.50.60	Maximum	19.600
Station Address	1		
MAC	00:18:23:13:45:08		
Program		, 1	
Capacity	131056 Steps		
Locked	UnLock		
L		J	
			Close

## 6.6.2 Downloading a Program and Parameters

If ISPSoft is correctly connected to a PLC, you can download the parameters and program in the project to the PLC. First, start ISPSoft and open the project you created in the previous sections. In this example, you download two types of parameters to the CPU module: hardware configuration and the program itself.

#### • Downloading the hardware configuration

(1) Double-click HWCONFIG in the project management area to open the HWCONFIG window.



- (2) The hardware configuration displays in the window. Before you download the hardware configuration to the CPU module, make sure the actual hardware configuration is the same as the hardware configuration in the window.
- (3) Click **Download** under the Communication tab to see the Download page. Select the PLC parameters that you'd like to download to the PLC and then click **OK** to download.



Download								×
Device 0 (AS324MT-A)	Communication	Setting	H	WCONFIG General	HWCONFIG Data Exchange			
Device 0 (ASS24WIT-A)	Driver:	Net *	H H	WCONFIG				
	Station Address:	0 -		1	Item		Result	
	IP Address:	192.168.2.111:502 *		Hardware Config	uration Settings		0	
	Port:	502		COM 1			0	
	Label:	Untitled		COM 2			0	
	Type:	AS324MT		Ethernet-Basic			0	-1
	Task - V Hardware Configuration				read		0	-1
					liceu		-	
	HWCONFI	G General		Function Card			0	-1
	HWCONFI	G Data Exchange		Delta Device Parameter Restore Setting			•	
	- Task Result Total Quantity: Success Quantity: Fail Quantity:	2 2 0				Download	OK Cancel	-
Confirm Write-in op To do this,	peration is forbidde PLC execution w	en when PLC is running! ill be stopped, do you want to	o conti	×	Confirm	ver the executing	status before the downk	× pad?
	Pes Download	Not Download		י <u>ה</u> נ		Run	No	

(4) After you successfully download the hardware configuration to the CPU module, the BUS FAULT LED indicator on the CPU module is OFF. Close the HWCONFIG window. If the BUS FAULT LED indicator on the CPU module is still ON or blinking, the CPU module is in an abnormal state. Make sure the actual hardware configuration is the same as the hardware configuration in the HWCONFIG window, and refer to the operation manual for more information about eliminating the error. Refer to Chapter 8 for more information about HWCONFIG.

#### • Downloading the program

After the program is compiled, select **Transfer** under the PLC tab and click **Download** to see the Download page. You can also click **(I)** on the toolbar to see the Download page. Select the **Program** and the **Comments** so that you can upload the program in the CPU module later, and then click **Transfer** again.

Erc.	OR Icools Window H	elp			pload		Ctrl+	Fg						
0	System Security Run Stop	Ctrl+F11 Ctrl+F12	- 4		ownl	oad	Ctrl+	F8 wwnload)						×
-		0111111	_		Г			Item		Status	Progress	Mark	Error Mes	ssage
2	Online Mode	Ctrl+F4				-		PLC		otatus	Ingress	N/A	N/A	Juge
9	New Devices Table					_		Initial Value				N/A	N/A	
-			_					Object Code			0%	Memory remained	: 262098Step: N/A	
	Edit Register Memory					ġ		Programs			0 %	N/A	N/A	
	Edit Bit <u>M</u> emory						- 🗹	Project Comments			0 %	N/A	N/A	
	Edit Dit <u>twi</u> entory						- 1	POU Comments			0 %	N/A	N/A	
	Format PLC Memory			1			🗹	Section Comment			0 %	N/A	N/A	
			_				· · · · 🗹	Identifier Comment			0 %	N/A	N/A	
	System Log							Synchronize Project an	d PLC Password			N/A	N/A	
=	System Information	Ctrl+Alt+I				i		Real Time Calendar				N/A	N/A	
								CPU Label is different bet cally close after successful		1 CPU m	odule 2	pftware setting:	s, transfer still continue.	_ <b>▶</b>

## 6.6.3 Connection Test

After you download a program to a PLC, you can monitor the execution status of the PLC through ISPSoft. ISPSoft provides two monitoring modes; device monitoring mode and program monitoring mode.

Monitoring mode	Description
E Device monitoring mode	You can monitor the status of the devices in the PLC through the monitoring table. In this mode, ISPSoft updates only the status of the devices. The current program in ISPSoft does not have to be the same as the program in the PLC.
Program monitoring mode	In this mode, the operating status of the program is displayed in the program editing window. The present program in ISPSoft must be the same as the program in the PLC.

\*. You can enable the device monitoring function without program monitoring; however, if you enable the program monitoring function, the device monitoring function is also enabled.

On the **PLC** menu, click **Online Mode**, or *[7]* on the toolbar, to enable the online monitoring function. The system also enables device monitoring mode and program monitoring mode.

	<b>.</b>	<b>7 🖻 🔳 (</b> OR	• # •	•	<b>7</b> 🖪 1	<b>.</b> , <u>-</u>	9 🔮
_	PLC	<u>T</u> ools <u>W</u> indow	<u>H</u> elp				
	5	Transfer	•				
		System Security	•				
	0	Run	Ctrl+F11				
	٢	Stop	Ctrl+F12				
	3	Online Mode	Ctrl+F4				
	٢	New Devices Table					
	<b></b>	Format PLC Memory.					
		System Log					
	=	System Information	Ctrl+Alt+I				

In the online monitoring mode, you can view the present scan time, the communication status, and the status of the PLC in the status bar in ISPSoft.

Scan Time: 10.600 ms	30/262128 Steps	STOP	Drv USB AH, [USB: COM9]
	-		

The present status of the devices display in the original program editing window after you enable the program monitoring function.



You can change the operating state of a PLC with the RUN/STOP switch on the PLC. You can also change the operating status of a PLC with the functions provided by ISPSoft. On the **PLC** menu, click **Run** or **()** on the toolbar to start the PLC. On the **PLC** menu, click **Stop** or **()** on the toolbar to stop the PLC.



In the online monitoring mode, you can select a device, then right-click the device, and the click a command on the context menu. During a test, you can change the status of a device or the value in a device by clicking an item on the context menu.

# A Before you change the status of a device, make sure the operation does not cause damage to equipment or personnel.



The table below describes the items in the context menu. The **Force** command only applies to input and output contacts.

Item	Description
Set On	Set the contact selected to ON
Set Off	Set the contact selected to OFF
Rising-edge Trigger	No matter what the state of the selected contact is, the system sets the contact to OFF, and then sets it to ON.
Falling-edge Trigger	No matter what the state of the selected contact is, the system sets the contact to ON, and then sets it to OFF.
Force	Force an input contact or output contact ON or OFF
Force Device List	Force several input contacts or output contacts in the tables ON or OFF

To change the value in a device, right-click the device, click **Change Present Value**, and set a present value in the **Enter Present Value** dialog box.



The list below describes the Enter Present Value dialog box.



#### Message

**2** Type a 16-bit, 32-bit or 64-bit value.

- **3** Type a value in the **Present Value** box.
- 4 Type the name of a device or a symbol whose present value you want to change
- **5** Value change history (Format: Device name Value)
- 6 In binary mode, use the mouse to set the bit states.
- Click OK to apply the setting values. Click Cancel to close the window without applying the values.
- B Display or hide binary mode.

In this example, X0.0–X0.15 and Y0.0–Y0.15 are input and output devices assigned to the digital I/O module AS332T-A. After you download the hardware parameters to the CPU module, the states of X0.0–X0.15 are the same as the states of the inputs on the actual module. Even if you set X0.0–X0.15 to ON or OFF in the program editing window, the actual input signals update the states of X0.0–X0.15.



However, you can force an input contact ON or OFF during a test. Click an input or output contact to set, rightclick the contact, point to **Force**, and click **On (X/Y)**, **Off (X/Y)**, **Release (X/Y)**, or **Release All**. If you force an input or output contact ON or OFF, a lock symbol appears at the left side of the contact.



Force	Description	
On (X/Y)	Force the selected input or output contact ON	
Off (X/Y)	Force the selected input or output contact OFF	
Release (X/Y) Release the contact from the locked state		
Release All	Release all the contacts from the locked states	

If you force an output contact in the program ON or OFF, the program execution result does not affect the output state of this contact.



\*. If you disable the online monitoring function, the contacts are not automatically released from the locked states. You must check whether the contacts need to be released from the locked states after you complete the test.

You can create a monitoring table online or offline.

#### Method 1

On the PLC menu, click New Devices Table, or 🔮 on the toolbar.

PLO	C <u>T</u> ools <u>W</u> indow	<u>H</u> elp							
<b>5</b>	Transfer	•	UR	00	5 S,	10101 101	5		
	System Security	•							$\smile$
0	Run	Ctrl+F11							
٢	Stop	Ctrl+F12						-	
\$	Online Mode	Ctrl+F4							
٢	New Devices Table								
	Format PLC Memory								
	System Log								
=	System Information	Ctrl+Alt+I							

#### Method 2

Project	$1\times$
🖃 🗠 🚰 Project [C:\ProgramData\Delta Industrial Autom	ation
🚽 🚳 Device Comment & Used Device	
🔏 HWCONFIG	
CARD Utility	
🗄 🔤 Tasks	
🗄 🎒 Global Symbols	
🛱 🖬 Programs	
Prog0 [PRG,LD]	
Function Blocks	
Device Monitor Table	
APIs New	
📩 📅 🖬 Loon Cont	
(1)	$\overline{\mathbf{N}}$
	/

Right-click Device Monitoring Table in the project management area, and click New.

Type a table name in the Add Monitor Table dialog box, and then click OK. An item appears under Device Monitor Table in the project management area. Double-click the item to open the monitoring table. You can create several monitoring tables in the project, and the monitoring tables are saved with the project.



After you double-click the item, a item monitoring window appears. You can add items to be monitored to the window. To add an item to the window, double-click the blank space in the monitoring table, type a device name, type a start address, and the number of devices to be monitored in the **Device Monitor Input** dialog box. You can add up to 100 items to a monitoring table.



Press Insert on the keyboard to switch between inserting and replacing an item in the monitoring table. The selected mode displays in the status bar in ISPSoft.

If you select insert mode, the new item is added above the selected item in the monitoring table. If you select replacement mode, the new item overwrites the selected item in the monitoring table.



To hide certain columns in the monitoring table, right-click the monitoring table, point to **Set the Fields**, and clear certain items. After you clear an item, the corresponding column disappears.



Column	Description
Source	Source of a symbol
Identifier	Identifier of a symbol
Device name	Name of a monitored device
Status	State of a monitored bit device or a contact (ON or OFF).
Data type	Data type of a monitored symbol.
Value (16 bits)	In online mode, displays a 16-bit value.
Value (32 bits)	In online mode, displays a 32-bit value.
Value (32-bit floating-point value)	In online mode, displays a 32-bit floating-point number.
Value (64-bit floating-point value)	In online mode, displays a 64-bit floating-point number.
Radix	Select a format to represent a value.
Comment	Display the comments on a device or on a symbol.

The following describes the columns in the monitoring table.

After you create the monitoring table, you can monitor the items in the monitoring table in online mode. Rightclick an item in the monitoring table in online mode to display a context menu which is the same as the context menu in the program editing window. You can change the item state or the item value by clicking an item in this context menu.

Object	Identifiers	Device Name	Status	Dat	a Type	Value (16bits)	Value (32bits)	Float	Float (64bits)	Radix	Comment
		M0								-	RUNNING
		M1			Set On					-	COMPLETE
		M2			Set Off					-	ERROR
		X0.0		)					-	START_BUTTON	
		X0.1			Force	•	,			-	STOP_BUTTON
		X0.2			Change	Present Value				-	IN_POSITION 1
		X0.3			Monito	r Radix 🔹				-	IN_POSITION 2
		X0.4			Rising-edge Trigger Falling-edge Trigger		-			-	CNT_SENSOR
		Y0.0							-	CONVEYER	
		Y0.1							-	TRIG_SIGNAL 1	
		Y0.2			Delete	Del				-	TRIG_SIGNAL 2
				9	Select A Select S	11 Ctrl+A ymbols					

You can text and debug the program you created in this chapter through the monitoring table you created in this section. Refer to Chapter 18 in the ISPSoft User Manual for more information about testing and debugging a program.

## 6.7 Setting a Real-time Clock

After you connect an AS Series CPU module to a computer, you can set the real-time clock in the CPU module through ISPSoft.

(1) On the Tools menu, click Set RTC.



(2) Select **Computer**, and then click **Synchronize** to complete setting the real time clock.



OK ]

MEMO
# 7

# Chapter 7 Memory Card

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7

# 7.1 Overview of Memory Cards

The AS Series CPU modules support standard MicroSD cards that meet the specifications in this chapter. This chapter describes the specifications and usage for the MicroSD cards supported by the AS series CPU modules.

# 7.1.1 Appearances of Memory Cards

SD cards are classified into three types according to size: SD cards, MiniSD cards, and MicroSD cards. AS Series CPU modules support MicroSD cards.



# 7.1.2 Memory Card Specifications

SD cards are also classified into three types according to capacity: SD cards, SDHC cards, and SDXC cards. The AS Series currently only supports a maximum of 32GB in FAT32 format. SD card families are shown in the table below. The Micro SDHC in the SDHC column indicates the specifications supported by the AS Series. Be sure to purchase products that meet these specifications.

• SD card families

Туре	SD		SDHC		S	DXC
Capacity	32MB~2GB		4GB~32GB		320	B~2TB
File system	FAT16/FAT32	FAT32		exFAT	( FAT64 )	
Size	SD	SDHC	Mini SDHC	Micro SDHC	SDXC	Micro SDXC
Speed class rating	N/A	CLASS 2 (Min. 2MB/Sec.) CLASS 4 (Min. 4MB/Sec.) CLASS 6 (Min. 6MB/Sec.) CLASS 10 (Min. 10MB/Sec.)		CLASS 4 (I CLASS 6 (I	Min. 2MB/Sec.) Min. 4MB/Sec.) Min. 6MB/Sec.) Min. 10MB/Sec.)	

# 7.2 Before using a Memory Card

# 7.2.1 Formatting a Memory Card

You may need to format a new SDHC memory card with the FAT32 file system before you use it for the first time. You cannot use an unformatted SDHC memory card in an AS Series CPU module.

The following example introduces the most common way to format an SDHC card: formatting an SDHC card through a card reader. Also carefully read the documents provided by the SDHC card manufacturer.

Mhen you format a memory card, you also delete all the data in the memory card. Verify whether you need to back up the data in a memory card before you format the memory card.

- (1) Insert the SDHC card into a card reader. The operating system detects a new storage device.
- (2) Right-click the new storage device, and then click Format.
- (3) You must format the memory card with the FAT32 file system. Do not change any other default settings. Click Quick Format, and then click Start.
- (4) After you click **OK** in the warning window, the SDHC card formats.

# 7.3 Installing and Removing a Memory Card

# 7.3.1 Memory Card Slot in a CPU Module

The memory card slot is on the front side of the AS Series PLC.



# 7.3.2 Installing a Memory Card

Insert a memory card into the CPU module memory card slot and push it in until it clicks. Be sure the memory card is fixed firmly in the slot; if the memory card is loose, it is not installed correctly. The memory card can only be inserted in one direction. Do not force the memory card or you may damage the CPU module. The following example uses AS300 Series PLC CPU to show you a correct way to insert the memory card.



# 7.3.3 Removing a Memory Card

Remove a memory card by pushing it in and the card then springs from the slot. (uses AS300 as an example)



# 7.4 Memory Card Contents

# 7.4.1 Initializing a Memory Card

When you insert an SDHC card into a CPU module that is powered on, and use ISPSoft -> CARD Utility to back up a project, the system initializes the SDHC card, and creates a default folder named according to the model of the CPU module. (If the folder is already existed, the system does not create a second folder for the same model.)

When the system initializes an SDHC card, it automatically adds any missing folders to the directory structure. However, if the initialization of a SDHC card fails, you cannot initialize the SDHC card again until you reformat it.

When you initialize a memory card, the SYSTEM indicator in the software blinks.

# 7.4.2 Folder Structure in a Memory Card

The image below shows the default folder group created by an AS System. The folder name is AS100/200/300. Several subfolders are contained inside the AS100/200/300 folder. Related files created by you and the AS system are stored in the subfolders.



Folder	Description
Firmware	Stores firmware files (.ext)
	You can store firmware file here for a firmware upgrade; after that use
	the USB port on the computer to connect to the USB port of the AS
	Series PLC CPU for a firmware upgrade.
Log	Stores Log files (.log)
SysDup	Stores backup files (.dup)
UserProg	Stores device memory files (.txt, .dmd, .csv)
DevMem, Setup	Reserved for the system use

# 7.5 Introduction to the CARD Utility

The AS Series CPU modules include SDHC slots, and you can back up and restore PLC CPU data with a memory card. ISPSoft includes the CARD Utility for the AS Series CPU modules. With this utility, you can back up and restore data in an AS Series CPU module or backup and restore an ISPSoft project. The backup can include the program code, parameter settings, hardware configuration, network configuration, and the values in the latched area in an AS series CPU module. Refer to AS Series Manuals for more information about the specifications and usage of SDHC cards with AS Series CPU modules.

For AS Series PLC CPU firmware V1.08.20 or previous versions, the PLC CPU backs up and restores the following data:

- Programs includes PLC execution code, PLC programs, project password, and PLC ID.
- Parameters includes HWCONFIG settings, configurations of CPU module and modules, data exchange table, and positioning planning table.
- Retainable data includes device setting range, values in retainable devices.

Note: Ethernet/IP and CANopdn DS301 data exchange tables created by the network planning tool cannot be backed up or restored.

For AS Series PLC CPU firmware V1.10.00 or later versions, the PLC CPU backs up and restores the abovementioned data and the following data:

- User Language C execution code
- Device default value table
- E-CAM table
- Data Logger parameters
- Ethernet/IP Tag
- Ethernet/IP data exchange table
- OPC UA Tag
- IOLINK device parameters of AS04SIL
- CANopen DS301 data exchange table

NOTE: if the backup file created by the PLC CPU whose firmware is different from the one you are going to perform restoring, things will be like one of the followings:

\* Backing up on the older firmware version of the PLC CPU and restoring to a later firmware version of the PLC CPU: Backup file can be restored on the later firmware version of the PLC.

\* Backing up on the later firmware version of the PLC CPU and restoring to an older firmware version of the PLC CPU: Backup file can NOT be restored on the older firmware version of the PLC. It is suggested to upgrade the PLC firmware or use a backup file created by the same firmware version of the PLC CPU to perform restoring.

The list below describes the functions supported by the CARD Utility, including a flowchart.

- If you export data from an AS Series CPU module as a backup file (\*.dup), you can save the exported data in the memory card in the module or in a folder on the computer. You can also decide whether to back up the values in the devices in the AS Series CPU module.
- If you export an ISPSoft project for an AS Series CPU module as a backup file (\*.dup), you can only save the exported ISPSoft project in a folder in the computer. You can see data such as register editing (\*.dvl), device status editing (\*.dvb), file register editing (\*.wft) for the AS Series as values in the device and back them up. You can put a memory card with the backup file into the AS series CPU module. You can copy a backup file (\*.dup) saved on the computer into the AS series CPU module connected to the computer, or restore the backup file to an ISPSoft project. If you choose to restore the backup file to an ISPSoft project, the system automatically skips the values in the devices and the hardware configuration in the backup file.
- If you restore the backup file (\*.dup) from the PC to an ISPSoft project for an AS Series CPU module, you can also restore data such as register editing (\*.dvl), device status editing (\*.dvb), and file register editing (\*.wft) for the AS Series.



Double-click **CARD Utility** in the project management area to open the **CARD Utility** wizard. After selecting the controller type, click "Next" to proceed.







7

# 7.6 Backing Up a Project

If the backup source or backup destination is an AS Series CPU module or memory card, make sure that ISPSoft is connected to the AS Series CPU module. During backup, the CPU LED and Error LED blinks alternatively and SM452 flag is ON. After the backup is done, the CPU LED and Error LED stops blinking and SM452 flag is OFF. Refer to Section 2.4 in the ISPSoft User Manual for more information.

(1) Select the Backup (To DUP File) option button in the CARD Utility wizard and then click Next.



- (2) Select a backup source, and then click Next.
  - a. If you select the CPU (Need Connection), the backup file is stored in the memory card.



b. If you select the **ISP Project (Compiled and saved)**, the backup file is stored in your computer. Click and select an isp file in the **Open** dialog box. If the program in the isp file selected is not compiled, a message appears when you back up the isp file. Open the isp file with ISPSoft, compile the program in the isp file, and then save the isp file. After the program in the isp file is compiled, you can back up the isp file.

CARD Utility	×
Help <u>T</u> ools	-
TRUEL	CARD Utility - Backup
मन्त्रा	Please choose the backup source.
	🌣 CPU (Need Connection)
	ISP Project (Compiled and saved)     C: PRJ_0.isp
	<back next=""></back>
	USB, [USB: COM7]

(3) After you select CPU (Need Connection) / ISP Project (Compiled and saved), click Next, a. If you select the CPU (Need Connection), a prompted window appears. And you need to decide whether to back up the values in devices on the AS Series CPU module that is connected to ISPSoft.

CARD Utility	×
<u>H</u> elp <u>T</u> ools	
TRUSIN	CARD Utility - Backup
	Please choose the option when backup from CPU.
	Include Devices
	C Exclude Devices
	<back next=""></back>
111	USB, [USB: COM7]

b. If you select the **ISP Project (Compiled and saved)**, the backup file is stored in your computer. Click and select an isp file in the **Open** dialog box and then decide the file path where you'd like to store the backup file in your computer and then define its file name.

CARD Utility	×
Help <u>T</u> ools	
TUDIU	CARD Utility - Backup
Hoff!	Please choose the destination.
	C Memory Card (PLC side) \SysDup\AUTOEXEC.dup
ń.	PC (DUP File)     C: Program Files (x86) Delta Industrial Au
The state	<back next=""></back>
	USB, [USB: COM7]

- (4) Select a backup destination. If the backup source is an ISPSoft project, the backup destination must be a computer.
  - a. If you select **Memory Card (PLC Side)**, the filename of the backup file is **AUTOEXEC.dup**, and the backup file paths for AS100, AS200 and AS300 are shown below.

AS100: Root directory of the memory card\SDCard\PLC CARD\AS100\SysDup\AUTOEXEC.dup AS200: Root directory of the memory card\SDCard\PLC CARD\AS200\SysDup\AUTOEXEC.dup AS300: Root directory of the memory card\SDCard\PLC CARD\AS300\SysDup\AUTOEXEC.dup

CARD Utility	×
<u>H</u> elp <u>T</u> ools	
TRUTAL	CARD Utility - Backup
- वर्ग	Please choose the destination.
	<ul> <li>Memory Card (PLC side)</li> <li>SysDup\AUTOEXEC.dup</li> </ul>
	© PC (DUP File) C: Program Files (x86)\Delta Industrial Au
	<back next=""></back>
	USB, [USB: COM7]

b. If you select PC (DUP File), click .
select a folder in the Save in list in the Save As dialog box, and type a filename in the File name box. When you select the backup source for the ISPSoft Project, set the PLC password. You can set the password to be the same as the Project password, set a new PLC password, or not set a PLC password. If you do not set a password for the Project, the PLC password is also not set. When you select Setting new PLC password, the wizard looks like the following image. And you can set new PLC password and number of the attempt times.

CARD Utility	×
Help <u>T</u> ools	
TU.	CARD Utility - Setting PLC Password
TOT	Setting the PLC password
	Same with Project password.
	(if Project password is not set, then PLC password neither.)
	C Setting new PLC password.
	○ Not setting PLC password.
The state	<back next=""></back>
(m.)	USB, [USB: COM7]

(5) After that you can see the summary. Make sure that the summary in the **CARD Utility** wizard is consistent with the data backup you want to perform, and then click **Execute**.

CARD Utility	×
<u>H</u> elp <u>T</u> ools	
HUT I	CARD Utility - Summary
ita i	Function Backup
ίΩτιν	Source CPU
100	Destination Memory Card (PLC side)
	Backup Content
	<back execute<="" td=""></back>
1	USB, [USB: COM7]

(6) The AS Series CPU module still performs the data backup even if you click Cancel. You can turn off the AS Series CPU module to stop the data backup; however, the backup file produced is not a complete backup file, and you must delete the backup file from the memory card.

If you select **Memory Card (PLC Side)**, the filename of the backup file is **AUTOEXEC.dup**, and the backup file path is **Root directory of the memory card\AS300\SysDup\AUTOEXEC.dup**. If there is an old backup file in the memory card, the **Warning** message appears. Click **Replace**, **Archive**, or **Cancel** in the Warning message.

Warning	X	]
<u> </u>	AUTOEXEC.dup.dup already exists. Please select a way to deal with the problem.	
	1. Replace: The data in the existing file is overwritten directly.	
	2. Archive: After the original AUTOEXEC.dup file is archived, the current backup data is saved as the AUTOEXEC.dup file. (The file archived is named yymmddnn.dup. yy is the year, mm is the month, dd is the data, and nn is the serial number on that day)	
	3. Cancel: The system backup is cancelled.	
	Replace Archive Cancel	

If the backed up data is protected by passwords, these passwords are also backed up.

Data backup	Description
CPU module → Memory card	The backed up data includes the PLC ID and the PLC password set in the CPU module.
ISPSoft project → Computer	The backed up data includes the program ID and the project password set in the ISPSoft project.

(7) After you perform the data backup, click Home or Close in the CARD Utility wizard.

# 7.7 Restoring a Project

If the restoration source or restoration destination is an AS Series CPU module or memory card, make sure that ISPSoft is connected to the AS Series CPU module. During restoration, the CPU LED and Error LED blinks alternatively and SM452 flag is ON. After restoration is done, the CPU LED and Error LED stops blinking and SM452 flag is OFF. Refer to Section 2.4 in the ISPSoft User Manual for more information.

(1) Select Restore (From DUP File) in the CARD Utility wizard and then click Next.

CARD Utility	×
Help <u>T</u> ools	
TUPLI	CARD Utility - Main Function
	Which function do you want to select?
	C Backup (To DUP File)
-	Restore (From DUP File)
	<back next=""></back>
(m. )	USB, [USB: COM7]

- (2) Select a restoration source, click <u>u</u> and then select a backup file to be restored.
  - a. If you select **Memory Card (PLC side) (Need Connection)**, the backup files in the memory card display in a window after you click . Double-click a backup file in the window to choose it.





b. If you select PC (Need Connection), the backup files in the PC display in a window after you click
 . Double-click a backup file in the window to choose it.

CARD Utility	×
<u>H</u> elp <u>T</u> ools	
TUDIU	CARD Utility - Restore
्राच्यी ।	Please choose the restore source.
	C Memory Card (PLC side) (Need Connection) SDCard/PLC CARD/AS300/SysDup
	PC (DUP File)
	C:\Program Files (x86)\Delta Industrial Au
	<back next=""></back>
(m.)	USB, [USB: COM7]

2			×
Name	Size	Туре	Modified Time
AUTOEXEC.dup	202 KB	DUP File	2000/1/1上午 03:13:16
•			

- (3) Select a restoration destination, and then click **Next**.
  - a. To put the selected backup file into the AS Series CPU module, select CPU (Need Connection). If the restoration source is the CPU (Need Connection), the restoration destination must be the AS Series CPU module.



b. If you select **ISP Project**, click ..., and then specify a filename and a path. If the path specified point to a file that already exists, the file is overwritten when you restore the data.

CARD Utility	×
<u>H</u> elp <u>T</u> ools	
TRUNI	CARD Utility - Restore
नगर्ग ।	Please choose the destination.
	C CPU (Need Connection)
	(* ISP Project
	C:\PRJ_0\PRJ_0.isp
	USB, [USB: COM7]

(4) Make sure that the summary in the **CARD Utility** wizard is consistent with the data restoration you want to perform and then click **Execute**.

CARD Utility	×
Help <u>T</u> ools	
TURI	CARD Utility - Summary
	Function Restore Source SDCard\PLC CARD\AS300\SysDup\AU Destination CPU
	<back execute<="" td=""></back>
	USB, [USB: COM7]

If you click **Cancel** in the process of restoring data to the AS Series CPU module, the data is not completely restored. The AS Series CPU module still performs the data restoration even if you click **Cancel** in the process of restoring a backup file in the memory card. You can turn off the AS Series CPU module to stop the data restoration from being performed. To prevent the AS Series CPU module from operating incorrectly, restore the AS Series CPU module to the factory setting, or perform the data restoration again.

The restoration source or restoration destination may contain a password and an ID. The following table describes the password and the ID process.

Data restoration	Description
	a. The ID in the backup file must be the same as the ID in the CPU module;
	otherwise the data is not restored.
	b. If there is a PLC password in the CPU module, the password in the backup
Memory card	file must be the same as the PLC password in the CPU module. Otherwise
→ PU module	the data is not restored.
	c. If there is no PLC password in the CPU module, and there is a password in
	the backup file, the system restores the data, and the password in the backup
	file becomes the PLC password in the CPU.
Computer→	The ID and the password in the backup file become the program ID and the
ISPSoft project project password in the ISPSoft project.	

(5) After you perform the data restoration, click Home or Close in the CARD Utility wizard.

# 7.8 Restoration Starts Once CPU is supplied with Power

When the backup file in the memory card is consistent with the specific path and file name, the CPU can perform restoration once it is supplied with power. During restoration, the CPU LED and Error LED blinks alternatively and SM452 flag is ON. After restoration is done, the CPU LED and Error LED stops blinking and SM452 flag is OFF.

### **Operation Steps:**

- (1) Set up the backup file path and file name for the memory card backup file. The filename of the backup file is BACKUP.dup and the backup file paths for AS100, AS200 and AS300 are shown below.
   AS100: Memory card root directory\SDCard\PLC CARD\AS100\SysDup\AS200 BACKUP.dup AS200: Memory card root directory\SDCard\PLC CARD\AS200\SysDup\AS200 BACKUP.dup AS300: Memory card root directory\SDCard\PLC CARD\AS300\SysDup\AS300 BACKUP.dup Insert the memory card into the card slot when the CPU power is off.
- (2) When the CPU power is on, it automatically checks if the memory card data is consistent with the PLC data. If not, the restoration begins. The data check is specifically on the data in CPU programs and HWCONFIG parameters.
- (3) During the restoration, the CPU LED and Error LED blinks alternatively. Once the restoration is done, the blinking stops.

# 7.9 CPU Error Log

The system stores CPU error messages in the memory card whenever the quantity of the error messages reached to 20. You can also use special flag SM36 and special device SR36 to read the CPU error messages and state change logs. If there is error logs recorded in the memory card, the memory card keeps storing the error logs. You can change the file path to store other error logs or change the file name to store other error logs.

Special Device	Function Code Description	
SR36	<ul><li>a. when the value is 0, it indicates there is no recording.</li><li>b. when the value is 1234, it indicates the logs are stored in the memory card.</li><li>c. when the value is 3456, it indicates the error logs and state change logs are stored in the memory card.</li></ul>	

Operation Steps to read CPU error logs and state change logs:

Make sure the memory card is in the slot before reading the CPU error logs and state change logs.

- Set SM36 to ON and the value in SR36 to 1234 or 3456 to read the CPU error logs and state change logs.
- (2) The root directory path of the memory card for the error log is

AS100: Memory card root directory\SDCard\PLC CARD\AS100\Log\Error.log

AS200: Memory card root directory\SDCard\PLC CARD\AS200\Log\Error.log

### AS300: Memory card root directory\SDCard\PLC CARD\AS300\Log\Error.log

Use ISPSoft to read the error logs. ISPSoft Tools -> Review Error Log File -> Open Log File

The root directory path of the memory card for the status log is

# AS100: Memory card root directory\SDCard\PLC CARD\AS100\Log\STATUS.log

# AS200: Memory card root directory\SDCard\PLC CARD\AS200\Log\STATUS.log

### AS300: Memory card root directory\SDCard\PLC CARD\AS300\Log\STATUS.log

(3) Use ISPSoft to read the status logs. ISPSoft Tools -> Review Error Log File -> Open Log File

# 8

# Chapter 8 Hardware Configuration and Data Exchange Setups

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# 8.1 Hardware Configuration Tool for AS Series Modules -HWCONFIG

This section uses ISPSoft for demonstration. For DIADesigner operation, refer to Chapter 6 from DIADesigner software manual.

HWCONFIG is a built-in hardware configuration tool in ISPSoft. You can configure CPU and module parameters, download/upload parameters, detect a hardware configuration online, and make a diagnosis through HWCONFIG. The examples used below are from HWCONFIG 4.0 (ISPSoft V3.11). Refer to previous versions of ISPSoft Manual or AS Series Operation Manual for the operation examples on the previous versions of HWCONFIG.

### You must download all parameters set in HWCONFIG to the CPU module for them to take effect.

The data exchange area set in HWCONFIG for modules cannot be used repeatedly for other communication data and vise versa.

# 8.1.1 Introduction of the HWCONFIG Environment

In ISPSoft, double-click **HWCONFIG** in the project management area to start **HWCONFIG**.



	Davke (A1224HT-A)				Profuct Liz
CR	🗄 Reart Configuration 📰 Show Information	an 式 (nput/Olitait Dr	wee Romange	1 Renze 2, 2, 109%	Enter text to search
Test_Project	Remarks:				Preduet
				Toda toda tism "Day Desk Bogs" diga Deve Br Oru Alexan Carl Alexan (Second Carl Alexan Second Carl Alexan Carl Ale	A5-7232 A5-7432 A5-7430 A5-72AD A5-72AD A5-72DA A5-740094 A5-740094
	LCC A M				the second second second
	General Data Exchange			Handware Configuration	the second second second
		Device Information	Normal Sunhange Area		- Bogtal I/O Module
	General Data Exchange		Norma Bushanga Anta Asspect A		- Digital (v) Rodule Assessment A Assessment A Assessment A
	General Data Exchange AS324MT-A	Device Nime	83269LA		- Digital (vo Module ASDRAMCON A ASDRAMCIN A ASDRAMCIN A ASDRAMCIN A
	General Data Exchange #S32441T-A = System settings	Device Nime	AS324/11-A AS324/11 CPL Polyin, 128/5746, 1201, 120200/F, -4993 balt in USA, 156-914, 16645342 Holds Convert Consumption: (httms/15/30-94, Conternal/Devia Marchine Care Convertions), 1611-1946, 1812-1946, 8		- Digital (yo Reduk Assessment Fra Assessment Fra Assessment Fra
	General Deta Exchange PS2244T-A = System settings CONS Port Setting	Device Nime	AS324911-A AS324911-A Heidale Queet Conjunction, 1200, 1200(097, 4499) bait in USB, Ethernet & ISS40042 Heidale Queet Conjunction: Celaminit Scinic, Casternal KinA		- Digital (vo Recule Addavrice A Addavrice A Addavrice A Addavrice A Addavrice A Addavrice A Addavrice A Addavrice A
	Beneral Deta Exchange HSIZEMOT-A = System settings COHI Front Setting COH2 Front Setting	Device Nime	AS324/11-A AS324/11 CPL Polyin, 128/5746, 1201, 120200/F, -4993 balt in USA, 156-914, 16645342 Holds Convert Consumption: (httms/15/30-94, Conternal/Devia Marchine Care Convertions), 1611-1946, 1812-1946, 8		- Digital (vO Modul) ASDBAMICH A ASOBANDI T-A ASOBANDI T-A ASOBANDI T-A ASOBANDI T-A ASOBANDI T-A
	General Detta Erchange ASS24017-A - Stylem Nettoge CONLI Fort Setting CONLI Fort Setting Ethemat Fort Back Setting	Device Nime	AS324/11-A AS324/11 CPL Polyin, 128/5746, 1201, 120200/F, -4993 balt in USA, 156-914, 16645342 Holds Convert Consumption: (httms/15/30-94, Conternal/Devia Marchine Care Convertions), 1611-1946, 1812-1946, 8		- Digital (vo Recule Addavrice A Addavrice A Addavrice A Addavrice A Addavrice A Addavrice A Addavrice A Addavrice A
	Grania Data Sichanga Ast22407-A Sixilem kettoga OOHI Fint Satting OOH2 Fint Satting Collever Sectors Ethernet: Pott Advanced Satting Ethernet: Pott Advanced Satting	Device Nime	AS324/11-A AS324/11 CPL Polyin, 128/5746, 1201, 120200/F, -4993 balt in USA, 156-914, 16645342 Holds Convert Consumption: (httms/15/30-94, Conternal/Devia Marchine Care Convertions), 1611-1946, 1812-1946, 8		- Digital (vo Recule Addavrice A Addavrice A Addavrice A Addavrice A Addavrice A Addavrice A Addavrice A Addavrice A



- **1** Window Title: Here shows the current project name and the program name.
- **2** Tool Bar: There are 6 tabs on the tool bar.
- **B** Project Tree: Tree-structured projects for easier management
- **4** Output Message Section: Here shows project related information.
- **5** Status Bar: Here shows the connection status and the communication parameters.
- **6** Hardware Configuration Area: You can set up hardware configuration here.
- **6** Edit Area: You can set up parameters for PLC CPU and modules.
- **8 Product list**: Available hardware is listed in the catalog.

8

# 8.1.2 Configuring a Module

# 8.1.2.1 Adding a Module

### Method 1

Double-click the module you want to add in the project or select it from the Product List and drag that module to the



### • Method 2

(1) Double-click a vacant slot or right-click the slot and choose Add.



(2) Double-click the selected module to add. You can repeat these two steps to add more modules in.





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### • Method 3

In the **Product List** section, double-click the selected module or select the desired module and press **Enter** on the keyboard to add the selected module in the hardware configuration area.





### • Add More Modules at the Same Time

In the **Product List** section, right-click the selected module that you need for more than one, and you will see the context menu showing three options **Expand AII**, **Collapse AII**, and **Add Multiple**. Click **Add Multiple**, and then an Add Multiple Modules (your desired module name) window appears, use the up and down arrows to increase or decrease the quantity number that you need and then click **OK** to confirm the setting.



## 8.1.2.2 Replacing the Module

The following steps show you how to replace the module.

(1) Select and right-click the module for replacement in Hardware Configuration area or from CPU Group



(2) Choose Replace on the context menu. After that you can see two different types of replacements for selection,Same Type and All Type.



### > Same Type

Replace only the selected module with the same type module. The new module **Input/Output Device Range** will be the same, while other parameters may return to system defaults if they cannot be matched.

≻ All

Replace selected module to be any type of module. The result is similar to deleting the original module by adding a new one, so the new module **Input/Output Device Range** will be re-configured and other parameter settings will also return to system defaults.

(3) Once the replace type is selected, the Module Selection window appears with modules available for the selected replace type. Double click or select the module you want to replace with and click OK.





# 8.1.2.3 Rearrange Module Position by Drag and Drop

Except CPU modules, you can drag and drop all module graphics in Hardware Configuration area to rearrange their positions.

AS Series PLC is non-backplane designed. When the module is dragged to a position between two modules, a red arrow mark appears indicating the position where the module will be after dropping.



\* When rearranging the module position, the input/output device range, comment, internal parameters, corresponding device D and advanced parameters for intelligent modules are also rearranged with the module.

# 8.1.2.4 Remarks and Comments

### • Remarks for the project

Click **Remarks** field on the top of the **Hardware Configuration** area and a blank box appears for you to leave remarks for the project. After typing the remarks, press **Enter** on the keyboard or click **Close** to save the remarks.



# • Comments for PLC CPU and Modules

Click the module graphic and you can see its details in the Edit Area. You can leave comments for the PLC CPU and Modules. After typing the comments, it saves the comments automatically.



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# 8.1.2.5 Hardware Configuration Area – Reset Configuration

Use the functional button Reset Configuration to set the PLC configurations back to default values.



# 8.1.2.6 Hardware Configuration Area – Show Information

Device 0 (AS324MT-A)

Reset Configuration

Remarks:

Image: Im

Use the functional button **Show Information** to show / hide the hardware configurations.

# 8.1.2.7 Hardware Configuration Area – Input / Output Device Rearrange

Use the functional button **Input / Output Device Rearrange** to rearrange the device ranges and assign the devices to the very beginning of the range.

Dutput Device R	learrange	Resize	B Q 74% -
-			
Group_1			4
Module	Module Name	Input Device Range	Output Device Range
Remote	AS00SCM-A	D29900 - D29909 ···	D29910 - D29919
	AS-FCOPM		
1	AS08AM10N-A	X3.0 - X3.7	
2	AS08AN01T-A		Y5.0 - Y5.7 ·
3	AS16AM10N-A	X4.0 - X4.15	
4	AS16AP11T-A	X5.0 - X5.7	Y6.0 - Y6.7
	Group_1 Module Remote 1 2 3	Module         Module Name           Remote         AS00SCM-A           AS-FCOPM           1         AS08AM10N-A           2         AS08AN01T-A           3         AS16AM10N-A	Group_1 Module Module Name Input Device Range Remote AS00SCM-A D29900 - D29909 ···· AS-FCOPM 1 AS08AM10N-A X3.0 - X3.7 ···· 2 AS08AN01T-A 3 AS16AM10N-A X4.0 - X4.15

	$\checkmark$					
Gr	oup_1			ц		
1	Module	Module Name	Input Device Range	Output Device Range		
	Remote	AS00SCM-A	D29000 - D29009	D29010 - D29019		
		AS-FCOPM				
	1	AS08AM10N-A	X1.0 - X1.7			
	2	AS08AN01T-A		Y1.0 - Y1.7		
	3	AS16AM10N-A	X2.0 - X2.15			
	4	AS16AP11T-A	X3.0 - X3.7	Y2.0 - Y2.7		

### 8.1.2.8 Assigning I/O Addresses

The AS Series does not support manually assigned addresses. Addresses are automatically assigned to an input/output module through HWCONFIG in ISPSoft. You assign a start address to the first remote module installed on the right side of the I/O module slot (SCM module). The following I/O module is automatically assigned with the next address. For remote module configuration, refer to Section 8.1.2.9 for more details.

The following table shows the addresses (devices) that are automatically assigned to an input/output module through HWCONFIG in ISPSoft. Refer to the following table to see the actual allowable range for program design, while editing a PLC program. Below, local indicates the IO module is connected on the right side of the CPU and Remote indicates the IO module is connected on the right side of remote module.

Module type device range		D device range	Remark
	Input points:		Data device number will not be
Disital madula	X1.0 ~ X63.15	Local: D28000 ~ D28999	shown; it is only for PLC internal use.
Digital module		Remote: D29000 ~ D29999 <sup>#1</sup>	Maximum points in total: 1024 points.
(DIO)	Output points:	Each module takes 20 devices.	For modules with less than 16 points,
	Y1.0 ~ Y63.15		they will be counted as 16 points.
		Local: D28000 ~ D28999	
Analog module	N/A	Remote: D29000 ~ D29999 <sup>#1</sup>	Up to 16 AIO modules are
(AIO)		Each module takes 20 devices.	configurable.
Positioning		Local: D28000 ~ D28999	
module (PIO)	N/A	PU module takes 40 devices.	Up to 8 PIO modules are configurable
		HC module takes 20 devices.	locally, but not available remotely.
		Local: D28000 ~ D28999	Up to 4 NIO modules are
		Remote: D29000 ~ D29999 <sup>#1</sup>	configurable locally. SCM module can
		Each module takes 20 devices.	be used as remote module but not on
Network	D)		the right-side of the remote module.
module (NIO)		Communication data area:	DNET modules can only be
		D26000 ~ D27599	connected locally.
		Each module takes 400 devices.	SIL modules can either be used
			locally or remotely.

Note: #1: the remote module itself also takes 20 devices.

# 8.1.2.9 Hardware Configuration Area - Change Input Device Range of the Remote Modules

Click the remote module and then you can see ... in the column of Input Device Range. Double-click it to see the



# 8.1.2.10 Hardware Configuration Area - Resize

Use the functional buttons , or 100% to rearrange the size of the device images in Hardware Configuration Area. Use Resize to set the display of the configuration area back to its default values

(shown at 100% and in the center).



### 8.1.2.11 Edit Area – Import and Export

You can import/export the module parameters in .dep format. Click the **Import** button and then choose a file to import. Click the **Export** button and then choose a path and enter a file name for the exported file. Click the **Import** button to import. When importing, the system checks if the file format and the module name are matched. If not, an error message shows up. If the addresses of the imported data device are already taken, the addresses will be assigned to other available addresses.

Edit Are	ea		53 4
			Hardware Configuration
Gener	al Data Exchange		
- AS	04AD-A	Device Information	n Normal Exchange Area
	format	Device Name	AS04AD-A
	CH1~CH4 Mode setting		4 channels 16 bits analog input : -10~+10V, 0~10V, -5~+5V, 0/1~5V, 0/4~20 mA,, -20mA~20 mA conversion time = 2ms/channel
	CH1~CH4 Calibration		Module Current Consumption: (internal)50mA, (external)90mA Module width: 35mm
	average filter	Comment	
samplin			
	Chann t and Alarm settings		
		4	+
D	efault Import	Export	Update
# 8.1.2.12 Edit Area – Update

To update the module parameters, first you need to be in the online mode. Select the module that you want to update its parameters and then click the **Update** button. This functionality is only available for digital IO modules, analog IO modules and network modules.



Edit Area				53 A
			Hardware (	Configuration
General Data Exchange Diagnosis				
- AS04AD-A	Device Information	Normal Exchange Area		
format	Device Name A	ISO4AD-A		<b>^</b>
CH1~CH4 Mode setting	n	channels 16 bits analog input : -10~+10V, 0~10V, -5~+5V, 0/1~5V, 0/4~20 mA,, -20 mA conversion time = 2ms/channel	nA~20 ▲	
CH1~CH4 Calibration	M	Iodule Current Consumption: (internal)50mA, (external)90mA Iodule width: 35mm	-	
average filter	Comment		<b></b>	
sampling time				
Channel Detect and Alarm settings			-	-
Default Import	Export	Jpdate		,

# 8.1.2.13 Show or Hide the Display

Click or to hide the display area and after that only its tab remains shown. Move your cursor to the tab to have the hidden display area shown. Click to pin and lock the display area to keep it shown.

## 8.1.2.14 Module State and Diagnosis

To check the module state and diagnosis, first you need to be in the online mode. Right-click the module that you want to check its module state and diagnosis and then a context menu appears.



Edit /	Area						53 <b>4</b>
							Hardware Configuration
Ger	neral	Data Exchange	Diagnosis				
÷ (	<b>3</b> R	tefresh 蘭 Delete	e All				
				Current Err	or Log		
		Group Number	Module Number	Module Name	Error Code	Date & Time	Description
+		1	1	AS04AD-A	16#1801	2019/11/26 00:00:00	The external voltage is abnormal
2		1	1	AS04AD-A	16#1801	2019/11/26 00:00:00	The external voltage is abnormal

After you click Diagnosis, you can see a table with three tabs. On the Diagnosis tab, you can see the Current Error Log



## 8.1.2.15 Change Module State in Online Mode

You can change the module state in online mode.

A Before changing the module state, make sure no personnel or system will be affected.

### • Change the module operation state

Right-click the PLC CPU to see the context menu and click **Run** for the PLC CPU and module to start running (RUN LED ON) or click **Stop** for the PLC CPU and module to stop running.



## • Change the module I/O state

This functionality is only available for digital IO modules, analog IO modules and temperature modules. Right-click the module to see the context menu and click **Module State** and then you can see an IO state table shows up. For digital IO modules, you can right-click to set the input/output channel to ON or OFF, when the PLC CPU and the module are on the RUN state.

	AS04AD-A		X
AD Module State	Channel Error code	Value (Decimal) 6145	Value (Float) 0.000
PS Diagnosis			
	CH1 Input	0	0.000
	CH2 Input	0	0.000
	CH3 Input	0	0.000
	CH4 Input	0	0.000

- > Force to ON : Force to set the channel state to ON
- > Force to OFF : Force to set the channel state to OFF
- > Release : Release the selected channel from the force
- > Release all : Release all channels from the force

## 8.1.2.16 Configure a Remote Module

Drag AS-FCOPM from the Product List to the Function Card Slot 2 of the PLC CPU. After that you can set the Working Mode for the AS-FCOPM as AS Remote Communication and then you can set the quantity of the Remote Modules that you want to connect.

Device 0 (AS324MT-A)			Product List	Ą
Reset Configuration Show Information (2) Input/Output Device	Rearrange 🔓 Resize 🍭 174%		Enter text to search	Q
Remarks: ····			Product	-
		CPU Group	<ul> <li>Delta electronics, inc.</li> <li>Function Card</li> <li>AS-F232</li> <li>AS-F422</li> <li>AS-F485</li> <li>AS-F2AD</li> <li>AS-F2DA</li> <li>AS-FCOPM</li> <li>AS-FEN02</li> <li>AS-FPFN02</li> </ul>	
Choose Working Mode		×		
Please choose the working mod	le for AS-COPM:			
AS-FCOPM working mode: A	S Remote Comminucation	-		
Remote module count: 2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-		
	OK Cance			

If you set the Remote module count to 2 and click OK, you can see two remote modules connected to the PLC CPU.





You can add more digital IO modules or analog modules to the remote module.

And then you can click the module to open its configuration page to configure.





# 8.1.2.17 Open Communication Software from HWCONFIG

Right-click the PLC CPU and click **Communication Software** to see which software is available for this PLC CPU. If the software option is grayed out, you may need applicable function cards to work along with the project.



# 8.2 Setting the Parameters in an AS Series CPU Module

# 8.2.1 System Settings – System Information

In the Edit Area, select the option **System Settings** and you can find two items, **PLC Label** and **Comment** under this option. You can input up to 16 characters in the value field of **PLC Label** and 32 characters in the value field of **Comment**. You can use all in the fields, including special characters and spaces. Note: One Chinese character occupies two characters. characters

Edit Area											53 A	
										Hardwar	re Configuration	
General	Data Exchange											
- AS324	- AS324MT-A System Information											
- Sy	stem settings				Name	Value	Unit	Default	M	linimum	Maximum	
	System Information	on	•		PLC Label	Untitled		Untitled	-		-	
	System Paramete	r			Comment				-		-	
	Device Range Set	ting 🖵										
Defa	ult Imp	ort		Ex	port	odate						

After the project is created, you can find the PLC label behind the product name in the project management area. You can change the PLC label in HWCONFIG as it is mentioned above. The PLC label is very useful when you have more than one PLC in the project. This label can be seen as the PLC identity. So that you will not change other PLC parameters by mistake. To prevent errors, when you download/upload the program, the system will remind you to check the name of the PLC CPU and the PLC label.

Frajers	$\phi \gg$					Project	$\mathbf{a} \times$
📝 Device 🕅		5)	yster	n Information Name	Value	Devi Devi Used A HWG	Wsers'mienwei lu\Des ice Comment List I Device Report CONFIG 2D Utility
	AT (UntitledO)		c	PLC Label	AS_Project		24MT (AS_Project)
Program	Symbols ns n Blocks Monitor Table			Comment		⊕	AM Editor al Symbols rams tion Blocks ce Monitor Table
* Project						* Project	*

8

# 8.2.2 System Settings – System Parameter

The parameters on **System Parameter** table are shown in the following window. You can set appropriate values via a drop-down list or type the values in the box.

Edit Area							1					
	Hardv											
General Data Exchange												
- AS324MT-A	Syster	m Parameter										
<ul> <li>System settings</li> </ul>		Name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum					
System Information	•	Clear non-latched area when Stop>Run	Enable	r	Enable	-	-					
System Parameter		Y keeps outputting when Run>Stop	Off	r	Off	-	-					
Device Range Setting		I/O allocation setting when Power On	Auto	-	Auto	-	-					
Input Point Filter Time		Select Action when I/O Module Parameter with Manual CONFI	Auto update	-	Auto update	-	-					
Position Control Parameter		CPU module Stop when I/O Module No Response	Stop	r	Stop	-	-					
Daylight Saving Timing		CPU module Stop when I/O Module Occurred Error	Keep Run	r	Keep Run	-	-					
COM1 Port Setting		Setting delay time to detect I/O Module	20	0.1sec	20	20	200					
COM2 Port Setting		Non-Retain Symbol Initial Value Take Effect When Stop>Run	Disable	,	Disable	-	-	_				
Default Import	Export	Update			i							

### • Clear Non-latched area when Stop →Run

This determines whether the states and values of the non-latched devices are cleared when the PLC changes from Stop to Run.

- > Disable: All the states and values in the non-latched devices stay the same.
- > Enable: All the states and values in the non-latched devices are cleared and restored to defaults.

### • Y keeps outputting when RUN → Stop

This determines the states of the Y devices when the CPU module begins to run or stop.

- > Off: All Y devices are set to OFF.
- > Keep: The states of the Y devices stay the same.

### • I/O allocation setting when Power On

This determines whether the CPU module is automatically configured, or you configure the parameters in HWCONFIG.

- > Auto: Operates based on actual connected modules without any module and parameters set.
- Manual: You configure the parameters in HWCONFIG and PLC checks the parameters automatically once it is supplied with power.
- Manual + Flags (only I/O module of CPU module): This function is available for PLC with firmware V1.06.00 or above and you need to use ISPSoft V3.07 or above to execute this function. Firstly you can create the largest possible module allocation design and use this option along with the SM flags (refer to Chapter 2 in AS Series Programming Manual for more information on SM flags) to activate or deactivate the modules on the right-side of the PLC CPU to set up a smaller I/O application without changing the PLC program, the original I/O allocation table or its corresponding device address.

Manual + Flags (I/O module of CPU and Remote module): This function is available for PLC with firmware V1.08.50 or above and you need to use ISPSoft V3.12 or above to execute this function. Selected this option, you can control both the right-side modules of the PLC CPU and the remote modules. The operation is the same as the operation of the option above, Manual + Flags (only I/O module of CPU module). Refer to the explanation on Manual + Flags (only I/O module of CPU module) for more details.

### • Select Action when I/O Module Parameter with Manual CONFIG Different

This determines which action is taken when the actual settings are NOT the same as the parameters that you manually set when the previous setting option is set to **Manual**.

- > Auto update: the CPU module is automatically configured.
- Show error: the CPU module shows an error.

### CPU module Stop when I/O Module No Response

This determines how the CPU module and other modules react when a connected extension module is not responding.

- > Stop: the CPU module stops running and sends an error.
- > Keep Run: the CPU module and I/O modules keep running.

### • CPU module Stop when I/O Module Occurred Error

This determines how the CPU module reacts when a minor module error occurs.

- > Stop: the CPU module stops running and sends an error.
- > Keep Run: the CPU module keeps running and sends an error.

#### • Setting delay time to detect I/O Module

This sets the timing when to start detecting the connected I/O module after CPU module is power-on. Normally the CPU module detects its connected I/O module once it is supplied with power. But you can set the delay time (unit: 0.1 second) for the CPU module to postpone detecting. This function is very useful when it takes time for the supply power to be stable or when the remote I/O module is not supplied with power at the same time as the CPU module is. With a set delay time, the detection on the connected sets can be more accurate. Refer to the image below for the time frame.



- ① When the power is switched from OFF to ON, the power supply will be unsteady for a short time. During this short period of time, the CPU module and I/O module are not ready to operate normally.
- ② When the supply power for the CPU module and the I/O module is stable, the system starts to initialize for about 1 second. After that the I/O module is ready to be detected by the CPU module.
- ③ The CPU module starts to wait for the set delay time to pass. Once the delay time is up, it starts to detect the connected I/O modules locally and remotely.

It is suggested using  $\mathbb{O}$  +  $\mathbb{O}$  to set the delay time. Default delay time is 2 seconds.

### Non-Retain Symbol Initial Value Take Effect When Stop → RUN

This determines whether the states and values of the non-latched devices are restored to initial values when the PLC changes from Stop to Run.

- > Disable: All the states and values in the non-latched devices stay the same.
- Enable: All the states and values in the non-latched devices are restored to initial values when the PLC changes from Stop to Run.

#### ● Retain Symbol Initial Value Take Effect When Stop → RUN

This determines whether the states and values of the latched devices are restored to initial values when the PLC changes from Stop to Run.

> Disable: All the states and values in the latched devices stay the same.

Enable: All the states and values in the latched devices are restored to initial values when the PLC changes from Stop to Run.

### Assign X Input Point Control Run/Stop

This assigns an input point to have the CPU module run or stop.

> Disable: Run or stop the CPU module by the dip switch of the CPU module.

Enable: Run or stop the CPU module by the assigned input point, and the dip switch of the CPU module still controls the run stop state of the CPU module.

### • Select X Input Point

If you select **Enable** in the previous option, you can select one input point to control the Run or Stop state of the CPU module from the dropdown list.

### • Constant Scan Cycle Time

This sets the minimum scan cycle time.

- > **Disable**: Disables this function.
- Enable: When the actual scan cycle time is less than the setting time, the CPU module waits until the setting time is met, and then starts the next scan. When the actual scan time is longer than the setting time, the CPU module starts the next scan after the actual scan time completes.

#### • Input Constant Time

If you selected **Enable** in the previous option, you set the scan cycle time here. If the actual scan time is less than the setting time, the CPU module waits to begin the next scan until the setting time is met. If the actual scan time is larger than the setting time, the CPU module ignores the setting time and operates according to the actual scan time. If you set the scan time longer than the watchdog timeout set, a watchdog timeout occurs when the CPU module operates.

### Setting Watchdog Time

This parameter sets a timeout during which the program is scanned. The CPU module sends an error if the program execution exceeds the watchdog time.

### • Show Battery Low Voltage Error (BAT.LV)

This parameter sets whether to show an alarm when the lithium battery for the real-time clock has low voltage or is not installed in the AS Series PLC.

- > **Disable**: Disables this function.
- Enable: Enables the alarm by keeping the low voltage LED ON when the lithium battery has low voltage or is not installed.

Note: If the PLC self-checks and finds an error in the RTC, this low voltage LED will be ON, even if this option is disabled.

### • Save Error History Info

This specifies where to store the error log.

- PLC: Store error logs in the PLC. The PLC can store up to twenty error logs. If there are more than twenty error logs, the oldest error log is overwritten by the latest error log.
- PLC & SD Card: When there are more than twenty error logs, the oldest error log is backed up to the memory card before the oldest error log is overwritten in the PLC.

#### • COM Communication Error Record

This parameter sets whether to enable the error record when there is an error at the COM port.

- > **Disable**: Disables this function.
- > Enable: Enables this function and starts recording COM errors in the error log.

#### Select Action When 24Vdc Input Unstable

What to do when the 24Vdc power is unstable: When the power is unstable, this incident will be recorded in error log and SM7 will be ON.

- Continue Running when power stable: When the power is unstable for 20 to 100 ms, the AS Series PLC CPU pauses, and after the power stabilizes for at least 2 seconds, the PLC continues running.
- Into Error Status: When the power is unstable, the error LED blinks and the AS Series stops running. The voltage is unstable and the communication will also be affected. You need to cut the power off and then solve the power problem. After that you can power-on again and AS Series PLC CPU will start running. If the communication is not affected, it indicates the power is back to normal. But you still need to find out what went wrong.

#### Communication Module Refreshed Priority

- > Scan time first: Only refresh the data that is different from the original ones to save scan time.
- Synchronous Data first: Scan and refresh all the data to ensure all data are synchronized.

## • AS remote module updated method

- PLC Scan cycle first: update according to PLC program scan cycle. Whenever the instruction END is scanned, one remote module is updated.
- Update one remote module by one scan time: update one remote module at one scan time. Whenever the instruction END is scanned, one remote module is updated and its output points are outputting at the same time.
- Update all remote modules at one scan time: update all remote modules at one scan time. Whenever the instruction END is scanned, all remote modules are updated and all output points are outputting at the same time.

## • I601 Timer interrupt Setting Time Base

Sets the interval for triggering the 1601 timer interrupt. This function is used together with Timer Interrupt 0. If you need to modify the time of the I601 timer interrupt during the PLC program execution, you can use SR421 for editing.

### • I602 Timer interrupt Setting Time Base

Sets the interval for triggering the 1602 timer interrupt. This function is used together with Timer Interrupt 1. If you need to modify the time of the I601 timer interrupt during the PLC program execution, you can use SR422 for editing.

## • I603 Timer interrupt Setting Time Base

Sets the interval for triggering the 1603 timer interrupt. This function is used together with Timer Interrupt 2. If you need to modify the time of the I601 timer interrupt during the PLC program execution, you can use SR423 for editing.

## • I604 Timer interrupt Setting Time Base

Sets the interval for triggering the 1604 timer interrupt. This function is used together with Timer Interrupt 3. If you need to modify the time of the I601 timer interrupt during the PLC program execution, you can use SR424 for editing.

# 8.2.3 System Settings – Device Range Setting

General	Data Exchange					 			
- AS32	4МТ-А	1	Device	e Range Setting					
- S	ystem settings	ſ		Name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximur
	System Information		۲.	Latched D Device Start Address	20000		20000	0	29999
	System Parameter			Latched D Device End Address	23999		23999	0	29999
	Device Range Setting			Latched 16bit C Device Start Address	448		448	0	511
	Input Point Filter Time			Latched 16bit C Device End Address	511		511	0	511
	Position Control Parameter			Latched 32bit C Device Start Address	128		128	0	255
	Daylight Saving Timing			Latched 32bit C Device End Address	255		255	0	255
C	OM1 Port Setting			Latched M Device Start Address	6000		6000	0	8191
C	OM2 Port Setting			Latched M Device End Address	8191		8191	0	8191
E	thernet Port Basic Setting			Latched S Device Start Address	512		512	0	2047
+ E	thernet Port Advanced Setting			Latched S Device End Address	1023		1023	0	2047
Fu	unction Card 1 Setting			Subroutine T Device Start Address	412		412	0	511
+ Fu	+ Function Card 2 Setting			Subroutine T Device End Address	511		511	0	511

The parameters on **Device Range Setting** table are shown in the following window.

Click  $\dots$  to open the parameter dialog box to set the start and end address. In the dialog box, click **Default** to restore the setting to the default values; click **Clear** to clear the set values; click **OK** to save the values and close the dialog box; click **Cancel** to discard the setting and close the dialog box.

A Parameter Setting	×
Start Address 20000	
End Address 23999	
Default Clear	
OK Cancel	

# 8.2.4 System Settings – Input Point Filter Time

On the Input Point Filter Time page, you can set the input point filter time for each input. If the duration of the received signal time is less than the filter time setting value, it is processed as noise and filtered out. Select an appropriate filter time according to your needs.

								Hardware	Configuratio
General	Data Exchange								
- AS324	4MT-A		Inpu	t Point Filter Time					
- Sy	ystem settings			Name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
	System Information		F	X Input Point Setting Mode	Default Setting 🔹		Default Setting	-	-
	System Parameter			X0.0 Input Filter Time Setting	1	us	1	0	20000
	Device Range Setting			X0.1 Input Filter Time Setting	1	us	1	0	20000
	Input Point Filter Time			X0.2 Input Filter Time Setting	1	us	1	0	20000
	Position Control Parameter	ų		X0.3 Input Filter Time Setting	1	us	1	0	20000
	Daylight Saving Timing			X0.4 Input Filter Time Setting	1	us	1	0	20000
C	OM1 Port Setting			X0.5 Input Filter Time Setting	1	us	1	0	20000
C	OM2 Port Setting			X0.6 Input Filter Time Setting	1	us	1	0	20000
	OM1 Port Setting			X0.5 Input Filter Time Setting	1	us	1	0	

- X Input Point Filter for CPU module
  - > Default Setting: uses the default values in the input point filter.
  - > Manual Setting: uses the values you enter for the filter time for each X input point.
- X0.0–X0.15 Input Point Filter Time

If you select **Manual Setting** for the previous parameter, you can set the filter time individually for X0.0–X0.15.

# 8.2.5 System Settings – Position Control Parameter

The parameters on **Position Control Parameter** table set to specify input points as the positive and negative limits of axis 1~ axis 6 channels. 12 limit points can be set at most. Axis No. 1~6 can also be set as Z phase triggers, home function finish points and clear output selects or positive/negative limited position.

dit Area							5	3
						Hardware	Configurat	tion
General Data Exchange								
- AS324MT-A	Position Control Pa	ameter						
<ul> <li>System settings</li> </ul>		Name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum	Т
System Information	Axis 1(Y0.0	/Y0.1) Positive Limited Select	•		-	-	-	í
System Parameter	Axis 1(Y0.0	/Y0.1) Negative Limited Select	•		-	-	-	
Device Range Setting	Axis 2(Y0.2	/Y0.3) Positive Limited Select	•		-	-	-	I
Input Point Filter Time	Axis 2(Y0.2	/Y0.3) Negative Limited Select	•		-	-	-	
Position Control Parameter	Axis 3(Y0.4	/Y0.5) Positive Limited Select	•		-	-	-	
Daylight Saving Timing	Axis 3(Y0.4	/Y0.5) Negative Limited Select	•		-	-	-	
COM1 Port Setting	Axis 4(Y0.6	/Y0.7) Positive Limited Select	•		-	-	-	
COM2 Port Setting	Axis 4(Y0.6	/Y0.7) Negative Limited Select	*		-	-	-	
Default Import	Export	Update						

 Axis1 (Y0.0/Y0.1) Positive/negative Limited Select ~ Axis 6 (Y0.10/Y0.11) Positive/negative Limited Select.

Select the rising or falling edge trigger and X input point on the drop-down list.

• Axis1 (Y0.0/Y0.1) Z Phase Trigger ~ Axis6 (Y0.10/Y0.11) Z Phase Trigger

Select the rising or falling edge trigger and X input point on the drop-down list.

• Axis1 (Y0.0/Y0.1) Home Function Finish and Clear Output Select ~ Axis6 (Y0.10/Y0.11) Home Function Finish and Clear Output Select

Select the rising or falling edge trigger and X input point on the drop-down list.

 Axis1 (Y0.0/Y0.1) Positive/negative Limited Position ~ Axis6 (Y0.10/Y0.11) Positive/negative Limited Position

Set up the number of pulses as the positive or negative limited position in axis 1~6; setting range is - 2147483647 ~ 2147483647.

# 8.2.6 System Settings – Daylight Saving Timing

The parameters on **Daylight Saving Timing** table are used to enable or disable the function of daylight saving time and set the date when the daylight saving is conducted. The clock will automatically set the daylight saving time in advance based on the period of time set after the function is enabled.

Edit Area								53 <b>4</b>
						H	ardware Co	nfiguration
General Data Exchange								
- AS324MT-A	Da	ayligh	t Saving Timing					
<ul> <li>System settings</li> </ul>			Name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
System Information	•		Disable/Enable D.S.T Function	Disable 🔹		Disable	-	-
System Parameter			start date month	4		4	3	5
Device Range Setting			start date day	1		1	1	31
Input Point Filter Time			end date month	10		10	9	11
Position Control Parameter			end date day	1		1	1	31
Daylight Saving Timing			saving time	60	min.	60	1	180
COM1 Port Setting	,							
Default Import	Ехро	ort	Update					

### Disable/Enable D.S.T Function

The parameter sets to enable or disable daylight saving time.

#### Start date- month

The parameter sets the month from which the daylight saving time starts.

#### Start date- day

The parameter sets the date on which the daylight saving time starts.

#### • End date- month

The parameter sets the month in which the daylight saving time ends.

#### End date- day

The parameter sets the date on which the daylight saving time ends.

### Saving time

The parameter is used to adjust to the earlier daylight saving time with the unit of minute.

Example explanation: example from the above image and all the options are enabled.

Date shown in SR	Time shown in SR	PLC time (Real Time Clock)	Remarks
3/31	23:59:58	23:59:58	Normal
3/31	23:59:59	23:59:59	
4/01	01:00:00	00:00:00	
4/01	01:00:01	00:00:01	Shown after 60 minutes
: (to)	: (to)	: (to)	

9/30	23:59:59	22:59:59	
10/01	00:00:00	(9/30) 23:00:00	
: (to)	: (to)	: (to)	
10/01	00:59:59	(9/30) 23:59:59	
10/01	00:00:00	00:00:00	Normal
10/01	00:00:01	00:00:01	Normal

# 8.2.7 Options - COM1 Port Setting & COM2 Port Setting

PLC modules are equipped with one or two COM ports based on different models. COM1 and COM2 parameters are set by clicking **COM1 Port Setting** and **COM2 Port Setting** in the list on the left-side of the following window. And the setting items for the two COM ports are the same.

Edit Area								Har	dware Configuration
General Data Exchange									-
- AS324MT-A	С	OM1 F	Port Setting						
+ System settings			Name	Value	-	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
COM1 Port Setting	•		COM1 ID No.	1	(1)		1	1	254
COM2 Port Setting			Protocol Setup Opportunity	Stop> Run	2		Stop> Run	-	-
Ethernet Port Basic Setting			Baud Rate	9600	3	bps	9600	-	-
+ Ethernet Port Advanced Setting			Custom Baud Rate	96	3	0.1kbps	96	1	5000
Function Card 1 Setting			Data bit	7	-	bit	7	-	-
+ Function Card 2 Setting			Parity bit	Even			Even	-	-
+ Delta Device Parameter Restore Setting			Stop bit	1	4	bit	1	-	-
			MODBUS mode	ASCII	-		ASCII	-	-
			Delay time to Reply	0		ms	0	0	3000
			Received Data Timeout	200	5	ms	200	0	3000
			Setting COM1 LED to show for	COM1	6		COM1	-	-
Default Import Export			Update						

- Set a station address. You can identify a device on a network by the station address. The station address cannot be the same as the station address for another device on the same network. If the communication port functions as a slave, and there are other slaves, the station address of the communication port cannot be 0. Station address 0 broadcasts to all slaves in a communication protocol. If a master specifies in a data packet that data must be sent to station address 0, the data is sent to all slaves. No matter what the station address of these slaves are, these slaves receive the data packet addressed to station address 0.
- Set when the communication port runs. Select Stop --> Run, and communication works when the CPU module switches from Stop to Run. If you instead select Power-on, the communication starts working when you Poweron the module.
- **3** Select a communication speed in the **Baud Rate** list, or select **Custom** and enter a new rate.
- **4** Set the communication parameters for the port.
- Set the **Delay Time to Sending** when the AS CPU is in Slave mode, after receiving communication, the time you set here indicates the time it waits before responding. For AS CPU (FW V1.08 or later), this function also works

for data exchange application. You can set the time it waits before exchanging any data. This is useful for some Slaves with slower responses in communication. Received Data Timeout applies when the AS Series CPU module acts as a server to send out communications. The timeout is how long the module waits before the received data times out.



6 Set COM1 LED to show: when COM1 is selected from the drop-down list, it shows the RS485 communication status of the COM1. If CARD1 is selected, it shows the CARD1 communication status. Set COM2 LED to show: when COM2 is selected from the drop-down list, it shows the RS485 communication status of the COM2. If CARD2 is selected, it shows the CARD2 communication status.

# 8.2.8 Options - Ethernet Port Basic Setting

The communication parameters can be set for the Ethernet port in the CPU module in this page. Refer to other related documents or manuals for more information about Ethernet.

						Hard	lware Configuratio
eneral Data Exchange							
AS324MT-A	Ether	net Port Basic Setting					
+ System settings		Name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
COM1 Port Setting	•	IP Address	192.168.1.5		192.168.1.5	1.1.1.1	223.255.255.25
COM2 Port Setting		Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0		255.255.25	0.0.0	255.255.255.25
Ethernet Port Basic Setting		Gateway	192.168.1.1		192.168.1.1	1.1.1.1	223.255.255.25
+ Ethernet Port Advanced Setting		TCP Keep Alive Timeout	30	sec	30	1	65535
Function Card 1 Setting		Mode	Static -		Static	-	-
+ Function Card 2 Setting							
+ Delta Device Parameter Restore Setting							
+ Function Card 2 Setting							

Mode sets the addressing mode of the IP of the CPU module.

If users select Static, they can specify an IP address directly. If DHCP or BOOTP is selected, the IP address is assigned dynamically by a DHCP/BOOTP server.

## 8.2.9 Ethernet Port Advance Setting – IP Filter

**IP Filter** sets the filter function of network devices. Devices whose IP addresses are listed in the table are allowed to communicate with the CPU module; the CPU module discards data packets sent from devices whose IP addresses are not in the table. Devices on a network are filtered. This setting ensures that objects communicating with the CPU module are known devices. You can set up to 8 address ranges for allowed devices.

							Hardware Configurati
eneral Data Exchange							
AS324MT-A	IP F	lter					
+ System settings		Name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
COM1 Port Setting	•	IP Filter Funciton Enable				-	-
COM2 Port Setting		1st Begining IP Address	0.0.0.0		0.0.0.0	0.0.0	223.255.255.255
Ethernet Port Basic Setting		1st Ending IP Address	0.0.0.0		0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	223.255.255.255
- Ethernet Port Advanced Setting		2nd Begining IP Address	0.0.0.0		0.0.00	0.0.0.0	223.255.255.255
IP Filter		2nd Ending IP Address	0.0.0.0		0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	223.255.255.255
NTP		3rd Begining IP Address	0.0.0.0		0.0.00	0.0.0.0	223.255.255.255
+ Email		3rd Ending IP Address	0.0.0.0		0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	223.255.255.255
+ Socket		4th Begining IP Address	0.0.0.0		0.0.00	0.0.0.0	223.255.255.255
+ RTU Mapping		4th Ending IP Address	0.0.0.0		0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	223.255.255.255
Function Card 1 Setting		5th Begining IP Address	0.0.0.0		0.0.0.0	0.0.0	223.255.255.255
+ Function Card 2 Setting		5th Ending IP Address	0.0.0.0		0.0.0	0.0.0	223.255.255.255

Select **IP Filter Function Enable** checkbox to enable the IP filter function and type the start address and end address of group 1~8 IP.

# 8.2.10 Ethernet Port Advance Setting – NTP

You can use **NTP** table to enable the CPU module and adjust time via NTP server. Relevant parameters are set here. For more information on NTP, refer to related literature and manuals.

Edit Area									55 A
								На	rdware Configuration
General	Data Exchange								
- Et	hernet Port Advanced Setting	NT	P						
	IP Filter			Name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
	NTP	•		NTP Client Function Enable		←1		-	-
+	Email			NTP Server	1.1.1.1		1.1.1.1	1.1.1.1	223.255.255.255
+	Socket			Update Cycle	30	min	30	1	1440
+	RTU Mapping			Time Zone	(GMT-12:00) Eniwetok, Kwajalein 🔻		(GMT-12:00	-	-
Defau	ult Import	Exp	ort	Update		-	•		

- Select NTP Client Function Enable checkbox to enable the function.
- Set the address of NTP server and cycle of constant update. Take the figure above as an example. The CPU module connects to the NTP server every 30 minutes.
- Set up the time zone for the daylight saving time area.

## 8.2.11 Ethernet Port Advance Setting – Email

**Email** table is for users to set the email-related functions. The email will be sent to the set email address after the email function is enabled. Total four groups of email sending conditions and four groups of email addresses can be set.

Gener	ral Data Exchange								
AS	5324MT-A	Em	nail						
+	System settings			Name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
	COM1 Port Setting	•		Email Funciton Enable		6		-	-
	COM2 Port Setting			SMTP Server	192.168.1.1		1.1.1.1	1.1.1.1	223.255.25
	Ethernet Port Basic Setting			Port	25		25	1	65535
-	Ethernet Port Advanced Setting			Local Email	AS300@delta.com	_ <b>← (</b> 2		-	-
	IP Filter			Mail Subject	Message			-	-
	NTP			Account Identification	✓		2	-	-
	- Email			User name	AS			-	-
	1st Trigger Setting			Password	****			-	-
	1st Trigger Recipient			1st Remote Address	user1@delta.com			-	-
	2nd Trigger Setting			2nd Remote Address	user2@delta.com			-	-
	2nd Trigger Recipient			3rd Remote Address	user3@delta.com			-	-
	3rd Trigger Setting			4th Remote Address	user4@delta.com			-	-

- Select Email Function Enable to enable the function and then start setting the following parameters.
- Set an IP address of SMTP server. Set the COM port of SMTP server at the COM port and set the sender's email box at local email address. Type a mail subject as the start of the subject of every email.
- Select Account identification checkbox to enable the function. Users can set to authenticate themselves with a user name and a password before logging in to an SMTP server.
- **9** Type the target email address of a receiver.

Type a trigger name in **Trigger Name box** and a minimum interval in **Trigger Min Cycle** in the **Trigger Setting** table. And then select a trigger condition on the drop-down list. When the sending condition is met, the system will send an email every a period of time. But the same email will not be sent again within the set interval.

Edit Area											13 <b>4</b>
										Hardwa	are Configuration
General	Data Exchange										
- Et	hernet Port Advar	ced Setting	1st Tr	igger Setting							
	IP Filter			Name	Value		Unit	Default	Mir	nimum	Maximum
	NTP			1st Trigger Name	Conditional				-		-
-	Email			1st Trigger Min Cycle	6		min	6	1		14400
	1st Trigger S	etting	Ø.	1st Trigger Mode	Trigger Disable	•		Trigger Dis	-		-
	1st Trigger R	ecipient			Trigger Disable CPU Error						
	2nd Trigger	Setting			CPU (Run <=> Stop) Bit Status Change						
	2nd Trigger I	Recipient			Register Value Change Periodic Timer						
	3rd Trigger S	etting				_					
	3rd Trigger R	tecipient									
	4th Trigger S	Setting									
	4th Trigger F	Recipient									
Defau	ult Im	port E	Export	Update							

Trigger modes can be set as follows.

### CPU Error

If an error occurs in the CPU module, the condition of triggering the sending of an email is met. Please refer to operation manuals for more information about errors occurring in CPU modules. After users select the **CPU Error** option button, they have to select **Fatal Error Only** or **All Errors** in the drop-down list at the right side of the option button.

- a) **Fatal Error Only**: If a fatal error occurs in the CPU module, the condition of triggering the sending of an email is met and an email will be sent.
- b) All Errors: If an error occurs in the CPU module, the condition of triggering the sending of an email is met and an email will be sent.

### • CPU (RUN<=>STOP)

When the CPU module begins to run, or when the CPU module stops running, the condition of triggering the sending of an email is met and an email will be sent.

### • Bit Status Change

If the state of a bit device specified meets a condition set, the sending of an email will be triggered and an email will be sent. For example, if X0.0 is turned from OFF to ON, the condition of triggering the sending of an email will be met. If users want to set a condition, they can click  $\cdots$  button in the following window.



- **ODEVICE Name:** Users can select a device type in the **Device Name** drop-down list box.
- Oevice Number & Bit: Users can type a device address in the Device Number box. If the device type selected is X/Y, the users have to specify a bit number.
- State: Users can select Rising or Falling in the State drop-down list.

### Register Value Change

If the value in a device specified meets a set condition, the sending of an email will be triggered and an email will be sent. For example, if the value in D0 is larger than 10, the condition of triggering the sending of an email will be met and an email will be sent. If users want to set a condition, they can they can click  $\cdots$  button in the following window.



**Device Name:** Users can select a device type in the **Device Name** drop-down list.

**2** Device Number: Users can type a device address in the Device Number field.

**State & Value**: Users can set s condition of triggering the sending of an email here.

#### • Periodic Timer

An email is sent periodically. How often an email is sent depends on the interval typed in the **Trigger Min Cycle** box in the **Trigger Setting** section.

Where any trigger mode is set, the user message and error log related parameters will show up.

										ware Configurat
eneral	Data Exchange									
- Eth	ernet Port Advanced Setting	*	1st T	rigger Setting						
	IP Filter			Name	Value		Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
	NTP			1st Trigger Name	Conditional				-	-
-	Email			1st Trigger Min Cycle	6		min	6	1	14400
	1st Trigger Setting			1st Trigger Mode	Periodic Timer	-		Trigger Disable	-	-
	1st Trigger Recipient			1st Trigger User Message Enable					-	-
	2nd Trigger Setting			1st Trigger User Message	Message				-	-
	2nd Trigger Recipient			1st Trigger Error Log Enable					-	-
	3rd Trigger Setting		•	1st Trigger Attachment Mode	File	-		None	-	-
	3rd Trigger Recipient			1st Trigger Attachment File	Error Log	-		Error Log	-	-
	1st Trigger Setting         1st Trigger Recipient         2nd Trigger Setting         2nd Trigger Recipient         3rd Trigger Setting									
	4th Trigger Recipient									

Select the **Trigger User Message Enable** box and then click <u>u</u> button to the right side of **Trigger User Message**. Type some content as the email text in the pop-up window.

If users select the **Error Log Enable** checkbox in the **Trigger Setting** table, the error log will be added to the email content automatically.

1st Trigger Attachment Mode	File 🔽
1st Trigger Attachment File	None File
	PLC Device

The options on the drop-down menu of **Trigger Attachment Mode** decide whether to add an attachment to the email. Please make sure the maximum size of the email file allowed before setting an attachment. For more information, refer to relevant operation manuals.

#### None

If this option button is selected, no attachment will be inserted.

#### File

Users can select an error log in the memory card, or the system backup file in the memory card as the attachment of the email.

### PLC Device

If this option button is selected, the system automatically retrieves the states of the devices, or the values in the devices listed in the table as the attachment when the email is sent. After this option button is selected, users can click button in the following window to open the **Attachment** window. Two groups of devices at most can be set. For example, if the condition is met, the values in D0~D9 will be sent as an attachment.

1st Trigger Error Log Enable		. (		
1st Trigger Attachment Mode	PLC Device -		Harameter Setting	×
1st Trigger Attachment Data 1 Address	D0	5		
1st Trigger Attachment Data 1 Length	10	1	Device Name D	-
1st Trigger Error Log Enable			Device Number 0	
1st Trigger Attachment Mode	PLC Device -		Length 10	
ist myger Attachment Mode	PLC Device +			
1st Trigger Attachment Data 1 Address	D0		OK Cancel	]

Select the target email address of a receiver when the condition of sending an email is met in **Trigger Receiving** table. And the specific email box is set in the **Email** section.

ral I	Data Exchange								
Ethe	rnet Port Advanced Setting	*	1st -	Trigger Recipient					
I	P Filter			Name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maxim
N	ТР			1st Remote Address				-	-
- E	imail			2nd Remote Address				-	-
	1st Trigger Setting	1	•	3rd Remote Address				-	-
	1st Trigger Recipient	1		4th Remote Address				-	-
	2nd Trigger Setting								
	2nd Trigger Recipient	1							
	3rd Trigger Setting	I							
	3rd Trigger Recipient								
	4th Trigger Setting								
	4th Trigger Recipient								

## 8.2.12 Ethernet Port Advance Setting – Socket

In the **Socket** table, you can set COM port parameters for data transmission through Ethernet; however, you need to use this function along with specific API instructions. For more details, refer to the AS Series Programming Manual. The AS300 Series PLC supports data transmissions between the CPU module and other CPU module or device through sockets and the communication protocols including TCP and UDP are supported; four groups of connections can be set respectively for each protocol. As for AS100 and AS200 Series PLC, two groups of connections are supported respectively.

								Har	dware Configura
eral	Data Exchange								
- Et	hernet Port Advanced Setting	-	1st T	CP Socket Setting					
	IP Filter			Name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
	NTP		+	1st TCP Socket Remote IP	192.168.1.1		0.0.0	0.0.0	223.255.255
+	Email			1st TCP Socket Remote Port	65500		0	0	65535
-	Socket			1st TCP Socket Local Port	65501		0	0	65535
	1st TCP Socket Setting			1st TCP Socket Send Address	D0		D0	-	-
	2nd TCP Socket Setting			1st TCP Socket Send Length	10		0	0	512
	3rd TCP Socket Setting			1st TCP Socket Receive Address	D100		D0	-	-
	4th TCP Socket Setting			1st TCP Socket Receive Length	20		0	0	512
	1st UDP Socket Setting			1st TCP Socket Keep Alive Tim	60	sec	30	0	65535
	2nd UDP Socket Setting								
	3rd UDP Socket Setting								
	4th UDP Socket Setting								

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								Harr	dware Configurati
									aware comigarati
eneral [	Data Exchange								
- Ethe	rnet Port Advanced Setting	^	1st l	JDP Socket Setting					
I	P Filter			Name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
N	ΙТР			1st UDP Socket Remote IP	192.168.1.1		0.0.0	0.0.0	223.255.255.
+ E	imail			1st UDP Socket Remote Port	65500		0	0	65535
- S	ocket			1st UDP Socket Local Port	65501		0	0	65535
	1st TCP Socket Setting			1st UDP Socket Send Address	D0		D0	-	-
	2nd TCP Socket Setting			1st UDP Socket Send Length	10		0	0	512
	3rd TCP Socket Setting		+	1st UDP Socket Receive Address	D100		D0	-	-
	4th TCP Socket Setting			1st UDP Socket Receive Length	20		0	0	512
	1st UDP Socket Setting								
	2nd UDP Socket Setting								
	3rd UDP Socket Setting								
	4th UDP Socket Setting								

The parameters in the **TCP Socket Setting** are the same as the parameters in the **UDP Socket Setting** except that there is no **Keep Alive Timer** parameter in the UDP Socket Setting. The parameters in the TCP and UDP Socket Setting are described below.

- **Remote IP**: Users can set a remote IP address.
- **Remote Port**: Users can set a communication port used by the remote device for this TCP connection. The port number must be within the range between 0 and 65535.
- Local Port: Users can set a communication port used by the local CPU module for this connection. The port number must be within the range between 0 and 65535.
- Send Address: Uses can set the initial device in the CPU module where data which will be sent is stored.
- Send Length: Users can set the length of data which will be sent by the local CPU module. The length must be within the range between 0 and 200 bytes. For PLC CPU with FW V1.06.20 or later, the range is between 0 and 512 bytes.
- Receive Address: Uses can set an initial device in the CPU module where data which will be received is stored.
- Receive Length: Users can set the length of data which will be received by the local CPU module. The length
  must be within the range between 0 and 200 bytes. For PLC CPU with FW V1.06.20 or later, the range is
  between 0 and 512 bytes.
- Keep Alive Timer: Users can set a maximum keep alive time for the connection. If no data is transmitted, and the keep alive period has elapsed, the CPU module will terminate the connection automatically.

The port number used by the local CPU module and the port number used by the remote device cannot be the same, and the devices where data which will be sent is stored cannot overlap the devices where data which will be received is stored. If the IP address of the remote device is 192.168.1.100, the port number used by the remote device is 65500, and the port number used by the local CPU module is 65501, the remote device and the local CPU module can transmit data through this TCP connection.

If the local CPU module wants to send 10-word data to the remote device, the data will be stored in D0~D9 before the data is sent. If the local CPU module receives 20-word data from the remote device, the data will be stored in D100~D119.

If the length of data received is larger than the length set, the first 20-word data will be stored in D100~D119, and the data after the first 20-word data will be discarded. Likewise, if the length of data received is less than the length set, the data will be stored in the devices starting from D100, and the values in devices where no new data is stored will be retained.

If no data is transmitted, and 60 seconds have elapsed, the CPU module will close the socket, and terminate the connection.

## 8.2.13 Ethernet Port Advance Setting – RTU Mapping

In the **RTU Mapping** table, users can set Delta RTU-EN01 slave in connection with PLC CPU. The remote device can be controlled via Ethernet. For the setting and operation of RTU-EN01, refer to the operation manual.

Edit Area									11 <b>4</b>
								Hardv	vare Configuration
General	Data Exchange								
- Et	thernet Port Advanc	ed Setting	RTU M	lapping					
	IP Filter			Name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
	NTP		+	RTU Mapping Enable				-	-
+	Email			Cycle	10	ms	10	1	60000
+	Socket			Timeout	1000	ms	1000	1	60000
+	RTU Mapping	-							
Defa	Default Import Export Update								

Select RTU Mapping Enable checkbox to enable the function of connection between RTU module and PLC CPU. Set the update cycle in **Cycle** box and a timeout in **Timeout** box. It means a timeout when RTU does not give a reply within the timeout set.

The data mapping between each group of RTU-EN01 and PLC CPU is set in the **RTU Mapping** section. RTU-EN01 and I/O module connected to it are set via DCISoft. For more information on DCISoft, refer to the operation manual.

Genera	Data Exchange								dware Configuratio
- AS3	24MT-A	1	1st R	TU Mapping					
+ System settings				Name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
	COM1 Port Setting	L	•	RTU1 Enable		1		-	-
	COM2 Port Setting	L		RTU1 Station Address	1		1	1	247
	Ethernet Port Basic Setting	I		RTU1 IP Address	1.1.1.1		1.1.1.1	1.1.1.1	223.255.255.25
-	Ethernet Port Advanced Setting	L		RTU1 RX Mapping Address	x0.0 ··		X0.0	-	-
	IP Filter	I		RTU1 RX Mapping Length	0		0	0	256
	NTP	I		RTU1 RY Mapping Address	Y0.0 ··		Y0.0	-	-
	+ Email	I		RTU1 RY Mapping Length	0		0	0	256
	+ Socket	1		RTU1 RCR Read Mapping Address	D0 ··		D0	-	-
	- RTU Mapping			RTU1 RCR Read Mapping Length	0		0	0	64
	1st RTU Mapping			RTU1 RCR Write Mapping Address	D0 ··	-4	DO	-	-
	2nd RTU Mapping			RTU1 RCR Write Mapping Length	0		0	0	64

- Users can select RTU1 Enable to enable this RTU function. Each RTU can be set individually.
- O Users can set a station address and IP address.
- Output Set is used for making the digital output points of DO module mapped to Y/M devices and length of PLC CPU.
- Ousers can set RCR Read mapping address and RCR Read mapping length to make the analog input points of AI module connected to RTU mapped to D/SR devices and length of PLC CPU. While, the RCR Write mapping address and length set is used for making the analog output points of AO module mapped to D/SR devices and length of PLC CPU.

# 8.2.14 Function Card 1 Setting

The **Function Card 1 Setting** table is used for setting parameters of function card in AS300 series CPU module, which is installed by inserting to the slot. For AS100 and AS200 Series PLC CPU, there is no Function Card 1 and thus there is no settings for Function Card 1.

						Hardy	vare Configurati
eneral Data Exchange							
AS324MT-A	Func	tion Card 1 Setting					
+ System settings		Name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
COM1 Port Setting	•	Card 1 Detect mode	Auto Detect		Auto Detect	-	-
COM2 Port Setting		Manual Select Card	None		None	-	-
Ethernet Port Basic Setting		Card 1 ID No.	1		1	1	254
+ Ethernet Port Advanced Setting		Protocol Setup Opportunity	Stop> Run		Stop> Run	-	-
Function Card 1 Setting		Baud Rate	9600 -	bps	9600	-	-
+ Function Card 2 Setting		Data bit	7	bit	7	-	-
+ Delta Device Parameter Restore Setting		Parity bit	Even -		Even	-	-
		Stop bit	1	bit	1	-	-
		MODBUS mode	ASCII		ASCII	-	-
		Delay time to Reply	0	ms	0	0	3000
		Received Data Timeout	200	ms	200	0	3000
		F2AD Analog Input mode	0~10V		0~10V	-	-
		F2DA Analog Output mode	0~10V		0~10V	-	-
		F2AD Sampling Time	3	ms	3	3	15
		F2AD Average Times	10		10	1	15
		- I					1

- Users can select Auto in Card1 Detect mode box to detect the actual card model and setting or Manual to select the AS--F232/ F422/ F485/F2AD/F2DA function card which need be configured in the Manual Select Card box.
- ❷ For the setting of parameters in AS--F232/ F422/ F485.
- Output Series Constant Seri

## 8.2.15 Function Card 2 Setting

The Function Card 2 Setting table is used for setting parameters of Function Card 2 in AS300 Series PLC CPU, which is installed by inserting to the slot. Besides settings for Function Card 2, settings for AS-FPFN02, AS-FOPC02, AS-FEN02, AS-FECAT and IP filter are also included. The only difference between Function Card 1 and Function Card 2 is the settings options of AS-FCOPM, AS-FPFN02, AS-FOPC02, AS-FEN02, AS-FECAT are added in **Manual Select Card** box for Function Card 2. For AS100 and AS200 Series PLC CPU, the AS-FCOPM is used for internal communication port and no changes can be made. If you have inserted AS-FCOPM or AS-FEN02 in AS300 Series PLC CPU, you can set up their parameters here. For AS-FCOPM card, the parameters can be set as shown in the following window.

eneral Data Exchange						Hardw	rare Configura
AS324MT-A	Func	tion Card 2 Setting					
+ System settings		Name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
COM1 Port Setting		F2DA Analog Output mode	0~10V -		0~10V	-	-
COM2 Port Setting		F2AD Sampling Time	3	ms	3	3	15
Ethernet Port Basic Setting		F2AD Average Times	10		10	1	15
+ Ethernet Port Advanced Setting		AS-FCOPM Working mode	AS Remote Comminucation		AS Remote Comminucation	-	-
Function Card 1 Setting		AS-FCOPM node ID	1			1	127
- Function Card 2 Setting		AS Remote module No.	0	unit	0	0	15
AS-FEN02 Setting		Select Run mode after detect remote module	Run connected remote module 👻		Run connected remote module	-	-
AS-FEN02 IP Filter		AS CPU module keep or Stop when slave node dis-connected	Only Show Error Message 🔹		Only Show Error Message	-	-
+ Delta Device Parameter Restore Setting		Remote and CANopen communication time out	100	ms	100	0	3000
		Re-connected Retry number after time out	60		4	0	255
		Auto Retry connection after Disconnected	60	sec	60	0	255
		AS-FCOPM Bit Rate	125k <del>-</del>	bps	125k	-	-
		Communication data sampling position	Auto 👻		Auto	-	-
		DS301 PDO Data Exchanged	Start after power-on 👻		art after power-on	-	-
	•	CAN Hardware error counter	Enable -		Jable	-	-

- Select AS Remote Control/Delta Servo Drives and AS Remote Module/CANopen DS301 from the AS-FCOPM working mode box. The AS Remote Module and Delta Servo Drives adopts communication protocols exclusive to Delta servo products and AC motor drives. In addition, the AS Remote Module and Delta Servo Drives are also applied in connecting remote I/O AS series as well as CANopen DS301 for the application of DS301 standard protocol.
- Set the address of the station when CANopen DS301 is selected from the AS-FCOPM working mode box.
- The remote I/O parameters can be set if AS Remote Mode is selected from the AS-FCOPM working mode box. The AS Remote Module No. sets the number of remote I/O modules and each one can connect one expansion module.
- If AS Remote Mode/Delta servo drives and AS Remote Mode is selected from the AS-FCOPM working mode box, you can set the followings:

The actions after detecting the remote modules in Select run mode after detect remote module: Run connected remote module or All remote module stop.

The actions when the remote I/O module is disconnected during operation in AS CPU module keep or Stop when slave node dis-connected: only Shows Error Message or PLC Stop & Show Error Message.

You can define after how long the remote I/O module does not give a reply can be seen as timeout in Remote

### and CANopen Communication Timeout.

You can define the times of trying to connect after a timeout occurs in Auto Retry connection after Disconnected.

• All three AS-FCOPM working modes can set the AS-FCOPM Bit Rate.

**Communication data sampling position:** It is suggested to select **Auto**, but if the communication with the slave is unstable, you can select the data sampling position in percentage.

When CANopen DS301 protocol is selected from the AS-FCOPM working mode box, you can set
 DS301 PDO Data Exchanged: Start after power-on or Start after CPU running

Insert AS-FPFN02, AS-FOPC02, AS-FEN02, or AS-FECAT by clicking the function card slot 2 and selecting the inserted function card, as the image shown below.



You can also set AS-FPFN02, AS-FOPC02, AS-FEN02, or AS-FECAT in the Edit Area. Set AS-FPFN02, AS-FOPC02, AS-FEN02, or AS-FECAT 2 as **Manual Select Card** (Note: If AS-FPFN02, AS-FOPC02, AS-FEN02, or AS-FECAT is selected from **Manual Select Card**, then Function Card 1 cannot be set.) After that you can set up Ethernet communication parameters.

								Hardware Configuration
ieneral Data Exchange								
AS324MT-A		Fur	ction Card 2 Setting					
+ System settings			Name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
COM1 Port Setting		•	Card 2 Detect mode	Manual	·	Auto Detect	-	-
COM2 Port Setting			Manual Select Card	AS-FEN02 Card	·	None	-	-
Ethernet Port Basic Setting			Card 2 ID No.	1		1	1	254
+ Ethernet Port Advanced Setting			Protocol Setup Opportunit	y Stop> Run	,	Stop> Run	-	-
Function Card 1 Setting			Baud Rate	9600	bps	9600	-	-
- Function Card 2 Setting			Data bit	7 .	bit	7	-	-
AS-FEN02 Setting			Parity bit	Even	,	Even	-	-
AS-FPFN02 Setting			Stop bit	1 .	bit	1	-	-
IP Filter			MODBUS mode	ASCII		ASCII	-	-
t Area		Expor	L Update	₽				
t Area		EXPO	Update	�				
t Area		-	·				「	
t Area eneral Data Exchange AS324MT-A		-	FEN02 Setting	Value	Unit	Default		Hardware Configuration
t Area eneral Data Exchange AS324MT-A + System settings	-	-	FEN02 Setting Name	Value 192,168,1,5	Unit	Default 192.168.1.5	Minimum	Hardware Configuratio
t Area eneral Data Exchange AS324MT-A + System settings COM1 Port Setting		AS	FEN02 Setting	Value 192.168.1.5 255.255.255.0	Unit	Default 192.168.1.5 255.255.255.0		Hardware Configuration
t Area eneral Data Exchange AS324MT-A + System settings COM1 Port Setting COM2 Port Setting		AS	FEIN02 Setting Name IP Address	192.168.1.5	Unit	192.168.1.5	Minimum 1.1.1.1	Maximum           223.255.255.255           255.255.255.255
t Area eneral Data Exchange AS324MT-A + System settings COM1 Port Setting COM2 Port Setting Ethernet Port Basic Setting		AS	FEN02 Setting Name IP Address Subnet Mask Gateway	192.168.1.5           255.255.255.0	Unit	192.168.1.5           255.255.255.0	Minimum 1.1.1.1 0.0.0.0	Maximum           223.255.255.255           255.255.255.255
t Area eneral Data Exchange AS324MT-A + System settings COM1 Port Setting COM2 Port Setting Ethernet Port Basic Setting + Ethernet Port Advanced Setting		AS	FEN02 Setting Name IP Address Subnet Mask	192.168.1.5           255.255.255.0           192.168.1.1		192.168.1.5           255.255.255.0           192.168.1.1	Minimum 1.1.1.1 0.0.0.0 1.1.1.1	Maximum           223.255.255.255           223.255.255.255           223.255.255.255
t Area eneral Data Exchange AS324MT-A + System settings COM1 Port Setting COM2 Port Setting Ethernet Port Basic Setting		AS	FEN02 Setting Name IP Address Subnet Mask Gateway TCP Keep Alve Timeout	192.168.1.5         255.255.255.0         192.168.1.1         30		192.168.1.5           255.255.255.0           192.168.1.1           30	Minimum 1.1.1.1 0.0.0.0 1.1.1.1	223.255.255.255 255.255.255.255 223.255.255.255
t Area eneral Data Exchange AS324MT-A + System settings COM1 Port Setting COM2 Port Setting Ethernet Port Basic Setting + Ethernet Port Advanced Setting Function Card 1 Setting		AS	FEN02 Setting Name IP Address Subnet Mask Gateway TCP Keep Alve Timeout	192.168.1.5         255.255.255.0         192.168.1.1         30		192.168.1.5           255.255.255.0           192.168.1.1           30	Minimum 1.1.1.1 0.0.0.0 1.1.1.1	Maximum           223.255.255.255           223.255.255.255           223.255.255.255
it Area eneral Data Exchange AS324MT-A + System settings COM1 Port Setting COM2 Port Setting Ethernet Port Basic Setting + Ethernet Port Advanced Setting Function Card 1 Setting - Function Card 2 Setting		AS	FEN02 Setting Name IP Address Subnet Mask Gateway TCP Keep Alve Timeout	192.168.1.5         255.255.255.0         192.168.1.1         30		192.168.1.5           255.255.255.0           192.168.1.1           30	Minimum 1.1.1.1 0.0.0.0 1.1.1.1	Maximum           223.255.255.255           223.255.255.255           223.255.255.255
t Area eneral Data Exchange AS324MT-A + System settings COM1 Port Setting COM2 Port Setting Ethernet Port Basic Setting + Ethernet Port Advanced Setting Function Card 1 Setting - Function Card 2 Setting AS-FENO2 Setting		AS	FEN02 Setting Name IP Address Subnet Mask Gateway TCP Keep Alve Timeout	192.168.1.5         255.255.255.0         192.168.1.1         30		192.168.1.5           255.255.255.0           192.168.1.1           30	Minimum 1.1.1.1 0.0.0.0 1.1.1.1	Maximum           223.255.255.255           223.255.255.255           223.255.255.255

The IP filter adds another layer of confirmation to ensure the devices for communication are permitted. This function can also limit communication objects. When IP filter function enables, only the devices within the listed IP address from the IP filter table are allowed to communicate with AS-FPFN02, AS-FOPC02, AS-FEN02, or AS-FECAT. By selecting **IP Filter Function Enable**, users can input the beginning and ending of 1-8 set of IP address.

it Area								2	1
								Hardware Configurat	tio
ieneral	Data Exchange								
AS324	4MT-A	AS-F	EN02 IP Filter						
+ Sy	vstem settings		Name	Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum	T
co	OM1 Port Setting		IP Filter Funciton Enable				-	-	
co	OM2 Port Setting		1st Begining IP Address	192.168.1.20		0.0.0.0	0.0.0	223.255.255.255	;
Et	hernet Port Basic Setting		1st Ending IP Address	192.168.1.25		0.0.0	0.0.0	223.255.255.255	;
+ Et	hernet Port Advanced Setting		2nd Begining IP Address	192.168.2.30		0.0.0.0	0.0.0	223.255.255.255	;
Fu	Inction Card 1 Setting	•	2nd Ending IP Address	192.168.2.35		0.0.0	0.0.0	223.255.255.255	į
- Fu	Inction Card 2 Setting		3rd Begining IP Address	0.0.0		0.0.0	0.0.0	223.255.255.255	;
	AS-FEN02 Setting		3rd Ending IP Address	0.0.0		0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	223.255.255.255	1
	AS-FEN02 IP Filter		4th Begining IP Address	0.0.0		0.0.0	0.0.0	223.255.255.255	j
+ De	elta Device Parameter Restore		4th Ending IP Address	0.0.0.0		0.0.0	0.0.0.0	223.255.255.255	;

When AS-FECAT is installed on AS300 Series PLC CPU, you can use the INITEC instruction (API2820) to initialize EtherCAT communication and then set up one of the AS-FECAT port as the EtherCAT Master's port in HWCONFIG. As for the other port, it can be used by Server of Modbus TCP. Two ports work independently. If the EtherCAT communication is NOT initialized, the two ports of AS-FECAT can be used by Servers of Modbus TCP.

Beneral Data Exchange							Hardware Configuration
COM2 Port Setting	Fi	unction Card 2 Setting					
Ethernet Port Basic Setting		Name	Setting Value	Unit	Defauk	Minimum	Maximum
		Card 2 Detect mode	Manual	-	Auto Detect	-	-
+ Ethernet Port Advanced Setting		Manual Select Card	AS-FECAT Card		None	-	-
Function Card 1 Setting		Received Data Timeout	200	ms	200	0	3000
- Function Card 2 Setting	1	ECAT port	X1		XI		-
Ethernet Port Basic Setting		corr por	X1				
Ethernet Port IP Fiker			X2				
+ Deka Device Parameter Restore Setting							

# 8.2.16 Data Exchange

AS Series PLC CPU is equipped with the data exchange function through standard Modbus TCP. You can find the relevant settings under the Data Exchange tab.

t Area						
						Hardware Configuration
eneral Data Exchange						
CPU	Mode: Program Control *	P* Add P an Bt Mere Up 1	R Monstone 🖪 Care 🗃	ine gines	Automatically scan slaves, wh	en the first time enable
COM 1	Enable	Remote Station Address	Local Address	Direction	Remote Address	Quantity
COM 2						
Ethemet						
Function Card	1					
Function Card 1						
Function Card 2						

AS Series PLC CPU is built with two ports, two COM ports or one COM port and one Ethernet port varied by different models. When acted as a Master and performs data exchange with a remote Slave, the data exchange through

COM1 and COM2 is via the Modbus protocol; if the data exchange through Ethernet is via the Modbus TCP protocol. The setting items for COM1, COM2 and Ethernet are the same.

dit Area						= ×
General Data Exchange				- I		Hardware Configuration
. OU	Mode: P	rogram Control 🔹 📑 Ad	d 🗹 Edit 🖃 💿 up 🖽	Copy 🗗 Delete	📋 Delete Ali 📃 Automatically sci	an slaves, when the first time enable
СОМ 1	Enable	Remote Station Address	Local Address	Direction	Remote Address	Quantity
COM 2	1 0		00	+	DO	1
Ethernet			DŰ	+	D0	1
Function Card	1					
Function Card 1						
Function Card 2				3		

• You can set the three Modes to start data exchange.

A. Program Control: PLC decides whether or not to execute the set flags for data exchange. Refer to

special flags (SM) descriptions for more details in AS Series Programming Manual.

B. PLC Run: The set data exchange will be executed automatically when PLC is in RUN state. If the PLC is in STOP state, the communication will stop.

C. Always Enable: The data exchange will be executed constantly after PLC is powered on.

• Function buttons and descriptions:

Function Button	Description
E+ Add	Click Add to add a new data exchange item in area  .
🗹 Edit	Click <b>Edit</b> to enter the selected data exchange setting page.
	Select the data exchange item and click Move Up and
EI↑ Move Up E↓ Move Down	Move Down to rearrange the order of data exchange
	table.
	Select the data exchange item and click Copy and the
Сору	copied item will be pasted to the last raw of the data
	exchange table.
<b>⊟×</b> Delete	Select the data exchange item and click <b>Delete</b> to delete
B. Delere	the selected item.
	Click Delete All to delete all data exchange items
🛅 Delete All	presented.
	Select this option to detect if the assigned slaves of the
	data exchange table exist. If the slave does NOT exist,
$\checkmark$ Automatically scan slaves, when the first time enable	the connection to the slave will stop to increase
	efficiency.
	Note: It is suitable for applications that the time it takes

Function Button	Description
	for the slaves to power-on is less than the master does.
	If not, do not select this option.

## • Items on the data exchange table:

Name	Description
Item	The number of the block for data exchange.
Enable	Selects whether to enable the data exchange table when the data exchange is performed.
Station Address/ IP Address	The slave station address for the data exchange table. You can set one address for multiple data exchange tables. It is a station address under the COM1 and COM2 tabs, and an IP under the Ethernet tab.
Local Address	The device address range used by the master in the data exchange table
← →	<ul> <li>Input: the data block where the master reads from a slave</li> <li>Output: the data block where the master writes to a slave</li> </ul>
Remote Address	This is the device address range used by a slave in the data exchange table. The device range is in hexadecimal if the slave in the data exchange table is a user-defined Modbus Device.
Quantity	This is the size of the data exchange table, which is consistent with the result calculated from the device range.

### Data Exchange Setting Page

Under the Data Exchange Tab, you can set up data exchange for COM communication, Ethernet communication and Function Card. Click **Add** and then **Edit** or double-click the data exchange table to open the editing page.



### Local Device Setting

Select the option **Enable** for data exchange to start. You can set the shortest update cycle and connection timeout time in ms. If there is no response from the target device for a period of time that you have set ,that is considered as a timeout. If you select the option **Support Read/Write Synchronization (Function Code: 0x17)**, the master PLC CPU can use Modbus function code to complete read and write synchronization at one execution. However you need to make sure all the devices support Modbus function codes; otherwise, the slaves devices may NOT recognize the function code and fail to complete read/write synchronization.

#### Remote Device Setting

Slave Address: station number of the slave device for data exchangeIP Address: IP address of the slave device (only available for EtherNet)Remote Device Type: slave device model type, such as Delta PLC or standard Modbus devices

• **Read:** When PLC CPU reads data from the remote device: PLC CPU defines a device range to store data including the device type, starting address and quantity which are read from the remote device. Define the device type, starting address and quantity in the remote device that will be read by PLC CPU.

Local Start Address: Device type and start address of devices where PLC CPU store data Remote Start Address: Device type and start address of the remote device to be read Quantity: Data length of input

• Write: PLC CPU writes data to a remote device; PLC CPU defines a device range for the remote device to read the following data, the device type, starting address and quantity. Define the device type, starting address and quantity in the remote device that will be written by the PLC CPU.

Local Start Address: Device type and start address of the source data of PLC CPU

**Remote Start Address:** Device type and start address of the remote device where data are to be written **Quantity:** Data length of output

MEMO


# Chapter 9. EtherNet/IP Specification and Operation

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# 9.1 Introduction

# 9.1.1 Section Overview

This section uses ISPSoft for demonstration. For DIADesigner operation, refer to Chapter 7 from DIADesigner software manual.

This section introduces Ethernet communication. Section 9.2 is about Ethernet network installation. Section 9.3 is about the specifications of Ethernet and EtherNet/IP. Section 9.4 to section 9.9 are for EtherNet/IP specification and operations. Section 9.11 is about operations and monitoring from the webpage.

# 9.1.2 EtherNet/IP

EtherNet/IP ("IP" stands for "Industrial Protocol") is an industrial Ethernet network managed by ODVA, Inc. (formerly Open DeviceNet Vendors Association, Inc.), a global trade and standards development organization.

EtherNet/IP works on a TCP/UDP/IP based Ethernet network and uses the most widely deployed collections of Ethernet standards to provide a broad range of applications in different industries that require high-speed and stability including Factory Automation (FA), Building Automation (BA), Process Automation (PA) and many more.

Delta covers a full range of controller and drive products supported by EtherNet/IP, including Programmable Logic Controllers (PLC), inverters, Human Machine Interfaces (HMI) and so on. Refer to Section 9.9 for a full product list that support EtherNet/IP. In addition, you can also use EDS files to connect to other brands of EtherNet/IP devices. Find HWCONFIG in ISPSoft software to edit EtherNet/IP devices. Download the ISPSoft software at: <u>Delta | Download Center (deltaww.com)</u>

Term	Definition			
ODVA	Open DeviceNet Vendor Association for EtherNet/IP			
EIP	EtherNet/IP, an industrial Ethernet network, provides interoperability for system providers. IP stands for Industrial Protocol. The term "EIP" (EtherNet/IP) is used in this manual.			
I/O Connection	Use the I/O connection to connect to EtherNet/IP and to exchange data cyclically.			
Explicit Message	Connect to EtherNet/IP and to exchange data non-cyclically. Data is exchanged piece by piece through instructions.			
RPI	Requested Packet Interval, through the I/O connection to connect to EtherNet/IP to exchange data at regular time intervals.			
ACD	Address Conflict Detection to detect IP address duplications.			
	• You use Tags for assigning and referencing memory locations for Rockwell PLCs, the same as registers for Delta PLCs.			
Produced/Consumed Tag (P/C Tag)	<ul> <li>Produced tag: A tag that a controller makes available for other controllers. Multiple controllers can simultaneously consume (receive) the data. A produced tag sends its data to consumed tags (consumers) without using logic.</li> </ul>			
	• Consumed Tag: A tag that receives the data of a produced tag. The data type of the consumed tag and the produced tag must match (including any array dimensions).			
	The data is transferred over Ethernet/IP. For example, PLC-A needs data from			

# 9.1.3 Definitions of Common Network Terms

	PLC-B, so PLC-B sends the data to PLC-A. Therefore, PLC-B is the producer and PLC-A is the consumer.		
EDS	Electronic Data Sheets: EDS files are simple text files used by EtherNet/IP network configuration tools to help you identify EtherNet/IP products and easily commission them on a network.		
Data Exchange	Exchanging data between devices		
EIP Scanner	The master station is called an EIP Scanner in EtherNet/IP.		
EIP Adapter	apter The slave station is called an EIP Adapter in EtherNet/IP.		
DLR	Device Level Ring (DLR) provides fault-tolerant network design for daisy-chain and linear topology. The DLR protocol provides high network availability in a ring topology. It was intended primarily for implementation in EtherNet/IP end-devices that have two Ethernet ports and embedded switch technology, providing fast network fault detection and reconfiguration to support the most demanding control applications.		
Modbus TCP	This is a Modbus variant used for communications over TCP/IP networks.		

# 9.1.4 Ethernet Features

# 9.1.4.1 Delta EIP Architecture

This typical Delta EIP architecture includes an EIP Scanner and Adapters; data exchange is achieved between devices through an I/O connection and explicit messaging. The AS Series supports single port Ethernet; thus you can install and configure devices with embedded switch technology over EtherNet/IP.



#### 9.1.4.2 EIP Features

#### Flexibility

- Flexible topology: EIP devices may include single port Ethernet as well as dual port Ethernet, and provide applicable networks such as linear topology, ring topology and ring topology for faster expansion and easier management.
- EtherNet/IP works on a TCP/UDP/IP based Ethernet network, uses most widely deployed collections of Ethernet standards, and supports Wi-fi connection. Even personnel with no IT background can build the network easily.
- Applicable networks include linear topology, ring topology, star topology, Ethernet, EtherNet/IP, one or more LANs, etc. You can set configuration through USB or an interface.

#### • Simplicity

- With a connector: Delta provides a full range of products, including human machine interfaces (HMI), programmable logic controllers (PLC), and inverter drives for application in an industrial operation. You can build a network simply through an RJ-45 connector, saving costs on cables and other connecting tools.
- Single network: in place of the 3-tier industrial architecture, single network architecture provides 100MB/bits high-speed cyclical and non-cyclical data exchange functions, ensuring complete network diagnosis and effectively shortening debugging time.
- Graphical user interface software: the HWCONFIG uses a graphical user interface designed for intuitive operation.

#### • Integration

- Data exchange: the HWCONFIG provides a consistent setting interface, allowing you to reduce the time to learn and set up configurations.
- Listed device parameters: the HWCONFIG presents the device parameters in a list. Instead of looking them up in the user manual, you can quickly check on the parameters in the list.
- EDS file: you can connect to Delta and other brands of EtherNet/IP products with EDS files.

# 9.2 Installation

# 9.2.1 EtherNet/IP Device

A Delta EtherNet/IP (EIP) device allows you to build a linear topology, ring topology, and star topology networks. A Delta EIP device includes the EIP Builder software, EIP Scanner, EIP Adapter, EIP Tap, and an Ethernet switch. EIP Scanners and EIP Adapters can be further divided into single port and dual port devices. The AS Series are single port devices. Refer to Section 9.2.2.1 for the single port setup and refer to Section 9.2.2.3 for the software installation.

# 9.2.2 Network Cable Installation

Each EtherNet/IP device is connected to an Ethernet switch with a CAT 5e cable. Please use Delta standard cables and the DVS series industrial switches. Refer to the Delta PLC/HMI Cable Selection Guide for more information.

## 9.2.2.1. Single Port Device

You can use a single port device to build up either a linear or a star network topology. An Ethernet switch and an Ethernet tab are required to create a star topology or a ring topology.

#### **Linear Topology**

• Linear Topology 1



• Linear Topology 2



#### Star Topology



## 9.2.2.2. Dual Port Device

You can use a dual port device to build a linear, a star or a ring network topology. A DLR function is required to create a ring topology. Refer to Section 9.9.2 for DLR supported series.

#### Linear Topology





## **Ring Topology**

A DLR function is required to create a ring topology. Refer to Section 9.9.2 for DLR supported devices.



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When a switch is needed for the particular topology, the switch should support the DLR function. If not, the connection might fail. Since AS Series PLC CPU does NOT support DLR function, you will need a DLR switch DVS-103I02C-DLR for a ring topology.



## 9.2.2.3 EIP Builder Software

#### Linear and star topology

Firstly install the EIP editing software on your PC to monitor and configure the EIP devices and use a switch to connect to the EIP Scanner and EIP Adapter.



If there is a duo port on the EIP Adapter, you can also take this advantage to start a Daisy-chain topology.



#### **Ring topology**

Install the EIP editing software on your PC to monitor and configure the EIP devices. If there is no DLR switch (DVS-103I02C-DLR), you need to save a network connection for your PC to connect to the EIP device.



If you have a DLR switch (DVS-103I02C-DLR), you can connect your PC to the Device port of the switch so that the ring topology stays intact.



# 9.2.3 Network Communication Parameter Setting

In ISPSoft you can edit, upload, download and monitor AS PLC CPU programs through Ethernet communication. Refer to section 2.4.3.4 in ISPSoft User Manual for more details. Go to *ISPSoft -> Help -> ISPSoft User Index* and then find section concerning **Communication Parameter Setting – Ethernet** for more details.

# 9.3 Specifications

# 9.3.1 Ethernet Specification

Model	AS300 & AS200 & AS100 Series
Communication Protocols	EtherNet/IP Scanner / Adapter, Modbus TCP
Protocols	BOOTP, DHCP, SMTP, NTP, Socket, HTTP
Communication Speed	10/100 Mbps Auto-Detection
Communication Interface	RJ-45 with Auto MDI/MDIX
Numbers of the Ethernet Port	1

Model	AS-FEN02 (work with AS300 Series)		
Communication Protocols	EtherNet/IP Scanner / Adapter, Modbus TCP		
Protocols	BOOTP, DHCP, SMTP, NTP, Socket, HTTP		
Communication Speed	10/100 Mbps Auto-Detection		
Communication Interface	RJ-45 with Auto MDI/MDIX		
Numbers of the Ethernet Port	2		

Model	AS-FPFN02 ( work with AS300 Series)
Communication Protocols	PROFINET RT
Protocols	PROFINET IO
Communication Speed	100 Mbps Auto-Detection
Communication Interface	RJ-45 with Auto MDI/MDIX
Numbers of the Ethernet Port	2

Model	AS-FECAT ( work with AS300 Series)
Communication Protocols	EtherCAT Master, Modbus TCP
Protocols	BOOTP, DHCP, HTTP
Communication Speed	10/100 Mbps Auto-Detection
Communication Interface	RJ-45 with Auto MDI/MDIX
Numbers of the Ethernet Port	2

Item / per transmission		Specification				
		AS300	AS200 / AS100	AS-FEN02	AS-FECAT	
	Maximum connection quantity for Client *1	32	16	8	0	
Modbus TCP	Maximum connection quantity for Server*1	32	16	8	1	
	Max. data length	100 words				
Socket	TCP connection quantity	4	2			
(communication	UDP connection quantity	4	2			
port)* <sup>1</sup>	Max. data length	200 bytes		N/A	N/A	
SMTP (for emailing)	Emailing quantity	4	4			

\*1: Numbering is used for connections via the communication port. You can use connection 1 in TCP mode or UDP mode and up to 4 connections can be made per transmission. If connection 1 is used in TCP mode, the same connection number cannot be used in UDP mode.

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# 9.3.2 EtherNet/IP Specification

		AS3	00	AS200	/ AS100	AS-FEN02	
ltem		Scanner	Adapter	Scanner	Adapter	Adapter	
General	Device type	Scanner / Adapter			Adapter		
General	Topology type	Star topology				Star, linear topologies	
	CIP connection						
	number	32	8	16	8	8	
	(data exchange)						
	TCP connection	16	16 8			8	
	number	(Clients + Se	ervers)	(Clients + S	Servers)	0	
	Requested Packet Interval (RPI)	5 ms – 1000	ms			1 ms – 1000 ms	
CIP Network	Max. Transmission Speed	3,000 pps				10,000 pps	
I/O Connection	Max. Data Length/per transmission	500 bytes			200 bytes		
Connection	Supported devices, registers, and flags	FMV1.08 or previous versions: D FW V1.10 or later: D/M*	D, X, Y, SR	FMV1.08 or previous versions: D FW V1.10 or later: D/M*	D, X, Y, SR	D, X, Y, SR	
	Class 3 (Connected Type)	16	8	8	8	8	
CIP Network Explicit	UCMM (Non-Connected Type, only uses TCP connections)	Total 16Total 8(for all connection(for all connectiontypes)types)			Total 8 (for all connection types)		
Message	CIP Objects	Identity Object (16#01) Message Router Object (16#02) Assembly Object (16#04) Connection Manager Object (16#06) Port Object (16#F4) TCP/IP Interface Object (16#F5)					

	ltem	AS300		AS200 / AS100		AS-FEN02	
	item	Scanner	Adapter	Scanner	Adapter	Adapter	
Ethernet Link Object (16#F6)							
	Max. Consumed Tag			40		-	
	Number	32		16			
	Max. Produced Tag	32		16			
CIP Network	Number	32				N/A	
Тад	Max Data Longth	500 bytes (I	O Connectio	on)		N/A	
	Max. Data Length	400 bytes (Explicit Mess		ssage)**			
	Requested Packet	5 ms – 1000 ms					
	Interval (RPI)						

Maximum number of connections when using AS300 to connect to other devices through Ethernet/IP:

- AS300 can act as a Scanner and an Adapter simultaneously. It can connected up to 16 devices (for example 8 Scanners and 8 Adapters).
- When AS300 acts as a Scanner, it can connect to up to 16 devices. Each device can establish up to 32 connections for data exchange. Data exchange types can be I/O connection and Consumed Tag. You can use explicit message for data exchange at the same time, up to 16 explicit message connections can be created.
- When AS300 acts as an Adapter, it can connect to up to 16 devices. Each device can establish up to 8 connections for data exchange. Data exchange types can be I/O connection and Produced Tag. You can use explicit message for data exchange at the same time, up to 8 explicit message connections can be created.

\* Using device D or device M takes 2 bytes (16 bits) as a unit in data length for IO connections, for example M0 to M15 (16 bits), M12 to M43 (32 bits). If you need to store the data of 200 bits from M100, the data length should be set in a value larger than 200 bits and in bytes it will be 26 bytes (26 bytes = 208 bits), the actual devices to be mapped will be M100 to M307. D0.0 will be stored in M100 (the first bit).

\*\* Array-typed tags are NOT supported in explicit messages.

# 9.3.3 **PROFINET Specification**

When AS-FPFN02 is installed on AS300 PLC CPU, this communication card can work independently and does NOT occupy the communication port of PLC CPU. AS-FPFN02 can act as a PROFINET adapter and connect to a PROFINET scanner to exchange data on the PROFINET Network (PN) Refer to section 10.2.8 of AS Module Manual for more information.

Item	Specification
Communication Protocol	PROFINET
EtherNet/IP Interface	100 Mbit with 2 x RJ45
Device Туре	PROFINET Devices
Network Cable Length	100 meter
Error Indicator	System Fail (SF): Red; Bus Fail (BF): Red
Max. IO Slot Supported	17
Register to Read and Write	AS300 series data registers are supported to read and write
Minimum Time for Data Exchange to Operate	10 ms
Maximum Data Length/Per Transmission	Input: 250 words
	Output: 250 words
PROFINET Configuration	Download PROFINET Configurations from PN Controller

# 9.3.4 EtherNet Communication Port

# 9.3.4.1 Communication Port Pin Assignment

Delta EtherNet/IP devices use CAT5e industrial Ethernet cables and can be connected via RJ-45 communication port.

Pin	Signal	Description	Pin	Signal	Description	
1	Tx+	Transmit plus	5		N/C	
2	Tx-	Transmit negative	6	Rx-	Receive negative	
3	Rx+	Receive plus	7		N/C	8-1
4		N/C	8		N/C	

# 9.3.4.2 Communication LED Indicator

LED Inc	dicator	tor LED Status Description		
		ON	<ul> <li>Communication port is connected.</li> <li>Connected to Ethernet</li> </ul>	
LINK	Green	OFF	Communication port is not connected.	
			Not Connected to Ethernet	
		Plinking	Packets transmitting/receiving	
ACK		Blinking	Packets transmitting/receiving over Ethernet	
ACK	Yellow		No packets transmitting/receiving	
		OFF	<ul> <li>No packets transmitting/receiving over Ethernet</li> </ul>	

Note: The LED indicator is at the RJ45 connection.

# 9.4 EtheNet/IP Software

EtherNet/IP related parameters are set through HWCONFIG, which is embedded in ISPSoft. Call HWCONFIG from ISPSoft (version 3.12 and above). Download the ISPSoft software at: <u>Delta | Download Center (deltaww.com)</u>

# 9.4.1 Run HWCONFIG via an Ethnet/IP Scanner

You can call HWCONFIG from Delta EIP Scanner's ISPSoft project. The Delta EIP Scanner is the EtherNet/IP communication PLC and the EtherNet/IP module. When using a Delta EIP Scanner, you set up an Ethnet/IP module through HWCONFIG in ISPSoft. Make sure the current communication is via EtherNet in ISPSoft. Refer to Section 9.9.3 for a list of Delta EIP Scanner products supported by HWCONFIG.

#### 1. Operation Steps

 Open COMMGR: click the Start menu and go to Programs > Delta Industrial Automation > COMMGR Add a new Driver, Ethernet. And start searching for IP addresses of the current devices.

X

Name		Description		State
Properties				×
Driver Name	Drive	rl		
	pine			
nnection Setup				
Туре	Ether	met		_
ernet Card				
Description	Intel	(R) Ethernet Conne	ection (2) 1219-1	M •
192.168.1.104				-
Address Setting				
Add	Delete	All Delete	Sei	arch
			-	
IP Address	Port	Label	Type	+

- 2. Open ISPSoft: click the Start menu and go to Programs -> Delta Industrial Automation -> ISPSoft
- 3. ISPSoft -> Tools -> Communication Settings: Select the previous set Ethernet driver and the IP address.
- 4. ISPSoft : Create a new project: on the File menu, click New to display the Create a New Project dialog box.



5. Select a PLC: in the Create a New Project dialog box, select a PLC that supports Ethnet/IP.

Controller Type	A\$300	PLC Type	A\$332T	
Drive/Path	C:\ProgramData\De	elta Industrial Autom	ation\ISPSof	ft_New\Project
				Browser

6. Open HWCONFIG: double-click **HWCONFIG** in the Project window.



- 7. Upload settings to HWCONFIG: click **Upload** to copy the parameters from the PLC to HWCONFIG. If there's any change on the module configuration, you can use **Scan** to update the parameters in HWCONFIG.
- Save and download the settings from HWCONFIG : on the File menu click Save to save the settings and then click the download button on the toolbar to download the file to PLC. You must save the configuration in HWCONFIG before opening the other communication tools. While working in the communication tools, you cannot work in HWCONFIG.

Common	File	Edit	View	Communi	cation T	ool H	elp
Save	Copy	Paste	X Delete	Upload	Download	р Scan	On-line Mode

9. Open EtherNet/IP editing page: right-click the CPU module in the system configuration area to see the EtherNet/IP button. Click the button to open the EtherNet/IP editing page.

Hardware Configuration (Device 0)			_	
Reset Configuration Show Information Input/Output Device Rearrange Show HWC Remarks:	ONFIG Table	EtherNet	t/IP Resi	ze 💐 🥫
	CPU Gro	up		
	Module	Module Na	Input Devi	Output De
	CPU	AS332T-A	X0.0 - X0.15	Y0.0 - Y0.15
		Function C	NONE	NONE
		Function C	NONE	NONE

# 9.4.2 Set up the IP Address

This section provides an overview on how to set up IP address for AS Series modules. Set up the IP address before configuring the EIP related parameters or data exchange settings. For the editing on the network parameters, you need to go to HWCONFIG -> Edit Area -> General -> Ethernet Port Basic Setting.

common File Edit	View Communication Tor	ol Help							
→ × → × → × → ×									
yert Tree a	Hardware Configuration (Devic	ce 0) # ×							
vice	TReset Configuration	Show Informat	tion 3 Input/Output Device Ream	inge 🔲 Show HWCONFIG Table 🚍 El	therNet/IP			Resize a	2 2 100%
Untitled0	Remarks:	***							
Device 0 (AS332T-A)						CPU Grou			
HWCONFIG Table						Module	Module Name		Output Device Ran
- 🔏 Hardware Configurat	_	-	100			CPU	AS332T-A	X0.0 - X0.15	Y0.0 - Y0.15
- CPU Group			1				Function Card	NONE	NONE
-			all the second s				Function Card	NONE	NONE
CPU (AS332T		<u>. []</u>							NUNE
00(AS321	Edit Area	<u>a (1</u> 8)							
GU (AS321									3
00 (AMA)	Edit Area		Ethernet Fort Basic Setting						3
0.0 (2001)	Edit Area General Data Exchange - A5332T-A		Ethernet Fort Basic Setting Neme	Setting Value	Unit	Def			3
E0 (8331)	Edit Areo General Data Exchange – A5332T-A + System settings		Name	Setting Value 192.168.1.5	Unit	Deft 192.168.1.5		Hinimum	ardware Configuration
E0 (8331)	Edit Area Ceneral Data Exchange - A5332T-A + System settings COMI Port Setting	- 16	Name		Unt		sult	H Minimum 223	ardware Configuration Maximum
(500) (500)	Edit Area General Deta Exchange - A5332T-A + System settings COMI Port Setting COM2 Port Setting		Name IP Address	192.168.1.5	Unt	192.168.1.5	sult	Minimum 223 255	ardware Configuration Maximum _255.255,255
Cu (2001)	Edit Area General Data Exchange - A5332T-A + System settings COMI Port Setting COM2 Port Setting Libernet Port Basic Set	ting	Name IP Address Subnet Mask	192.168.1.5 255.255.255.0	Unit	192.168.1.5 255.255.255.0	sult 1.1.3.1 3 0.0.0.0	Minimum 223 255	3 ardware Configuration Maximum 255.255.255 255.255 255.255 255.255
Cu (2001)	Edit Area General Deta Exchange - A5332T-A + System settings COMI Port Setting COM2 Port Setting	ting	Neme IP Address Subnet Mask Gatewey	192.168.1.5 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.1		192.168.1.5 255.255.255.0 192.168.1.1	suit 1.1.1.1 0 0.0.00 1.1.1.1	Mnimum 223 255 223	3 ardware Configuration Maximum 255,255,255 255,255 255,255 255,255 255,255

# 9.4.2.1 IP Address Types

The AS Series supports 3 types of IP addressing, BOOTP, DHCP and static IP address.

Type of IP Address	Definition
	Uses the TCP/IP Bootstrap Protocol (BOOTP) to set up the IP address, netmask and
BOOTP	gateway. A BOOTP server may require some configuration. The BOOTP protocol is
	designed for a network in which each host has a permanent network connection.
DUCD	Uses the Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) to automatically obtain IP address,
DHCP	netmask, gateway, main computer name and the WINS server.
Static IP	You manually set the IP address, netmask and gateway.

# 9.4.2.2 Set the IP Address (Static IP)

#### • Steps to set the IP address

When using an EIP product with a static IP address, set up the IP address in HWCONFIG in ISPSoft. The following example uses the AS Series.



- 1. Configure the network parameters
- Double-click the AS Series module in HWCONFIG to see the Edit Area.
- On the Ethernet Port Basic Setting tab, set the IP address and then click OK.

Common Hie Edit v	/iew Communication Tool Help								
voyect Tree * Device ED Unitatedo ED Device 0 (AS332T-A) INVCONFIS Table	Hardware Configuration (Device 0) = x	_	n 😳 Input/Output Device Rearra	nge 🛄 Show HWCÓNFIG Table 🗖	EtherNet/IP	CPU Grau Module	p Module Name		a 💐 💐 100% -
- 🔏 Hardware Configurat - 🍪 CPU Group 📻 CPU (AS332T	+		+			CPU	AS332T-A Function Card Function Card	X0.0 - X0.15 NONE NONE	Y0.0 - Y0.15 NONE NONE
	Edit Area								Hardware Configuration
	Edit Area General Data Exchange								Hardware Coofiguration
		Eth	ernet Port Basic Setting	Setting Value	Unt	Def	nuit	Minstern	
	General Data Exchange - A5332T-A - System settings CDM1 Part Setting	Eth	ernet Port Basic Setting hame IP Address Subnet Mask	Setting Value 192.168.1.5 255.255.0	- (int	Def 192.168.1.5 255.255.255.5	1.1.1.		Nardware Cooliguration Majomum 223.255.255.255 255.255.255
	General Data Exchange - A5332T-A • System settings	Eth	Name IP Address	192.168.1.5	Unit	192.168.1.5	1.1.1.	1	Maximum 223.255.255.255

2. Save and download the settings from HWCONFIG: on the **File** menu click **Save** to save the settings and then click Download button on the toolbar.



# 9.4.2.3 Set up the IP Address (BOOTP/DHCP)

When using an EtherNet/IP product with a BOOTP/DHCP IP address, users can set up the IP address through the IP Manager Tool in HWCONFIG.

ommu	nication	Tool	Help
) List		P Server lanager <sup>-</sup> Test To	Гооі

If the default IP type is DHCP, open DHCP Server to set up the IP address.

# DHCP :



	Item	Definition
0	Stop the Server	Stops the BOOTP/DHCP server; the IP manager does not request an IP
		addresses from the BOOTP/DHCP server.
0	Network Settings	Opens a dialog box to set up the subnet mask, gateway, primary DNS,
	Network Settings	secondary DNS, and domain name.
3	Clear List	Clears the contents of the list.
4	Delete	Deletes the selected item from the list.
5	New	Adds a new IP/MAC address.
6	Import	Imports the IP/MAC address list; the file format is .CSV.
Ø	Export	Exports the IP/MAC address list; the file format is .CSV.

8	Enable BOOTP	Enables the BOOTP to assign an IP address for the selected item.
9	Enable DHCP	Enables the DHCP to assign an IP address to the selected item.
0	Disable BOOTP/DHCP	Disables the BOOTP/DHCP on the device; the device does not request an IP
		addresses from the server.

#### • Steps to set the IP address:

1. MAC address: find the MAC address on the EIP device. The MAC address uniquely identifies the device.



#### 2. Open the DHCP Server

HWCONFIG : Click **Tool** and then click **DHCP Server**.



 The IP Manager can be the BOOTP/DHCP Server, receiving IP address requests from devices. The IP Manager window is shown below.

Stop the Server	Network Interfac	ce Intel(R) Ethernet Connection 121	7-LM
ble of Requesting	Devices	172.16.155.51	Network Setting
Clear List			
Time	Type MAC A	ddress Status	
pping Table New	Defens	Galde	BOOTE Enable DHCI
New	Duleue	(Enable B	
New Import	Export		200TF Enable DHCI Enable DHCP/200TF
New Import		Clashe F RJ-45 Status	
New Import	Export		

- 3. Set up the IP address
- Double-click the listed MAC address for your device to open the Input Data dialog box.

Stop the Server	Network interface	Intel(R) Ethernet Connection 1217-LM	
		172.16.153.51	Network Setti
ble of Requesting Devi	ices		
Clear List			
Time 2016/10/7 01:56.	Type MAC Adda DHCP 00182310Cl		
2010/10// 01:56.	DHUP 00182310CI		
		$\smile$	
		-	
	_		
nong Table			
pping Table			
	Dalou	Enable EC NTF	Indig III I
New		Emilde BC277	
New	Delas	Emilie EC 277	Enable This II Double DHCP/P/ N/IP
	Export	Entrife ECCTT	
New Import	Export		
New	Export		
New Import	Export		

Enter the IP address and click **OK**.

out Data	1
MAC Address	00182301F0E8
IP Address	0.0.0.0
Port	1
	OK Cancel

#### 4. Disable DHCP/BOOTP

Click the device in the Exchange Table that you want to disable, then click **Disable DHCP/BOOTP**. The selected device does not send DHCP/BOOTP requests. To change the IP address receiving mode, refer to Section 9.4.2.2 for more information.

lime		Туре	MAC Address	Status		
-						
pping Table		-		Enable BOO	TP Enable DF	ICD 1
New	Delete	1		Diaute DOO		
Import	Export				Disable DHCP/BC	OTP
Cype h	AC Address		Address 2.168.1.15	Port Status		
	0182301F0E8			14		

#### Notes

- Enable BOOTP: when the IP address receiving mode is BOOTP (BOOTP is enabled), the IP address is assigned, and the device sends out BOOTP requests for IP addresses during each power-on.
- Enable DHCP: when the IP address receiving mode is DHCP (DHCP is enabled), the IP address is assigned, and the device sends out DHCP requests for IP addresses during each power-on.
- Disable DHCP/BOOTP: when BOOTP is disabled, the device does not send out any DHCP/BOOTP requests for IP addresses during each power-on.

# 9.4.3 Network

HWCONFIG provides a graphical user interface, and you can see the devices and their EtherNet/IP connections in the Network View.

#### **EtherNet/IP Page**



	Item	Definition
0	Toolbar	Toolbar buttons
0	Network View	Displays the connected devices and their connection status
€	Configuration Area	Displays the configurations and allows you to set the parameters
4	Product List	Displays the available devices that can be connected to EtherNet/IP

Save		pload Download Scan On-line Mode
Icon	Name	Definition
	Save	Saves the project
$\varkappa$	Cut	Cuts the selected item
	Сору	Copies the selected item
	Paste	Pastes the selected item
$\times$	Delete	Deletes the selected item
	Uploader	Uploads from a device
	Downloader	Downloads to a device
2	Scan Network	Scans the network for device availability
	On-line Mode	Switches to on-line mode

## **Function Buttons**

# **Setting Area**

📅 Clear Adapters 🚦 Show RTU Information 🚦 Show Data Exchange 🔲 Show HWCONFIG Table 📑 Hardware Configuration

- Clear Adapters: Use this button to clear EIP Builder of the network and the data exchange table.
- Show RTU Information: Use this button when the PLC works with AS00SCM-RTU (AS-FEN02) and once you click this option, the placement of RTU will show up.



- Show Data Exchange: Use this button to open the data exchange table. More information on data exchange will be given in the following sections.
- Show HWCONFIG Table: Use this button when the PLC works with AS00SCM-RTU (AS-FEN02). Refer to Chapter 9 from AS Series Module Manual for more information.
- Hardware Configuration: Use this button to switch back to HWCONFIG main page.

## **Network View**



	Name	Definition
1	Device name	Name of the device; Scanner name can be edited in hardware configuration, while Adapter name can be changed here.
0	IP address	Shows the IP address of the device; the red box indicates it is the communication port and the number shown is the last digit of the device IP address.
3	Network_0	Displays the connection status; devices on the same line indicate they are in the same network.

## **Product List**



	Name	Definition
0	Search Bar	Type the module name you want to find; if no match is found, that means there is no EDS file in the system matching the module name.
0	Product List	Categorizes the devices according to the EtherNet/IP definition; devices from third parties are in the <b>Others</b> folder.

# 9.4.4 Add New Devices

## Scan Network

- Steps to add new devices by scanning the network
  - 1. Click the Scan button to scan the network and the scanned devices are shown in the Adapter Scan.
  - 2. Select the devices to add to the Network View, and then click **OK** to add the selected devices.

Device 0 (AS332T-A)	* Communication	Setting	Adapter Scan			
Device o (HSSSET A)	Driver:	Driver1	EtherNet/IP			
	Station Address:	0	IP Address	Device Type	Version	Comment
	IP Address:	192.168.1.5:502	1/2.168.1.5	AS332P	1.1	The IP address is already taken by a device in
	Port:	502	□ 1 Z.168.1.21	DVS-109W02-1GE	1,10	An EDS is needed to support this shryce.
	Label:	U	192.168.1.106	CMM-EIP03	1.1	
	Type:	AS332P	192.168.1.107	CMC-EIP02	1.1	
		-	192.168.1.138	DVS-103I02C-DLR	1.1	
		Task				
	- C EtherNet/IP					
	✓ Adapter Se	can				
		can	Information Finished			
	Task Result					
	Task Resut Total Task(s):	1				
	Task Result Total Task(s): Successful Task(s)	1 ): 1				
	Task Resut Total Task(s):	1				

	Name	Definition
0	Selection checkboxes	Select the devices you want to add to the network view.
2	Scan	Scan the network again
0	ОК	Add the selected device to the network view

# Add devices (Manually)

#### • Steps to add new devices manually

1. Select the devices to add from the Product List. You can also enter the module name in the search bar. Drag the device onto the Network View.

therNet/IP		- 🖷 Programmable Logic Controller
Union	Dev_0	AS200 Series AS218PX
A53327-A	A5228T	A5218RX
192.168.1.5	192.166,1.1	AS228P
Network_0		AS228R AS228T

2. Double-click the IP address of the added device to edit its IP address.

A5332P-A	A\$2287
192,168.1.5	192.168.1.1

#### Set EIP parameters

#### 1. Create the network

(a) Drag the Ethernet communication port (the red box) of the device to the network to create a new connection.



(b) Right-click on the blank area to see the Fast Connect option and then click it to see a list of available devices. Select the ones you need to add multiple devices at the same time to the network.

	st/IP	Dev_0	
	A5332P-A A5228	58.1.15 Fast Connect	1
Network_0			
		192.168.1.107 III СМС-ЕГРО2 Dev_2	
	Fast Connect	x	
	등 Fast Connect 한 Select Al	× Connect to Network_0 *	
	⊘ Select Al Staton Name		
	⊘ Select Al Station Name + _ □ □ Unitiled	Connect to Network_0 - Comment	
	⊘ Select Al Staton Name	Connect to Network_0 *	
		Connect to Network_0 - Comment	

(c) Once the connection is established, click the network line "Network\_0" to see all the connected devices in this network in the Information window.

Network_0						-
					_	
dt. Area						
						EtherNet/1
Information						
letwork Name: Network_0 Owner: I	Untitled					
User Define Name	Product Name		Port No.		IP Address	
Untitled	A5332P	0		192.168.1.5		
Dev_0	AS228T	0		192.168.1.15		
Dev_1	CMM-EIP03	0		192.168.1.106		

#### 2. Set the parameters

Click the tabs in the Information window to view and edit the Data Exchange, Information and the Device Parameter.

	5332P-A	Dev_0	
	192.168.1.5	192.168.1.15	
Area			

#### Data Exchange

Only when the selected device is an EIP Scanner, this tab can be functional. Refer to section 9.4.5 for more information on Data Exchange.

#### • Information / EIP Parameter

When offline, this tab is shown as Information. You can check information in the EDS file. When adding an EIP Adapter, you will need to set up the device IP address here. Refer to section 9.4.4.2 for more information.

EtherNet						
	A5332P-A 192.168.1.5		AS228T 192.168.1.15	Dev_0		
• Edt Area		_	-			* *
LOK Area						EtherNet/IP
Data Exchange Informat	ion Device Parameter					Contined to
EDS Information	and Andrew Street and	Ports				
User Define Name	Untitled		Port No.	IP Address	Network Name	
Product Name	A\$332P		0	192.168.1.5	Network_0	
Version	1.4					
Rack No.						
i Slot No.		Commer	6			
VendCode	799 (Deta electronics, nc.)					14
ProdType	14 (Programmable Logic Controller)					
ProdCode.	513					
MajRev	1					
MnRev	1					*

When the device is connected, this tab is shown as EIP Parameter. You can click the **Upload** button to upload the related parameters from the device. Or click the **Download** button to download the related parameters to the device.



	Name	Definition
(1)	Module Status	<ul> <li>Identification: displays information regarding Vendor, Product Type, Product Name, Revision, etc.</li> <li>Status: displays connection status, including Major Fault, Minor Fault, Internal State, Configuration Status, and Module Identity.</li> </ul>
2	IP Setting	<ul> <li>Port1: indicates port 1 of the device, for editing IP Address, Subnet Mask, Gateway Address, and Host Name.</li> <li>Note: when there is a Port2, that means there are 2 Ethernet communication ports.</li> </ul>
4	Port Status	<ul> <li>Displays Link Status, Speed, Duplex, Negotiation Status and Hardware Fault.</li> </ul>

9\_

# 9.4.5 Data Exchange – Implicit Message

When the connection between devices is established, you can use exchange data between devices. This section provides an overview of how to create a data exchange table.



# 9.4.5.1 Data Exchange page

## 1. Data Exchange Table

ata Exchange Inf	ormation Device	Parameter									
192.168.1.5	<b>□</b> + Add	🗹 Edit	Br Move Up		love Down	👌 Copy 🖶× Delete 🍵 Del	lete All	Sort By IP Address			
1	CIP Connectio	n Used (Ma	aximum Value:	32): 3	TCP Connectio	n Used (Maximum Value: 16): 3	Assume Sca	in Time:	3 🗘 EIP Theoretical	Rate: 504	F
1.1	🖌 Enable	EIP Tag	Product N	Name	IP Address	Scanner Start Address / EIP Tag	Direction	Adapter Start Address	/ EIP Tag / Parameter	Length (	byt
	1 🗹		AS228T	Dev 0	192.168.1	D0	+	D10	000	200	,
	1 🗠	H	A52201	Dev_0	192.100.1	D0	+	D	0	200	)
+	2 🗸		CMM-ETD03	CMM-EIP03 Dev_1	1 192.168.1	D100	+	[2100] Warn / Error [2000] Operation Command 1		64	
2	2 1		CHIM-LIPUS	Dev_1	192.100.1	D100	+			64	
	3 🗵		CMC-EIP02	Dev_2	192.168.1	D132	+	[2100] W	arn / Error	64	
+	3 🖭		CHIC-LIFU2	Dev_2	192.100.1	D132	+	[2000] Operat	tion Command	64	

No.	Category	Item	Description				
		Add	Use this button to add new item for data exchange. Click the IP address column of the newly added row to select the IP address of the to-be-added device.				
		Edit	Use this button to open the data exchange table for editing.				
0	Tool bar	Move Up / Move Down	Use this button to change the order of data exchange. (this order is related to the order in SR1020 to SR1083, the EtherNet/IP connection 1 to 32).				
		Copy / Delete	Use this button to copy or delete the selected row.				
		Delete All	Use this button to delete the whole data exchange table.				
		Sort By IP Address	Use this button to arrange the order of data exchange by IP addresses.				
			<ul> <li>CIP Connection Used: the total number of connections for data exchange</li> </ul>				
			<ul> <li>TCP Connection Used: the total number of connected devices</li> </ul>				
0	Information bar	Number of connections	Connection for data exchange; each row represents one independent EtherNet/IP connection. The number of connections cannot exceed the maximum number of connections for the Scanner. For example, AS Series can be connected to up to 16 adapters and the maximum number of connections for data exchange is 32.				
		Communication capacity	Enter the assumed PLC scan time to estimate the network loading for the data exchange. Refer to section 9.3.2 for more information.				
		Communication parameters	Display the essential parameters of the selected row.				
3	Data	Enable	Enable or disable the data exchange of the connection.				

No.	Category	Item	Description					
	exchange table		You must create a Consumed Tag in the Global Symbols in					
			ISPSoft before using this function.					
			Use EIP Tag to perform data exchange with adapters.					
			After selecting this check box,					
		EIP Tag	• The directional arrow points left of $(\leftarrow)$ (READ only)					
		-	• Registers cannot be used in this row.					
			• The length format is defined by the data format in the					
			Global Symbols; you cannot change the length format					
			here.					
			• Refer to section 9.4.6 for more information.					
		Product name	Once you select the IP address, its name is displayed. And it					
			cannot be changed here.					
		Name	Go to the network view to change the device name. Refer to					
		Nume	section 9.4.3.3 for more information.					
			The IP address of the Adapter for the Scanner to connect to.					
			After the data exchange connection is established, the system					
		IP Address	loads the connected devices' IP addresses. After that you can					
			select the device's IP address from the list to add or edit the					
			connection.					
			Starting address of the Scanner register in the data exchange					
		Scanner Start Address /	table					
		EIP Tag	FW V1.08 or previous versions support device D.					
			FW V1.10 or later version support device D and M.					
			Using device D or device M takes 2 bytes as a unit in data length.					
		Adapter Start Address /	Starting address of the target Adapter register in the data					
		EIP Tag / Parameter	exchange table / EIP Tag / Parameters					
			Set the data exchange length. The data length is set according					
		Length (byte)	to EDS file and the maximum is 500 bytes; unit: byte. You cannot					
			change the length here when using EIP Tag.					

# 2. Data Exchange Parameters

Click **Data Exchange** tab and click the Data Exchange device. After that click **Edit** to open the data exchange setting page.

🛱 Data Exchange device: AS228T (Dev_0) Remote Addre	ss: 192.168.1.1	5				×		
General Setting	I/O Parameter	I/O Parameter Setting				Connection Path Setting		
Connection Manager Connection1	RPI (ms)		10 ‡	Apply to all	Input Instance	101 🗘		
EDS Compare Rule Compatible Keying *	Multicast	Point	To Point 🔹		Output Instance	100		
☑ Enable	Timeout	RF	PI x 4 •	Apply to all	Configure Instance	128 🌲		
EtherNet/IP Tag	Trigger Mode	C	yclic 🔹					
Read		Confi	g Data	Data Type: UIN	T Minimum Value:0 M	aximum Value:3		
Scanner Start Address Adapter Start Address	Length (byte)			Name	Va	lue		
D - 0 + D - 1000 +	200 🗘	+ 1	Conn1_Input(T	->0) DeviceType	D			
		2	Conn1_Input(T	->0) DeviceQuantity	200			
Write		3	Conn1_Input(T	->0) DeviceIndex	1000			
Scanner Start Address Adapter Start Address	Length (byte)	4	Conn1_Output(	O->T) DeviceType	D	-		
$D \bullet O \diamond \to D \bullet O \diamond$	200 🗘	5	Conn1_Output(	O->T) DeviceQuantity	200			
		6	Conn1 Output	O->T) DeviceIndex	n	-		
Default					O	Cancel		

Name	Item	Description
	Connection Manager	Select the connection from the EDS file. Different connections may have different exchange parameters.
General Setting	EDS Compare Rule	<ul> <li>EIP Scanner checks the followings according to the setting:</li> <li>Disable keying: Disable key checking the product information and versions.</li> <li>Compatible keying: Check the product information (Vendor ID, Device Type, Product Code), and Major Revision (should be matched). Minor revision is not checked.</li> <li>Exact match: Check the product information, major revision and minor version should be matched with what stated in EDS file.</li> </ul>
Conoral County	Enable	Enable or disable the data exchange.
	EtherNet/IP Tag	<ul> <li>Use EtherNet/IP Tag to perform data exchange with adapters. You must create a Consumed Tag in the Global Symbols in ISPSoft before using this function. After selecting this check box,</li> <li>The directional arrow points left of (←) (READ only)</li> <li>Registers cannot be used in this row.</li> <li>The length format is defined by the data format in the Global Symbols; you cannot change the length format here.</li> <li>Refer to section 9.4.6 for more details</li> </ul>
	Requested Packet	<ul> <li>Time interval to request packets through the I/O connection, unit: ms</li> </ul>
	Interval (RPI)	<ul> <li>Click Apply to all: to apply the I/O parameter settings to all the items on the data exchange list.</li> </ul>
I/O Parameter Setting	Multicast	<ul> <li>Communication mode setup: Multicast or Point-to-Point</li> <li>Point-to-Point is more common; use Multicast when the connection is Listen_only.</li> </ul>
	Timeout	<ul> <li>Sets the timeout according to the <b>RPI</b> or a multiple of RPI (RPI*X).</li> </ul>
		• Click <b>Apply to all</b> : to apply the settings to all the items on

Name	Item	Description
		<ul> <li>the data exchange list.</li> <li>The minimum value is 100 ms. When a value that is less than 100 ms, the PLC will automatically double the timeout setting. For example, if the RPI=20 ms and the multiple value is set to 4, the total will be 80 which is less than 100. PLC will automatically double the multiple value from 4 to 8 to make the timeout setting value bigger than 100 ms.</li> </ul>
	Trigger Mode	<ul> <li>Data refreshing trigger mode; common use: cyclic</li> <li>Cyclic: refreshing data cyclically</li> <li>Change of State: refreshing data once there is any change</li> <li>Application: refreshing data according to product definition</li> </ul>
	Input Instance	• The instance number is the same as the data exchange connection number. You can tell the mapped data is from which corresponding device by the instance number. The
Connection Path Setting	Output Instance	parameters are read from the EDS file, when connected, if the connection of the Connection Manager changes, this section updates values accordingly.
	Configure Instance	<ul> <li>You can edit input instance, output instance and configure instance in some of the EDS files. If not the section is grayed-out.</li> </ul>
		<ul> <li>Delta controller products: you can set the register address for data exchange.</li> </ul>
Input (T->O) Instance Output (O->T)	Address	• Delta drive products: the supported products are listed on the editing page. Click "" on the editing page for more information.
Instance	Length	<ul> <li>Set the length for data exchange; unit: byte and 2 bytes</li> <li>When device M is used in the beginning address of the scanner; the data length unit can be set to 2 bytes (16 bits).</li> </ul>
Configure Instance	from the EIP Adapter. Af	d parameters. But the parameters are set according to the EDS file ter editing, download the parameters to EIP Scanner and then stablished, write the parameters into EIP Adapter.

#### 9.4.5.2 Delta Adapter

- 1. Refer to section 9.4.4 to add new devices and create connections for all the added devices.
- 2. Click Show Data Exchange to open the editing page for data exchange.



# EtherNet/IP As332P-A 192.168.1.5 5

3. Set up the address for data exchange

Set up the register address for the Scanner. Make sure the register address is free for use. The following examples use 3 different types of devices for demonstrations.

PLC Controller - AS200

Multiple data exchanges can be executed for one PLC controller at a time. One connection is for one data exchange. You can edit the addresses and data lengths for data exchange. Unit: 2 bytes.

CI	P Connectio	n Used (Ma	kimum Value: 32):	3 TC	P Connection Us	ed (Maximum Value: 16): 1 As:	ume Scan Tir	me: 3 CEIP Theoretical Rate:	304 packet p
	Enable	EIP Tag	Product Name	Name	IP Address	Scanner Start Address / EIP Tag	Direction	Adapter Start Address / EIP Tag / Parameter	Length (byte)
	t ar		AS228T	0	192.168.1.15	D0	+	D1000	200
1	1		A52261	Dev_0	192.108.1.15	D0	+	D0	200
-	121		AS228T	Day 0	192.168.1.15	D100	+	D1100	200
4	14.1	<u> </u>	A52261	Dev_0	192.100.1.15	D100	+	D100	200
-			A5228T	Dan A	192.168.1.15	D200	+	D1200	200
2	-		A52201	Dev_0	192.100.1.15	D200	+	D200	200

#### Servo drive – CMM-EIP02 (MS300)

- 1) Only one data exchange can be executed for one servo drive at a time. The data length is fixed and cannot be edited.
- 2) Click "..." to see more servo drive settings.


3) Most of the functions in the data exchange area are fixed. Some self-defined options are in HWCONFIG. Make sure your ISPSoft is up to date.

	Name	Value	
23	[6106] Output Torque 2	0	*
24	Reserved	0	
25	Reserved	0	
26	User Defined	0	
27	User Defined	0	
28	User Defined	0	
29	User Defined	0	
30	User Defined	0	
31	User Defined	0	
32	User Defined	0	

- 4) Refer to Delta High Frequency Motor Drive C2000 User Manual for more details.
- Delta Temperature Controller (DTME)
  - Multiple data exchanges can be executed for one PLC controller at a time. One connection indicates one module. Connection 1 represents the CPU and connection 2 represents the first DTME module and so forth.
  - 2) You can edit all the corresponding parameters.

	Name	Value
<b>۱</b>	[X268] MON-PV1 CH1 Present Value ····	0
2	[X269] MON-PV2 CH2 Present Value ····	0
3	[X26A] MON-PV3 CH3 Present Value ····	0
4	[X26B] MON-PV4 CH4 Present Value ····	0
5	[X26C] MON-PV5 CH5 Present Value ····	0
6	[X26D] MON-PV6 CH6 Present Value ····	0
7	[X26E] MON-PV7 CH7 Present Value ····	0

3) Refer to Delta Temperature Controller Operating Manual for more details.

### 9.4.5.3 The 3<sup>rd</sup> Party Adapter

If you need to use a 3<sup>rd</sup> party adapter, you should read its user manual carefully or work closely with its trained and competent personnel to obtain the EDS file. The followings demonstrate how to add devices in with and without EDS files.

#### • With EDS Files:

- 1. Import the EDS file to HWCONFIG and the wizard will guard you through the process to add the 3<sup>rd</sup> party device in the network. The parameters of the 3<sup>rd</sup> party device will be brought in automatically.
- 2. Click Device Description File Manager to open the wizard.

Common File	Edit View	Comm	unication	Tool	Help
Device Description File Manager	Environment Setting	PO List	DHCP		

3. Select Install Description File and click Next.

Device Description File Manager – $\Box$ ×							
	Welcome to the wizard						
	This wizard simplifies the implementation of a complex set of tasks by guiding the user through a series of simple steps						
	Install Description File						
	O Uninstall Description File						
	To continue, click Next						
Back To Menu	< Back Next > Cancel						

4. Select EDS (Electronic Data Sheet) and click Next.

😝 Device Description File Manager	-		×
Select Description File Type Please choose the description file type that you are going to install.			
Choose type of the description file:			
O IODD (IO Device Description)			
EDS (Electronic Data Sheet)			
• ESI (EtherCAT Slave Information)			
Back To Menu < Back Next >		Cance	

- 5. Select and locate where you store the EDS file and then follow the wizard to complete the import.
- 6. After the import is done, you can scan the network to add the device in or select it form the group of Others in Product List.

l	+ 🛋 Programmable Logic Controller
l	+ 🖬 Communications Adapter
l	+ 🖬 General Device
1	+ 🖬 Others
*	

#### • Without EDS Files:

- 1. When there is no EDS file, you can use **General Device** to set up.
  - a) Select General Device from the Product List and add it to the network.
  - b) Set up the IP address for the 3<sup>rd</sup> party device.

Hardware Config	uration (Device 0)	EtherNet/IP (Device 0) 👳	×			
🛗 Clear Adapt	ers 🚦 Show RTU I	nformation 🚦 Show Data Exch	nange 🔲 Sho	w HWCONFIG Table		🕨 Point Tool 🔰
Networ	A5332P-A 192.168	1.5 5 192.168.1.18 15 General Device ? Dev_2				
4						
Edit Area						
Information	Device Parameter					
EDS Informat	ion	Ports	5			
User Defi	ne Name Dev_	2	Port No.	IP Address	Network Name	
Product N	ame Gene	ral Device	0	192.168.1.18	Not Connected	
Product N Version	1.1					
VendCode	799 /	Delta electronics inc.) Comr	nent			

c) Connect the device to Network\_0.

#### 2. Open Data Exchange setting page to set up.

General Setting				- 1/O Parameter	Setting			Connection Path Settin	a.	
connection Manager	10	Connection	•	RPI (ms)	20	\$	Apply to all	Input Instance	101	\$
DS Compare Rule	D	isable Keying		Multicast	Point To Point	٠		Output Instance	100	¢
Enable				Timeout	RPI x 4	•	Apply to all	Configure Instance	128	
EtherNet/IP Tag				Trigger Mode	Cyclic	•				
Read					Read			Port		
Scanner Start Address		Adapter Sta	art Address	Length (byte)	Input	Transl	fer Format	Port Segement Enable	Enable	
D - 0	: ÷	Inp	900 1	200 🗘	Pure data			Port. Number	1	
Write					Write			Link Address	0	
Scanner Start Address		Adapter Sta	art Address	Length (byte)	Output	Trans	fer Format	Config Data		
D + 0	•		NIG.	200 \$	Pure data			Config Size (byte)	0	

- a) General Setting: No need to change anything here.
- b) I/O Parameter Setting: You can edit the settings here according to your requirements.
- c) Connection Path Setting (required): You need to set up the instances for the device.
- d) Length (required): Each input/output instances has its own data length. Refer to its user manual and input the data length in. If the data here is incorrect, the connection may fail to be created.
- e) Input/output Transfer Format: For common use, input: Pure data; output: 32-bit run or Idle header.
- f) Port: No need to change anything here.
- g) Config Data: Refer to its user manual and size value in.

### 9.4.5.4 I/O Parameters

- Click **Data Exchange** tab and click the Data Exchange device. After that click **Edit** to open the data exchange setting page.
- Set the data exchange interval time in RPI to have Scanner and Adapter to exchange data at a regular time interval, for example, every 20 ms.

I/O Parameter	Setting		
RPI (ms)	20	* *	✓ Apply to all
Multicast	Point To Point	Ŧ	
Timeout	RPI x 4	•	✓ Apply to all
Trigger Mode	Cyclic	•	

### 9.4.5.5 Download Parameters

• Click **Download** on the tool bar of the EtherNet/IP page to open the Download setting page.



### 9.4.5.6 Listen Only Connection

When using Listen only connection, multiple devices can read the same data from one EIP Adapter, but only one device can write data into the EIP Adapter. This type of connection is the least-frequently used. Setting steps are as follows.

- 1. Create a dual connection (input/output) between one Exclusive Owner and EIP Adapter.
- 2. When creating a connection to EIP Adapter, you need to select the corresponding Listen only connection. For example, when the Exclusive Owner is using Connection 1, you need to select Connection 1\_ Listen only.

General Setting	
Connection Manager	Connection1
	Connection1
EDS Compare Rule	Connection2
LDS Compare Rule	Connection3
	Connection4
Enable	Connection5
	Connection6
	Connection7
EtherNet/IP Tag	Connection8
	Connection1_Listen only
	Connection2_Listen only
Read	Connection3_Listen only
- Redu	Connection4_Listen only
Scanner Start Addres	Connection5_Listen only
	Connection6_Listen only
D -	Connection7_Listen only
	Connection8_Listen only

- 3. When the connection is established, the Exclusive Owner can read/write data on EIP Adapter. For Listen only connection, the device can read data that is as what the Exclusive Owner reads. But the device cannot write data into the EIP Adapter.
- 4. When the connection of Exclusive Owner and the EIP Adapter is disconnected, the Listen only connection will be closed too. After the connection of Exclusive Owner and the EIP Adapter is reconnected, the Listen only connection will be resumed.

### 9.4.6 EtherNet/IP Tags

EtherNet/IP Tag can be used for data transfer among different controllers. Create the tags from global symbols in ISPSoft. And then you can use tags to communication with Delta HMI and the 3<sup>rd</sup> party devices while they are attached to the same EtherNet/IP network.

• Tags can be further defined as Produced Tag and Consumed Tag.

1. Produced Tag: a tag that a controller makes available for other controller. Multiple controllers (EIP scanner devices) can simultaneously consume (receive) the data. A produced tag sends its data to consumed tags (consumers).

2. Consumed Tag: a tag that receives the data of a produced tag. The data type of the consumed tag and the produced tag must be matched (including any array dimensions).

• Before connecting to a Produced Tag, you should check the IP address and the names of the tags (Produced Tag and Consumed Tag). One controller can have multiple Tags created, including produced Tag and consumed Tag. See the example below:



- The following Delta products support Tag function:
- 1. AS Series PLC CPU: V1.08.20 or later
- 2. ISPSoft software: V3.09 or later
- 3. DOPSoft software (Delta HMI editing software for DOP-100 series): V4.00.07 or later

#### • Creating symbols as tags in ISPSoft

Identifier	Address	Туре	Initial Value	e (Active wh Comment	
status	D100	WORD		PLC	

Name	Description
Identifier	User can create a name for the tag in the PLC; up to 40 characters can be used.
Address	The address is corresponding to the registers or bits in the PLC; selections are data register and M bits.
Data Type	The data type BOOL, WORD, DWORD, INT, DINT, REAL, and ARRAY are supported. One-dimensional array is supported; up to 512 byte can be used.
Initial Value	N/A
Comment	Descriptions can be added to describe the Tag; up to 128 characters are supported.

### 9.4.6.1 Produced Tag

How to create a Produced Tag:

1. Open the ISPSoft software and unfold the Global Symbols item to see the EtherNet/IP Table (Produced Tag) and EtherNet/IP Table (Consumed Tag). Double click the EtherNet/IP Table (Produced Tag).



- 2. After double clicking the EtherNet/IP (Produced Tag) option, the EtherNet/IP Table (Produced Tag) will show up for editing.
- 3. Right click on the EtherNet/IP Table (Produced Tag) to see the context menu and select the option "Add a Symbol". And then an Add Symbol window will appear.

	Add a Symbol Symbols Filter Remove Addre Move Up Move Down	Alt+Up							
0	Undo Ctrl+Z	Ctrl+Z	1	Add Symbol					×
D	Redo	Ctrl+Y		Identifier	Address	Type	Initial Value	(Active wh Comment	
K.	Cut	Ctrl+X		I					
3	Copy	Ctrl+C	5						1
B.	Paste	Ctrl+V	11	Class VAR	T Au	to-close Dialog 🗌	Insert	OK	Cancel
P	Delete	Del		-					
	Select All	Ctrl+A							

4. Set up the Produced Tag: as the example shown below.

Identifier	Address	Туре	Initial Valu	e (Active whe Comment	
status	D100	WORD		PLC	

After the setups are complete, download the parameters to the PLC. Other controllers can receive the data of a produced tag via the consumed tag. For the creation of a consumed Tag, refer to the manual from the controller to be used for data transmissions.

Example of using DOP-100WS to read the Produced Tag created by AS332P.

1. Create Produced Tag in ISPsoft.

▶ VAR	From_AS_D0_A_20	D0	ARRAY [20] OF WORD	N/A	
VAR	From_AS_D50	D5000	WORD	N/A	

2. Right-click on blank area to bring out the context menu. Click Export Global Symbol in ISPSoft.

3. Open DOPSoft and select Communication Settings under Options tab.

C DOPSoft - EIP\_TAG - [Screen\_1]



4. Select 00-EtherLink1 and set the controller to Delta EtherNet/IP (Use Tags). After that enter the IP address of

AS332P. And then click Import to import the .csv file that was exported from the previous step to DOPSoft.

Link Name	Detail
00-EtherLink1	Controller 🖋 Delta EtherNet/IP (Use Tags) 🗸 Import
	Communication Parameters
	HMI Station 0
	Controller IP : Port 192 . 168 . 1 . 5 : 44818

5. Create a component and then you can use the imported tags from the previous step.

Input						×
Link:	Eth	erLink1				~
	e m_AS_D0 m_AS_D5		W	taType ORD[20] ORD		<
Statio:	•	Dim 2	Dim 1	Dim 0	Bit	Ī

6. After the setting is complete, download the DOPSoft project to HMI.

### 9.4.6.2 Consumed Tag

The way to create a consumed Tag is the same the way to create a Produced Tag. Refer the section above for more information. After the setups are complete, download the parameters to the PLC, even if using one's own EIP data exchange table.

### 9.4.6.3 Use Tag to Execute Data Exchange

1. Make sure Consumed Tag is created. After the ISPSoft project is saved, open HWCONFIG.

	VAR	TAG1	D100	WORD	N/A	
Þ	VAR	TAG2	D500	WORD	N/A	

2. Refer to section 9.4.3 to 9.4.4 for adding devices in the network. And then Enter the IP address of the Produced Tag device to be connected. The length of the produced tag and the consumed tag should be exactly the same.

3. Switch to the data exchange setting page.

4.	Once	you se	elect the	e Tag	check be	ox, the directional a	arrow is	s to the left with ( $\leftarrow$ ) (RE)	AD only)
E	+ Add	Edit	BT Move up	- =1- N	tove Lioner	Copy 🖨 Delete 🍵 Del	ete All C	Sort By IP Address	
CI	Connection	Used (Ma	ximum Value:	32): 1	TCP Connection	n Used (Maximum Value: 16): 1	Assume Sca	an Time: 5 🗘 EIP Theoretica	Rate: 106 pag
	🗵 Enable	EIP Tag	Product N	Name	IP Address	Scanner Start Address / EIP Tag	Direction	Adapter Start Address / EIP Tag / Parameter	Length (byte)
1		2	AS228T	Dev_0	192.168.1	TAG1	+		2

5. Select the created Consumed Tag from ISPSoft and HWCONFIG will bring in the length automatically. It does not require further setting.

	TAG1	•
TAG1		
TAG2		

6. Enter the Produced Tag name of the remote device in the Adapter's EIP tag table. After that you can download the EIP tag table in HWCONFIG.

7. For the 3<sup>rd</sup> party device, after importing the EDS file, the procedures of using tags to perform data exchange are the same. EDS file. If there is no EDS file, you can use **General Device** to set up. The only requirement is the IP address, no need to set up input, output, instances, you can use tags to perform data exchange.

### 9.4.7 Diagnosis

HWCONFIG provides diagnostic information on the connection and data exchange status. For the connection status, refer to the Adapter connection status and indicator. For data exchange status and error codes, refer to Data Exchange tab.

First, click On-line Mode on the tool bar.



#### Connection Status

a) Check the device status from the indicators: for example RUN / STOP and Error indicators for the PLC.



b) The status of connection has nothing to do with EtherNet/IP data exchange. It is the network connection status. HWCONFIG sends an ICMP request (ping) to devices, if nothing returns, it is seen as disconnected from the network. The dotted line and the warning sign indicate a connection error, as shown below.



9\_

#### Data Exchange

a) Normal communication:

CIP Connection U	sed (Maximum Value: 32): 1	TCP Connectio	n Used (M	aximu	m Val	ue: 16): 1	Assume Scan Time:	5 DPT	heoretical Rate: 106 packet per second (PPS)	
Status	Message	Enable	EIP Tag	Pr	N	IP Address	Scanner Start Address / EIP Tag	Direction	Adapter Start Address / EIP Tag / Parameter	Length (byte)
1 00					De	192.168.1.15	D0	+	D1000	200
		(W)		A.J	Dem	192.100.1.1.	00	-	00	200

b) Error occurs during communication. Check the data exchange status and the error codes. For error code definitions, refer to Section 9.6.2.

CIP	Connecti	ion Used (Maximum Value: 32): 1 T	CP Connectio	n Used (M	aximu	m Va	lue: 16): 1 /	Assume Scan Time:	5 C EIPT	heoretical Rate: 106 packet per second (PPS)	
- 1	Status	Message	Enable	EIP Tag	Pr	N	IP Address	Scanner Start Address / EIP Tag	Direction	Adapter Start Address / EIP Tag / Parameter	Length (byte)
	-	The connection timeout. (16#0203)	-			-	192.168.1.15	D0	+	D1000	200
1	•	The connection timeout. (10#0203)	×.		A3	De	192.100.1.15	D0	+	D0	200

## 9.5 Explicit Message

All connections in EtherNet/IP can be divided into explicit messaging connections and implicit (or I/O) messaging connections. Explicit messaging uses TCP/IP and request/response communications or client/server connections, requiring that the instruction include the memory location of the data to be sent to the client. Implicit messaging uses UDP/IP, in which a server sends information from predefined memory locations to a client at a given interval, using a requested packet interval (RPI) parameter to specify the interval. For details on using implicit messages, please refer to Section 9.4.5. This section provides an overview of how the AS Series uses explicit messaging instructions.

When EtherNet/IP uses CIP Objects as parameters and the AS Series PLC CPU acts a Scanner, you can use the EIPRW instruction (API 2208) to read and write Adapter's objects. Each object includes various parameters, you need to obtain relative object parameters from the Adapter's manual. For details on the EIPRW instruction (API 2208), please refer to the AS Series Programming Manual. For details on Objects that are supported by the AS Series, please refer to Section 9.8.

## 9.6 Troubleshooting

This section provides an overview of error codes and troubleshooting for the AS Series.

### 9.6.1 Error Code Classification

There are two types of error code categories for the AS Series: Configuration Errors, and Application Errors. These error codes are defined by the ODVA for EtherNet/IP errors. Refer to the following table for AS Series error codes.

Error Code C	Classification		
1 <sup>st</sup> Phase	2 <sup>nd</sup> Phase	Description	
Category	Item		
Configuration arror	EDS files mismatched	Mismatched EDS files lead to I/O connection failure. *	
Configuration error	Data exchange setup error	Data exchange setup error lead to I/O connection failure. *	
Application error	Ethernet/IP error	EtherNet/IP communication failure *	
* Only the last 2 bytes of the error	code are shown; for example, only (	011C appears for the error code H'1101011C.	

## 9.6.2 Error Codes & How to fix them

### 9.6.2.1 Configuration Errors

### (HWCONFIG only shows Low word error codes)

Category	Error Code	Description	How to fix them
	H'1101011C	The Transport Class field values of the Transport Class and Trigger in the EDS file are mismatched.	<ol> <li>Check if the product information and the EDS file match.</li> <li>Reload the EDS file.</li> <li>Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.</li> </ol>
	H'11010114	The Vender ID or the Product Code in the EDS file is mismatched.	<ol> <li>Check if the product information and the EDS file match.</li> <li>Reload the EDS file.</li> <li>Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.</li> </ol>
	H'11010115	The device type parameters in the EDS file are mismatched.	<ol> <li>Check if the product information and the EDS file match.</li> <li>Reload the EDS file.</li> <li>Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.</li> </ol>
EDS Files	H'11010116	The revision parameters in the EDS file are mismatched.	<ol> <li>Check if the product information and the EDS file match.</li> <li>Reload the EDS file.</li> <li>Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.</li> </ol>
Mismatched	H'1101011E	The direction parameters in the EDS file are mismatched.	<ol> <li>Check if the product information and the EDS file match.</li> <li>Reload the EDS file.</li> <li>Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.</li> </ol>
	H'1101011F	The fixed / variable output flag in the EDS file is mismatched.	<ol> <li>Check if the product information and the EDS file match.</li> <li>Reload the EDS file.</li> <li>Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.</li> </ol>
	H'11010120	The fixed / variable input flag in the EDS file is mismatched.	<ol> <li>Check if the product information and the EDS file match.</li> <li>Reload the EDS file.</li> <li>Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.</li> </ol>
	H'11010121	The output priority in the EDS file is mismatched.	<ol> <li>Check if the product information and the EDS file match.</li> <li>Reload the EDS file.</li> <li>Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.</li> </ol>

Category	Error Code	Description	How to fix them
	H'11010122	The input priority in the EDS file is mismatched.	<ol> <li>Check if the product information and the EDS file match.</li> <li>Reload the EDS file.</li> <li>Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.</li> </ol>
	H'11010123	The output connection type parameters in the EDS file are mismatched.	<ol> <li>Check if the product information and the EDS file match.</li> <li>Reload the EDS file.</li> <li>Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.</li> </ol>
	H'11010124	The input connection type parameters in the EDS file are mismatched.	<ol> <li>Check if the product information and the EDS file match.</li> <li>Reload the EDS file.</li> <li>Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.</li> </ol>
	H'11010125	The redundant ownership output parameters in the EDS file are mismatched.	<ol> <li>Check if the product information and the EDS file match.</li> <li>Reload the EDS file.</li> <li>Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.</li> </ol>
	H'11010126	The configuration size parameters in the EDS file are mismatched.	<ol> <li>Check if the product information and the EDS file match.</li> <li>Reload the EDS file.</li> <li>Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.</li> </ol>
	H'11010129	The configuration path parameters in the EDS file are mismatched.	<ol> <li>Check if the product information and the EDS file match.</li> <li>Reload the EDS file.</li> <li>Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.</li> </ol>
	H'11010132	The EDS file does not support Null forward open.	<ol> <li>Check if the product information and the EDS file match.</li> <li>Reload the EDS file.</li> <li>Ask the vendor of the device for the EDS file.</li> </ol>
Data	H'12010100	I/O connections duplicated	<ol> <li>Check if the system has created the I/O connections.</li> <li>Change the connection type to Listen Only.</li> </ol>
Data Exchange Setup Error	H'12010106	Scanner ownership of I/O connections conflicts	<ol> <li>Check the scanner owner.</li> <li>Reconfigure the invalid scanner.</li> <li>Change the connection to multicast.</li> </ol>
	H'12010110	Incorrect adapter configuration	<ol> <li>Check the I/O connection status.</li> <li>Activate the I/O connections again.</li> </ol>

Category	Error Code	Description	How to fix them
	H'12010111	Adapter RPI not supported	3. Check the RPI for the adapter.
			1. Check if the number of connections exceeds the
	H'12010113	Insufficient I/O connections	limit.
			2. Reduce the number of the product connections.
		The connection of non-Listen	1. Check if the system has created the I/O
	H12010119	only is not established.	connections.
		only is not established.	2. Check the scanner I/O connection status.
	H'12010127	Incorrect adapter input size	Check the module number and the product setup
	1112010127	incorrect adapter input size	file to see if they match.
	H'12010128	Incorrect adapter output size	Check the output size in the connection
	1112010120	Incorrect adapter output size	parameters.
	H'1201012D	Consumed Tag does not	Check if the parameters in the Consumed tag are
	1112010120	exist.	set correctly.
	H'1201012E	Produced Tag does not exist.	Check if the parameters in the Produced tag are
	111201012L	Thoused Tag does not exist.	set correctly.
		I/O connection connecting	No response from the adapter; check if the power
	H'12010204	timeout	and the network connection for the adapter are
		limeout	working properly.
			1. Check the I/O connection limit between the
	H'12010302	Network bandwidth NOT	scanner and the adapter.
	1112010302	available for data	2. Increase the RPI value or reduce the number of
			connections.
	H'12010315	Incorrect adapter input/output	Check the module number and the product setup
	1112010315	instance	file to see if they match.

### 9.6.2.2 Application Error

Category	Error Code	Description	How to fix them
EtherNet/ IP Error	H'00010203	I/O connection timeout	<ol> <li>Check the network connection status.</li> <li>Check if the module is working properly.</li> <li>Increase the RPI value.</li> </ol>

### 9.6.3 AS-FPFN02 Error Codes & How to fix them

### 9.6.3.1 LED Indicators

Description	Procedure
System Fail (SF) indicator RED light ON	Check if the parameters downloaded to the Controller are the
	same as the actual placement
	1. Check if the upper device is well-connected
	2. Check if the device name set in the software is the same as the
Bus Fail (BF) indicator RED light BLINKING	device name shown in the function card
	3. Check if the MAC address and the device name are assigned
	correctly
	1. Check if the network cable is securely connected
Bus Fail (BF) indicator RED light ON	2. Check if the controller and the function card are both supplied
	with power

### 9.6.3.2 Status Registers of Siemens S7-1500

Status Register (Siemens S7-1500)	Description
Input Data Available %I0.0	If the value is TRUE, the input data is valid. If the value is 0, the input data is invalid. Check if the AS300 firmware version is V1.08 or higher.
Connection Status %I4.0 - %I4.7	Indicates PN connection status of Slot 1 ~ Slot 8. If the value is TRUE, the Slot is with a working PN connection (with IO module) If the value is FALSE, the Slot is without a working PN connection.
Connection Status %I5.0 - %I5.7	Indicates PN connection status of Slot 9 ~ Slot 16. If the value is TRUE, the Slot is with a working PN connection (with IO module) If the value is FALSE, the Slot is without a working PN connection.

## 9.7 Software Operation

This section provides an overview using Ethernet/IP to connect to a Delta Ethernet/IP PLC with third party software.

### 9.7.1 Operation Demonstration I

The example EIP Scanner uses Ethernet to connect to a Delta Adapter.



### 9.7.1.1 Creating a New Project and a Scanner

- 1. Open the editing software and under Create, click New Project.
- 2. Select a PLC and select the chassis.
- 3. Click **Finish** to create the new project.
- 4. After creating the project, Studio 5000 displays the Controller Organizer and workspace.
- 5. Add the Ethernet/IP module, and then connect to the Ethernet/IP devices through the Ethernet/IP module.

### 9.7.1.2 Connecting to Delta Adapter

This section provides an overview of connecting to a Delta Ethernet/IP Adapter with the example software.

- Import an EDS file from Delta Official Website
- 1. Under the Tools menu, click EDS Hardware Installation Tool.
- 2. Select Register an EDS file(s) and click Next.
- 3. Select **Register a single file** and click **Browse** to find the EDS file to import.
- 4. Follow the instructions in the wizard and then click **Finish** to complete importing the EDS file.
- Creating an Adapter
- 1. In example software, in the Controller Organizer under EtherNet/IP Scannerr, right-click **Ethernet** and then click **New Module**.
- 2. Type the module number of the imported Delta EDS file in the filter field, click the Delta module, and then click **Create**.
- 3. Verify that the product name and IP address are the same as the information shown in the **Module Definition** section.
- 4. Click **Change** if you need to make a change to the module definition.

5. Modify the module definition

1) Name: Click the arrow button to select a valid connection.

2) Size: The example PLC supports maximum 500 bytes data size. (Data for input contains 2 bytes of Serial Number and for output contains 4 bytes 32-bit Run-idle header and 2 bytes of Serial Number.) If using AS300, you can set the maximum data length 498 SINT for input and 494 SINT for output.

- % In general, there is no need to change the parameters from the imported EDS files which can usually be used without modification.
- 6. In the New Module dialog box, click the Connection tab to modify the Requested Packet Interval and Input Type settings. The RPI uses the I/O connection to a Scanner to exchange data at regular intervals, and the units are micro-seconds. For Input Type select either Unicast or Multicast. The Input Type selections may vary for different products.
- 7. Click **OK** to create the adapter. The new Delta Adapter appears in the Controller Organizer tree.

#### 9.7.1.3 Editing Corresponding Addresses for AS300

Refer to section 9.8.5 Assembly Object for defaults of exchange address. Refer to section 9.7.1.5 on how to open Program Tag and modify the contents of Tag:C to edit the exchange addresses. Refer to section 9.8.5 Assembly Object for details on Tag:C.

You can edit the corresponding addresses of input and output for each connection through Configuration.

Configuration address	Data type	Description	Defaults (Connection 1)
Word[0]	UINT	Corresponding components for input 0: D, 1: X, 2: Y	0
Word[1]	UINT	Reserved	200
Word[2-3]	DWORD	Number of corresponding component for input	1000
Word[4]	UINT	Corresponding components for output 0: D, 2: Y	0
Word[5]	UINT	Reserved	200
Word[6-7]	DWORD	Number of corresponding component for output	0

#### 9.7.1.4 Download

The next step is to download the project to the PLC and go online.

- 1. In Studio 5000, on the **Communications** menu, click **Who Active**. To establish a connection, select the Scanner connected to the PC, and then on the **Communications** menu click **Download**.
- 2. After the connection is successfully established, the I/O status shows green by I/O OK.

#### 9.7.1.5 Data Exchange

In the Controller Organizer, you can map data, including Configuration, Input and Output parameters. When you create a device I/O Configuration, the tags are added automatically.

- 1. Click **Program Tags** to display the Tags window.
- 2. Tags are listed in the **Name** column. Tag names begin with a product name and end with **C** or **I1** or **O1**, separated from the name by a colon (:).
- 3. Tag name : C indicates the tag contains information from the Adapter EDS file, including Input and Output parameters (refer to section 9.7.1.3). You can edit these parameters in the example software.
- 4. Tag name : I1 indicates that the exchange starts from Tag : I1[0], and is mapped to the first parameters of the Adapter output. The length is the output length provided by the Adapter.
- 5. Tag name: O1, indicates that the exchange starts from Tag : O1[0], and is mapped to the first parameters of the Adapter Input. The length is the input length provided by the Adapter.

### 9.7.2 Operation Demonstration II

Delta EtherNet/IP PLC connects to the example EtherNet/IP Adapter through Ethernet communication.

### 9.7.2.1 Tag Connection

This section demonstrates how to use Tag Connection to execute EtherNet/IP communication with the example PLC. Firstly create Produced Tag from the example PLC and then create Consumed Tag from Delta PLC.

### Create Produced Tag

- 1. Start the example software Sysmac Studio. Select **Connect to Device**. Configure the parameters and then click **Connect**.
- After the connection is successfully established, click Tools on the menu bar. And then select EtherNet/IP Connection Settings to access the EtherNet/IP connection settings.
- 3. Right-click the cell of the Node Address you'd like to edit its EtherNet/IP settings and then select **Edit** to open the EtherNet/IP communication setting window.
- 4. Double-click **Global Variables** under **Programming Data** in the Multiview Explorer. Right-click in the global variable table and select **Create New** from the menu.
- Right-click in the global variable table and select Create New from the menu.
   \*Click Controller on the menu bar and change the Project to Disconnected before creating a new global variable.
- 6. Set the Network Publish to Output.

And then with this attribute, you can access a variable from external devices through CIP communications or a tag data link. For tag data links, this can be a variable for data output (from the local Controller to another Controller).

- Select the tab of Built-in EtherNet/IP Connection Settings and select the Tag Set from the left. Right-click in the editing area and select Create New Tag Set from the menu and then name the tag set as ToAS. Data type: ARRAY[0..99] OF WORD.
- 8. Right-click on the created Tag Set and select Create New Tag from the menu.
- 9. The tag is added in the created tag set.
- 10. Click Controller and then Synchronize...from the menu bar to synchronize the setting with OMRON Scanner.
- 11. Create Tag sets in **Network Configurator**. Open **Network Configurator** and *select Option-> Select Interface-> Ethernet I/F*.
- 12. Select Network -> Connect
- 13. Select Interface and click OK to confirm the setting.
- 14. The blue light indicates the connection is working normally.
- 15. Drag the example PLC from the EtherNet/IP Hardware section to the network view.
- 16. Right-click the example PLC (the scanner) and select Parameter -> Edit from the menu.
- 17. Click **Edit Tags** on the **Tag Sets** tab and click **New** on the **Out-Produce** tab to create a new tag with the same name and length as the one from the "output" tag set in Sysmac. Set the size of ToAS to 200 bytes.
- 18. The new tag is created.
- 19. After setting, click Network -> Download.
- 20. After downloading, the Network Configurator dialog box is displayed.

#### Create a Consumed Tag

- 1. Start ISPSoft and click *Tools -> Communication Settings* and select a driver with Ethernet communication.
  - ※ Before setting the communication, make sure COMMGR is working normally and save the driver settings.
    - File Edit View Compile PLC Tools Wizard Window Help 🖹 🚔 🖪 🎒 🔲 🚍 🧇 Communication Settings. 0 0 001X DD / 0 10 11 Change PLC Type ... . Project ņх Program Settings . 🖃 🤷 Project [C:\Users\joycelw Set RTC 🙋 Device Comment Lis Review Error Log File 🚯 Used Device Report A HWCONFIG Language English \* 📓 CARD Utility Options... m AS332T (Untitled18 Tasks P DUT 🖻 🕣 Global Symbols 📙 Programs Function Blocks 🔮 Device Monitor Tabl 🛨 🎹 APIs

Driver	Driver2	
Station Address	0 🔻	
IP Address		

Click Global Symbols to expand the tree node and see the options. Double-click EtherNet/IP Table (Consumed Tag) from the Project section on the left. Right-click the blank area and select Add a Symbol.



3. Set the data type to ARRAY[200] OF WORD and then click OK to confirm the setting.

※ Data size should be the same as the Produced Tag data size set in the scanner.

Modify Symbol				X
Identifier FromNJ	Address D1500	Type ARRAY [1] OF W(	Initial Value (Active wh	Comment
Class VAR	- Mau	o-close Dialog		OK. Cancel
Type Selection	X	Array Type		
• Type Class • Simple Type		Type BOOL	Size	
Туре		WORD DWORD INT	•••1 ••	**************************************
BOOL WORD DWORD INT	OK Cancel	DINT REAL	Cancel	
DINT REAL				

A symbol is added, as the image shown below.



4. Go to PLC-> Transfer -> Download to download the parameters to the Scanner.



5. Double-click **HWCONFIG** from the Project section on the left to start HWCONFIG.

🗄 😋 Project [C:\ProgramData\Delta Industrial Autom	D EtherNet/IP Table	(Consumed Tag)	Ether	Net/IP Table (Consumed Tag
Device Comment List     Sed Device Report	Class	Identifiers	Address	Type
A HWCONFIG	▶ VAR	FromNJ	D1500	ARRAY [1] OF WORL
DUT				

Right-click the PLC and select Communication Software - > EIP Builder to start EIP Builder.
 For ISPSoft V3.12 or later, you can edit EtherNet/IP communication parameters in HWCONFIG.

E X D C S X			
<ul> <li>AS Series</li> <li>Digital I/O Module</li> <li>↔ Analog I/O Module</li> <li>↔ Network Module</li> <li>↔ Power Module</li> </ul>	+ + Open(Q) Replace( <u>R</u> )	Enter Ctrl+R	
	X Cut(I) 閏 Copy( <u>C</u> ) 1 Paste( <u>P</u> )	Ctrl+X Ctrl+C Ctrl+V	
Specification	Communicatio	Del	EIP Builder
			CANopen Builder

7. Click Tool-> DDF(EDS) Manager to import the EDS File.



- 8. Drag and drop the device from the Product List on the right to add have it added in the Network View.
- % You can select the device and click the Information tab to edit its IP address.



9. Drag and drop the red spare to have the Ethernet communication port connected to the network.



- Network\_0
- 10. Right-click the CPU's communication port and select Data Exchange to create a data exchange table.

- 11. Make sure the data below CPU Address/Tag and Adapter/Tag is correct.
- \* CPU Address/Tag: Consumed Tag

Adapter /Tag: Produced Tag, created by Producer



12. Click Operate-> Downloader to download the parameters to the Scanner.



- Connection Check
- 1. Click by to have the project in On-line Mode and see if the network lines are solid ones.





2. The solid network lines indicate the data exchange is being monitored successfully.

### 9.7.2.2 IO Connection

This section demonstrates how to use IO Connection to execute EtherNet/IP communication with the example PLC. Here Delta PLC acts as an EtherNet/IP Scanner.

- Set up an IO Connection from a Slave
- 1. Create two variables and set the rule of one variable as **input** and set the rule of the other variable as **output**. Set the data type and length as **Array[0..99] of word**.
- 2. Go to Tools -> Export Global Variables -> Network Configurator on the menu bar.
- 3. Start **Network Configurator** and then add and edit the example PLC from the **Ethernet Hardware List** on the left. Select *Parameter -> Edit* and click *To/From File -> Export to File* on lower right corner of the Tag Sets page.
- 4. After the file is imported, make sure the input and output variables are imported in In-Consume and Out-Produce sections.
- 5. Click the variable in In-Consume section and select Edit.
- Click Advanced button in the Edit Tag Set window and set the Instance ID to Manual and then input the Instance ID you'd like to use for IDs in In-Consume section. Set Instance ID = 100.
- Use the same method to set the Instance ID manually for IDs in In-Consume section as you have set for IDs in Out-Produce section. Set Instance ID = 110.
- 8. When the settings for Instance ID are done, click **OK** to confirm the settings on Edit Device Parameter.
- 9. Click Network -> Download to download the parameters to the slave.

#### • Set up an IO Connection from a Master

 Start EIP Builder and drag and drop a General Device into the Network View area and set up network connection. For ISPSoft V3.12 or later, you can edit EtherNet/IP communication parameters in HWCONFIG.



2. Click slave icon and set up its IP address and then configure the parameters in the EIP Parameter tab.

Information EIP Parameter Dev	rice Parameter			
Module Name	Ven	sion Port No.	Ib	Network Name
General Device	1.01	- 0	192.168.1.1	Network_1

Connection	* *	
Connection	- 古· 古	
	Name	Value
	Electronic keying	Disable Keying
	Transport Type	Exclusive Owner
	v Input	
	Assembly instance	101
	Size (Byte)	200
	Input Transfer Format	Pure data
	y Output	
	Assembly instance	100
	Size (Byte)	200
	Output Transfer Format	Pure data
	<ul> <li>Configure</li> </ul>	
	Assembly instance	128
	Size (Byte)	0
	+ Port	
	Port Segement Enable	Enable
	Port number	1
	Link address	0

- 3. Set up the slave IO connection:
- a. Master Output Instance ID = Slave Input (In-Consume) Instance ID
- b. Master Input Instance ID = Slave Output (Out-Produce)Instance ID
  - ※ Refer to slave's operation manual for more information on Instance IDs.

#### 4. Set up the connection and start data exchange.



Network_0	Network View	Network_0 # ×		Project Dow	vnloader				
Network_0		8		Select Al	Invert Selec	tion			
Network_0		1		Name		Status	Comment		
Network_0		3			tled				
Network_0		ASS32T							
	Network_0								
	1	N2004-1300	TT.	I Auto close	e after completing				
	Untitled0 (P0)		TT"	-					
Untitled0 (P0)         Communication Setting         Start         Close           Connection Count: 1         Sort         Start         Close		2	III	-				Start	Close
Connection Count:         1         Sort         Start         Cose           Enable         TAG         IP Address         Adapter Name         CPU Address/TAG         <->         Adapter         Length Prope	Connection Coun Enable	r: 1 Sort TAG IP Address		Commun	ication Setting	<>	Adapter		
Connection Count:         1         Sort         Start         Close           Enable         TAG         IP Address         Adapter Name         CPU Address/TAG         <->         Adapter         Length Prope	Connection Coun Enable	r: 1 Sort TAG IP Address	Adapte	Commun r Name CP	ication Setting			Leng	jth Prope

5. Download the EIP parameters to the master.

#### • Connection status

1. After the parameters are downloaded, change the project to Online Mode. And make sure the monitoring on the network and the data exchange table is normal.



	Network_0	a x							
Network_0	A5337								
		X1501-1300							
		NI200-1300							
<ul> <li>Unitied0 (P0)</li> </ul>									
Untitled0 (P0)     Connection Cou     Enable	TAG	Sort IP Address	Adapter Name	CPU Addre	ess/TAG	<->	Adapter		Property
Untitled0 (P0)     Connection Cou	nt: 1	Sort IP Address	Adapter Name	CPU Addre D0	ess/TAG	<->	Adapter Input	Lengt 200	n Property

etwork_0		X 	200-1300 • •							
tled0 (P0)										
nection Cour	nts 1	So	rt							
Enable	TAG	IP	Address	Adapter Nam	e CPU Add	ress/TAG	<->	Adapter	 Lengt	n Property
ОК	100	v r	192.168.250.1	• Dev_1	DO	+		Input	200	
					D500			Output	200	
			Master A	ddraes			SI	ave Addres	 	

Master_Address	Slave_Address
D0	ToAS_IO
Du	(Instance ID=110)
DE00	FromAS_IO
D500	(Instance ID=100)

#### Data exchange status

## 9.8 CIP Object

### 9.8.1 Object List

CIP requires objects (groups of related data and behaviors associated with this data) to describe a device, how it functions, communicates, and to define its unique identity. Objects can be further defined by Class (a set of objects representing the same type of system), Instance (a copy of an object), and Attribute (data values). An object's instance and class have attributes, providing services and implementing behaviors. Instance 0 contains the basic information for every object, that is: version and length. Instance 1–N contains parameters for creating connections. You can get product parameters from the supported service code through objects.



You can use API 2208 EIPRW instruction or explicit messages to read / write objects. The supported EtherNet/IP objects are listed in the following table. Refer to Section 9.8.2 for the data type definitions. Refer to Section 9.8.3 ~ 9.8.19 for object contents.

Object Name	Function	Class ID
Identity Object	Provides identification of general information about the device.	1 (H'01)
Message Router Object	Provides a messaging connection point through which a client can address a service to any object class or instance residing in the physical device.	2 (H'02)
Assembly Object	Binds attributes of multiple objects, which allows data to or from each object to be sent or received over a single connection and can be used to bind input data or output data.	4 (H'04)
Connection Manager Object	Provides connection and connectionless communications, including establishing connections across multiple subnets.	6 (H'06)
Port Object	Describes the communication interfaces that are present on the device and visible to CIP, including USB, Ethernet/IP and more.	244 (H'F4)

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Object Name	Function	Class ID
TCP/IP Interface Object	Provides the mechanism to configure a device's TCP/IP network interface; examples of configurable items include the device's IP Address, Network Mask, and Gateway Address.	245 (H'F5)
Ethernet Link Object	Maintains link-specific counters and status information for an IEEE 802.3 communications interface.	246 (H'F6)
X Register	Bit/Word Register	848 (H'350)
Y Register	Bit/Word Register	849 (H'351)
D Register	Bit/Word Register	850 (H'352)
M Register	Bit Register	851 (H'353)
S Register	Bit Register	852 (H'354)
T Register	Bit/Word Register	853 (H'355)
C Register	Bit/Word Register	854 (H'356)
HC Register	Bit/Word Register	855 (H'357)
SM Register	Bit Register	856 (H'358)
SR Register	Word Register	857 (H'359)

# 9.8.2 Data Type

Data Type					l	Desci	iptio	'n			
BOOL	False (H'00) or True (H'01)										
	SINT (1 byte), INT (2 bytes), DINT (4 bytes), LINT (8 bytes)										
	Number	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	ų	ōth	6th	7th	8th	
	SINT	0LSB									
	INT	0LSB	1LSB								
SIGNED	DINT	0LSB	1LSB	2LSB	3LSE	3					
INTEGER	LINT	0LSB	1LSB	2LSB	3LSE	3 41	SB	5LSB	6LSB	7LSB	
	Example: DINT value = H'12345678										
	Number		1st		2nd	ł		3rd		4th	
	DINT		78		56			34		12	
UNSIGNED	USINT (1 byt	-			DINT (4	oytes)	, ULI	NT (8 by	tes)		
	Number		1st		2nd	ł		3rd		4th	
	UDINT		DD		СС	;		BB		AA	
	ASCII CODES, 1 or 2 bytes/words STRING: 2 bytes character count + 1 byte character										
		Contents (Char count)						Contents	(String	contents	s)
	STRING	04 00				4D	4D 69			6C 6C	
STRING	STRING2: 2 bytes character count + 2 byte character										
UNING		Co	ntents (C	Char co	unt)			Contents	(String	contents	5)
	STRING2	0	04	00	)	4D	00	69	00 6	C 00	6C 00
	SHORT_STF		1 bytes c			+ 1 b	-	haracter Contents	(String		s)
	STRING					40	-				6C
	SIKING		0.	4		4D		69		6C	

This section provides an overview of the data types supported by objects.

Data Type	Description									
	BYTE (1 by	rte), WORD	) (2 bytes)	, DWORD	(4 bytes),	LWORD (8	3 bytes)			
	1st 2		2nd	2nd 3rd		4th 5th		7th	8th	
Fixed LENGTH	Byte	70								
BIT STRING	WORD	70	158							
	DWORD	70	158	2316	3124					
	LWORD	70	158	2316	3124	3932	4740	5548	6356	
	A single stri	ing consists	s of multip	le languag	e represei	ntation				
	Na	me	Dat	а Туре			Meaning	9		
	Nun	nber	U	SINT	The nu strings	mber of int	ernational	ized chara	cter	
	Stri	ngs		ay of: uct of:	Array c strings	f individua	l internatio	nalized ch	aracter	
	Langua	geChar1	U	SINT	The firs	st ASCII ch ge	aracter of	the ISO 63	39-2/T	
	Langua	geChar2	U	SINT	The se langua	cond ASCI ge	l characte	r of the ISC	D 639-2/T	
	LanguageChar3 USINT The third ASCII character of the language					f the ISO 6	39-2/T			
STRINGI	CharStringStruct USINT (STRING), 0xD5				ucture of the character string, limited to nentary Data type value 0xD0 G), 0xD5 (STRING2), 0xD9 (STRINGN) DA (SHORT_STRING)					
	Cha	rSet	UINT		The character set which the character string is based on which comes from IANA MIB Printer Code (RFC 1759).					
	Internatio	nal String		ined in ringStruct		An array of 8-bit octet elements which is the actual international character string				
	ISO 639-2/	T language	:							
	Lang	guage	Firs	st Charact	er S	econd Ch	aracter	Third C	haracter	
	En	glish		е		n		(	G	
						n G r e				
Data Type	Description									
-----------	---	--	-------------	--------------	--------	--------	------------	----------	-----	---
	Spar	nish		S		р		а		
	Itali	an		i			t			а
	STRUCT of:	STRUCT of: Composed of any data types.								
OTBLICT	Ex.: STRUC	T of { BOO	L, UINT, I	DINT	TRUE	, H'12	234, H'567	789ABC }		_
STRUCT		1st	2nd	3rd	4tl	h	5th	6th	7th	
	Byte	01	34	12	во	c	9A	78	56	
	Array of: Cor	nposed of	one data	type.						
	Ex.: ARRAY of UINTs = { 1 · 2 · 3 }									
ARRAY	Number	1st	2nd	3rd		4th	5th	n 6	Sth	
	Array	01	00	02		00	03	3 (	00	
	A path that consists of multiple segments and references the class, instance and attribute of						tribute of			
EPATH	another obje	ct.								
	Example : Ic	lentity Obje	ect, Instar	nce attribut	te 5 =	" 20 0	01 24 01 3	0 05 "		

# 9.8.3 Identity Object (Class ID: 01 Hex)

This object stores identity information that consists of the Vendor ID, Device Type, Product Code and Major Revision for your device.

• Service Code

Service		Attr	ibute	
code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'01	Get_Attributes_All	x	V	Read all attributes
H'05	Reset	x	V	Resets the drive to the start-up state.
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	V	V	Read one attribute

Class

- Class ID: H'01
- Instance
  - H'00: Class Attribute
  - H'01: Instance Attribute
  - When Instance = 0, the Class Attributes are listed below.

Class Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Revision	Get	UINT	H'1	Revision of this object
H'02	Max Instance	Get	UINT	H'1	Maximum instance number of this object
H'03	Number of Instance	Get	UINT	H'1	Number of object instances currently created at this class level of the device

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Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Vendor ID	Get	UINT	H'31F	Delta Electronics, Inc.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'02	Device Type	Get	UINT	H'0C	Communication Adapter
H'03	Product Code	Get	UINT	H'4000	Product Code
1404	Revision		STRUCT		Revision of this device: Major / Minor
H'04	Major Revision	Get	USINT	H'01	Major Revision Range: H'01–H'7F
	Minor Revision		USINT	H'01	Minor Revision Range: H'01–H'FF
H'05	Status	Get	WORD	H'00	Status, refer to the following *1 table
H'06	Serial Number	Get	UDINT	H'abcd	The last 4 characters of the MAC address, ab:cd
H'07	Product Name	Get	STRING	"AS300T"	The maximum length of a product name is 32 characters.

### \*1 Status Description (H'05)

Bit (s)	Name	Description
		Does the device has an owner connection?.
0	Owned	0: No
		1: Yes
1	Reserved	0,Always OFF
		Is the device configured?
2	Configured	0: No
		1: Yes
3	Reserved	0,Always OFF
		0: Self-testing
		1: Firmware update
		2: At least one faulted I/O connection
		3: No I/O connections established
4-7	Extended Device Status	4: Non-volatile configuration error
4-7		5: Major fault
		6: At least one I/O connection in run mode
		7: At least one I/O connection established, all in idle
		mode.
		8-15: Reserved
8	Minor Recoverable Fault	0: No minor recoverable fault detected

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Bit (s)	Name	Description		
		1: Minor recoverable fault detected		
9 Minor Unrecoverable Fault	0: No minor unrecoverable fault detected			
9		1: Minor unrecoverable fault detected		
10	Meier Deseverable Foult	0: No major recoverable fault detected		
10	Major Recoverable Fault	1: Major recoverable fault detected		
11	Meier Upressverskis Foult	0: No major unrecoverable fault detected		
11	Major Unrecoverable Fault	1: Major unrecoverable fault detected		

# 9.8.4 Message Router Object (Class ID: 02 Hex)

This object provides a messaging connection point through which a client may address a service to any object class or instance residing in the physical device.

Service Code

Service	Service Name	Sup	oport	Description
Code	Service Name	Class Attribute Instance Attribute		Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	V	V	Read a single attribute

- Class
  - Class ID: H'02
- Instance
  - H'00: Class Attribute
  - H'01: Instance Attribute
  - When Instance = 0, the Class Attributes are listed below.

Class Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Revision	Get	UINT	H'01	Revision of this object

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'02	Number Available	Get	UINT	H'0	The maximum number of connections
H'03	Number Active	Get	UINT	H'0	The number of connected connections

## 9.8.5 Assembly Object (Class ID: 04 Hex)

This object binds attributes of multiple objects, which allows data to or from each object to be sent or received over a single connection and can be used to bind input data or output data.

Service Code

Service	Service Name	Sup	port	Description
Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	V	V	Read a single attribute
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Edit a single attribute

Class

- Class ID : H'04
- Instance
  - H'00 : Class Attribute
  - H'64 : I/O Connection Output 1
  - H'65 : I/O Connection Input 1
  - H'66 : I/O Connection Output 2
  - H'67 : I/O Connection Input 2
  - H'72 : I/O Connection Output 8
  - H'73 : I/O Connection Input 8
  - H'74-H'7A Reserved
  - H'80 : Configuration 1
  - H'81 : Configuration 2
  - H'87 : Configuration 8
  - H'C : Listen-Only Connection Number
  - When Instance = 0, the Class Attributes are listed below.

Class Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Revision	Get	UINT	H'2	Revision of this object

H'02	Max Instance	Get	UINT	H'C7	The maximum number of instances
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• When Instance = 64–87, the Instance Attributes are listed below. (Length of input and output is editable. The maximum length is 250 words; supports only even bytes)

I/O Message Connection								
Connection No.	Function	Instance Attribute	Length					
	Input (T→O)	0x65	D1000~D1099					
Connection 1	Output (O→T)	0x64	D0~D99					
	Configuration	0x80	Refer to the table below					
	Input (T→O)	0x67	D1100~D1199					
Connection 2	Output (O→T)	0x66	D100~D199					
	Configuration	0x81	Refer to the table below					
	Input (T→O)	0x69	D1200~D1299					
Connection 3	Output (O→T)	0x68	D200~D299					
	Configuration	0x82	Refer to the table below					
	Input (T→O)	0x6B	D1300~D1399					
Connection 4	Output (O→T)	0x6A	D300~D399					
	Configuration	0x83	Refer to the table below					
	Input (T→O)	0x6D	D1400~D1499					
Connection 5	Output (O→T)	0x6C	D400~D499					
	Configuration	0x84	Refer to the table below					
	Input (T→O)	0x6F	D1500~D1599					
Connection 6	Output (O→T)	0x6E	D500~D599					
	Configuration	0x85	Refer to the table below					
	Input (T→O)	0x71	D1600~D1699					
Connection 7	Output (O→T)	0x70	D600~D699					
	Configuration	0x86	Refer to the table below					
	Input (T→O)	0x73	D1700~D1799					
Connection 8	Output (O→T)	0x72	D700~D799					
	Configuration	0x87	Refer to the table below					

#### Instance Attribute

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'03	Data	Get/Set	UINT	H'0	The maximum number of connections
H'04	Size	Get	UINT	H'0	The number of connected connections

\* For connection input data, WRITE function is not supported.

\* When IO connection is established, and the status of CPU module is RUN, WRITE function cannot be executed.

Configure the contents of input and output to edit the exchange address.

Configuration	Data Type	Contents	Defaults	
Address			(Connection 1)	
Word[0]	UINT	Input corresponding element	0	
Word[0]	UNI	0: D, 1:X, 2: Y	0	
Word[1]	UINT	Reserved	200	
Word[2-3]	DWORD	Input corresponding element number	1000	
Word[4]	UINT	Output corresponding element	0	
Word[4]	UINT	0: D, 2: Y	0	
Word[5]	UINT	Reserved	200	
Word[6-7]	DWORD	Output corresponding element number	0	

### • Examples of objects to be read and written

(1) Read data from connection 1 input:

Service code: H'0E

Class ID: H'04

Instance ID: H'65

Attribute ID: H'03

(2) Read data length of connection 2 output:

Service code: H'0E

Class ID: H'04

Instance ID: H'66

Attribute ID: H'04

(3) Read data from connection 2 output:

Service code: H'10

Class ID: H'04

Instance ID: H'66

Attribute ID: H'03

Data byte [0 ~ 200]: 00112233

(The range of data length is determined by configurations; default: 100 words)

# 9.8.6 Connection Manager Object (Class ID: 06 Hex)

Use this object for connection and connectionless communications, including establishing connections across multiple subnets.

Service Code

Service	Service Name	Su	pport	Description
Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	V	х	Read a single attribute
H'4E	Forward_Close	Х	V	Close a connection
H'54	Forward Open	Х		Open a connection; the maximum
п 54	Forward_Open	^	V	data size is 511 bytes.

• Class

- Class ID : H'06
- Instance
  - H'00 : Class Attribute
  - H'01 : Instance Attribute
  - When Instance = 0, the Class Attributes are listed below.

Class Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Revision	Get	UINT	1	Revision of this object
H'02	Max Instance	Get	UINT	1	Maximum instance number of this object

• When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

A	Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
	H'01	Open Requests	Get	UINT	H'0	Number of Forward Open service requests received.

Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'02	Open Format Rejects	Get	UINT	H'0	Number of Forward Open service requests that were rejected due to bad format.
H'03	Open Resources Rejects	Get	UINT	H'0	Number of Forward Open service requests that were rejected due to lack of resources.
H'04	Open Other Rejects	Get	STRUCT	H'0	Number of Forward Open service requests that were rejected for reasons other than bad format or lack of resources.
H'05	Close Requests	Get	WORD	H'0	Number of Forward Close service requests received.
H'06	Close Format Rejects	Get	UDINT	H'0	Number of Forward Close service requests that were rejected due to bad format.
H'07	Close Other Rejects	Get	STRING	H'0	Number of Forward Close service requests that were rejected for reasons other than bad format.
H'08	Connection Timeouts	Get	UINT	H'0	Total number of connection timeouts that have occurred in connections controlled by this Connection Manager.

# 9.8.7 Port Object (Class ID: F4 Hex)

This section describes the communication interfaces that are present on the device and visible to CIP, including USB, EtherNet/IP and more.

Service Code

Service	Service Name	Su	pport	Description
Code	Service Maine	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'01	Get_Attributes_All	Х	V	Returns a predefined listing of this objects' attributes
H'0E	Set_Attribute_Single	V	V	Returns the contents of the specified attribute.

### Class

- Class ID : H'F4
- Instance
  - H'00 : Class Attribute
  - H'01 : Instance Attribute
  - H'N: Instance #N Attribute, the number of the Ethernet port
  - When Instance = 0, the Class Attributes are listed below.

Class Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Revision	Get	UINT	1	Revision of this object
H'02	Max Instance	Get	UINT	1	Maximum instance number of this object
H'03	Number of Instance	Get	UINT	1	Number of object instances currently created at this class level of the device
H'08	Entry Port	Get	UINT	1	Communication port for EtherNet/IP
H'09	Port Instance Info	Get	ARRAY of STRUCT of		Port Instance information: Port Type + Port Number

Class Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
	Port Type		UINT	H'04	EtherNet/IP, refer to the following *1
	Port Number		UINT	H'01	Identifies each communication port

• When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Port Type	Get	UINT	H'04	EtherNet/IP, refer to the following *1
H'02	Port Number	Get	UINT	H'01	Identifies each communication port
	Link Object		STRUCT of		Identifies Object attached to this port. Path length + Link Path
H'03	Path Length	Get	UINT		Path length
	Link Path		EPATH		Path segment
H'04	Port Name	Get	SHORT_ STRING	EIP1	Name of the communication port
H'07	Port Number and Node Address	Get	EPATH	01 01	Communication port number and node number of this device on port.

### \*1 Communication Port Type

Communication Port Type	Description	
1	Self-defined	
2	ControlNet	
3	ControlNet Redundant	
4	EtherNet/IP	
5	DeviceNet	
201	Modbus/TCP	
203	SERCOS III	

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# 9.8.8 TCP/IP Interface Object (Class ID: F5 Hex)

This object provides the mechanism to configure a device's TCP/IP network interface. Examples of configurable items include the device's IP Address, Network Mask, and Gateway Address.

### Service Code

Service	Service Name	Sup	Description	
Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'01	Get_Attributes_All	х	V	Read all attributes
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	V	V	Read one attribute
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Write one attribute

#### Class

- Class ID = H'F5
- Instance
  - H'00 : Class Attribute
  - H'01 : Instance Attribute
  - H'N: Instance #N Attribute, number of IP addresses that the device supported
  - When Instance = 0, the Class Attributes are listed below.

Class Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Revision	Get	UINT	H'2	Revision of this object
H'02	Max Instance	Get	UINT	H'2	Maximum instance number of this object
H'03	Number of Instance	Get	UINT	H'2	Number of object instances currently created at this class level of the device

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Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Status	Get	DWORD	H'2	IP status, refer to the following *1
H'02	Configuration Capability	Get	DWORD	H'15	Configuration capability, refer to the following *2
H'03	Configuration Control	Get/Set	DWORD	H'0	Configuration Control, refer to the following *3
	Physical Link Object :		STRUCT of		Path to physical link object
H'04	Path Size	Get	UINT	H'0	Size of Path
	Path	•	EPATH		Logical segments identifying the physical link object
	Interface Configuration :	Get/Set	STRUCT of		TCP/IP network interface configuration.
	IP Address		UDINT	H'C0A80005	The device's IP address; 192.168.1.5
H'05	Network Mask		UDINT	H'FFFFF60	The device's network mask: 255.255.255.0
	Gateway Address		UDINT	H'C0A80001	Default gateway address: 192.168.0.1
	Name Server		UDINT	0	Primary name server
	Name Server 2		UDINT	0	Secondary name server
	Domain Name		STRING	00 00	Default domain name
H'06	Host Name	Get/Set	STRING	AS300T	Device name
H'13	Encapsulation Inactivity Timeout	Get/Set	UINT	120	EIP device active connection time; unit:0-3600 seconds

• When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

When the device is communicating with the CPU module, the Instance Attribute H'03 and H'05 cannot be written.

### • Examples of objects to be read and written

(1) Read data from Instance Attribute H'03:

Service code: H'0E

Class ID: H'F5

Instance ID: H'01

Attribute ID: H'03

(2) Write data into Instance Attribute H'05:

Service code: H'10

Class ID: H'F5

Instance ID: H'01

Attribute ID: H'05

Data Byte[0~3]: IP Address

Byte[4~7]: Network Mask

Byte[8~11]: Gateway Mask

Byte[12~15]: Name Server

Byte[16~19]: Name Server2

Byte[20~25]: Domain Name

(Ex: AS300, 05 41 53 33 30 30; the first byte indicates the string length, its following bytes is for ASCII data.)

### \*1 Interface Status

Status	Description			
0	The Interface Configuration attribute has not been configured.			
1	The Interface Configuration attribute contains valid configuration obtained from BOOTP, DHCP or non- volatile memory.			
2	The Interface Configuration attribute contains valid configuration obtained from hardware.			

### \*2 Interface Capability Flags

Bit	Description
0	BOOTP Client
1	DNS Client
2	DHCP Client
3	DHCP-DNS Update
4	Configuration Settable
5	Hardware Configurable
6	Interface Configuration Change Requires Reset

## \*3 Interface Configuration Control

Status	Description					
0	The device uses the interface configuration values previously stored (for example, in non-volatile memory or through hardware switches).					
1	The device obtains its interface configuration values through BOOTP.					
2	The device obtains its interface configuration values through DHCP on start-up.					

# 9.8.9 Ethernet Link Object (Class ID: F6 Hex)

This object maintains link-specific counters and status information for an IEEE 802.3 communications interface.

Service Code

Service	Service Name	Suj	oport	Description
Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'01	Get_Attributes_All	х	V	Read all attributes
H'0E	Get_Attributes_Single	V	V	Read one attribute

- Class
  - Class ID: H'F6
- Instance
  - H'00: Class Attribute
  - H'01: Instance Attribute
  - H'N: Instance #N Attribute, the number of the Ethernet port
  - When Instance = 0, the Class Attributes are listed below.

Class Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Revision	Get	UINT	H'03	Revision of this object
H'02	Max Instance	Get	UINT	H'021	Maximum instance number of this object
H'03	Number of Instance	Get	UINT	H'01	Number of object instances currently created at this class level of the device

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Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'01	Interface Speed	Get	DWORD	H'64	Interface speed currently in use 10(H'0A), 100(H'64), 1000(H'3E8) Mbps
H'02	Interface Flags	Get	DWORD	H'F	Ethernet port status, refer to the following *1
H'03	Physical Address	Get	ARRAY of 6 USINTs	By Product	MAC address
	Interface Label		SHORT_S TRING	NA	Define the name of the Ethernet port For example: for port 1, the definition of the name in string is 01 31.
H'0A	Length	Get	USINT	NA	The maximum length of the name is 16 words.
	Interface name		SHORT_S TRING	NA	Use ASCII characters to name the Ethernet port name.
	Interface Capability	Get	STRUCT of:		Ethernet interface capability bits table *2
	Capability Bits		DWORD	H'0000000 7	Ethernet interface capability bits definition
	Speed/Duplex Options		STRUCT of:		Ethernet interface capability speed & duplex option definition
H'0B	Speed/Duplex Array Count		USINT	H'04	Ethernet interface capability speed & duplex array count
пов	Speed/Duplex Array		ARRAY of STRUCT of:		Ethernet interface capability speed & duplex array contents
	Interface Speed		UINT	NA	Ethernet interface speed; ex: H'0A: 10 bps and H'64: 100 bps
	Interface Duplex Mode		USINT	NA	Ethernet interface duplex mode; H'00: duplex mode and H'01: full duplex mode

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### \*1 Interface Flag Table

Bit (s)	Name	Description
0	Link Status	0 indicates an inactive link
0	LIIK Status	1 indicates an active link
1	Half/Full Duplex	0 indicates half duplex
		1 indicates full duplex
		0 : Auto-negotiation in progress
		1 : Auto-negotiation and speed detection failed
2-4	Negotiation Status	2 : Auto negotiation failed but detected speed
		3 : Successfully negotiated speed and duplex
		4 : Auto-negotiation not attempted. Forced speed and duplex.
5	Manual Setting Requires Reset	Set to zero
6	Local Hardware Fault	0: the interface detects no local hardware fault
0	LUCAI HAIUWAIE FAUIL	1: a local hardware fault is detected
7-31	Reserved	0

### \*2 Interface Capability Bits

Bits	Item	Description
0	Manual Setting Requires Reset	Indicates if the device requires a reset when instance attribute #6 (Interface Control attribute) changes. 0 indicates the device does not require a reset 1 indicates the device requires a reset
1	Auto-negotiate	0 indicates the interface does not support auto-negotiation 1 indicates the interface supports auto-negotiation
2	Auto-MDIX	<ul><li>0 indicates the interface does not support auto MDIX operation</li><li>1 indicates the interface supports auto MDIX operation</li></ul>
3	Manual Speed/Duplex	<ul><li>0 indicates the interface does not support speed/duplex setting.</li><li>(Instance attribute #6, Interface Control attribute)</li><li>1 indicates the interface supports speed/duplex setting</li></ul>
4-31	Reserved	Should be 0

# 9.8.10 X Register (Class ID: 350 Hex)

### Service Code

		Sup	oport	
Service Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Read one attribute
H'32	Read_Parameter	Х	V	Read Parameter

- Class
  - Class ID : H'350

### Instance

- H'01 : Instance Attribute, Bit Register
- H'02 : Instance Attribute, Word Register
- When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	X0.0	Get	BOOL	H'00	X0.0 bit register
H'01	X0.1	Get	BOOL	H'00	X0.1 bit register
H'02-H'03FE	X0.2-X63.14	Get	BOOL	H'00	X0.2 -X63.14 bit register
H'3FF	X63.15	Get	BOOL	H'00	X63.15 bit register

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	X0	Get	INT	H'00	X0 word register
H'01	X1	Get	INT	H'00	X1 word register
H'02-H'3E	X2-X62	Get	INT	H'00	X2-X62 word register
H'3F	X63	Get	INT	H'00	X63 word register

# 9.8.11 Y Register (Class ID: 351 Hex)

### Service Code

		Sup	oport	
Service Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Read one attribute
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Write one attribute
H'32	Read_Parameter	Х	V	Read Parameter
H'33	Write_Parameter	Х	V	Write Parameter

#### Class

Class ID : H'351

### Instance

- H'01 : Instance Attribute, Bit Register
- H'02 : Instance Attribute, Word Register
- When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	Y0.0	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	Y0.0 bit register
H'01	Y0.1	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	Y0.1 bit register
H'02-H'03FE	Y0.2-Y63.14	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	Y0.2-Y63.14 bit register
H'3FF	Y63.15	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	Y63.15 bit register

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	Y0	Get/Set	INT	H'00	Y0 word register
H'01	Y1	Get/Set	INT	H'00	Y1 word register
H'02-H'3E	Y2-Y62	Get/Set	INT	H'00	Y2-Y62 word register
H'3F	Y63	Get/Set	INT	H'00	Y63 word register

# 9.8.12 D Register (Class ID: 352 Hex)

### Service Code

		Sup	oport	
Service Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Read one attribute
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Write one attribute
H'32	Read_Parameter	Х	V	Read Parameter
H'33	Write_Parameter	Х	V	Write Parameter

### Class

- Class ID : H'352
- Instance
  - H'01 : Instance Attribute, Bit Register
  - H'02 : Instance Attribute, Word Register
  - When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	D0.0	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	D0.0 bit register
H'01	D0.1	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	D0.1 bit register
H'02-H'752FE	D0.2-D29999.14	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	D0.2-D29999.14 bit register
H'752FF	D29999.15	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	D29999.15 bit register

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	D0	Get/Set	INT	H'00	D0 word register
H'01	D1	Get/Set	INT	H'00	D1 word register
H'02-H'752E	D2-D29998	Get/Set	INT	H'00	D2-D29998 word register
H'752F	D29999	Get/Set	INT	H'00	D29999 word register

# 9.8.13 M Register (Class ID: 353 Hex)

### Service Code

		Sup	oport	
Service Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	х	V	Read one attribute
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Write one attribute
H'32	Read_Parameter	Х	V	Read Parameter
H'33	Write_Parameter	Х	V	Write Parameter

### Class

- Class ID : H'353
- Instance
  - H'01 : Instance Attribute, Bit Register
  - When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	MO	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	M0 bit register
H'01	M1	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	M1 bit register
H'02-H'1FFE	M2-M8190	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	M2-M8190 bit register
H'1FFF	M8191	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	M8191 bit register

# 9.8.14 S Register (Class ID: 354 Hex)

### Service Code

		Sup	oport	
Service Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Read one attribute
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Write one attribute
H'32	Read_Parameter	Х	V	Read Parameter
H'33	Write_Parameter	Х	V	Write Parameter

### • Class

• Class ID : H'354

### Instance

- H'01 : Instance Attribute, Bit Register
- When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	SO	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	S0 bit register
H'01	S1	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	S1 bit register
H'02-H'7FE	S2-S2046	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	S2-S2046 bit register
H'7FF	S2047	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	S2047 bit register

## 9.8.15 T Register (Class ID: 355 Hex)

### Service Code

		Sup	oport	
Service Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Read one attribute
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Write one attribute
H'32	Read_Parameter	Х	V	Read Parameter
H'33	Write_Parameter	Х	V	Write Parameter

#### Class

Class ID : H'355

### Instance

- H'01 : Instance Attribute, Bit Register
- H'02 : Instance Attribute, Word Register
- When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	то	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	T0 bit register
H'01	T1	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	T1 bit register
H'02-H'1FE	T2-T510	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	T2-T510 bit register
H'1FF	T511	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	T511 bit register

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	то	Get/Set	INT	H'00	T0 word register
H'01	T1	Get/Set	INT	H'00	T1 word register
H'02-H'1FE	T2-T510	Get/Set	INT	H'00	T2-T510 word register
H'1FF	T511	Get/Set	INT	H'00	T511 word register

# 9.8.16 C Register (Class ID: 356 Hex)

### Service Code

		Sup	oport	
Service Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	х	V	Read one attribute
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Write one attribute
H'32	Read_Parameter	Х	V	Read Parameter
H'33	Write_Parameter	Х	V	Write Parameter

### Class

• Class ID : H'356

### Instance

- H'01 : Instance Attribute, Bit Register
- H'02 : Instance Attribute, Word Register
- When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	CO	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	C0 bit register
H'01	C1	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	C1 bit register
H'02-H'1FE	C2-C510	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	C2-C510 bit register
H'1FF	C511	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	C511 bit register

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	CO	Get/Set	INT	H'00	C0 word register
H'01	C1	Get/Set	INT	H'00	C1 word register
H'02-H'1FE	C2-C510	Get/Set	INT	H'00	C2-C510 word register
H'1FF	C511	Get/Set	INT	H'00	C511 word register

# 9.8.17 HC Register (Class ID: 357 Hex)

### Service Code

		Sup	oport	
Service Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	х	V	Read one attribute
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Write one attribute
H'32	Read_Parameter	Х	V	Read Parameter
H'33	Write_Parameter	Х	V	Write Parameter

Class

- Class ID : H'357
- Instance
  - H'01 : Instance Attribute, Bit Register
  - H'02 : Instance Attribute, Word Register
  - When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	HC0	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	HC0 bit register
H'01	HC1	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	HC1 bit register
H'02-H'FE	HC2-HC254	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	HC2-HC254 bit register
H'FF	HC255	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	HC255 bit register

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	HC0	Get/Set	DINT	H'00	HC0 word register
H'01	HC1	Get/Set	DINT	H'00	HC1 word register
H'02-H'FE	HC2-HC254	Get/Set	DINT	H'00	HC2-HC254 word register
H'FF	HC255	Get/Set	DINT	H'00	HC255 word register

# 9.8.18 SM Register (Class ID: 358 Hex)

### Service Code

		Sup	oport	
Service Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	х	V	Read one attribute
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Write one attribute
H'32	Read_Parameter	Х	V	Read Parameter
H'33	Write_Parameter	Х	V	Write Parameter

### • Class

Class ID : H'358

### Instance

- H'01 : Instance Attribute, Bit Register
- When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	SM0	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	SM0 bit register
H'01	SM1	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	SM1 bit register
H'02-H'FFE	SM2-SM4094	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	SM2-SM4094 bit register
H'FFF	SM4095	Get/Set	BOOL	H'00	SM4095 bit register

# 9.8.19 SR Register (Class ID: 359 Hex)

### Service Code

		Sup	oport	
Service Code	Service Name	Class Attribute	Instance Attribute	Description
H'0E	Get_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Read one attribute
H'10	Set_Attribute_Single	Х	V	Write one attribute
H'32	Read_Parameter	Х	V	Read Parameter
H'33	Write_Parameter	Х	V	Write Parameter

### Class

Class ID : H'359

### Instance

- H'01 : Instance Attribute, Bit Register
- When Instance = 1, the Instance Attributes are listed below.

Instance Attribute	Name	Access Rule	Data Type	Values	Description
H'00	SR0	Get/Set	INT	H'00	SR0 word register
H'01	SR1	Get/Set	INT	H'00	SR1 word register
H'02-H'7FE	SR2-SR2046	Get/Set	INT	H'00	SR2-SR2046 word register
H'7FF	SR2047	Get/Set	INT	H'00	SR2047 word register

# 9.9 Delta EIP Product List

# 9.9.1 Delta EIP Products

Positioning	Product	Firmware Version
	AHCPU501-EN, AHCPU511-EN, AHCPU521-EN, AHCPU531-EN	V2.00
	AHCPU560-EN2	V1.00
	AH10EN-5A	V2.00
	AHRTU-ETHN-5A	V1.00
	AH10EMC-5A	V1.00
Mid-range PLC	AS300 Series	V1.00
	AS200 Series	V1.00
	AS100 Series	V1.10
	AS-FEN02 communication card (V1.06) for AS300 Series (V1.00)	V1.06
	AS-FEN02 communication card (V2.02) for AS00SCM-A Series (V1.00)	V2.02
	DVP-ES2-E Series	V3.60
Small PLC	DVP26SE Series	V1.00
	DVP-ES3 Series	V1.00
	CMM-EIP01/02 Communication Card for VFD-MS300 Series	V1.00
	CMM-EIP03 Communication Card for VFD-MS300 Series	V1.00
Inverter	CMC-EIP01 Communication Card for VFD-C2000 Series	V1.06
	CMC-EIP02 Communication Card for VFD-C2000 Series	V1.00

# 9.9.2 Delta EIP Products, DLR (Device Level Ring) supported

Positioning	Product	Firmware Version
	AHCPU560-EN2	V1.00
Mid-range	AH10EN-5A	V2.00
PLC	AHRTU-ETHN-5A	V1.00
la contra a	CMM-EIP03 Communication Card for VFD-MS300 Series	V1.00
Inverter	CMC-EIP02 Communication Card for VFD-C2000 Series	V1.00
Ethernet Switch	DVS-103I02C-DLR	V1.00

# 9.9.3 Delta EIP Products, Scanner supported

Positioning	Product	Firmware Version
	AHCPU501-EN, AHCPU511-EN, AHCPU521-EN, AHCPU531-EN	V2.00
	AHCPU560-EN2	V1.00
Mid-range PLC	AH10EN-5A	V2.00
FLC	AS300 Series, AS200 Series	V1.00
	AS100 Series	V1.10
Small PLC	DVP-ES3 Series	V1.00

# 9.10 Network Security

To enhance security and performance of the system, it is suggested to use closed network or LAN with firewall protection to prevent cyber-attacks.

# 9.11 Operation and Monitor on the Web

# 9.11.1 Getting Started

You can enter AS Series PLC IP address in the search bar of your browser to connect to your device. After that you can set up and monitor AS Series PLC. This only works in local network (LAN). Do not use it remotely.

### 9.11.1.1 Exploring the Webpage

After connected to the module, you can see the AS300 webpage with 5 sections as the image shown below.

	Automation for A	A Changing World	Banner	AS300
Admin Research Admin Research Admin Research Admin Code Admin Adm	Device informati Device description Firmware version IP address MAC address Serial number	on AS332P V01.04.30.00 192.168.1.5 00.18.22.13.a.196 AS332P-AW16280001	Context	
			Bottom	Copyright © Detta Electronics, Inc. All Rights Reserved. http://www.delfaww.com

#### **Descriptions:**

Section	Contents
Banner	Delta logo and the name of the connected device
Login	Username and password
Menu	Sitemap is shown in tree diagram. (The menu shows data based on the permission of the current user.)
Context	Main contents; click an item on the menu section, its content appears here.
Bottom	Copyright information and Delta webpage information

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### 9.11.1.2 Using the Webpage

List of browsers	that support AS300	webpage:
------------------	--------------------	----------

Provider	Browser	Supported versions
Microsoft	Internet Explorer	V10.0 and later
Microsoft	Edge	V20 and later
Google	Chrome	V14 and later
Apple	Safari	V5.1 and later

#### Operation Steps:

a. Open your browser, enter AS300 PLC IP address in the search bar to connect to AS300 PLC.

🖻 🖅 🗖 Delta	$\times$ + $\vee$	
← → ♡ ⋒	192.168.1.5	
Smarter. Greener. Together.	Automation for A	Changing World
User	Device information	on
Password	Device name	AS332T
Login	Device description	AS300_PSJ_0
	Firmware version	V01.04.80.00
Device information	IP address	192.168.1.5
	MAC address	00:18:23:13:43:db
	Serial number	AS332T-AW15500012

b. After the webpage appears, enter "Admin" in the User section and click Login without entering any password. You can set up the password after login.



### 9.11.1.3 Login

You need to login to your account to set up.

### • Operation Steps:

a. Provide the login information to login.

User		
Password		
Login		

b. After login successfully, the user field shows your account name (read only). After setting up, you can click **Logout** here to leave this webpage.

User	Admin
Password	
Logout	

Item	Description
User	Your account name
Password	Your password
"Login" / "Logout"	Login: to enter the webpage Logout: to leave the webpage

### 9.11.1.4 Menu

The menu shows data based on the permission of the current user.

Nodes	Permission		
	Administrator	Write/Read	Read
Device information	V	V	V
Account management	V		
Data monitor setup	V		
Data monitor table 1 - 4	V	V	Read-only
Hardware status	V	Read-only	Read-only
Save configuration	V		

Log in as an Administrator, the following nodes appear.



• Log in with Write/Read permission, the following nodes appear.

User Password Logout	user1
Device	information itor 1 or c

• Log in with Read only permission, the following nodes appear.


## 9.11.2 Device Information

Here provides AS Series PLC product information.

You do not need to log in to see the device information. This page is read only, not for editing.

Device information	
Device name	AS332P
Device description	
Firmware version	V01.04.30.00
IP address	192.168.1.5
MAC address	00:18:23:13:af:96
Serial number	AS332P-AW16280001

Item	Description	
Device name	Product name	
Device description	Device description that user defined in ISPsoft	
Firmware version	Firmware version	
IP address	Product IP address	
MAC address	Product MAC address	
Serial number	Product serial number	

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## 9.11.3 Network configuration

You can set network related configurations here.

## 9.11.3.1 Account management

You can set 3 kinds of access types for up to 8 user accounts.

No.	User ID	Password	Access type	Delete
1	Admin		Administrator	Delete
2			Administrator	Delete
3			Administrator	Delete
4			Administrator	Delete
5			Write / Read Read	Delete
6			Administrator	Delete
7			Administrator	Delete
8			Administrator	Delete

ltem	Description
User ID	To name your user ID, you can use up to 16 characters from the following characters, A through Z (case-insensitive ), 0 through 9, _ (underscore), (comma) and . (dot). • The first default user ID is "Admin" (read only).
Password	<ul> <li>To name your password, you can use up to 16 characters from the following characters, A through Z (case-insensitive), 0 through 9, _ (underscore), (comma) and . (dot).</li> <li>No password for the default user ID "Admin" (read only), you can set up the password later.</li> </ul>
Access type	Administrator: You can set up all parameters and have permission to edit the password and permission. Write/Read: You can open the data monitor pages and the diagnostic page. You can also edit the parameters. Read: You can open the data monitor pages and the diagnostic page. But you cannot edit parameters. • Default user is "Administrator".
"Delete"	Use "Delete" to clear the user ID and password.
"Apply"	Use "Apply" to save the settings.

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#### • Operation Steps:

a. After log in, double-click Account management to open the setting page.



b. Set up the User ID, the password and the access type. After editing, click "Apply" to save the setting or click "Delete" to clear the account.

No.	User ID	Password	Access type	Delete
1	Admin		Administrator	Delete
2	user1		Write/Read	Delete
3	user2	••••	Read	Delete
4			Administrator	Delete
5			Administrator	Delete
6			Administrator	Delete
7			Administrator	Delete
8			Administrator	Delete

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c. Double-click **Save configuration** to open the setting page.

User Admin Password Logout
Information Device information Network configuration Account management Data Monitor Data monitor setup Diagnostic Hardware status Save Configuration

d. Click "Save" to save and download the settings to the device.

	Save configuration	
and the second		
ving all applied changes will cause all changes to	configuration panels that were applied, but no	t saved, to be saved, thus retaining their new values

After download is complete, it will be prompted with a Download successful message.

Smarter. Greener. Together.	Automation	192.168.1.5 says Download successful! Remember to resume the exec	uting status.		AS300
User Admin Password	Save config	annes will cause all channes to r	OK Save configuration	not saved to be saved thus	retaining their new values
		LC status Saving100%	Run:		stop
Save configuration					

## 9.11.4 Data Monitoring

You can set monitoring related configurations here.

## 9.11.4.1 Data Monitoring Setup Page

You can set up 4 pages of monitoring data and up to 30 items can be monitored on each page.

ata monito	Table name		Deviles events	Default update cycle	Edit	Delete
			Device quantity	Default update cycle (1s~60s)		
1	Table_1		17	1	Edit	Delete
2			0	10	Edit	Delete
3	Table_3		0	1	Edit	Delete
4	Table_4		0	5	Edit	Delete
able name: Table_						
No.	Device	Radix	Read only		Description	
1	MO	Binary *				
2		Signed Decimal	0			
3	Y0	Unsigned Decimal Hexadecimal	<u> </u>			
4	Y63.15	Hexadecimal Octal	6			
5	HCO	Binary	<u>0</u>			
6		32bit Signed decimal 32bit Unsigned decimal				
7	Y0.0	32bit Hex	61			
8		32bit Octal 32bit Binary	60			
9	×0.0	32bit Float 64bit Double	2			
10		Signed Decimal *				
11		Signed Decimal *				
12	D400	Hexadecimal				
13	D401	Hexadecimal				
14	D402	Hexadecimal				
	D403	Hexadecimal				
15	0403					
16		Signed Decimal *				
17	D400	32bit Float		32		
18	D400	64bit Double *		64		
19	HC123	32bit Float •				
20		Signed Decimal				
21	CQ	Signed Decimal •	- EB			
22		Signed Decimal T	0			
23		Signed Decimal	0			
24		Signed Decimal	8			
25		Signed Decimal	8			
26		Signed Decimal				
27		Signed Decimal			1	
28		Signed Decimal				
29		Signed Decimal				
30		Signed Decimal				

Item	Description
Table name	To name your table, you can use up to 16 characters from the following characters, A through Z (case-insensitive ), 0 through 9, _ (underscore) , (comma) and . (dot) .
Device quantity	Device quantity to be monitored; default: read only
Default update cycle	Set up the updated cycle time; default: 5 seconds; unit: second
"Edit"	Click "Edit" to edit the table and the table name column turns green. The table contents appear below.
"Delete"	Click "Delete" to delete the table and its contents.

Item	Description
Device	Devices to be monitored; you can enter the following devices to monitor xX, yY, mM, sSmM, sSrR, dD, sS, tT, cC, hHcC and eE.
Radix	Positional numeral system to be shown on the monitoring page; available formats are Signed decimal, Unsigned decimal, Hexadecimal, Octal, Binary, 32bit Signed decimal, 32bit Unsigned decimal, 32bit Hexadecimal, 32bit Octal, 32bit Binary, 32bit Float and 64bit Double
Read only	Set up the monitored devices to read only or not.
Description	Add a description here for the table.
"Apply"	Click "Apply" to save the settings.

#### • Operation Steps:

a. After log in, double-click **Data monitor setup** to open the setting page.

User	Admin
Password	
Logout	
Network     Acco     Data Mo	ce information configuration unt management
Diagnos	and the second
Save Co	

b. Use "Edit" to edit the table name, device quantity, and update cycle time.

Data monitor setup							
No.	Table name	Device quantity	Default update cycle (1s~60s)	Edit	Delete		
1	Table_1	17	1	Edit	Delete		
2		0	10	Edit	Delete		
3	Table_3	0	1	Edit	Delete		
4	Elevator	0	10	Edit	Delete		

Table name: Elevator						
No.	Device	Radix	Read only	Description		
1 [		Signed Decimal <ul> <li>Image: Signed Decimal</li> </ul>				
2		Signed Decimal 🔹				
3		Signed Decimal 🔹				
4 [		Signed Decimal 🔹				
5		Signed Decimal				

c. The corresponding table contents appear below.

d. Edit the devices to be monitored, radix to be shown, read only or not and the description. After editing, click "Apply" to save the setting.

1	Device	Radix	Read only	Description
	M0	Binary 🔻		
2		Signed Decimal T		
3	Y0	Signed Decimal 🔻		
4	Y63.15	Binary <b>v</b>		
5	HC0	32bit Octal		
6		Signed Decimal 🔻		
7	Y0.0	Binary •		
8		Signed Decimal V		

e. Double-click Save configuration to open the setting page.

User Password	Admin
Logout	
Network of Accourt     Accourt     Accourt     Data Mon     Data m     Table_     Table_     Diagnosti     Hardw     Save Con	information configuration nt management itor nonitor setup 1 3 c are status

9\_

f. Click "Save" to save and download the settings to the device.

	Save configuration	
ing all applied changes will source all changes to a	onfiguration papels that were applied but no	t saved, to be saved, thus retaining their new values.
ing an applied changes will cause all changes to c	orniguration pariets that were applied, but no	i saved, to be saved, thus retaining their new values.
	1	
PLC Status	Run:	

g. Once the download is complete, you can see the newly added table to be monitored under the Data Monitor node.



h. Note: The data monitor table must be downloaded to the device otherwise even if the data monitor table is created, it cannot be monitored.

## 9.11.4.2 Data Monitor Table Pages

The setting results are shown as below.

Table n	name: Table_1		Monitor status:		Update cycle (1s ~ 60s): 1 +			Floating Format Setting: 3	
No.	Device	Status	Value	Radix	Description	Set	Status	Set value	Set
1	MO			Binary		ON	OFF		Set
2						ON	OFF		Set
3	YO		K57	Signed Decimal		ON	OFF	57	Set
4	Y63.15	1 10		Binary		ON	OFF		Set
5	HC0		00000000000	32bit Octal		ON	OFF		Set
6	(					ON	OFF		Set
7	Y0.0			Binary		ON	OFF		Set
8						ON	OFF		Set
9	×0.0			Binary		ON	OFF		Set
10		10				ON	OFF		Set
11		10				ON	OFF		Set
12	D400	0	H3576	Hexadecimal		ON	OFF		Set
13	D401	1 11	H4641	Hexadecimal		ON	OFF		Set
14	D402		H8000	Hexadecimal		ON	OFF		Set
15	D403		H404B	Hexadecimal		ON	OFF		Set
16						ON	OFF		Set.
17	D400		12365.365	32bit Float	32	ON	OFF		Sel
18	D400		55.000	64bit Double	64	ON	OFF		Set

Item	Description
Table name	Name of the table; read only
Monitor status	Status of the monitoring; read only Yellow light: reading, Green light: reading complete, Red light: reading error
Update cycle	Update cycle time; default is what you set up in data monitor setup page; unit: second
"_"	Minus; click once to decrease 1; the minimum value is 1
"+"	Plus; click once to increase 1; the maximum value is 60
Floating format setting	Floating point setting; round down; default: round the number down to three decimal places
Device	Devices to be monitored; read only
Radix	Positional numeral system to be shown on the monitoring page; available formats are Signed decimal, Unsigned decimal, Hexadecimal, Octal, Binary, 32bit Signed decimal, 32bit Unsigned decimal, 32bit Hexadecimal, 32bit Octal, 32bit Binary, 32bit Float and 64bit Double
Description	Add a description here for the table; read only
Status	Status of bit; read only Green LED: ON; No LED: OFF
Value	Values in devices to be monitored; read only Signed decimal: K+ Number Unsigned decimal: K+ Number Hexadecimal: H + hex Number Octal: O + octal Number Binary: B + binary Number 32bit Signed decimal: K+ Number 32bit Unsigned decimal: K+ Number 32bit Hexadecimal: H + hex Number 32bit Hexadecimal: H + hex Number 32bit Octal: O + octal Number 32bit Binary: B + binary Number 32bit Float: float Number 64bit Double: float Number
"On" / "Off"	<ul><li>"ON": the status of Bit is ON.</li><li>"OFF": the status of Bit is OFF.</li><li>If the authority level for the logged in user is READ, this column is read only.</li></ul>
Set Value	<ul> <li>Change the value for the device to be monitored</li> <li>Type the value in and click "SET" and the changed value appears in the VALUE column as the image shown above.</li> <li>If the authority level for the logged in user is READ, this column is read only.</li> </ul>
"Set"	<ul> <li>Click "Set" to confirm the changed value.</li> <li>If the authority level for the logged in user is READ, this column is read only.</li> </ul>

## 9.11.5 Diagnostic

You can set diagnostic related configurations here.

#### 9.11.5.1 Hardware Status Page

This page displays information on hardware status, CPU module, power module, and function cards. You can set CPU to run or stop. Here also shows the CPU running status and error codes.

#### • For AS300, the hardware status page looks like below.

Hardware status	
-----------------	--

Refresh cycle (1s ~ 60s): 10 +					
Extension No.	Module name	Status	Error code		
Power module					
CPU module	AS332T-A Run Stop	Run: Err:			
Function card 1					
Function card 2					
Module 1	AS00SCM-A				
Function card 1	AS-F485				
Function card 2	AS-F485				

For AS200, the hardware status page looks like below.

#### Hardware status

Refresh cycle (1s ~ 60s): - 10 +						
Extension No.	Module name	Status	Error code			
Power module						
CPU module	AS228T-A Run Stop	Run: Err:				
Module 1	AS00SCM-A					
Function card 1	AS-F485					
Function card 2	AS-F485					

• For AS100, the hardware status page looks like below.

lardware status						
	Refresh cycle (1s ~ 60s): - 10	+				
Extension No.	Module name	Status	Error code			
Power module						
CPU module	AS164T Run Stop	Run: Err:				
Module 1	AS00SCM-A					
Function card 1	AS-F485					
Function card 2	AS-F485					

Item	Description
Refresh cycle	Refresh cycle time; default: 10; unit: second
"_"	Minus; click once to decrease 1; the minimum value is 1
"+"	Plus; click once to increase 1; the maximum value is 60
Power module name	Name of the power module; read only
CPU module name	Name of the CPU module; read only
	LED of CPU running status; read only
CPU Run LED	Green light: RUN
	LED Not Lit: STOP
CPU Error LED	LED of CPU Error; read only
CPU Error code	Error codes of CPU module; read only
	Click "RUN" to set the running status to RUN
	Click "Stop" to set the running status to STOP
"Run" / "Stop"	• If the authority level for the logged in user is WRITE/READ
	or READ, this column is read only.
	Name of the function card; read only
Function card name	• For communication module, two extra rows for the names
	of the communication function cards are shown here
	Name of the module; read only
Module name	When the actual placement is not the same as the arrangement
	in HWCONFIG, the background of this column will be in red.
Module Error LED	LED of module error; read only
Module Error code	Error codes of module; read only

## 9.11.6 Configurations

### 9.11.6.1 Save Configuration Page

You can save the configurations and download the parameters to your device here.

Save configuration								
	Save configuration							
Saving all applied changes will cause all changes to configuration panels that were applied, but not saved, to be saved, thus retaining their new values.								
PLC Status	Run:	Run Stop						
Save								

Item	Description			
"Save"	Download the saved parameters to the device.			
PLC Status	LED of PLC running status; read only Green light: RUN LED Not Lit: STOP			
"Run" / "Stop"	Click "RUN" to set the running status to RUN Click "Stop" to set the running status to STOP			

Note: The data monitor table must be downloaded to the device. If not, once you log out, close the page or restart the PLC, all the temporary saved parameters will be cleared.



## Chapter 10 CANopen Function and Operation

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10.4 10.4	Diagram         4.1       Data Structure of SDO Request Message         4.2       Data Structure of NMT Message         4.3       Data Structure of EMERGENCY Request Message	<b>gh the Ladder</b> 
10.4 10.4 10.4 10.4	Diagram         4.1       Data Structure of SDO Request Message         4.2       Data Structure of NMT Message         4.3       Data Structure of EMERGENCY Request Message	<b>gh the Ladder</b> 
10.4 10.4 10.4 10.4	Diagram         4.1       Data Structure of SDO Request Message         4.2       Data Structure of NMT Message         4.3       Data Structure of EMERGENCY Request Message         4.4       Example of Sending SDO through the Ladder Diagram         Troubleshooting	<b>gh the Ladder</b> 
10.4 10.4 10.4 10.4 <b>10.5</b>	Diagram         4.1       Data Structure of SDO Request Message         4.2       Data Structure of NMT Message         4.3       Data Structure of EMERGENCY Request Message         4.4       Example of Sending SDO through the Ladder Diagram         Troubleshooting	<b>gh the Ladder</b> 

## 10.1 Introduction to CANopen

- 1. Because of its simple wiring, immediate and stable communication, strong debugging ability, and low cost, the CANopen network is widely used in fields such as industrial automation, the automotive industry, the medical equipment industry, and the building trades.
- The AS300 Series PLC is compatible with CANopen when using the AS-FCOPM function card for the CAN port, and can work in master mode or slave mode. The CAN port conforms to the basic communication protocol CANopen DS301. It supports master and slave modes.
- 3. AS200 Series PLC is built with CAN communication port. The CAN port conforms to the basic communication protocol CANopen DS301. It supports master and slave modes.
- 4. This chapter explains the functions of CANopen. In master mode, CANopen can support up to 64 slaves, station addresses 1~64.
- 5. CANopen Builder is the CANopen network configuration software for the AS Series. You set the CANopen station address and the communication rate with this software. ISPSoft / DIADesigner is the programming software for the AS Series.
- 6. This chapter mainly focuses on the CANopen functions. Refer to Section 10.3 for more information.

## **10.1.1 CANopen Function Descriptions**

#### The CAN port has the following functions when acting as a master.

- 1. It supports the standard CANopen protocol DS301 V4.02.
- 2. It supports the NMT (network management object) service.
  - It supports NMT state control.

Use NMT state control to control the state of a slave in the CANopen network.

• It supports NMT error control.

Use NMT error control detect the disconnection of a slave. The NMT error control is classified into two types; Heartbeat and Node Guarding. The AS Series PLC does not support Node Guarding.

- 3. It supports the PDO (Process Data Object) service.
  - Use PDO messaging to transmit immediate input and output data.
  - It supports up to 256 RxPDO and 1894 bytes.
  - It supports up to 256 TxPDO and 1894 bytes.
  - It supports synchronous and asynchronous modes for the PDO transmission type.
- 4. It supports the SDO (Service Data Object) service.
  - Use SDO to read, write, or configure the slave parameters.
  - It supports standard SDO transmission mode.
  - It supports automatic SDO functions. You can write up to 20 pieces of data to a slave.
  - It supports using the SDO service in a PLC ladder diagram to read the data from a slave or write the data to a slave.

- 5. It supports the reading emergencies from a slave service.
  - Use this service to read an error or an alarm from a slave.
  - You can store up to 5 emergencies in a slave.
  - You can read emergencies from a slave through a PLC ladder diagram.
- 6. It supports the SYNC object (synchronous object) service.
- 7. Several devices can operate synchronously through the synchronous object service.
- 8. The supported CANopen communication rates are: 20K, 50K, 125K, 250K, 500K, and 1Mbps.

The supported mapping data types are:

Storage	Data type
8-bit	SINT USINT BYTE
16-bit	INT UINT WORD
32-bit	DINT UDINT REAL DWORD
64-bit	LINT ULINT LREAL LWORD

#### The CAN port has the following functions when acting as a slave.

- It supports the standard CANopen protocol DS301 V4.02.
- It supports the NMT (network management object) service.
  - It supports the NMT state control.

The state of the AS series in the CANopen network is controlled by a master.

• It supports the NMT error control.

The AS Series supports Heartbeat but not Node Guarding.

- It supports the PDO (process data object) service.
  - The PDO message transmits the immediate input data and output data.
  - It supports up to 8 TxPDO and 8 RxPDO.
  - The PDO transmission type: synchronous mode and asynchronous mode
- It supports the emergency service.

If an error or an alarm occurs in the AS series, the master is notified through the emergency service.

## 10.1.2 The Input/Output Mapping Areas

Туре	Item	Description
	Maximum slave nodes	Up to 64 nodes
Master	Maximum transfer size of a PDO (Read + Write)	Up to 2000 Bytes (including some system configurations)
Slave	Maximum transfer size of a PDO (Read + Write)	Up to 8 PDOs; each PDO with up to 8 bytes can be transferred at a time

The following table lists the CANopen DS301 specifications for the AS series PLC.

When the AS Series PLC acts as a Master, the output mapping areas are D25000-D25999, and the input mapping areas are D24000-D24999, as the following table shows.

Device in the PLC	Mapping area	Mapping length
D25000-D25031	SDO request information, NMT service information, and Emergency request information	64 bytes
D24000-D24031	SDO reply information, and Emergency reply information	64 bytes
D25032–D25978	RxPDO mapping area (Master $\rightarrow$ Slave)	1894 bytes
D24032-D24978	TxPDO mapping area (Master ← Slave)	1894 bytes

When the AS Series PLC acts as a Slave, the output mapping areas are D25032–25063, and the input mapping areas are D24032–24063 as the following table shows.

Device in the PLC	Mapping area	Mapping length
D24032~24063	RxPDO mapping area (Slave ← Master)	64 bytes
D25032~25063	TxPDO mapping area (Slave → Master)	64 bytes

### 10.1.3 Refreshing Mechanism in the Input/Output Mapping Areas

When AS PLC CPU acts as a Master, the factors including PLC scan time and the synchronization options affect the refreshing mechanism for data mapping in the input/output mapping area. Here we list three scenarios in synchronous mode and one scenario in non-synchronous mode for your reference.

#### Synchronous mode

Scenario A: 1/2 synchronization cycle time (for the slave to send data) > PLC scan time

A half of the synchronization cycle time is longer than a PLC scan time: at lease one PDO will be sent within one synchronization cycle time.



#### **Explanation:**

Once the synchronization cycle starts, the timer starts to count. The counted time should be longer than a half of the set synchronization time (a rounded-down number) for Master to send PDO to Slave.

①: After PLC scan time ends, PLC CPU refreshes to update the synchronization task:
 PLC CPU sends PDO and then clears the counted time.

②: After PLC scan time ends, PLC CPU refreshes to update the synchronization task:

The counted time of the synchronization cycle is less than half of the synchronization cycle time (for the slave to send data), or the PDO had already been sent before, the PDO here cannot be sent and the time of the synchronization cycle continues to be counted.

③: From the cases in the green section, we know that the time for the PDO to be sent does NOT equal to the time to perform synchronization, but what we can be sure is that a Master can send at lease one PDO within every synchronization cycle.

## 10

#### Scenario B:

## Synchronous mode; <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> synchronization cycle time (for the slave to send data) < = PLC scan time < synchronication cycle time

A half of the synchronization cycle time is less than a PLC scan time and the PLC scan time is less than or equals to a whole synchronization cycle time: it is possible that zero PDO will be sent during a synchronization cycle.



#### **Explanation:**

(1): Once the synchronization cycle starts, the timer starts to count. The counted time should be longer than a half of the set synchronization time (a rounded-down number) for Master to send PDO to Slave.

## ①: After PLC scan time ends, PLC CPU refreshes to update the synchronization task: PLC CPU sends PDO and then clears the counted time.

①#1: There was no PDO sent from the previous synchronization cycle. Before PLC scan time ends, the next synchronization cycle comes and the counted time is longer than a half of the set synchronization time (a rounded-down number), PLC CPU sends PDO and then clears the counted time.

②: After PLC scan time ends, PLC CPU refreshes to update the synchronization task: The counted time of the synchronization cycle is less than half of the synchronization cycle time (for the slave to send data), the PDO here cannot be sent and the time of the synchronization cycle continues to be counted.

③: From the cases in the green section, we know that the time for the PDO to be sent does NOT equal to the time to perform synchronization, and it is possible that Master can send zero PDO during a synchronization cycle.

#### Scenario C:

#### Synchronous mode; synchronization cycle time < = PLC scan time

The synchronization cycle time is less than a PLC scan time: it is possible that zero PDO will be sent during a synchronization cycle.



#### **Explanation:**

(1): Once the synchronization cycle starts, the timer starts to count. The counted time should be longer than a half of the set synchronization time (a rounded-down number) for Master to send PDO to Slave.

 $\textcircled{\sc 0}$  : After PLC scan time ends, PLC CPU refreshes to update the synchronization task:

PLC CPU sends PDO and then clears the counted time.

**①**#1: There was no PDO sent from the previous synchronization cycle. Before PLC scan time ends, the next synchronization cycle comes and the counted time is longer than a half of the set synchronization time (a rounded-down number), PLC CPU sends PDO and then clears the counted time.

②: After PLC scan time ends, PLC CPU refreshes to update the synchronization task: The counted time of the synchronization cycle is less than half of the synchronization cycle time (for the slave to send data), the PDO here cannot be sent and the time of the synchronization cycle continues to be counted.

③: From the cases in the green section, we know that the time for the PDO to be sent does NOT equal to the time to perform synchronization, and it is possible that Master can send zero PDO during a synchronization cycle. The chance of Master not sending any PDO during a synchronization cycle is higher than what happened in scenario B.

• Non-synchronous mode



#### **Explanation:**

(0): After PLC scan time ends, PLC CPU refreshes to update the task of sending PDO.

①: If the data in PDO changes, PLC CPU sends PDO.

②: The data in PDO remains the same, the PDO here is NOT sent.

Note: You can use the function of setting up the PLC scan time to ensure PLC CPU checks the task of sending PDO in every set scan time.

## 10.2 Installation and Network Topology

This section introduces the physical dimensions of AS-FCOPM function card, the HWCONFIG settings of the AS Series, the CAN interface, the CANopen network framework, and the maximum communication distance.

## 10.2.1 The Dimensions of AS-FCOPM



10.2.2 AS-FCOPM on AS300 PLC



Note: the AS-FCOPM card can only be installed in the Card 2 slot in the AS series

### 10.2.3 Configure the AS-FCOPM with HWCONFIG

This section uses ISPSoft for demonstration. For DIADesigner operation, refer to Chapter 6 from DIADesigner software manual.

Before using the AS-FCOPM card in an AS300 Series PLC, use HWCONFIG in ISPSoft to configure the AS-FCOPM card. If you are using an AS100 or AS200 Series PLC, the first two steps can be ignored.

1. You can only install the AS-FCOPM in the card 2 slot as marked in red below. Double click the function card 2 slot to go to the Device Setting dialog box.



2. Select Manual for Card 2 Detect mode and select AS-FCOPM Card for Manual Select Card.

dit Area											
								Hardw	are Configurat	ion	
General Data Exchange											
- AS332T-A		Func	tion Card 2 Setting								
+ System settings			Name	Setting Value		Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum	Γ	
COM1 Port Setting		Card 2 Detect mode		Manual	Ŧ		Auto Detect	-	-	í	
COM2 Port Setting		•	Manual Select Card	AS-FCOPM Card 🔹		None	-	-			
Ethernet Port Basic Setting		Card 2 ID No.		1			1	1	254	ľ	
+ Ethernet Port Advanced Setting	8		Protocol Setup Opportunity		Stop> Run	Ŧ		Stop> R	-	-	
Function Card 1 Setting			Baud Rate	9600	<b>.</b>	bps	9600	-			
+ Function Card 2 Setting						•	9000	-	-		
+ Delta Device Parameter Restore Setting			Data bit	7 🔹		bit	7	-	-		
			Parity bit	Even	•		Even	-	-		
Default Import Export		Upo	date	-			1		1		

- 3. Select the working mode, node ID and the bit rate for AS-FCOPM.
  - \* Working mode: CANopen DS301
  - \* Node ID: 1
  - \* Bit rate: 125k bps (the default, or you can select your own bit rate)

Name	Setting Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum	
F2AD Analog Input mode	0~10V	-		0~10V	-	-
F2DA Analog Output mode	0~10V	-		0~10V	-	-
F2AD Sampling Time	3		ms	3	3	15
F2AD Average Times	10			10	1	15
F2AD Analog Input Warning	Disable	-		Disable	-	-
AS-FCOPM Working mode	CANopen DS301 -		AS Remote Comminucation	-	-	
AS-FCOPM node ID	1			1	1	127
Select Run mode after detect remote module	Run connected remote module	~		Run connected remote module	-	-
AS CPU module keep or Stop when slave node dis-connected	Only Show Error Message	-		Only Show Error Message	-	-
Remote and CANopen communication time out	100		ms	100	0	3000
Re-connected Retry number after time out	60			60	0	255
Auto Retry connection after Disconnected	60		sec	60	0	255
AS-FCOPM Bit Rate	125k	-	bps	125k	-	-



4. When finished, click the **Download** button on the toolbar to download the settings to the PLC.

## 10.2.4 The CAN Interface and Network Topology

#### 10.2.4.1 Definitions of the CAN Signal and Data Types

The CAN signal is a differential signal. The voltage of the signal is the voltage difference between CAN+ and CAN-. The CAN+ and CAN- voltages take SG as a reference point. The CAN network can be in one of two states. One state is a dominant level, and is indicated by the logical "0". The other state is a recessive level, and is indicated by the logical "1". The CAN signal level shows below.



The following picture shows the data frame format. The CAN nodes transmit the CAN messages to the network from left to right.

S O F	11 identifiers	R T R	r 1	r O	DLC	Data in nodes 0∼8	15 CRC				E O F
-------------	----------------	-------------	--------	--------	-----	----------------------	-----------	--	--	--	-------------

#### 10.2.4.2 The CAN Network Endpoint and the Topology Structure

In order to make the CAN communication more stable, the two endpoints of the CAN network are connected to 120 ohm terminal resistors. The topology structure of the CAN network appears below.



#### 10.2.4.3 The Topology Structure of the CANopen Network



- Use standard Delta cables when wiring the CANopen network. These cables are the thick cable UC-DN01Z-01A, the thin cable UC-DN01Z-02A, and the thin cable UC-DN01Z-02A. Separate the communication cables from any power cables to avoid interference.
- 2) Connect the CAN+ (white) and CAN- (blue), which are at the endpoints of the network, to 120 ohm resistors. The AS-FCOPM card is equipped with a 120 ohm resistor switch; you can enable the resistor with the switch. Purchase the standard Delta terminal resistor for use with the other devices and the RJ45 connecter.
- 3) Note the limitation on the length of the CANopen network. The transmission distance of the CANopen network depends on the transmission rate of the CANopen network. The following table shows the relation between the transmission rate and the maximum communication distance.

Transmission rate (bit/seconds)	20K	50K	125K	250K	500K	1M
Maximum communication distance (meters)	2500	1000	500	250	100	25

Product	Model	Function
	AS332T-A AS332P-A AS324MT-A AS320T-B AS320P-B AS300N-A	The AS300 series PLC can function as the CANopen master or slave when you install an AS-FCOPM function card. The AS-FCOPM is equipped with a 120 ohm resistor controlled by a switch.
	AS228T-A AS228P-A AS228R-A AS218TX-A AS218PX-A AS218RX-A	AS200 Series PLC is built with CAN communication port. The CAN port conforms to the basic communication protocol CANopen DS301. It supports master and slave modes. The CAN communication terminal is equipped with a 120 $\Omega$ resistor. You can use a short circuit to use this resistor.
	AS132P-A AS132T-A AS132R-A AS148P-A AS148T-A AS148R-A AS164P-A AS164T-A AS164R-A	AS100 Series PLC is built with CAN communication port. The CAN port conforms to the basic communication protocol CANopen DS301. It supports master and slave modes.
	DVP32ES300R DVP32ES300T DVP32ES311T DVP48ES300R DVP48ES300T DVP64ES300R DVP64ES300T DVP64ES300T DVP80ES300R DVP80ES300T	The DVP-ES3-C series PLC has a built- in CAN interface. The CAN port conforms to the basic communication protocol CANopen DS301. It supports master and slave modes.
	DVP32ES200RC DVP32ES200TC	The DVP-ES2-C series PLC has a built-in CAN interface. The CAN port conforms to the basic communication protocol CANopen DS301. It supports master and slave modes.
UPPCDPM - cardin - corr - c	DVPCOPM-SL	DVPCOPM-SL is a module connected to the left side of an S series PLC. It can function as the CANopen master or slave. The PLCs that you can connect to the DVPCOPM-SL are the DVP-28SV, DVP-28SV2, DVP-SX2, DVP-SA2, and DVP-EH2-L.

4) The list below shows the Delta network products for the CANopen network.

Product	Model	Function
	IFD9503	The IFD9503 gateway converts CANopen to Modbus, and connects a device (with an RS-232 or RS-485 interface) that conforms to the standard Modbus protocol to a CANopen network. You can connect up to 15 devices.
	DVPCP02-H2	The CANopen slave module is connected to the right side of an EH2 series PLC. It can connect the EH2 series PLC to a CANopen network.
	IFD6503	This analyzes CANopen network data, and has ports both ends for a CAN interface and a USB interface. Use it to monitor CAN network data, or allow CAN nodes to transmit the data. The product is used with the Netview Builder software.
	ASD-A2-xxxx-M servo driver	This servo driver has a built-in CANopen interface. It controls positioning, speed, and torque.
	VFD- C2000/CP2000/C200 series AC motor drives	This AC motor drive has a built-in CANopen function, and controls positioning, speed, and torque. For the C2000/CP2000 series AC motor drives, you must purchase a CMC- COP01 to provide the CAN interface. Only the C200 series AC motor drive has the built-in CANopen interface.
	VFD-EC series AC motor drive	The EC series AC motor drive has a built-in CANopen interface. It controls speed and torque.

Product	Model	Function
	TAP-CN01	This CANopen network topology distribution box has a 120 ohm resistor enabled with a switch.
	TAP-CN02	This CANopen network topology distribution box has a 120 ohm resistor enabled with a switch.
	TAP-CN03	This CANopen network topology distribution box has a 120 ohm resistor enabled with switch.
	UC-CMC003-01A UC-CMC005-01A UC- CMC010-01A UC-CMC015-01A UC-CMC020-01A UC-CMC030-01A UC-CMC050-01A UC-CMC100-01A UC-CMC200-01A	These CANopen sub cables have RJ45 connectors at both ends. UC-CMC003-01A: 0.3 meters UC-CMC005-01A: 0.5 meters UC-CMC010-01A: 1 meter UC-CMC015-01A: 1.5 meters UC-CMC020-01A: 2 meters UC-CMC030-01A: 3 meters UC-CMC050-01A: 5 meters UC-CMC100-01A: 10 meters UC-CMC200-01A: 20 meters
	UC-DN01Z-01A UC-DN01Z-02A	CANopen network cable UC-DN01Z-01A: CANopen main cable UC-DN01Z-02A: CANopen sub cable
	TAP-TR01	This 120 ohm resistor has an RJ45 connector.

## 10.3 The CANopen Protocol

## 10.3.1 Introduction to the CANopen Protocol

The CAN (controller area network) fieldbus only defines the physical layer and the data link layer of a network. See the ISO11898 standard for information. The CAN fieldbus does not define the application layer. In practice, the hardware contains the physical layer and the data link layer. The CAN fieldbus itself is not complete, and needs a superior protocol to define the use of 11/29-bit identifier and 8-byte data.

The CANopen protocol is the superior protocol based on the CAN fieldbus. It is one of the protocols defined and maintained by CiA (CAN-in-Automation) and was developed on the basis of the CAL (CAN application layer) protocol, using a subset of the CAL communication and service protocols.

The CANopen protocol contains the application layer and the communication profile (CiA DS301). It also contains a framework for programmable devices (CiA 302), recommendations for cables and connectors (CiA 303-1), and SI units and prefix representations (CiA 303-2).

In the OSI model, the relation between the CAN standard and the CANopen protocol is described in the following diagram.



#### 1. The object dictionary

CANopen uses an object-based method to define a standard device. Every device is represented by a set of objects and can be visited by the network. The diagram below illustrates the CANopen device model. The object dictionary is the interface between the communication program and the superior application program.

The core concept of CANopen is the device object dictionary (OD). It is an orderly set of objects. Every object has a 16-bit index for addressing and also defines an 8-bit subindex. Every node in the CANopen network has an object dictionary that includes the parameters that describe the device and the network behavior. The object dictionary of a node is also described in the electronic data sheet (EDS) for the device.



#### 10.3.2 The CANopen Communication Object

The CANopen communication protocol contains the following communication objects.

- 1. PDO (process data object)
- The PDO provides the direct channel for the device application object, and transmits the real-time data. It has high priority. Every byte in the PDO CAN message data list transmits data, and the message usage rate is high.
- There are two kinds of uses for PDOs; data transmission and data reception. They are distinguished by Transmit-PDOs (TxPDOs) and Receive-PDOs (RxPDOs). Devices supporting TxPDOs are called PDO producers, and devices that receive PDOs are called PDO consumers.
- The PDO is described by the "producer/consumer mode". The data transmits from one producer to one
  or many consumers. The data that can be transmitted is limited to between 1-byte and 8-byte data.
  After the producer transmits the data, the consumer does not need to reply to the data. Every node in
  the network detects the transmitted data and decides whether to process the received data.
- Every PDO is described by two objects in the object dictionary: the PDO communication parameters and the PDO mapping parameters

PDO communication parameters: the COB-ID used by PDO, the transmission type, the prohibition time, and the counter cycle

PDO mapping parameters: the object list in an object dictionary. These objects are mapped into the PDO, including the data length (in bits). To explain the contents of the PDO, the producer and the consumer both have to understand the mapping.

The PDO transmission modes: synchronous and asynchronous

Synchronous mode: synchronous periodic and synchronous non-periodic

Asynchronous: The producer transmits the PDO when the data changes, or after a trigger.

The following table lists supported transmission modes.

Туре	PDO transmission					
	Periodic	Non-periodic	Synchronous	Asynchronous	RTR	
0		Х	Х			
1 – 240	Х		Х			
254				Х		
255				Х		

- Mode 0: The PDO information is transmitted only when the PDO data changes and the synchronous signal is received.
- Modes 1–240: One piece of PDO information is transmitted every 1–240 synchronous signals.
- Mode 254: The trigger is defined the manufacturer. The definition in the PLC is the same as mode 255.
- Mode 255: The PDO is transmitted when the data changes, or it is transmitted after a trigger.

All the data in the PDO has to be mapped from the object dictionary. The following diagram shows an example of PDO mapping.

	Object dictionary						PDO_	_1 m	nappinę	)
xxxxh	xxh	Application	object A			0			3	
						1	yyyyl	h	yyh	8
yyyyh	yyh	Application of	object B		$\left\langle \right\rangle$	2	zzzz	h	zzh	16
						3	xxxx	h	xxh	8
zzzzh	zzh	Application of	object C							
				$\mathbf{\overline{\mathbf{y}}}$						
PDO_1	Applic	ation object B		Application	object (	C		Арр	lication o	object A

The following table shows the data format for RxPDO and TxPDO.

COB-ID	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7
Object identifier				Da	ata			

- 2. SDO (service data object)
- The SDO builds the client/server relation between two CANopen devices. The client device can read the data from the object dictionary on the server device and write the data into the object dictionary on the server device. The SDO visit mode is "client/server" mode. The mode which is visited is the SDO server. Every CANopen device has at least one service data object that provides the visit channel for the object dictionary of the device. SDO can read all the objects in the object dictionary, and write all objects into the object dictionary.
- The SDO message contains the index and subindex information used to position the objects in the object dictionary, and the composite data structure can easily be passed by the SDO visit. After the SDO client sends the reading/writing request, the SDO server replies. The client and the server can stop SDO transmission. The requested message and the reply message are separated by different COB-IDs.
- The SDO can transmit the data in any length. If the data length is more than 4 bytes, the data must be transmitted by segment. The last segment of the data contains an end flag.

• The following table shows the structures of the SDO requested message and reply message.

The format of the requested message:

COB-ID	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7
600 (hex)	Requested	Objec	t index	Object		Reques	sted data	
+Node-ID	code	LSB	MSB	subindex	bit7-0	bit15-8	bit23-16	bit31-24

The definition of the requested code in the requested message:

Request code (hex)	Description			
23	Writing 4-byte data			
2B	Writing 2-byte data			
2F	Writing 1-byte data			
40	Reading data			
80	Stopping the current SDO function			

The format of the reply message:

COB-ID	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7
580 (hex)	Reply	Objec	t index	Object		Repl	y data	
+Node-ID	code	LSB	MSB	subindex	bit7-0	bit15-8	bit23-16	bit31-24

The definition of the reply code in the reply message:

Reply code (hex)	Description			
43	Reading 4-byte data			
4B	Reading 2-byte data			
4F	Reading 1-byte data			
60	Writing 1/2/4-byte data			
80	Stopping the current SDO function			

#### 3. NMT (network management object)

The CANopen network management conforms to the master/slave mode. Only one NMT master exists in the CANopen network, and all other nodes are considered to be slaves. NMT includes three services: module control, error control, and boot-up services.

#### Module control services

The master node in the CANopen network controls the slave by sending commands. The slave receives and executes the command, and does not need to reply. All CANopen nodes have internal NMT states. The slave node has four states: initialization, pre-operational, operational, and stop states. The following diagram illustrates the device states.



- (1) After power is supplied, the device automatically enters the initialization state.
- (2) After the initialization is complete, the device automatically enters the pre-operational state.
- (3)(6) The remote node starts.
- (4)(7) The device enters the pre-operational state.
- (5)(8) The remote node stops.
- (9)(10)(11) The application layer resets.
- (12)(13)(14) The communication resets.
- (15) After the initializing is complete, the device automatically enters the reset application state.
- (16) After the reset application state is complete, the device automatically enters the reset communication state.

The following table shows the relation between the communication object and the state. You can only execute the communication object service in the correct state. For example, you can only execute SDO in the operational state and pre-operational states.

	Initialization	Pre-operational	Operational	Stopped
PDO			Х	
SDO		Х	Х	
SYNC		Х	Х	
Time Stamp		Х	Х	
EMCY		Х	Х	
Boot-up	X			
NMT		X	Х	X

The control message format for the node state:

COB-ID	Byte 0	Byte 1		
0	Command appoifier (CS)	Slave address		
0	Command specifier (CS)	(0: Broadcast)		

#### The command specifiers:

Command specifier (hex)	Function	
01	Start the remote node	
02	Stop the remote node	
80	Enter the pre-operational state	
81	Reset the application layer	
82	Reset the communication	

#### Error control services

The error control service detects the disconnection of a network node. The error control services are classified into two types: Heartbeat and Node Guarding. The AS Series PLC only supports Heartbeat. For example, the master can detect the disconnection of the slave only after the slave enables the Heartbeat service.

The following illustrates the Heartbeat principle. The Heartbeat producer transmits the Heartbeat message according to the set Heartbeat producing time. One or many Heartbeat consumers detect the message transmitted by the Heartbeat producer. If the consumer does not receive the message transmitted by the producer within the timeout period, there is a problem in the CANopen communication or the producer is disconnected.



#### Boot-up services

After the slave completes the initialization and enters the pre-operational state, it transmits the Bootup message.

1. Other predefined CANopen communication objects (SYNC and EMCY)

#### • SYNC Object (Synchronous object)

The synchronous object is the message that the master node periodically broadcasts on the CANopen network. This object recognizes the network clock signal. Every device decides whether to use the event use synchronous communication with other network devices depending on its configuration. For example, when controlling a driving device, the devices do not act immediately after they receive the command sent by the master. They do act when they receive the synchronous message. This makes multiple devices act synchronously.

The format of the SYNC message:

COB-ID				
	80 (hex)			

#### • Emergency object

The emergency object is used by a CANopen device to indicate an internal error. When an emergency error occurs in the device, the device sends the emergency message (including the emergency error code), and the device enters an error state. After the error is eliminated, the device sends another emergency message with emergency error code 0, and the device enters the normal state.

The format of the emergency message:

COB-ID	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7
80 (hex)	code		Error	Factory-defined error code				
+Node-ID LSB MSB		register						

Note: The value in the error register is mapped to index 1001 (hex) in the object dictionary. If the value is 0, no error occurred. If the value is 1, a normal error occurred. If the value is H'80, an internal error occurred in the device.

#### 10.3.3 The Predefined Connection Set

In order to decrease the configuration workload of the network, CANopen defines a default identifier. In the predefined connection set, the structure of the 11-bit identifier is as follows.



The following tables list the objects that are supported and the COB-IDs that are assigned to the objects.

Object	Function code	COB-ID	Index of the communication parameter
NMT	0000	0	-
SYNC	0001	128 (80h)	1005h, 1006h, 1007h
Time stamp	0010	256 (100h)	1012h, 1013h

1. The broadcast object in the predefined connection setting

#### 2. The corresponding object in the predefined connection set

Object	Function code	COB-ID	Index of the communication parameter
Emergency	0001	129 (81h)–255 (FFh)	1014h, 1015h
PDO1 (TX)	0011	385 (181h)–511 (1FFh)	1800h
PDO1 (RX)	0100	513 (201h)–639 (27Fh)	1400h
PDO2 (TX)	0101	641 (281h)–767 (2FFh)	1801h
PDO2 (RX)	0110	769 (301h)–895 (37Fh)	1401h
PDO3 (TX)	0111	879 (381h)–1023 (3FFh)	1802h
PDO3 (RX)	1000	1025 (401h)–1151 (47Fh)	1402h
PDO4 (TX)	1001	1153 (481h)–1279 (4FFh)	1803h
PDO4 (RX)	1010	1281 (501h)–1407 (57Fh)	1403h
SDO (TX)	1011	1409 (581h)–1535 (5FFh)	1200h
SDO (RX)	1100	1537 (601h)–1663 (67Fh)	1200h
NMT Error Control	1110	1793 (701h)–1919 (77Fh)	1016h, 1017h

# **10.4** Sending SDO, NMT and Reading Emergency Message through the Ladder Diagram

You can edit the request message mapping area to affect the transmission of SDO, NMT and Emergency messages. The following table shows the corresponding relations between the request message mapping area, response message mapping area, and PLC device.

PLC device	Mapping area	Mapping length
D25000-D25031	SDO request message, NMT service message and Emergency request message	64 bytes
D24000-D24031	SDO response message and Emergency response message	64 bytes

The CANopen master can only send one SDO, NMT, or Emergency request message to the same device at a time. Clear the request message mapping area to zero when sending SDO, NMT, or Emergency request message through the WPL program.

## 10.4.1 Data Structure of SDO Request Message

Sending SDO through the ladder diagram reads or writes the slave parameter.

1. The data format of the SDO request message:

PLC device	Request message			
PLC device		High byte	Low byte	
D25000	Message Header	ReqID	Command (Fixed to 01)	
D25001		Reserved	Size	
D25002		Туре	Node ID	
D25003	Message Data	High byte of main index	Low byte of main index	
D25004		Reserved	Sub-index	
D25005		Datum 1	Datum 0	
D25006		Datum 3	Datum 2	
D25007 - D25031		Reserved		

- ReqID: the request ID. Whenever an SDO request message is sent out, the message is given a ReqID for CANopen master to identify. When reading/writing another SDO message, the original ID number must be changed. In other words, reading/writing SDO is triggered by changing of the value of "ReqID". The ReqID range is between 00–FF (Hex).
- Size: the length of the message data. The counting starts from D6253 with a byte as the unit. When reading, it is fixed to four and when writing, it is four plus the byte number of data types of index and subindex and the maximum value is eight. But when writing, if the data type of the index and subindex is word, the data length is six. The data length is file if the data type is byte.
- Node ID: the node address for the target equipment on a CANopen network.
- Type: 01 indicates the read access; 02 indicates the write access.
| PLC device    | Response message |                         |                        |  |
|---------------|------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|--|
| PLC device    |                  | High byte               | Low byte               |  |
| D24000        |                  | ResID                   | Status code            |  |
| D24001        | Message Header   | Reserved                | Size                   |  |
| D24002        |                  | Туре                    | Node ID                |  |
| D24003        |                  | High byte of main index | Low byte of main index |  |
| D24004        |                  | Reserved                | Sub-index              |  |
| D24005        | Message Data     | Datum 1                 | Datum 0                |  |
| D24006        |                  | Datum 3                 | Datum 2                |  |
| D24007~D24031 |                  | Re                      | served                 |  |

The following table shows the data format of the SDO response message.

• Status code:

The following table lists the status code values in the response message.

Status code	Explanation	
0	No data transmission request	
1	SDO message transmission succeeds.	
2	SDO message is being transmitted.	
3	Error: SDO transmission time-out	
4	Error: Illegal command code	
5	Error: the length of the transmitted data is illegal.	
6	Error: the length of the response data is illegal.	
7	Error: Equipment to be sent messages is busy.	
8	Error: Illegal type	
9	Error: Incorrect node address	
0A	Error message (See the error code for SDO response message)	
0B-FF	Reserved	

- ResID: the same as the request ID in the request message.
- Size: the length of the message data, maximum of 20 bytes. The unit is bytes. When writing, the maximum is four; the data length is decided by the data type of index and subindex when reading.
- Node ID: the node address of the target equipment on CANopen network.
- Type: in the SDO response message, 43 (Hex) refers to reading four bytes of data; 4B (Hex) refers to reading two bytes of data; 4F (Hex) refers to reading one byte of data; 60 (Hex) refers to writing 1/2/4 byte(s) of data; 80 (Hex) refers to stopping SDO command.

Example 1: write 010203E8 (hex) to (Index\_subindex) 212D\_0 in slave of No. 3 through SDO; the data type of (Index\_subindex) 212D\_0 is double words (32 bits).

• Request data:

	Request message		
PLC device		High byte(Hex)	Low byte(Hex)
D25000	Message Header	ReqID=01	Command =01
D25001		Reserved =0	Size =8
D25002		Type =02	Node ID =03
D25003	Message data	Main index high byte =21	Main index low byte =2D
D25004		Reserved =0	Subindex =0
D25005		Datum 1=03	Datum 0=E8
D25006		Datum 3=01	Datum 2=02

# • Response data:

PLC device	Response message		
PLC device		High byte(Hex)	Low byte(Hex)
D24000		ResID =01	Command =01
D24001	Message Header	Reserved =0	Size =4
D24002		Туре =60	Node ID =03
D24003	Message data	Main index high byte =21	Main index low byte =2D
D24004		Reserved =0	Subindex =0
D24005		Datum 1=00	Datum 0=00
D24006		Datum 3=00	Datum 2=00

Example 2: read the value of (Index\_subindex) 212D\_0 in slave of No. 3 through SDO; the data type of (Index\_subindex) 212D\_0 is double words (32 bits).

• Request data:

PLC device	Request message		
PLC device		High byte(Hex)	Low byte(Hex)
D25000		ReqID =01	Command =01
D25001	Message Header	Reserved =0	Size =4
D25002	Header	Туре =01	Node ID =03
D25003	Message data	Main index high byte =21	Main index low byte =2D
D25004		Reserved =0	Subindex =0
D25005		Datum 1=0	Datum 0=0
D25006		Datum 3=0	Datum 2=0

# 10.4.2 Data Structure of NMT Message

Use the NMT service to manage the CANopen network such as start, operation, reset of nodes, etc.

PLC device	Request message		
FLC device		High byte	Low byte
D25000		ReqID	Command (Fixed to 01)
D25001	Message Header	Reserved	Size (Fixed to 04)
D25002		Type (Fixed to 03)	Node ID
D25003	Message data	Reserved	NMT service code
D25004		Reserved	Node ID

The following table shows the data format of the NMT request message.

- Command: Fixed to 01.
- ReqID: the request ID. Whenever an NMT request message is sent, the message is given a ReqID for the CANopen master to identify. Before another NMT request message is sent out, the original ID number must be changed. In other words, change the value of ReqID. The ReqID range is between 00–FF (Hex) to trigger sending the NMA request message.
- Node ID: the node address for the target equipment on the CANopen network (0: Broadcast).
- NMT service code:

NMT service code (Hex)	Function	
01	Start remote node	
02	Stop remote node	
80	Enter the pre-operational state	
81	Reset application	
82	Reset communication	

The following table shows the data format of the NMT Response message.

PLC device		Response message	
		High byte	Low byte
D24000		ResID	Status code
D24001	Message header	Reserved	Reserved
D24002		Reserved	Node ID

- When status code is 1, the NMT operation has succeeded. When status code is not equal to1, the NMT operation has failed and you should verify that the data in NMT request message is correct.
- Node ID: the node address for the target equipment on the CANopen network.

Example 1: Stop slave of No. 3 through NMT

Request data:

		Request messa	age
PLC device		High byte(Hex)	Low byte(Hex)
D25000		ReqID =01	Command =01
D25001	Message header	Reserved =0	Size =04
D25002	neauei	Туре =03	Node ID =03
D25003	Message	Reserved	NMT service code =02
D25004	data	Reserved	Node ID =03

Response data:

DL C device		Response mess	age
PLC device		High byte(Hex)	Low byte(Hex)
D24000	Message header	ResID=01	Status code =01
D24001		Reserved =0	Reserved =0
D24002	neauei	Reserved =0	Node ID =03

# 10.4.3 Data Structure of EMERGENCY Request Message

The Emergency request message communicates the slave error and alarm information.

The following table shows the data format of the Emergency request message.

PLC device	Request message		
PLC device		High byte	Low byte
D25000	Message header	ReqID	Command (Fixed to 1)
D25001		Reserved	Size (Fixed to 0)
D25002		Type (Fixed to 04)	Node ID
D25003~D25031	Message data	Reserved	

- Command: Fixed to 01.
- ReqID: the request ID. Whenever an Emergency message is sent, the message is given a ReqID for the CANopen master to identify. Before another Emergency request message is sent out, the original ID number must be changed. In other words, change the value of ReqID. The ReqID range is between 00–FF (Hex) to trigger the sending the Emergency request message.
- Node ID: the node address of the target equipment on CANopen network.

The following table shows data format of the Emergency response message.

DLC device	Response message		
PLC device		High byte(Hex)	Low byte(Hex)
D24000	Message header	ResID	Status code
D24001		Reserved	Size Fixed to 2A
D24002		Type (Fixed to 04)	Node ID
D24003		Total number of data	Number of data stored
D24004	Message data	Datum 1	Datum 0
D24005		Datum 3	Datum 2

PLC device		Response message						
PLC device		High byte(Hex)	Low byte(Hex)					
D24006		Datum 5	Datum 4					
D24007		Datum 7	Datum 6					
D24008-D24011		E	mergency2					
D24012-D24015		E	mergency3					
D24016-D24019		E	mergency4					
D24020-D24023	1	E	mergency5					
D24024-D24031			Reserved					

- Command: Fixed to 01(Hex).
- When status code is 1, reading the Emergency message has succeeded. When status code is not equal to1, reading the Emergency message has failed and you should verify that the data in the Emergency message is correct.
- Node ID: the node address for the target equipment on the CANopen network.
- Total number of data: the total number of Emergency messages CANopen master receives from the slave.
- Number of data stored: the latest number of Emergency messages CANopen master receives from the slave (5 messages at most).
- An Emergency 1 consists of the data in D6004-D6007 and every Emergency message consists of 8 bytes of data.

The following table shows the data format of Emergency messages on the CAN bus. Datum 0–datum 7 in Emergency response message correspond to byte 0–byte 7 respectively.

COB-ID	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 1 Byte 2		Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7
80 (hex)	Emergei	ncy error	Error storage	Vendor custom error code				
+Node-ID	со	de	register		venuor	custom er		

Example 1: read the Emergency message from the slave No.2, and the Emergency messages the slave sends out successively.

COB-ID	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7
82 (hex)	43	54	20	14	0	0	0	0

COB-ID	Byte 0	Byte 1	Byte 2	Byte 3	Byte 4	Byte 5	Byte 6	Byte 7
82 (hex)	42	54	20	15	0	0	0	0

Request data:

PLC device		Request messag	je
PLC device		High byte	Low byte
D25000		ReqID=01	Command =01
D25001	Message	Reserved	Size =0
D25002	header	Type =04	Node ID =03

## • Emergency response data

PLC device	Response message						
PLC device		High byte	Low byte				
D24000		ResID=01	Status code =01				
D24001	Message header	Reserved =0	Size =2A (Hex)				
D24002	neauei	Type =04	Node ID =03				
D24003		Total number of data =1	Number of data stored =1				
D24004		Datum 1=54	Datum 0=42				
D24005	Message	Datum 3=20	Datum 2=14				
D24006	data	Datum 5=0	Datum 4=0				
D24007		Datum 7=0	Datum 6=0				

# 10.4.4 Example of Sending SDO through the Ladder Diagram

## 1. Control Requirement:

Read the value of P0-09 from the servo through SDO.

#### 2. Hardware Connection:



#### 3. The Corresponding Relation between Slave Parameter and Index/Subindex

The index\_subindex corresponding to P0-09 in servo is 2009\_0. In the CANopen Builder network configuration software, right click the servo icon, and then click **Parameter Edit**. In the **Parameter Edit** dialog box, you can see the index\_subindex corresponding to the servo parameter.

For more details on how to operate the network configuration interface, refer to Section 11.1.1 in the CANopen Builder software help file



	PLC device Content (Hex)		Explanation				
PLC d			High byte(Hex)	Low byte(Hex)			
SDO	D25000	0101	ReqID = 01	Command = 01			
request	D25001	0004	Reserved	Size = 04			
message	D25002	0102	Type = 01	Node ID = 03			
mapping	D25003	2009	Index high byte = 20	Index low byte = 09			
area	D25004	0000	Reserved	Subindex = 00			

# 4. The Structure of the Request Message Devices:

# 5. Editing the Ladder Diagram in ISPSoft



When M2=ON, after reading succeeds, the program stores the data from the target device in D24000– D24005. The value of D24005: 100 (hex) is the value read from P0-09.

# 6. The Structure of the Response Message Devices:

	PLC device		Explar	nation
PLC 0	evice	(Hex)	High byte(Hex)	Low byte(Hex)
	D24000	0101	ResID = 01	Status code = 01
SDO	D24001	0006	Reserved	Size = 08
response	D24002	4303	Туре = 43	Node ID = 03
message mapping	D24003	2009	Main index high byte = 20	Index low byte = 09
area	D24004	0004	Reserved	Subindex = 00
	D24005	0100	Datum 1= 01	Datum 0= 00

# 10.5 Troubleshooting

# 10.5.1 CANopen Network Node State Display

1. In the AS Series PLC, while you enable the CANopen function, it uses SR825–893 as the special registers as shown in the following table.

Special register	Function
SR825	Displays the state of AS300 series PLC.
SR830–SR893	Displays the state of 64 nodes in the network
SR826	Flag for the state of the slave 1–16
SR827	Flag for the state of the slave 17–32
SR828	Flag for the state of the slave 33–48
SR829	Flag for the state of the slave 49–64
SR821	Version of CANopen DS301
SR822	Displays the CANopen baud rate (unit: 1kpps)

As a master, the AS series PLC supports a maximum of 64 slaves ranging from node 1 to node 64. You can use SR826–829 to monitor the state of the nodes in the network. The 16 bits in SR826 correspond to 16 slaves and their corresponding relations are shown in the following table.

Bit	b7	b6	b5	b4	b3	b2	b1	b0
Node	Node 8	Node 7	Node 6	Node 5	Node 4	Node 3	Node 2	Node 1
Bit	b15	b14	b13	b12	b11	b10	b9	b8
Node	Node16	Node15	Node14	Node13	Node12	Node11	Node10	Node 9

When the node in the master node list is normal, the corresponding bit is OFF; when the node in the master node list is abnormal (for example, initializing fails or the slave is offline for some reason), the corresponding bit is ON.

3. The error code of every node is displayed through the corresponding special register (SR830–893) and the relations between special register and corresponding node (1–16) is shown in the following table. (You can also judge for other correspondings that are not listed here.)

Special register	SR830	SR831	SR832	SR833	SR834	SR835	SR836	SR837
Node	Node 1	Node 2	Node 3	Node 4	Node 5	Node 6	Node 7	Node 8
Special register	SR838	SR839	SR840	SR841	SR842	SR843	SR844	SR845
Node	Node 9	Node10	Node11	Node12	Node13	Node14	Node15	Node16

Code	Indication	How to correct
0	The node is error free or the node is not configured.	N/A
E0	ASSeries PLC master module receives the emergency message sent from slave.	Read the relevant message with the PLC program
E1	PDO data length returned from the slave is not consistent with the length set in the node list.	Set the PDO data length of the slave and re- download.
E2	PDO of slave is not received.	Check and ensure the setting is correct.
E3	Downloading auto SDO fails.	Check and ensure auto SDO is correct.
E4	Configuration of PDO parameter fails.	Ensure that the PDO parameter setting is legal.
E5	Error in key parameter setting.	Ensure that the connected slave device is consistent with the configured slave in the software.
E6	The slave does not exist in the network	Ensure that the power supply of slave is normal
E7	Slave error control is timed-out.	and slave is correctly connected to the network.
E8	The node IDs of master and slave repeat.	Set the node ID of the master and slave again and ensure their node IDs are unique.

4. Node codes displayed in SR830–893 when the ASSeries PLC is the master:

# 5. Codes displayed in SR825 when the AS300 Series PLC is the master:

Code	Indication	How to correct
0	In CANopen DS301 mode: the PLC works as master and is working normally. Not in CANopen DS301 mode: the master mode function is not activated.	N/A
F1	No slave in the list	Add slave into the node list and then re-download the configuration data.
F2	The data are being downloaded to AS Series PLC	Wait to finish downloading the configuration data.
F3	The configuration receiving error in AS Series PLC	Download parameter configuration again.
F4	Bus-OFF is detected.	Check that the CANopen bus cables are properly connected and ensure that all the node devices run at the same baud rate before you reboot.
F5	AS Series PLC setting error such as incorrect node address	The node address in the AS300 Series PLC should be between: 1–127.
F8	Internal error; the error is detected in the internal memory	If the same error occurs after cycling the power, replace it with a new AS300 PLC.
FB	The sending buffer in the AS Series PLC is full.	Check that the CANopen bus cable is properly connected and then reboot.
FC	The receiving buffer in the AS Series PLC is full.	Check that the CANopen bus cable is properly connected and then reboot.

6. Codes displayed in SR825 when the AS Series PLC is the slave:

Code	Indication	How to correct
0	Working normally	N/A Note: When the heartbeat alam function is not activated, if the connection is normal before a disconnection occurs, the code for the slave will still be working normally after the connection is back on.
A0	AS Series PLC is being initialized.	
A1	AS Series PLC is pre-operational.	Check if the CANopen bus cable is properly connected. If the master communication is not activated, no handling is needed.
A3	The data are being downloaded to AS Series PLC	Wait to finish downloading the configured data.
B0	Heartbeat message time-out	Check if the CANopen bus cable is properly connected.
B1	PDO data length returned from the slave is not consistent with the length set in the node list.	Reset the PDO data length in the slave and download the new setting to the AS Series PLC.
F4	BUS-OFF state is detected.	Check if the CANopen bus cables are properly connected and ensure that all the node devices run at the same baud rate before you reboot.
FB	The sending buffer in the AS Series PLC is full.	Check if the CANopen bus cable is properly connected and then reboot.
FC	The receiving buffer in the AS Series PLC is full.	Check if the CANopen bus cable is properly connected and then reboot.

# 10.6 Application Example

The AS300 Series PLC can control Delta A2 servo rotation, and monitor the actual rotation speed of the motor in real time. It does this by mapping the relevant servo drive parameters to the corresponding PDO, and reads or writes the relevant servo drive parameters through the CAN bus.

# 1. Connectting the Hardware



#### Note:

- Use a standard communication cable such as UC-DN01Z-01A / UC-DN01Z-02A / UC-CMC010-01A. and connect the terminal resistors (Delta standard terminal resistor TAP-TR01) to both ends of the network when you construct the network.
- M of ASD-A2-xxxx-M refers to the model code and currently only the M-model servo supports CANopen communication.

## 2. Setting Servo Parameters:

• Set servo parameters as shown in the following table.

Parameter	Setting	Explanation			
3-00	03	Node ID of the A2 servo is 2			
3-01	400	CAN communication rate is 1Mbps.			
1-01	04	Speed mode			
0-17	07	Drive displays the motor rotation speed (r/min)			
2-10	101	Set DI1 as the signal for Servo On			
2-12	114	Set DI3 as the signal _SPD0 for speed selection			
2-13	115	Set DI4 as the signal _SPD1 for speed selection			

## 3. Setting the CANopen Baud Rate and Node ID of AS300 Series PLC

The AS300 Series PLC uses the default setting values: Node ID: 1 and baud rate: 1Mbps.

You set the CANopen Node ID and baud rate for the AS300 series PLC in the CANopen Builder software, as shown in the following steps.

A. Right click the AS300 Series PLC icon in HWCONFIG, then click **Communication Software**, and then click **CANopen Builder**.



B. IF AS300 is in master mode, you can skip this step. If not, you can go to Properites and set it in Master mode. After that download the parameter to AS300. Set AS300 Power off for 2 seconds and supply power again and then proceed to the next step.



C. Click the Online *button* on the Toolbar to enter on-line mode.

File Edit View Network Tools Setup	
× Project AS300 Series , Master , Un	AS300 Series , Master , UnitID 1 , Node Address 1 .

D. Click the Scan Network 🗳 button on the Toolbar to scan the network.



E. On the Network menu, click Master parameter to display the Master Configuration dialog box.



Handreite CANopen Builder - DS301.co		
File Edit View Network Tools Setup		
Project	001	Master Configuration       X         Node       I       Baud rate: IMbps         Name:       AS300 Series Master         Work Mode:       Master Mode         Synchronization Object(SYNC)         COB ID:       I28         Cycle Period:       50         Klower State         Klower Mode:       Master's heartbeat time is 0, then the heartbeat function is disabled.         Master's heartbeat time:       200         Master's Cancel       OK

Item	Explanation	Default
Node ID	Node ID of AS300 series PLC on the CANopen network	1
Baud rate	CANopen communication rate	1M bit/second
Work mode	CANopen master/slave mode	Master
Cycle period	Cycle time for sending one SYNC message	50ms
Master heartbeat time	Interval time for sending the master heartbeat message	200ms

Configure the CANopen communication stations and rates in HWCONFIG.

F. After you complete the previous steps, click the Download button on the Toolbar to download the parameters to the PLC.



Note: you must reboot the AS300 Series PLC to enable the downloaded parameters.

## 4. Scanning the Network:

On the **Network** menu, click **Online** or click the south the second for the master and slaves on the CANopen network. The master and slave found by the scan appear in CANopen Builder. For more information, refer to Section 11.1.1 in the CANopen Builder software help file.



#### 5. Configurating Nodes:

Double click the slave icon in CANopen Builder to display the Node configuration dialog box.

#### Error Control Protocol

Sets the error control protocol for the master to monitor if the slave is offline.

#### Auto SDO Configuration

Perform one write action to the slave parameter with SDO. The write action is finished when the slave enters the operational state from the pre-operational state. You can configure up to 20 SDOs by clicking Auto SDO configuration.

#### • PDO Mapping and Properties

Sets the mapping parameter and transmission type for the PDO.

For more details on the function of these buttons, refer to Section 11.1.1 in the CANopen Builder software help file.

lode Con	figuration.									
Node ID:	3	_	Name:		ASE	DA-A	2 Drive			
- 37 - 4 - 7	0			1						
	Node Information(Hex) Error Control								ontro	Protocol
	✓ Vendor ID: 000001DD									<i>a</i>
D	evice Type	: 04	020192	2				Auto SI	00 Co	nfiguration
🔽 Pi	roduct Cod	le: 00	006000	)		-	Eme	rgency C	OB ID:	83
<b>▼</b> R	evision:	02	2000001	1		-	Nod	eguard C	OB ID	703
PDO fr	om EDS file									
Index	PDO Nar				Ty	pe	Inhibit	Event		Export EDS file
1400	Receive		ommun	nic	25:	· ·		-		- supercesses inc
1401	Receive I	PDO C	ommun	nic	25:	5	-	-		
1402	Receive I	PDO C	ommun	nic	25:	5	-	-		Add
1403	Receive l	PDO C	ommun	nic	25	5	-	-		
1800	Transmit	PDO 0	Commu	ni	25	5	0	0		Delete
1801	Transmit	PDO 0	Commu	ni	25:	5	0	0		Define PDO
1802	Transmit	PDO 0	Commu	ni	25	5	0	0		Denne PDO
1803	Transmit	PDO (	Commu	ni	25	5	0	0	•	
Config	ured PDO -									
Index	COB ID	R/T	Len	Тур	oe	Des	cription			PDO Mapping
1400	203	Rx	4	255		RxPI	001			Properties
1401	303	Rx	4	255		RxPI	2 00			
1800	183	Tx	4	1		TxPI	001			
										OK
										Cancel

• PDO Mapping:

RxPDO1: mapping parameter P1-09; transmission type 255.

**RxPDO2**: mapping parameter P3-06, P4-07; transmission type 255.

**TxPDO1**: mapping parameter P0-09; transmission type 1.

ured PDO -					
COB ID	R/T	Len	Type	Description	PDO Mapping
203	Rx	4	255	RxPDO 1	Properties
303	Rx	4	255	RxPDO 2	
183	Tx	4	1	TxPDO 1	
					OK
					Cancel
	COB ID 203 303	COB ID         R/T           203         Rx           303         Rx	COB ID         R/T         Len           203         Rx         4           303         Rx         4	COB ID         R/T         Len         Type           203         Rx         4         255           303         Rx         4         255	COB ID         R/T         Len         Type         Description           203         Rx         4         255         RxPDO 1           303         Rx         4         255         RxPDO 2

• PDO transmission type :

PDOs can be classified into RxPDO or TxPDO. RxPDO data are sent from master to slave and TxPDO data are sent from slave to master.

The PDO transmission types can be synchronous or asynchronous. In synchronous transmission, the master sends out the SYNC message in a fixed cycle. You set the length of the cycle in the Master Properties dialog box (default is 50ms). In asynchronous transmission, the message is sent out when the PDO mapping parameter changes.

The following table describes the PDO Transmission types.

Transmis	sion Type	Description	Remark
	RxPDO	When any change in the mapped data happens, RxPDO data is sent out immediately. The data the slave receives is valid only when receiving the next SYNCH message. RxPDO data is not sent out if there is no change in the data.	SYNCH
0	TxPDO	When any change in the mapped data happens and the slave receives the SYNC message, the data are sent out immediately. The TxPDO data are valid immediately after master receives them. TxPDO data is not sent out if there is no change in the data.	non-cycle
N	RxPDO	After N messages are sent out, and regardless of whether the mapped data changes, the data that the slave receives is valid only when receiving the next SYNCH message.	SYNCH cycle
(N:1–240)	TxPDO	After N messages are sent out and regardless of whether the mapped data is changed, the data that the master receives is valid at once.	
254	RxPDO	The mapped data is sent out immediately when it changes and is valid when the slaves receives it. RxPDO data is not sent out if there is no change in the data.	ASYNCH

Transmis	ssion Type	Description	Remark	
	TxPDO	The slave sends out the data once every one Event timer time. After that, the TxPDO data is not allowed to be sent out within an inhibit timer time. When the Event timer and Inhibit timer are both equal to 0, the slave sends TxPDO data to the master immediately when the data changes, and the data that master receives is immediately valid.		
255	Same as Type254			

Note:

- Synchronous transmission type can fulfill multi-axis motion at the same time.
- If you monitor a real-time changing parameter such as the actual rotation speed of the motor, set the TxPDO to the synchronous transmission type; otherwise the frequent change in the slave data can block the CANopen network.

After you finish setting the above parameters, double click the master device to display the **Node List Setting** dialog box. Select ASDA-A2 Drive, and click > to move the A2 drive to the right-side list, and then download the configured data.

Available	Nodes:		Node List:	,
Node ID	Node Name		Node ID	Node Name
			003	ASDA-A2 Drive
		 <		
Output Ta	ble		Input Table	
	ble Device Mapping		Input Table - Device	Device Mapping
Device			Device	Device Mapping [003]TxPDO-P0-09
Device D25032_L	Device Mapping		Device D24032_L	
Device D25032_L D25032_H	Device Mapping [003]RxPDO-P1-09		Device D24032_L D24032_H	[003]TxPDO-P0-09
Device D25032_L D25032_H D25033_L	Device Mapping [003]RxPDO-P1-09 [003]RxPDO-P1-09		Device D24032_L D24032_H D24033_L	[003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09
Device D25032_L D25032_H D25033_L D25033_H	Device Mapping [003]RxPDO-P1-09 [003]RxPDO-P1-09 [003]RxPDO-P1-09		Device D24032_L D24032_H D24033_L	[003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09
Device D25032_L D25032_H D25033_L D25033_H D25033_L	Device Mapping [003]RxPDO-P1-09 [003]RxPDO-P1-09 [003]RxPDO-P1-09 [003]RxPDO-P1-09		Device D24032_L D24032_H D24033_L D24033_H	[003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09
Device D25032_L D25032_H D25033_L D25033_H D25034_L D25034_L	Device Mapping [003]RxPDO-P1-09 [003]RxPDO-P1-09 [003]RxPDO-P1-09 [003]RxPDO-P1-09 [003]RxPDO-P3-06		Device D24032_L D24032_H D24033_L D24033_H D24033_L D24034_L	[003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09 [003]TxPDO-P0-09

The mapping relation between master and slave:

AS300 Series PLC master register	Data transmission on CANopen bus	A2 device
D25032		Low word of P1-09 of servo
D25033	N	High word of P1-09 of servo
D25034		P3-06 of servo
D25035	,	P4-07 of servo

AS300 Series PLC master register	Data transmission on CANopen bus	A2 device
D24032	٨	Low word of P0-09 of servo
D24033	N	High word of P0-09 of servo

# 6. Program control: D25032 is given the value 256 in ISPSoft; that is, the speed command is set as 256r/min in the following diagram.



## 7. Program explanation

When the AS300 Series PLC runs for the first time, set the parameter P3-06 for servo drive to F.

- When M0 switches from OFF to ON, the instruction writes 256 to D25032 and then writes the value to the servo parameter P1-09 through RxPDO1.
- When M1 switches from OFF to ON, change P4-07 to 5. DI1 and DI3 are ON. DI1 means the SERVO is ON and DI3 calls the speed specified by parameter P1-09 for servo rotation.
- When M1 switches from ON to OFF, the speed command becomes 0 and the motor stops running.

# 10.7 Object Dictionary

Index	Subindex	Object name	Data type	Attribute	Default value
H'1000	H'00	Device type	Unsigned 32 bits	R	0x0000000
H'1001	H'00	Error register	Unsigned 8 bits	R	0
H'1005	H'00	COB-ID SYNC	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x0000080
H'1008	H'00	Manufacturer device name	Vis-String	R	AS300 Series PLC
H'1014	H'00	COB-ID EMCY	Unsigned 32 bits	R	0x80 + Node-ID
		Consumer heartbeat time			
H'1016	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	1
	H'01	Consumer heartbeat time	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1017	H'00	Producer heartbeat time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	0
		Identity Object			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	3
H'1018	H'01	Vendor-ID	Unsigned 32 bits	R	0x000001DD
	H'02	Product code	Unsigned 32 bits	R	0x00000055
	H'03	Revision number	Unsigned 32 bits	R	0x00010002
H'1400		RxPDO1 communication parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	3
	H'01	COB-ID of RxPDO1	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x00000200+No de-ID
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
H'03		Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	0
		RxPDO2 communication parameter			
H'1401	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	3
111401	H'01	COB-ID of RxPDO2	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	0
		RxPDO3 communication parameter			
H'1402	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	3
	H'01	COB-ID of RxPDO3	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
H'1402	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	0
H'1403		RxPDO4 communication parameter			

The following table lists the communication objects in the object dictionary.

# AS Series Hardware and Operation Manual

Index	Subindex	Object name	Data type	Attribute	Default value	
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	3	
	H'01	COB-ID of RxPDO4	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000	
	H'02 Transmission mode		Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF	
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	0	
		RxPDO5 communication parameter				
H'1404	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	3	
H 1404	H'01	COB-ID of RxPDO5	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000	
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF	
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	0	
		RxPDO6 communication parameter				
H'1405	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	3	
H 1403	H'01	COB-ID of RxPDO6	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000	
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF	
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	0	
		RxPDO7 communication parameter				
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	3	
H'1406	H'01	COB-ID of RxPDO7	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000	
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF	
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	0	
		RxPDO8 communication parameter				
H'1407	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	3	
111407	H'01	COB-ID of RxPDO8	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000	
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF	
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	0	
H'1600		RxPDO1 mapping parameter				
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	4	
H'1600	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x20000110	
	H'01	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x20000210	

Index	Subindex	Object name	Data type	Attribute	Default value
	H'02	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x20000310
	H'03	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x20000410
		RxPDO2 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
H'1601	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
111001	H'01	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'02	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		RxPDO3 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
1.114.000	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1602	H'01	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'02	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		RxPDO4 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1603	H'01	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'02	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		RxPDO5 mapping parameter			
H'1604	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'01	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1604	H'02	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		RxPDO6 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
H'1605	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'01	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'02	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0

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Index Subindex		Object name	Data type	Attribute	Default value
	H'03	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		RxPDO7 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1606	H'01	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'02	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		RxPDO8 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1607	H'01	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'02	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		TxPDO1 communication parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex Unsigned 8 b		R	5
H'1800	H'01	COB-ID of TxPDO1	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x00000180+No de-ID
	H'02	Transmission mode Unsigned 8 bi		RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	50
H'1800	H'05	Timer	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	100
		TxPDO2 communication parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	5
H'1801	H'01	COB-ID of TxPDO2	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	50
	H'05	Timer	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	100
		TxPDO3 communication parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	5
H'1802	H'01	COB-ID of TxPDO3	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	50
	H'05	Timer	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	100
		TxPDO4 communication parameter			
H'1803	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	5
	H'01	COB-ID of TxPDO4	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF

Index Subindex		Object name	Data type	Attribute	Default value	
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	50	
	H'05	Timer	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	100	
		TxPDO5 communication parameter				
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	5	
H'1804	H'01	COB-ID of TxPDO5	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000	
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF	
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	50	
	H'05	Timer	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	100	
		TxPDO6 communication parameter				
H'1805	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	5	
	H'01	COB-ID of TxPDO6	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000	
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF	
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	50	
H'1805	H'05	Timer	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	100	
		TxPDO7 communication parameter				
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	5	
H'1806	H'01	COB-ID of TxPDO7	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000	
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF	
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	50	
	H'05	Timer	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	100	
		TxPDO8 communication parameter				
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	R	5	
H'1807	H'01	COB-ID of TxPDO8	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x80000000	
	H'02	Transmission mode	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0xFF	
	H'03	Inhibit time	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	50	
	H'05	Timer	Unsigned 16 bits	RW	100	
		TxPDO1 mapping parameter				
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	4	
	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x20010110	
H'1A00	H'02	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x20010210	
	H'03	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x20010310	
	H'04	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0x20010410	
		TxPDO2 mapping parameter				
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0	
H'1A01	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0	
	H'02	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0	

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Index	Subindex Object name		Data type	Attribute	Default value
H'03		The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'04	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		TxPDO3 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
H'1A02	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'02	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1A02	H'04	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		TxPDO4 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
H'1A03	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'02	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		TxPDO5 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1A04	H'02	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'04	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		TxPDO6 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
1114.05	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1A05	H'02	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'04	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
		TxPDO7 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1A06	H'02	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'04	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1A07		TxPDO8 mapping parameter			
	H'00	Number of valid subindex	Unsigned 8 bits	RW	0
	H'01	The first mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
H'1A07	H'02	The second mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'03	The third mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0
	H'04	The fourth mapped object	Unsigned 32 bits	RW	0

# 11

# Chapter 11 CPU Module Operating Principles

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# 11.1 CPU Module Operations

# 11.1.1 Procedure

The following diagram describes the operation of the CPU module.

The CPU module is supplied with power. The system enables the initialization. The non-latched memory is initialized. The downloaded program is checked. • The parameters in the CPU module are checked. • The parameters in the module table are checked. • The module table in the CPU module is compared with the actual I/O configuration. • The I/O setting is downloaded to the I/O module. If the memory card is installed, whether to execute the system copy procedure or not is checked. Diagnosis processing: • The memory card and other setting are checked. The I/O bus is checked. • The system parameter is checked. The data sent to the I/O module is refreshed. • The data sent to the digital I/O module is refreshed. • The data sent to the analog I/O module is refreshed. The data sent to other modules are refreshed. Program execution: The user program is executed. The interrupt subroutine is executed. The data sent from the I/O module is refreshed. • The data sent from the digital I/O module is refreshed. The data sent from the analog I/O module is refreshed. The data sent from other modules are refreshed. Communication service: • The communication through the CPU module • The communication through other I/O modules The internal communication between the CPU module and the I/O module

# 11.1.2 I/O Refreshing and Communication Service

## Refreshing I/O

The CPU module reads external I/O data periodically or outputs data to an external I/O. Refreshing the I/O includes the following.

- Refreshing data in a digital I/O module
- Refreshing data in an analog I/O module, temperature measurement module, loadcell module, positioning and counter module
- Refreshing data in a network module

All I/O refreshing executes in the same loop. The data in an input device refreshes before a program executes, and the data in an output device refreshes after the program executes.

Unit	Maximum data exchange	Data exchange area
Digital I/O module	Depends on the number of input/output channels in the unit.	Input relay/Output relay
Analog I/O module, temperature measurement module, loadcell module, positioning and counter module	Depends on the number of input/output channels in the unit.	Data register
Network module	Depends on the unit.	Data register

#### • Communication service

Communication service is the unscheduled communication service for a network module. It includes the communication requests sent from external equipment to a CPU module, and the communication requests sent from the CPU module to the external equipment. The communication requests may be received from time to time but the data or state refreshing on the devices or components will only start afer the END instruction is scanned and executed if the communication is concerning the internal devices or components of the PLC CPU.

# 11.1.3 Execution Timing of Interrupts

Interrupts can be categorized into three types, periodic interrupts, timer interrupts, and condition interrupts. The timing to execute any interrupt is after the current executing instruction is complete and the position and state of the next to be executed instruction is retained. After the interrupt is executed, the execution of the next instruction will resume.

# 11.2 CPU Module Operating Modes

# 11.2.1 Operating Modes

There are two operating modes. They can be used to control a user program and all tasks.

**STOP mode:** A program is not executed in this mode. Users can download a module table, initialize CPU configuration and other setting, download a program, check a program, and force a bit ON/OFF.

**RUN mode:** A program is executed in this mode. Users can NOT download a module table, and initialize CPU configuration and other setting.

# 11.2.2 Status and Operation under Different Operating Modes

The following table lists the status and operation states for RUN and STOP modes.

## Basic operation

0.011		1/0		Program m	emory
CPU mode	Program	I/O External output refreshing		Non-latched area	Latched area
STOP	The execution of the program stops.	I/O refreshing executes.	OFF. If you set the I/O module so that the final state of the external output on the I/O module is retained, the final state of the external output on the I/O module is retained.	The data in the memories is r	
RUN	The program executes.	I/O refreshing executes.	The program controls the external output.	The program con program memor	

## Relationship between the operating modes and tasks

Mode	Loop task	Interrupt task
STOP	Execution of a loop tasks stops.	Execution of an interrupt task stops.
RUN	<ul> <li>The tasks that have not been executed are in the HALT state.</li> <li>If a task is active, or the instruction TKON is executed, the task executes.</li> <li>If a task is not active, or the instruction TKOFF</li> </ul>	If the condition of the interrupt is met, the interrupt task executes.

	executes, the task does not execute.	
--	--------------------------------------	--

# • Relationship between changing modes and the program memory

Change of the mode	Non-latched area	Latched area
STOP→RUN	Data is cleared or retained depending on your setting.	The data is retained.
RUN→STOP	The data is retained.	The data is retained.

MEMO

# 12

# **Chapter 12 Troubleshooting**

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# 12.1 Troubleshooting

This section uses ISPSoft for demonstration. For DIADesigner operation, refer to Chapter 18 from DIADesigner software manual.

# 12.1.1 Basic troubleshooting steps

This chapter includes the possible errors the can occur during operation, their causes, and corrective actions.

(1) Check the following:

- The PLC should be operated in a safe environment (consider environmental, electronic, and vibration safeties).
- Connect power supply correctly to the PLC.
- Secure the module, terminal, and cable installations.
- All LED indicators show correctly.
- Set all switches correctly.
- (2) Check the following operational functions:
  - Switch the RUN/STOP state
  - Check the settings for the AS Series to RUN/STOP
  - Check and eliminate errors from external devices
  - Use the System Log function in ISPSoft to check system operation and logs
- (3) Identify possible causes:
  - AS Series or external device
  - CPU or extension modules
  - Parameters or program settings

# 12.1.2 Clear the Error States

Use the following methods to clear the error states. If the error source is not corrected, the system continues to show errors.

- (1) Switch the CPU model state to STOP and then to RUN.
- (2) Turn off the CPU and turn it on again.
- (3) Use ISPSoft to clear the error logs.
- (4) Reset the CPU to the default settings and download the program again.

# 12.1.3 Troubleshooting SOP



The system runs normally.

# 12.1.4 Viewing System Log and Error Step

If ISPSoft is connected to an AS Series, you can view actions and errors in the AS Series by clicking **System Log** on the **PLC** menu. The CPU can store up to 20 error log sets. After the 20 sets are stored, the 1<sup>st</sup> log is replaced with the 21<sup>st</sup> if there are new logs coming in, and the old logs are replaced with the new ones sequentially. When the memory card is installed in the CPU module, 20 sets of the old logs are backed up in the memory card and up to 1000 logs can be recorded. If the stored logs exceed 1000, the oldest 20 logs are replaced with the newest 20 logs in the memory card.

(1) On the PLC menu, click System Log.



(2) The **System Log** window appears. Click **Clear Log** to clear the error log in the window and the error log in the CPU module, and reset the CPU module.

System Log	×
Error Log Program Change Log Status Change Log	
Group No Module No PLC/Module Name Error Code Date & Time	
1 0 AS332P 16#6012 0-1-1 0:0:14 3001En	r6012
1 0 AS332P 16#2003 16-8-31 17:29:7 3001En	r2003
	I
	I
	I
	I
	I
	I
	I
	I
	I
	I
Refresh	Cancel

- Group No.: The number 1 indicates that the error occurred in the CPU module or the right-side module 1. The numbers 2–16 indicate the error occurred in the remote modules 1–15.
- Module No.: The number 0 indicates that the error occurred in the CPU module or the remote module. The numbers 1–32 indicate the error occurred in the right-side module of the CPU module / remote module. The number 1 represents the closest module to the CPU module or the remote module. This number increases from the closest to the furthest from the CPU module or the remote module. Note: up to eight extension modules can be connected to the right-side of the remote module.
- PLC/Module name: Model names of the CPU, remote, and extension modules.

- Error Code: Error codes in the error log.
- Date & Time: The date and time the error occurred. The most recently occurring error is listed on the top.
- The last column shows the descriptions for the error.
- (3) If the error occured is an exceeding device ragne error (SM0 = ON; stored in SR4) or a program syntax error (SM5 = ON; stored in SR0), you can use the following steps to see the problematic step in the program.
  - SM0 = ON: Check the value (32-bit) in SR1 to see the latest exceeding device range error in the program.
  - SM5 = ON: Check the value (32-bit) in SR5 to see the latest syntax error step in the program.
  - After knowing which the problematic step is, go to ISPSoft -> Edit -> Step positioning and then enter the number of the problematic step, the system will take you to the specified step in the program.

Edit	View Compile	PLC	Tools	W
3	Undo		Ctrl+Z	
	Redo		Ctrl+Y	
X	Cut Ctrl+X		Ctrl+X	
	Copy Ctrl+C			
1	Paste	1	Ctrl+V	
0	Delete		Del	
	Select All	(	Ctrl+A	
Q	Find		Ctrl+F	
₽₿.	Replace(H)		Ctrl+H	
[	Step Positioning			
	Activate Network	Shift+	Ctrl+A	
	Inactivate Network	Shift+	Ctrl+S	
	Project Properties			

Step Positioning	×
Step Number	
0	
OK	Cancel
# **12.2 Troubleshooting for CPU Modules**

Check the LED indicators and the error codes from the CPU module and refer to the following table for troubleshooting. V in the Log column indicates the error is recorded in the log. X in the Log column indicates the error is not recorded in the log. H in the Log column indicates whether or not you can set recording the error in the log in HWCONFIG. Error records will be also stored in SR; refer to Chapter 2 for more information on SR.

# 12.2.1 ERROR LED Indicators Are ON

Error Code (16#)	Description	Solution	Flag	Log
000A	Scan timeout	<ol> <li>Check the setting of the watchdog timer in HWCONFIG.</li> <li>Check whether the program causes a long scan time</li> </ol>	SM8	V

# 12.2.2 ERROR LED Indicators Blinking Every 0.5 Seconds

Error Code (16#)	Description	Solution	Flag	Log
000C	The program in the PLC is damaged.	Download the program again.	SM9	V
000D	The initial value of the device and the PLC program are not completely downloaded.	Download the program again.	SM9	V
0010	CPU memory access is denied.	If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.	SM9	V
0020	CPU operation speed is not at its highest.	If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.	SM9	V
0021	Failed to restore Delta device parameters back to defaults	<ol> <li>Check if the EDS file of the device is the same as the device that is to be restored to defaults.</li> <li>Check if the network connection is normal for the PLC CPU and the device that is to be restored to defaults.</li> <li>Check the compatibility of the device to be restored to defaults.</li> </ol>	SM9	н
002E	CPU external memory access is denied.	If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.	SM9	v
002F	PLC programs are not consistent with the system logs.	Download the program again.	SM34	V
0070	The arrangement of the function cards is not consistent with the settings.	Check whether the settings in HWCONFIG are consistent with the arrangement of the function cards.	SM10	V
0102	The interrupt number exceeds the range.		SM5	х
0202	The MC instruction exceeds the range.	Check the syntax error step in the program. Modify and compile the program and then download the program	SM5	x
0302	The MCR instruction exceeds the range.	again.	SM5	х
0D03	The operands used in DHSCS are		SM5	Х

Error Code (16#)	Description	Solution	Flag	Log
	not used properly.			
0E05	The operands HCXXX used in DCNT are not used properly.		SM5	x
1000 - 10FF	System error	If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.	-	v
1300				
- 130F	Errors occurred in the remote modules	Refer to Section 12.3.7 for more information on the error codes for the remote modules.	SM30	V
1402	The arrangement of the I/O modules is not consistent with the settings.	Check whether the settings in HWCONFIG are consistent with the arrangement of the I/O modules.	SM10	v
140B	The number of connected communication modules exceed the maximum number 4.	Check the total number of communication modules.	SM10	V
140C	The number of connected positioning modules exceed the maximum number 8.	Check the total number of positioning modules.	SM10	V
140D	The number of connected extension modules exceed the maximum number 32.	Check the total number of extension modules.	SM10	v
140E	More than eight remote modules on the right side of the CPU module.	Check the total number of remote modules on the right side of the CPU module (maximum is 8).	SM30	V
1600	The extension module ID exceeds the range.	<ol> <li>Make sure the module is properly connected to the CPU module and turn the modules on again.</li> <li>If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.</li> </ol>	SM10	v
1601	The extension module ID cannot be set.	<ol> <li>Make sure the module is properly connected to the CPU module and turn the modules on again.</li> <li>If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.</li> </ol>	SM10	v
1602	The extension module ID is duplicated.	<ol> <li>Make sure the module is properly connected to the CPU module and turn the modules on again.</li> <li>If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.</li> </ol>	SM10	v
1603	The extension module cannot be operated.	<ol> <li>Make sure the module is properly connected to the CPU module and turn the modules on again.</li> <li>If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.</li> </ol>	SM10	v
1604	Extension module communication timeout	<ol> <li>Make sure the module is properly connected to the CPU module and turn the modules on again.</li> <li>If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.</li> </ol>	SM10	V
1605	Hardware failure	If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.	SM10	V
1606	Errors on the communication module function card	Make sure the function card is properly connected to the CPU module and turn the modules on again.	SM10	v
1607	The external voltage is abnormal.	Check whether the external 24 V power supply to the	SM10	V

Error Code (16#)	Description	Solution	Flag	Log
		module is normal.		
1608	The Internal factory calibration or the CJC is abnormal.	If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.	SM10	V
1609 - 160F	Reserved (Error codes for the extens	sion modules)		
200A	Invalid instruction	Check the syntax error step in the program. Modify and compile the program and then download the program again.	SM5	V
6010	The number of MODBUS TCP connections exceeds the range.	Check the number of superior devices (maximum is 32).	SM 1092	V
6011	The number of EtherNet/IP connections exceeds the range.	Check the number of connections (maximum is 16).	SM 1093	V
C000 - CFFF	The program syntax is incorrect.	Save the PLC program and hand the file to the company or the technicians.		

# 12.2.3 ERROR LED Indicators Blinking Rapidly Every 0.2 Seconds

The blinking happens when the power supply 24 VDC of the CPU module is disconnected, or the power supply is not sufficient, not stable or abnormal.

Error Code (16#)	Description	Solution	Flag	Log
002A	The external voltage is abnormal	Check whether the external 24 V power supply to the module is normal.	SM7	V

# 12.2.4 ERROR LED Indicators Slow Blinking Every 3 Seconds and Lighting up for 1 Second

Error Code (16#)	Description	Solution	Flag	Log
0040	The converted value in the function card 1 (AS-F2AD) or in the built-in AD input channel 1 exceeds the setting range.	Check the actual input signal	SM27	Н
0041	The converted value in the function card 1 (AS-F2AD) or in the built-in AD input channel 2 exceeds the setting range.	Check the actual input signal	SM27	Н
0042	The converted value in the input channel 1 of the function card 2 (AS-F2AD) exceeds the setting range.	Check the actual input signal	SM27	Н
0043	The converted value in the input channel 2 of the function card 2 (AS-F2AD) exceeds the setting range.	Check the actual input signal	SM27	Н

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0044	Connection lost in the mode of current input 4 mA - 20 mA for the function card 1 (AS-F2AD) or for the built-in AD input channel 1.	Check the connection cable.	SM27	Н
0045	Connection lost in the mode of current input 4 mA - 20 mA for the function card 1 (AS-F2AD) or for the built-in AD input channel 2.	Check the connection cable.	SM27	Н
0046	Connection lost in the mode of current input 4 mA - 20 mA for the input channel 1 of the function card 2 (AS-F2AD).	Check the connection cable.	SM27	Н
0047	Connection lost in the mode of current input 4 mA - 20 mA for the input channel 2 of the function card 2 (AS-F2AD).	Check the connection cable.	SM27	Н
1500	Connection lost in the remote modules	Check the network connection cable.	SM30	v
1502 - 150F	Errors occurred in the remote modules	Refer to Section 12.3.7 for more information on the remote module error codes.	SM30	v
1800 - 180F	Errors occurred in the extension modules	Refer to Section 12.3 for more information on the extension module error codes.	SM10	V
1900 - 191C	Heartbeat errors occurred in the slave in CANopen / ECAT communication.	<ol> <li>Check the CANopen / ECAT connection cable.</li> <li>Check if the specific slave is working properly.</li> <li>Note: The last 2 digits of the error code represent the ID number of the slave (convert hexadecimal to decimal).</li> </ol>	-	v

# 12.2.5 BAT. LOW LED Indicators Are ON

The blinking happens when there is no battery (CR1620) or the power is low. Turn this option off in the HWCONFIG > CPU > Device Setting > Show Battery Low Voltage Error CPU when you don't need the RTC function to keep track of the current time (default is enabled).

Error Code (16#)	Description	Solution	Flag	Log
0027	Battery Low	Change battery or turn this option off	SM219	x

# 12.2.6 BAT. LOW LED Indicators Blinking Every 0.5 Seconds

The blinking happens when RTC cannot keep track of the current time.

Error Code (16#)	Description	Solution	Flag	Log
0026	RTC cannot keep track of the current time	If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.	SM218	V
0028	No response from RTC	If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.	SM217	V

## 12.2.7 The LED RUN and ERROR Indicators are Blinking Simultaneously Every 0.5 Seconds

The blinking happens when the firmware of the CPU module is being upgraded. If this happens once the power is supplied to the CPU module, it means errors occurred during the previous firmware upgrade. Users need to upgrade the firmware again or contact your point of purchase.

# 12.2.8 The RUN and ERROR LED Indicators are Blinking One After Another Every 0.5 Seconds.

The blinking happens when the CPU module memory card is backing up, restoring, or saving.

If you are using AS218 Series CPU and without engaging any SD card, the RUN and LED indicators blinking indicates the AIO firmware is being updated. If the blinking happens at the instant when the CPU is supplied with power, the blinking means AIO firmware update failed and you need to update the firmware again. If you are not updating the AIO firmware, the blinking indicates CPU error and you need to contact the local authorized distributors.

Error Code (16#)	Description	Solution	Flag	Log
0011	The PLC ID is incorrect.	Check the PLC ID.	SM34	V
0012	The PLC password is incorrect.	Check the PLC password.	SM34	V
002D	The PLC maximum password attempts exceeded.	Reset the CPU module or restore the CPU module to its default settings.	SM34	V
0050	The memories in the latched special auxiliary relays are abnormal.	<ol> <li>Reset the CPU module or restore the CPU module to its default settings, and then download the program and the parameters again.</li> <li>If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.</li> </ol>	SM6	V
0051	The latched special data registers are abnormal.	<ol> <li>Reset the CPU module or restore the CPU module to its default settings, and then download the program and the parameters again.</li> <li>If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.</li> </ol>	SM6	V
0052	The memories in the latched auxiliary relays are abnormal.	<ol> <li>Reset the CPU module or restore the CPU module to its default settings, and then download the program and the parameters again.</li> <li>If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.</li> </ol>	SM6	v
0054	The latched counters are abnormal.	<ol> <li>Reset the CPU module or restore the CPU module to its default settings, and then download the program and the parameters again.</li> <li>If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.</li> </ol>	SM6	V
0055	The latched 32-bit counters are abnormal.	<ol> <li>Reset the CPU module or restore the CPU module to its default settings, and then download the program and the parameters again.</li> <li>If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.</li> </ol>	SM6	v

# 12.2.9 Other Errors (Without LED Indicators)

0056	The latched special auxiliary relay is abnormal.	<ol> <li>Reset the CPU module or restore the CPU module to its default settings, and then download the program and the parameters again.</li> <li>If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.</li> </ol>	SM6	V
0059	The latched data registers are abnormal.	<ol> <li>Reset the CPU module or restore the CPU module to its default settings, and then download the program and the parameters again.</li> <li>If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.</li> </ol>	SM6	V
005D	The CPU module does not detect a memory card.	Check that the memory card is inserted correctly into the CPU module.	SM453	V
005E	The memory card is initialized incorrectly.	Check whether the memory card is broken.	SM453	V
0063	An error occurs when data is written to the memory card.	Check whether the file path is correct or whether the memory card is malfunctioning.	SM453	V
0064	A file in the memory card cannot be read.	Check whether the file path is correct, or whether the file is damaged.	SM453	V
1950	The initialization of the Delta ASD-A2 control has not yet been completed, the CANopen instructions cannot be executed.	<ol> <li>Check the CANopen connection cable.</li> <li>Check if the specific slave is working properly.</li> <li>If nothing is wrong, initialize the Delta ASD-A2 again.</li> </ol>	-	V
19B0	Heartbeat timeout occurred in the slave mode	Check the CANopen connection cable.	-	V
19B1	The data length of PDO (process data object) in the slave mode is not matched with the setting.	Revise the PDO data length setting in the slave mode and download the setting again.	-	V
	-	ve (1~64) is experience an error and refer to the follow	ving error	codes
19E1	The data length of PDO (process data object) in the slave mode is not matched with the setting of the scan list. Refer to CANopen communication related descriptions in AS Series Operation Manual for more details on the error codes 19E1 to 19E8.	Revise the PDO data length setting in the slave mode and download the setting again.	-	v
19E2	PDO in the slave mode is not received.	Check if the configurations are correctly set.	-	V
19E3	The function of auto downloading SDO fails at the first startup.	Check if the SDO contents for auto downloading are correct.	-	v
19E4	PDO configurations are set incorrectly.	Make sure to set the PDO configurations correctly.	-	V
19E5	The main settings are not consistent with the connected slave.	Make sure the connected slaves are the ones configured in ISPSoft.	-	V
19E6	This slave does NOT exist in this network.	Make sure the power supply of slave is normal and slave is correctly connected to the network.	-	V
19E7	Timeout on the slave error control	Make sure the power supply of slave is normal and slave is correctly connected to the network.	-	V
19E8	The node IDs of master and slave are duplicated.	Set the node ID of the master and slave again and make sure their node IDs are unique.	-	V
19F3	Error in the configuration	<ol> <li>Download the parameter configuration again.</li> <li>If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.</li> </ol>	-	v
	CANopen communication is in the BUS-	1. Check if the network cable is normal and the		V

	output is still not complete.	Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in		
2031	During the execution of CSFO instruciotn, when the output frequency is set to 0, but even after 2 seconds, the	the inut frequency value.	-	v
2030	During the execution of CSFO instruction, the output frequency exceeds the upper limit.	Modify the ratio of input / output frequency or lower	-	V
2028	High speed output instruction is being executed. Only one instruction can be executed at a time.	Refer to SR28 for the record of the axis number and rearrange the output control procedures.	-	v
2027	No such position planning table number or the format is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check the syntax error step in the program. Modify and compile the program and then download the program again.</li> <li>Check the settings of the position planning table.</li> </ol>	SM0	V
2017	The instruction BREAK is written outside of the FOR-NEXT loop.		SM0	V
2014	The task designated by the TKON or YKOFF instruction is incorrect or exceeds the range.	g-         g-         1. Check the syntax error step in the program.         Modify and compile the program and then download the program again.	SM0	V
2013	The value exceeds the range of values that can be represented by the floating-point numbers.		SM0	v
2012	Incorrect division operation		SM0	V
200E	conversion is incorrect. The string does not end with 00.		SM0	V
200C	The binary to binary-coded decimal		SM0	V
200B 200C	The operand n or the other constant operands K/H exceed the range. The operands overlap.		SM0 SM0	V V
2003	The device used in the program exceeds the device range.		SM0	V
2001	Not using the FCOMP card or not in the right mode for the ASDA-A2 while using the CANopen communication instruction.	<ol> <li>Use the FCOMP card in the function card slot to check if the operation mode is correct.</li> <li>Check the syntax error step in the program. Modify and compile the program and then download the program again.</li> </ol>	SM0	V
19FC	The receiving registers exceed the range.	Revise the time to synchronize (suggested to use a longer time).	-	V
19FB	The sending registers exceed the range.	Revise the time to synchronize (suggested to use a longer time).	-	V
		<ul><li>are both connected with a 121Ω terminal resistor.</li><li>3. Check if all the node devices run at the same baud rate on the network.</li></ul>		
	OFF state.	shielded cable is grounded. 2. Check if the start and end of the network cable		

6012	There are devices using the same IP	1. Check if there are devices using the same IP address.	SM1101	V
	address.	2. Check if there is more than 1 DHCP or BOOTP server on the network.		
6100	The email connection is busy.	Retry the email connection later. This error does not cause the PLC to stop running. Solve the problem by means of the related flag in the program.	SM1113	Х
6103	The trigger attachment mode in the email is set incorrectly.	Set up the trigger attachment mode in HWCONFIG > CPU Module > Device Setting > Options > Ethernet Port Advanced > Email > Trigger Setting > Trigger Attachment Mode.	SM1113	х
6104	The attachment in the email does not exist.	Check whether the attachment exists in the memory card.	SM1113	х
6105	The attachment in the email is oversized.	Check the size of the attachment. If the size is over 2 MB, the file cannot be sent as an attachment.	SM1113	х
6106	There is an SMTP server response timeout.	Check for the correct address and set up the SMTP server in HWCONFIG > CPU Module > Device Setting > Options > Ethernet Port Advanced > Email again.	SM1113	х
6107	There is an SMTP server response timeout.	<ol> <li>Check whether the status of the SMTP server is normal.</li> <li>Retry sending of the email later. This error does not cause the PLC to stop running. Solve the problem by means of the related flag in the program.</li> </ol>	SM1113	x
6108	SMTP verification failed	Check for the correct ID/Password and set up in HWCONFIG > CPU Module > Device Setting > Options > Ethernet Port Advanced > Email again.	SM1113	х
6200	The remote communication IP address set in the TCP socket function is illegal.	<ol> <li>Check the program and the related special data registers.</li> <li>Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module &gt; Device Setting &gt; Options &gt; Ethernet Port Advanced &gt; TCP Socket.</li> </ol>	-	х
6201	The local communication port set in the TCP socket function is illegal.	<ol> <li>Check the program and the related special data registers.</li> <li>Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module &gt; Device Setting &gt; Options &gt; Ethernet Port Advanced &gt; TCP Socket.</li> </ol>	-	x
6202	The remote communication port set in the TCP socket function is illegal.	<ol> <li>Check the program and the related special data registers.</li> <li>Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module &gt; Device Setting &gt; Options &gt; Ethernet Port Advanced &gt; TCP Socket.</li> </ol>	-	x
6203	The device from which the data is sent in the TCP socket function is illegal.	<ol> <li>Check the program and the related special data registers.</li> <li>Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module &gt; Device Setting &gt; Options &gt; Ethernet Port Advanced &gt; TCP Socket.</li> </ol>	-	x

		1. Check the program and the related special data		
6206	The device which receives the data in the TCP socket function is illegal.	<ol> <li>Check the program and the related special data registers.</li> <li>Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module &gt; Device Setting &gt; Options &gt; Ethernet Port Advanced &gt; TCP</li> </ol>	-	x
		Socket.		
6208	The data received through the TCP socket exceeds the device range.	<ol> <li>Check the program and the related special data registers.</li> <li>Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module &gt; Device Setting &gt; Options &gt; Ethernet Port Advanced &gt; TCP Socket.</li> </ol>	-	x
6209	The remote communication IP address set in the UDP socket function is illegal.	<ol> <li>Check the program and the related special data registers.</li> <li>Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module &gt; Device Setting &gt; Options &gt; Ethernet Port Advanced &gt; UDP Socket.</li> </ol>	-	x
620A	The local communication port set in the UDP socket function is illegal.	<ol> <li>Check the program and the related special data registers.</li> <li>Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module &gt; Device Setting &gt; Options &gt; Ethernet Port Advanced &gt; UDP Socket.</li> </ol>	-	x
620C	The device from which the data is sent in the UDP socket function is illegal.	<ol> <li>Check the program and the related special data registers.</li> <li>Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module &gt; Device Setting &gt; Options &gt; Ethernet Port Advanced &gt; UDP Socket.</li> </ol>	-	x
620F	The device which receives the data in the UDP socket function is illegal.	<ol> <li>Check the program and the related special data registers.</li> <li>Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module &gt; Device Setting &gt; Options &gt; Ethernet Port Advanced &gt; UDP Socket.</li> </ol>	-	x
6210	The data received through the UDP socket exceeds the device range.	<ol> <li>Check the program and the related special data registers.</li> <li>Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module &gt; Device Setting &gt; Options &gt; Ethernet Port Advanced &gt; UDP Socket.</li> </ol>	-	x
6212	There is no response from the remote device after the timeout period.	Make sure that the remote device is connected.	-	Х
6213	The data received exceeds the limit.	<ol> <li>Check the program and the related special data registers.</li> <li>Set the Ethernet parameter for the CPU module in HWCONFIG CPU Module &gt; Device Setting &gt; Options &gt; Ethernet Port Advanced &gt; UDP Socket.</li> </ol>	-	x
6214	The remote device refuses the connection.	Make sure the remote device operates normally.	-	x
6215	The socket is not opened.	Check whether operational sequence in the	-	X

		program is correct.		
6217	The socket is opened.	Check whether operational sequence in the program is correct.	-	x
6218	The data has been sent through the socket.	Check whether operational sequence in the program is correct.	-	x
6219	The data has been received through the socket.	Check whether operational sequence in the program is correct.	-	x
621A	The socket is closed.	Check whether operational sequence in the program is correct.	-	x
7011	The device communication function code in COM1 is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	н
7012	The device communication address used in COM1 is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	н
7013	The device used in COM1 exceeds the device range.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	н
7014	The device length of the communication data in COM1 exceeds the limit.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	н
7017	The device checksum for the communication serial port of COM1 is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	н
7021	The device communication function code in COM2 is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	н
7022	The device communication address used in COM2 is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	н
7023	The device used in COM2 exceeds the device range.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	н
7024	The device length of the communication data in COM2 exceeds the limit.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	н
7027	The device checksum for the communication serial port of COM2 is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	н
7031	The device communication function code in the Ethernet is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	н
7032	The device communication address used in the Ethernet is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	н
7033	The device used in the Ethernet exceeds the device range.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	н
7034	The device length of the communication data in the Ethernet exceeds the limit.	<ol> <li>Check the communication setting in the master and the slave.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> </ol>	-	н

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		used are the most updated versions. 3. Make a note of the operation procedures and screenshots of the error windows and hand this note to the company or the technicians from the agents.		
8105	The contents of the program downloaded are incorrect. The program syntax is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Download the program and parameters again.</li> <li>Check the communication cable.</li> <li>Save all the projects and compress the projects into one compressed file and then hand this file to the company or the technicians from the agents.</li> </ol>	-	н
8106	The contents of the program downloaded are incorrect. The length of the execution code exceeds the limit.	<ol> <li>Download the program and parameters again.</li> <li>Save all the projects and compress the projects into one compressed file and then hand this file to the company or the technicians from the agents.</li> </ol>	-	н
8107	The contents of the program downloaded are incorrect. The length of the source code exceeds the limit.	<ol> <li>Download the program and parameters again.</li> <li>Save all the projects and compress the projects into one compressed file and then hand this file to the company or the technicians from the agents.</li> </ol>	-	Н
8000 - 8FFF	Errors occur between software and PLC.	<ol> <li>Check if the product firmware and the software used are the most updated versions.</li> <li>Make a note of the operation procedures and screenshots of the error windows and hand this note to the company or the technicians from the agents.</li> </ol>		

# 12.3 Troubleshooting for Other I/O Modules

#### • Introduction to troubleshotting modules

Digital I/O, analog I/O, temperature measurement, positioning, counter, load cell, and network modules can be installed in an AS Series system. There are 2 types of error codes; error and warning. The CPU module and its modules stop operating when errors occur. The CPU modules and its modules do not stop operating when warnings are triggered.

# 12.3.1 Troubleshooting for Analog Modules (AD/DA/XA) and Temperature Modules (RTD/TC)

## 12.3.1.1 ERROR LED Indicators Are ON

You can set up HWCONFIG to have the following errors appear as warnings when they occur. Otherwise, when an error occurs, only an error message appears.

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#1605	Hardware failure	If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.
16#1607	The external voltage is abnormal.	Check the power supply.
16#1608	The factory calibration or the CJC is abnormal.	If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.

## 12.3.1.2 ERROR LED Indicators Blinking Every 0.2 Seconds

The following errors are specified as warnings to ensure that the CPU can still run even when the warnings are triggered by its modules. If you need the CPU STOP running immediately when the first 4 errors occur, you need to set them as errors.

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#1801	The external voltage is abnormal.	Check the power supply.
16#1802	Hardware failure	If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.
16#1804	The factory calibration is abnormal.	If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.
16#1807	The CJC is abnormal.	If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.
16#1808	The signal received by channel 1 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	Check the signal received by channel 1
16#1809	The signal received by channel 2 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	Check the signal received by channel 2
16#180A	The signal received by channel 3 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	Check the signal received by channel 3
16#180B	The signal received by channel 4 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	Check the signal received by channel 4

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#180C	The signal received by channel 5 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	Check the signal received by channel 5
16#180D	The signal received by channel 6 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	Check the signal received by channel 6
16#180E	The signal received by channel 7 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	Check the signal received by channel 7
16#180F	The signal received by channel 8 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	Check the signal received by channel 8
-	When power-on, the module is not detected by CPU module.	Check if the connection between module and CPU module is working. If not, connect again.

# 12.3.2 Troubleshooting for the Positioning Module AS02/04PU

## 12.3.2.1 ERROR LED Indicators Blinking Every 0.2 Seconds

	Error Code	Description	Solution
1	16#1802	Hardware failure	If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.

# 12.3.3 Troubleshooting for the High-Speed Counter Module AS02HC

## 12.3.3.1 ERROR LED Indicators Are ON

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#1605	Counted result in the latched area is not retainable (major error)	Counted data is lost. Switch the module power OFF and ON again. The error code is cleared by the system. If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.
16#1606	Module settings in the latced area is not retainable. (major error)	Module setting data is lost. Switch the module power OFF and ON again. Download the HWCONFIG settings again to clear the error code. If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.
16#1607	Module setting error (major error)	Check if the setting in HWCONFIG is consistent with the actual placement. If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.

### 12.3.3.2 ERROR LED Indicators Blinking Every 0.5 Seconds

The following errors are specified as warnings to ensure that the CPU module can still run even when the warnings are triggered by its AIO modules.

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#1800	Counter overflow / underflow on CH1	Check the counter result. If the alarm is not required, disable the alarm output function in HWCONFIG. Use
16#1801	Counter overflow / underflow on CH2	any of the followings to clear the error code: clear, reset, preset the counter, restart the module, or execute DHCCNT instruction again.
16#1802	Linear count exceeding the set upper/lower limit on CH1	Check the signal received by channel 1 and 2. Hardware counter is still counting; when the number is
16#1803	Linear count exceeding the set upper/lower limit on CH2	accumulated to the maximum and go back to the minimum, the error code will be cleared.
16#1804	The variation in relation to a SSI encoder position exceeding the limit on CH1	Check if there is any interruption and check the device specification to see if the offset setting is matching with
16#1805	The variation in relation to a SSI encoder position exceeding the limit on CH2	the actual placement. When the next reading is normal, the error code will be cleared.
16#1806	Abnormal SSI communication on CH1	Check the execution of DHCCNT instruction. If it is parity check, check is there is any interruption and
16#1807	Abnormal SSI communication on CH2	check if the data format is correct. Check if the device wiring is secure, and if the encoder power supply is normal.
16#1808	SSI absolute position cross zero point on CH1	Check the SSI absolute encoder specification and modify the setting accordingly. If the alarm is not required, disable the alarm output function in
16#1809	SSI absolute position cross zero point on CH2	HWCONFIG. Use any of the followings to clear the error code: clear, reset, preset the counter, restart the module, or execute DHCCNT instruction again.

# 12.3.4 Troubleshooting for the Load Cell Module AS02LC

## 12.3.4.1 ERROR LED Indicators Are ON

You can set up HWCONFIG to have the following errors appear as warnings when they occur. Otherwise, when an error occurs, only an error message appears.

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#1605	Hardware failure (that is, the driver board)	If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.
16#1607	The external voltage is abnormal.	Check the power supply.

### 12.3.4.2 ERROR LED Indicators Blinking Every 0.2 Seconds

The following errors are specified as warnings to ensure that the CPU module can still run even when the warnings are triggered by its modules. The following first 3 error codes are set as warnings by default in HWCONFIG; CPU must STOP running immediately when the first 3 errors occur.

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#1801	The external voltage is abnormal.	Check the power supply.
16#1802	Hardware failure	If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.
16#1807	Diver board failure	Check if the terminal is affected by noises or is short- circuited, i.e. EXC+ and EXC If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.
16#1808	The signal received by channel 1 exceeds the range of analog inputs or the SEN voltage is abnormal.	Check the signal received by channel 1 and the cable connections.
16#1809	The signal received by channel 1 exceeds the weight limit.	Check the value input to channel 1 and the maximum weight setting.
16#180A	The factory calibration in channel 1 is incorrect.	Check the weight calibration in channel 1.
16#180B	The signal received by channel 2 exceeds the range of analog inputs or the SEN voltage is abnormal.	Check the signal received by channel 2 and the cable connections.
16#180C	The signal received by channel 2 exceeds the weight limit.	Check the value input to channel 2 and the maximum weight setting.
16#180D	The factory calibration in channel 2 is incorrect.	Check the weight calibration in channel 1.
-	When power-on, the module is not detected by CPU module.	Check if the connection between module and CPU module is working. If not, connect again.

# 12.3.5 Troubleshooting for the Module AS04SIL IO-Link as a Communication Module

## 12.3.5.1 ERROR LED Indicators (Module Status) Blinking Every 0.2 Seconds

The following error codes identify possible errors when the AS04SIL module is installed on the right side of the CPU module or RTU and acts as a communication module.

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#1605	Hardware failure	<ol> <li>Check that the module is securely installed.</li> <li>Install a new AS04SIL or if the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.</li> </ol>
16#1606	24VDC power supply is not sufficient and then recovered from low-voltage for less than 10 ms.	Check whether the 24 V power supply to the module is normal.

## 12.3.5.2 ERROR LED Indicators (Network Status) Are ON

The following error codes identify possible errors when the AS-SIL module is installed on the right side of the CPU module or RTU and acts as a communication module.

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#1802	No external power supply	Check the external power supply

### 12.3.5.3 ERROR LED Indicators (Network Status) Blinking Every 1 Seconds

The following error codes identify possible errors when the AS-SIL module is installed on the right side of the CPU module or RTU and acts as a communication module.

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#1800	Error occurs in IO-Link Master	See the following IO-Link Event Code table for more information.
16#1801	Error occurs in IO-Link device	See the following IO-Link Event Code table for more information.
16#1803	Error in the download of IO-Link device mapping tables	Redownload the configuration by the software.
16#1804	Failure to switch the process data parameter set	Check if the configurations of the actual connected device are the same as the ones in the software.
16#1805	A connection error occurs in IO-Link via communication port 1	1. Cut the external power off for 3 seconds and then put the power back on.
16#1806	A connection error occurs in IO-Link via communication port 2	2. Redownload the configuration by the software.
16#1807	A connection error occurs in IO-Link via communication port 3	
16#1808	A connection error occurs in IO-Link via communication port 4	
16#1809	Device scanning error and the scanning is forced to stop	<ol> <li>Cut the external power off for 3 seconds and then put the power back on.</li> <li>Scan all device again</li> </ol>

#### **IO-Link Event Code Table**

You can find the IO-Link event codes in the module data exchange area where the device sates of communication port 1~4 are stored. Check the IO-Link device operation manual if the event occurred is from IO-Link devices.

IO-Link		Туре		Туре			Sou	rce
Event Codes	Warning	Error	Notifica- tion	Event	Solution	IO-Link Master	IO-Link Device	
16#4000		v		Device temperature over- load	Lower load		V	
16#4210	V			Device temperature over- run	Clear source of heat		V	
16#5101		V		Device fuse blown	Change fuse		V	
16#5110	V			Power supply voltage over-run	Check tolerance		V	
16#5111	V			Power supply voltage under-run	Check tolerance		V	
16#6320		v		Parameter error	Check device specificaitons		V	
16#6321		V		Parameter missing	Check device specifications		V	

IO-Link	Туре					Sou	rce
Event Codes	Warning	Error	Notifica- tion	Event	Solution	IO-Link Master	IO-Link Device
16#7710		V		Device short circuit	Check installation		V
16#8C10	V			Process variable range over-run	Check process data		V
16#8C20		V		Measurement range over- run	Check application		V
16#8C30	V			Process variable range under-run	Check process data		V
16#8CA0	V			No connected IO-Link device	Check installation	v	
16#8CA1	V			The version of the IO-Link protocol is different from the one configured.	Use matching IODD file and configured again.	v	
16#8CA2	v			Connected device is different from the one configured in the software	Check configurations and installation	v	
16#8CA3				Reserved		V	
16#8CA4		V		IO-Link device process cable short circuit	Check installation	v	
16#8CA5	V			Master temperature exceeds 135°C	Clear source of heat	V	
16#8CA6		v		Master temperature exceeds 160°C	Clear source of heat and lower load	V	
16#8CA7	V			Device power supply voltage under-run L+ (<18V)	Check the external power supply	v	
16#8CA8		v		Device power supply voltage under-run L+ (<9V)	Check the external power supply	V	
16#8CA9	V			Illegal device ID	Check device specifications	V	
16#8CAA	V			IO-Link process data range over-run	Check device specifications	V	
16#8CAB	V			Process data range over- run	Scan the device and download the configuration again	v	
16#8CAC		v		Data storage error	If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.	v	
16#FF21			V	New connected device		V	
16#FF22			V	Device disconnected	Check installation	V	
16#FF23			V	Data storage identification mismatch	Set the Data Storage access locked and set it to backup / restore and then backing up data according to actual placement.	V	
16#FF24			v	Data storage not sufficient	Check device specifications	v	
16#FF25			V	Data storage parameter access denied	Check device specifications	V	

# 12.3.6 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Communication Module

## 12.3.6.1 ERROR LED Indicators Are ON

The following error codes identify possible errors when the AS00SCM module is installed on the right side of the CPU module and acts as a communication module.

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#1605	Hardware failure	<ol> <li>Check that the module is securely installed.</li> <li>Install a new AS00SCM or if the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.</li> </ol>
16#1606	The function card setting is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check if the function card is securely installed.</li> <li>Install a new function card or if the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.</li> <li>Check if the setting in HWCONFIG is consistent with the function card setting.</li> <li>Install a new AS00SCM or if the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.</li> </ol>

## 12.3.6.2 ERROR LED Indicators Blinking Every 0.5 Seconds

The following error codes identify possible errors when the AS00SCM module is installed on the right side of the CPU module and acts as a communication module.

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#1802	Incorrect parameters	Check the parameter in HWCONFIG. Download the parameter again.
16#1803	Communication timeout	<ol> <li>Check whether the communication cable is properly connected.</li> <li>Check if the station number and the communication format are correctly set.</li> <li>Check if the connection with the function card is working correctly.</li> </ol>
16#1804	The UD Link setting is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check the settings of the UD Link.</li> <li>Check the warning settings in the PLC.</li> </ol>

The following error codes can only be viewed with SCMSoft; when the following errors occur, they are not shown on the LED indicators and the system does not send the error messages to the CPU module.

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#0107	The settings in HWCONFIG and manual settings are not consistent with function card 1.	Check the settings in HWCONFIG and manual settings for function card 1.
16#0108	The settings in HWCONFIG and manual settings are not consistent for function card 2.	Check the settings in HWCONFIG and manual settings for function card 2.
16#0201	Incorrect parameters	Check the parameter in HWCONFIG. Download the parameter again.

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#0301	Function card 1 communication timeout	<ol> <li>Check if the station number and the communication format are correctly set.</li> <li>Check if the connection with the function card is working correctly.</li> </ol>
16#0302	Function card 2 communication timeout	<ol> <li>Check if the station number and the communication format are correctly set.</li> <li>Check if the connection with the function card is working correctly.</li> </ol>
16#0400	Invalid UD Link Group ID for function card 1	<ol> <li>Check the UD Link settings.</li> <li>Check the warning settings in the PLC.</li> </ol>
16#0401	Invalid UD Link Group ID for function card 2	<ol> <li>Check the UD Link settings.</li> <li>Check the warning settings in the PLC.</li> </ol>
16#0402	Invalid UD Link Command for function card 1	<ol> <li>Check the UD Link settings.</li> <li>Check the warning settings in the PLC.</li> </ol>
16#0403	Invalid UD Link Command for function card 1	<ol> <li>Check the UD Link settings.</li> <li>Check the warning settings in the PLC.</li> </ol>

# 12.3.7 Troubleshooting for the Module AS00SCM as a Remote Module

Errors from the remote modules are regarded as warnings for AS Series CPU modules. The LED indicator of the CPU module blinks and the CPU module can still operate. Use flag SM30 to manage error presentation in the remote modules.

## 12.3.7.1 ERROR LED Indicators Are ON

#### Error codes:

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#1301	Hardware failure	<ol> <li>Check if the module is securely installed.</li> <li>Change and install a new AS00SCM or if the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.</li> </ol>
16#1302	The function card setting is incorrect.	<ol> <li>Check if the function card is securely installed with the AS-FCOPM card.</li> <li>Change and install a new function card or if the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.</li> <li>Check if the setting in HWCONFIG is consistent with the function card setting.</li> <li>Install a new AS00SCM or if the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.</li> </ol>
16#1304	More than eight remote modules on the right side of the CPU module.	Check the total number of remote modules on the right side of the CPU module (maximum is 8).

## 12.3.7.2 ERROR LED Indicators Blinking Every 0.5 Seconds

Warning type of error codes:

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#1506	Remote module had been stopped.	This error code should work with AS Series Remote Module Setting in ISPSoft. When this error code shows up, it indicates the remote module had been stopped: Master Disconnected, Master Reconnected, IO Module Alarm, or IO Module Timeout. Check and clear the problem and then power-off and then power-on the remote module to refresh its state. Refer to section 9.4.3 in AS Series Module Manual for more details.

## 12.3.7.3 ERROR LED Indicators Blinking Every 0.5 Seconds

Warning type of error codes:

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#1500	Remote module communication timeout	Make sure the communication cable is well connected
16#1502	Incorrect parameters	Check the parameter in HWCONFIG. Download the parameter again.
16#1503	Remote extension module communication timeout	Make sure the communication cable is well connected and the module is properly connected to the CPU module and turn the modules on again.
16#1505	The actual placement of the extension modules is NOT the same as it is set.	Check if the parameter in HWCONFIG is the same as the actual placement.
16#1604	Extension module communication timeout	<ol> <li>Make sure the module is properly connected to the CPU module and turn the modules on again.</li> <li>If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors.</li> </ol>

## 12.3.7.4 ERROR LED Indicators Blinking Every 0.2 Seconds

This happens when the 24 VDC power supply for the remote module is not sufficient. Check the power supply. If the power supply is normal, remove the extension module from the CPU module and then check if the SCM remote module is out of order. Error codes:

Error Code	Description	Solution
16#1303	24VDC power supply is not sufficient and then recovered from low-voltage for less than 10 ms.	Check whether the 24 V power supply to the module is normal.

# 12.3.8 Troubleshooting for AS01DNET Modules

Refer to sections 12.4.9 and 12.4.10 for more details.

# 12.4Error Codes and LED Indicators for Modules

# 12.4.1 Error Codes and LED Indicators for CPU Modules

#### A. Columns

- **a.** Error code: If an error occurs in the system, an error code is generated.
- **b.** Description: The description of the error
- **c.** CPU status: If the error occurs, the CPU stops running, keeps running, or shows the status you defined for the error.
  - > Stop: The CPU stops running when the error occurs.
  - > Continue: The CPU keeps running when the error occurs.
- d. LED indicator status: If the error occurs, the LED indicator is ON, OFF, or blinks.
  - > ERROR: System error

#### Descriptions

Module Type	LED indicator	Descriptions
CPU	Error LED	There are five types of error indicator states for of the CPU module errors, including LED indicator ON, OFF, blinking fast, blinking normally, and blinking slowly. When the LED indicator is ON, blinking fast/normally, clear the problems first in order to run the CPU module. When the LED indicator is blinking slowly, indicating a warning type of error codes, it does not require immediate action. Clear the problems when the module is powered off. Error type: ON: A serious error occurs in the module. Blinking fast (every 0.2 seconds): unstable power supply or hardware Failure. Blinking normally (every 0.5 second): system program errors or system cannot run.
		Warning type: Blinking slowly (every 1 second and off for 3 seconds): a warning is triggered, but the system can still run. OFF: A warning is triggered, but the system can still run. You can modify the rules and use ISPSoft or SM/SR to show the warnings, instead of using indicators to show the errors.

Error	Description	CPU	ERROR LED indica		licator		
code	Description	status	ON	Blinking fast	Blinking normally	Blinking slowly	OFF
000A	Scan timeout	Stop	V				
000C	The program in the PLC is damaged.	Stop			V		
000D	The initial value of the device and the PLC program are not completely downloaded.	Stop			V		
0010	CPU memory access is denied.	Stop			V		
0011	The PLC ID is incorrect.	Continue					V
0012	The PLC password is incorrect.	Continue					V
0020	CPU operation speed is not at its highest.	Stop			V		
0021	Failed to restore Delta device parameters back to defaults	н			н		
CPU stop	a can set to have PLC CPU stop running or not in HW ps running once 16#0021 occurs, the PLC CPU will s to have PLC CPU keep running, the error will be state RTC cannot keep track of the current time	top running a	and the	ERROR L	ED will go	blinking. If	the
0026	(the battery LED is blinking.)	Continue					
0027	Battery low (the battery LED is ON.)	Continue					
0028	No response from RTC	Continue					V
002A	24VDC power supply is not sufficient and then is recovered from low-voltage for less than 10 ms.	Continue		v			
002D	The PLC maximum password attempts exceeded.	Continue					V
002E	The access to the external memory of the CPU is denied.	Stop			V		
002F	PLC programs are not consistent with the system logs.	Stop			V		
0040	The converted value in the function card 1 (AS- F2AD) or in the built-in AD input channel 1 exceeds the setting range.	Continue				V	
0041	The converted value in the function card 1 (AS- F2AD) or in the built-in AD input channel 2 exceeds the setting range.	Continue				V	
0042	The converted value in the input channel 1 of the function card 2 (AS-F2AD) exceeds the setting range.	Continue				V	
0043	The converted value in the input channel 2 of the function card 2 (AS-F2AD) exceeds the setting range.	Continue				V	
0044	Connection lost in the mode of current input 4 mA - 20 mA for the function card 1 (AS-F2AD) or for the built-in AD input channel 1.	Continue				V	
0045	Connection lost in the mode of current input 4 mA - 20 mA for the function card 1 (AS-F2AD) or for the built-in AD input channel 2.	Continue				V	
0046	Connection lost in the mode of current input 4 mA - 20 mA for the input channel 1 of the function card 2 (AS-F2AD).	Continue				V	
0047	Connection lost in the mode of current input 4 mA - 20 mA for the input channel 2 of the function card 2 (AS-F2AD).	Continue				V	

Error		CPU	ERROR LED indicator			licator	
code	Description	status	ON	Blinking fast	Blinking normally	Blinking slowly	OFF
0050	The memories in the latched special auxiliary relays are abnormal.	Continue					V
0051	The latched special data registers are abnormal.	Continue					V
0052	The memories in the latched auxiliary relays are abnormal.	Continue					V
0054	The latched counters are abnormal.	Continue					V
0055	The latched 32-bit counters are abnormal.	Continue					V
0056	The latched special auxiliary relay is abnormal.	Continue					V
0059	The latched data registers are abnormal.	Continue					V
005D	The CPU module does not detect a memory card.	Continue					V
005E	The memory card is initialized incorrectly.	Continue					V
0063	An error occurs when data is written to the memory card.	Continue					v
0064	A file in the memory card cannot be read.	Continue					V
0070	The actual placement of the function cards is not consistent with the settings.	Stop			V		
0102	The interrupt number exceeds the range.	Stop			V		
0202	The MC instruction exceeds the range.	Stop			V		
0302	The MCR instruction exceeds the range.	Stop			V		
0D03	The operands used in DHSCS are not used properly.	Stop			V		
0E05	The operands HCXXX used in DCNT are not used properly.	Stop			V		
1000 - 10FF	System error	Stop			V		
1300 - 130F	Errors occurred in the remote modules	Continue				V	
1402	The arrangement of the I/O modules is not consistent with the settings.	Stop			V		
140B	The number of connected communication modules exceed the maximum number 4.	Stop			V		
140C	The number of connected positioning modules exceed the maximum number 8.	Stop			V		
140D	The number of connected extension modules exceed the maximum number 32.	Stop			V		
140E	Number of remote modules exceeds the limit of eight on the right side of the CPU module.	Stop			V		
1500	Connection lost in the remote modules	Continue				V	
1502 -	Errors occurred in the remote modules	Continue				V	

Error		CPU		ERRC	OR LED inc	licator	
code	Description	status	ON	Blinking fast	Blinking normally	Blinking slowly	OFF
1600	The ID of the extension module exceeds the range.	Stop			V		
1601	The ID of the extension module cannot be set.	Stop			V		
1602	The ID of the extension module is duplicated.	Stop			V		
1603	The extension module cannot be operated.	Stop			V		
1604	Extension module communication timeout	Stop			V		
1605	Hardware failure	Stop			V		
1606	Errors on the communication module function card	Stop			V		
1607	The external voltage is abnormal.	Stop			V		
1608	The Internal factory calibration or the CJC is abnormal.	Stop			V		
1609 - 160F	Reserved (Error codes for the extension modules)	Stop			V		
1800 - 180F	Errors occurred in the extension modules	Continue				V	
1900 - 191C	Heartbeat errors occurred in the slave in CANopen / ECAT communication. (Delta ASD-A2)	Continue				V	
1950	The initialization of the Delta ASD-A2 control has not yet been completed, the CANopen instructions cannot be executed.	Continue					V
19B0	Heartbeat timeout occurred in the slave mode	Continue					V
19B1	The data length of PDO (process data object) in the slave mode is not matched with the setting.	Continue					V
19E1	The data length of PDO (process data object) in the slave mode is not matched with the setting of the scan list. Refer to CANopen communication related descriptions in AS Series Operation Manual for more details on the error codes 19E1 to 19E8.	Continue					V
19E2	PDO in the slave mode is not received.	Continue					V
19E3	The function of auto downloading SDO fails at the first startup.	Continue					V
19E4	PDO configurations are set incorrectly.	Continue					V
19E5	The main settings are not consistent with the connected slave.	Continue					V
19E6	This slave does NOT exist in this network.	Continue					V

Error		CPU		ERRC	R LED inc	licator	
code	Description	status	ON	Blinking fast	Blinking normally	Blinking slowly	OFF
19E7	Timeout on the slave error control	Continue					V
19E8	The node IDs of master and slave are duplicated.	Continue					V
19F3	Error in the configuration	Continue					v
19F4	CANopen communication is in the BUS-OFF state.	Continue					v
19FB	The sending registers exceed the range.	Continue					v
19FC	The receiving registers exceed the range.	Continue					V
2001	Not using the FCOMP card or not in the right mode for the ASDA-A2 while using the CANopen communication instruction.	Continue					V
2003	The device used in the program exceeds the device range or is illegal.	Continue					V
200A	Invalid instruction	Stop			V		
200B	The operand n or the other constant operands K/H exceed the range.	Continue					V
200C	The operands overlap.	Continue					V
200D	The binary to binary-coded decimal conversion is incorrect.	Continue					V
200E	The string does not end with 00.	Continue					V
2012	Incorrect division operation	Continue					V
2013	The value exceeds the range of values which can be represented by the floating-point numbers.	Continue					V
2014	The task designated by the TKON or YKOFF instruction is incorrect, or exceeds the range.	Continue					V
2017	The instruction BREAK is written outside of the FOR-NEXT loop.	Continue					V
2027	No such position planning table number or the format is incorrect.	Continue					V
2028	The high speed output instruction is being executed. Only one instruction can be executed at a time.	Continue					V
2030	During the execution of CSFO instruction, the output frequency exceeds the upper limit.	Continue					V
2031	During the execution of CSFO instruciotn, when the output frequency is set to 0, but even after 2 seconds, the output is still not complete.	Continue					V
6004	The IP address filter is set incorrectly.	Continue					V
600D	RJ45 port is not connected.	Continue					V
6010	The number of MODBUS TCP connections exceeds the range.	Continue			V		

Error		CPU	ERROR LED indicato		licator		
code	Description	status	ON	Blinking fast	Blinking normally	Blinking slowly	OFF
6011	The number of the EtherNet/IP connections exceeds the range.	Continue			V		
6012	There are devices using the same IP address.	Continue					V
6100	The email connection is busy.	Continue					V
6103	The trigger attachment mode in the email is set incorrectly.	Continue					v
6104	The attachment in the email does not exist.	Continue					V
6105	The attachment in the email is too big.	Continue					V
6106	There is an SMTP server response timeout.	Continue					V
6107	There is an SMTP server response timeout.	Continue					V
6108	SMTP verification failed	Continue					V
6200	The remote communication IP address set in the TCP socket function is illegal.	Continue					v
6201	The local communication port set in the TCP socket function is illegal.	Continue					v
6202	The remote communication port set in the TCP socket function is illegal.	Continue					v
6203	The device from which the data is sent in the TCP socket function is illegal.	Continue					v
6206	The device that receives the data in the TCP socket function is illegal.	Continue					v
6208	The data that is received through the TCP socket exceeds the device range.	Continue					V
6209	The remote communication IP address set in the UDP socket function is illegal.	Continue					V
620A	The local communication port set in the UDP socket function is illegal.	Continue					V
620C	The device from which the data is sent in the UDP socket function is illegal.	Continue					V
620F	The device that receives the data in the UDP socket function is illegal.	Continue					V
6210	The data that is received through the UDP socket exceeds the device range.	Continue					V
6212	There is no response from the remote device after the timeout period.	Continue					V
6213	The data received exceeds the limit.	Continue					V
6214	The remote device refuses the connection.	Continue					V
6215	The socket is not opened.	Continue					V
6217	The socket is opened.	Continue					V
6218	The data has been sent through the socket.	Continue					V
6219	The data has been received through the socket.	Continue					V
621A	The socket is closed.	Continue					V
7011	The device communication function code in COM1 is incorrect.	Continue					V

Error	ror		CP	CPU		ERROR LED indicator				
code	Description	status	ON	Blinking fast	Blinking normally	Blinking slowly	OFF			
7012	The device communication address used in COM1 is incorrect.	Continue					v			
7013	The device used in COM1 exceeds the device range.	Continue					V			
7014	The device length of the communication data in COM1 exceeds the limit.	Continue					V			
7017	The device checksum for the communication serial port of COM1 is incorrect.	Continue					V			
7021	The device communication function code in COM2 is incorrect.	Continue					V			
7022	The device communication address used in COM2 is incorrect.	Continue					V			
7023	The device used in COM2 exceeds the device range.	Continue					V			
7024	The device length of the communication data in COM2 exceeds the limit.	Continue					V			
7027	The device checksum for the communication serial port of COM2 is incorrect.	Continue					V			
7031	The device communication function code in Ethernet is incorrect.	Continue					V			
7032	The device communication address used in Ethernet is incorrect.	Continue					V			
7033	The device used in Ethernet exceeds the device range.	Continue					V			
7034	The device length of the communication data in Ethernet exceeds the limit.	Continue					V			
7037	The device checksum for the communication serial port of Ethernet is incorrect.	Continue					V			
7041	The device communication function code in USB is incorrect.	Continue					V			
7042	The device communication address used in USB is incorrect.	Continue					V			
7043	The device used in USB exceeds the device range.	Continue					V			
7044	The device length of the communication data in USB exceeds the limit.	Continue					V			
7047	The device checksum for the communication serial port of USB is incorrect.	Continue					V			
70B1	The device communication function code in function card 1 is incorrect.	Continue					V			
70B2	The device communication address used in function card 1 is incorrect.	Continue					V			
70B3	The device used in function card 1 exceeds the device range.	Continue					V			
70B4	The device length of the communication data in function card 1 exceeds the limit.	Continue					V			

Error		CPU	ERROR LED indicator			licator	
code	Description	status	ON	Blinking fast	Blinking normally	Blinking slowly	OFF
70B7	The device checksum for the communication serial port of function card 1 is incorrect.	Continue					V
70C1	The device communication function code in function card 2 is incorrect.	Continue					V
70C2	The device communication address used in function card 2 is incorrect.	Continue					V
70C3	The device used in function card 2 exceeds the device range.	Continue					V
70C4	The device length of the communication data in function card 2 exceeds the limit.	Continue					V
70C7	The device checksum for the communication serial port of function card 2 is incorrect.	Continue					V
7203	Invalid communication function code	Continue					V
8105	The contents of the downloaded program are incorrect. The program syntax is incorrect.	Continue					V
8106	The contents of the downloaded program are incorrect. The length of the execution code exceeds the limit.	Continue					V
8107	The contents of the downloaded program are incorrect. The length of the source code exceeds the limit.	Continue					V
8000 - 8FFF	Errors occur between software and PLC.	Continue					v
C000 - CFFF	The program syntax is incorrect.	Stop			V		

## 12.4.2 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Analog/Temperature Modules

		ERROR LED i	ndicator status
Error code	Description	$\begin{array}{c} A \rightarrow D \ / \\ D \rightarrow A \ / \\ A \leftrightarrow D \end{array}$	ERROR
16#1605	Hardware failure	OFF	ON
16#1607	The external voltage is abnormal.	OFF	ON
16#1608	The factory calibration or the CJC is abnormal.	OFF	ON
16#1801*1	The external voltage is abnormal.	OFF	Blinking
16#1802*1	Hardware failure	OFF	Blinking
16#1804*1	The factory calibration is abnormal.	RUN: Blinking STOP: OFF	Blinking
16#1807*1	The CJC is abnormal.	OFF	Blinking
16#1808	The signal received by channel 1 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).		
16#1809	The signal received by channel 2 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).		
16#180A	The signal received by channel 3 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).		
16#180B	The signal received by channel 4 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	RUN: Blinking	Dlinking
16#180C	The signal received by channel 5 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).	STOP: OFF	Blinking
16#180D	The signal received by channel 6 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).		
16#180E	The signal received by channel 7 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).		
16#180F	The signal received by channel 8 exceeds the range of analog inputs (temperature).		
-	When power-on, the module is not detected by CPU module.	OFF	Blinking once or twice and after 2 seconds, it blinks repeatedly

\*1: The errors are specified as warnings to ensure the CPU module can still run even when the warnings are triggered by its AIO modules. Set up HWCONFIG to have the following first 4 error codes appear as errors when they occur.

# 12.4.3 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Positioning Module AS02 / 04PU

Error code	Description	ERROR LED ir	ndicator status
Lifer code	Description	$A \rightarrow D$	ERROR
16#1802	Hardware failure	OFF	Blinking

Error code	Description	ERROR LED indicator state	
Endrode	Description	ON	Blinking
16#1605	Counted result in the latched area is not retainable (major error)	V	
16#1606	Module settings in the latced area is not retainable. (major error)	v	
16#1607	Module setting error (major error)	V	
16#1800	Counter overflow / underflow on CH1		V
16#1801	Counter overflow / underflow on CH2		V
16#1802	Linear count exceeding the set upper/lower limit on CH1		V
16#1803	Linear count exceeding the set upper/lower limit on CH2		V
16#1804	The variation in relation to a SSI encoder position exceeding the limit on CH1		V
16#1805	The variation in relation to a SSI encoder position exceeding the limit on CH2		V
16#1806	Abnormal SSI communication on CH1		V
16#1807	Abnormal SSI communication on CH2		V
16#1808	SSI absolute position cross zero point on CH1		V
16#1809	SSI absolute position cross zero point on CH2 V		V

# 12.4.4 Error Codes and LED Indicators for High Speed Counter Module AS02HC

# 12.4.5 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Load Cell Module AS02LC

Error code	Description	ERROR LED indicator		
Endi code	or code Description –		ERROR	
16#1605	Hardware failure (the diver board included)	OFF	ON	
16#1607	The external voltage is abnormal.	OFF	ON	
16#1801*1	The external voltage is abnormal.	OFF Blinking		
16#1802*1	Hardware failure	OFF Blinking		
16#1807*1	Diver board failure	OFF	Blinking	
16#1808	The signal received by channel 1 exceeds the range of analog inputs or the SEN voltage is abnormal.			
16#1809	The signal received by channel 1 exceeds the weight limit.			
16#180A	The factory calibration in channel 1 is incorrect.	RUN: Blinking	Dliaking	
16#180B	The signal received by channel 2 exceeds the range of analog inputs or the SEN voltage is abnormal.	STOP: OFF Blinking		
16#180C	The signal received by channel 2 exceeds the weight limit.			
16#180D	The factory calibration in channel 2 is incorrect.			

Error code	Description	ERROR LED indicator	
	Description	A → D ERROR	ERROR
-	When power-on, the module is not detected by CPU module.	OFF	Blinking once or twice and after 2 seconds, it blinks repeatedly

\*1: The following errors are specified as warnings to ensure the CPU module can still run even when the warnings are triggered by its AIO modules. You can set up HWCONFIG to have the following first 3 error codes appear as errors when they occur.

# 12.4.6 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS04SIL IO-Link as a Communication Module

Error Code	Error Code Description	MS Status LED indicator		
		ON	Blinking	
16#1605	Hardware failure		V	
16#1606	24VDC power supply is not sufficient and then recovered from low-voltage for less than 10 ms.		V	

Error Code	Description	NS LED indicator	
Endrode	rror Code Description		Blinking
16#1800	Error occurs in IO-Link Master		V
16#1801	Error occurs in IO-Link device		V
16#1802	No external power supply	V	
16#1803	Error in the download of IO-Link device mapping tables		V
16#1804	Failure to switch the process data parameter set		V
16#1805	A connection error occurs in IO-Link via communication port 1		V
16#1806	A connection error occurs in IO-Link via communication port 2		V
16#1807	A connection error occurs in IO-Link via communication port 3		V
16#1808	A connection error occurs in IO-Link via communication port 4		V
16#1809	Device scanning error and the scanning is forced to stop		V

# 12.4.7 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Communication Module

Error Code	rror Code Description	ERROR LED indicator status		
		ON	Blinking	
16#1605	Hardware failure	V		
16#1606	The setting of the function card is incorrect.	V		
16#1802	Incorrect parameters		V	
16#1803	Communication timeout		V	
16#1804	The setting of the UD Link is incorrect.		V	

# 12.4.8 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS00SCM as a Remote Module

		ERROR LED indicator s		tatus	
Error Code	Description		Blinking	Blinking slow	Blinking fast
16#1301	Hardware failure	V			
16#1302	The setting of the function card is incorrect.	V			
16#1303	24 VDC power supply is not sufficient and then is recovered from a low-voltage less than 10ms situation.				V
16#1304	More than eight remote modules on the right side of the CPU module.	V			
16#1500	Remote module communication timeout		V		
16#1502	Incorrect parameters		V		
16#1503	Extension module communication timeout		V		
16#1505	The actual placement of the extension modules is NOT the same as it is set.		V		
16#1506	Remote module had been stopped.			V	
16#1604	Extension module communication timeout		V		

# 12.4.9 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module ASO1DNET (Master/Slave Mode)

Code	Explanation	Correction
0~63	Node address of AS01DNET-A (in normal operation)	
80	AS01DNET-A is in STOP status.	Turn the PLC to RUN and start I/O data exchange
F0	The node ID of AS01DNET is the same as that of other node or exceeds the allowed range.	<ol> <li>Ensure that the node address of AS01DNET is unique.</li> <li>Re-power AS01DNET.</li> </ol>
F1	No configured slave in Scan List.	Configure the scan list and then download the configuration to AS01DNET.
F2	Too low voltage of the work power	Check if the power supply for AS01DNET and the PLC is normal.

Code	Explanation	Correction
F3	AS01DNET enters the test mode	Switch the function switch IN1 from On to Off and re-power AS01DNET-A.
F4	BUS-OFF	<ol> <li>Check if the network cable is normal and the shielded cable is grounded.</li> <li>Check if the baud rates of all nodes in the network are same.</li> <li>Check if the start and end of the network cable are both connected with a 121Ω terminal resistor.</li> <li>Re-power AS01DNET-A.</li> </ol>
F5	No network power	<ol> <li>Check if the network cable is normal.</li> <li>Ensure that the network power is normal.</li> </ol>
F6	Internal error; Flash or RAM check error	If the error still exists after re-power, send AS01DNET-A back for repair.
F8	Error produced in factory manufacturing	If the error still exists after re-power, send AS01DNET-A back for repair.
F9	Internal error; EEPROM access failure	If the error still exists after re-power, send AS01DNET-A back for repair.
FA	Invalid configuration data	<ol> <li>Configure the network correctly and re-download it to AS01DNET- A.</li> <li>Check if the node address of one slave in the scan list is the same as that of AS01DNET-A.</li> </ol>
E0	Identification parameters returned from the slave do not match the configuration data.	<ol> <li>Check if there is any change in node ID of the slave in the network.</li> <li>Check if some node device in the network is replaced.</li> <li>Re-configure the network.</li> </ol>
E1	I/O Data size returned does not match that in the scan list.	Re-configure I/O data size of the slave, download the configuration to AS01DNET-A and run the PLC.
E2	The slave device in the scan list does not exist or is offline when AS01DNET-A is in master mode. The I/O connection between the slave AS01DNET-A and the master is broken when	<ol> <li>Check if there is a change in the node address of the slave.</li> <li>Check if the communication cable is disconnected or connected loosely.</li> <li>Check if the bus cable length exceeds the maximum transmission distance. If so, the system may not be stable.</li> </ol>
E3	AS01DNET-A is in slave mode. AS01DNET-A fails to transmit data.	<ol> <li>Make sure that the connection between AS01DNET-A and the network is normal.</li> <li>Check if the baud rate of AS01DNET-A is the same as that of other node in the network.</li> </ol>
E4	Error detected in sequence of fragmented I/O data from the slave device.	Check if the slave is operating normally.
E5	The slave device returns error when AS01DNET-A attempts to communicate with it.	Check if the slave is operating normally.
E6	IO data size returned from the slave is bigger than that configured in Scan List.	Check that the IO data size of the slave should be the same as that configured in Scan List.
E7	AS01DNET-A is checking MAC ID.	If the code is displayed long, do the troubleshooting according to the following steps.

Code	Explanation	Correction
		1. Make sure that at least two nodes work normally in the network.
		2. Check if either end of the network is connected with the terminal resistor of $121\Omega$ .
		<ol><li>Check if the baud rates of the node devices in the network are same.</li></ol>
		4. Check if the communication cable is normal so as to avoid that the cable is disconnected or connected loosely.
		5. Check if the bus cable length exceeds the maximum transmission distance. If so, the system may not be stable.
		6. Check if the shielded wire of the network cable is grounded.
		7. Re-power AS01DNET-A scanner module.

# 12.4.10 Error Codes and LED Indicators for Module AS01DNET (RTU Mode)

Code	Indication	How to deal with
0~63	Node ID of the scanner module (When in RUN state)	No correction needed
F0	The node ID is repeated or exceeds allowed range.	<ol> <li>Ensure that the node ID of AS01DNET (RTU) is unique in the DeviceNet network within the range of 0~63.</li> <li>Repower it on after changing the node ID.</li> </ol>
F1	No I/O module is configured to AS01DNET (RTU) in the DeviceNet Builder software.	Add I/O modules in AS01DNET (RTU) in the DeviceNet Builder software and download the configuration data to AS01DNET (RTU) after the configuration is finished.
F2	The work voltage of AS01DNET (RTU) is too low.	Check if the power supply for AS01DNET (RTU) works normally.
F3	AS01DNET (RTU) enters the test mode.	Repower AS01DNET (RTU).
F4	AS01DNET (RTU) is the Bus- Off state.	<ol> <li>Check if the network communication cable is normal and the shielded cable is grounded.</li> <li>Ensure the baud rates of all network nodes are same.</li> <li>Check if the two ends of the network are both connected with a 120Ω terminal resistor.</li> <li>Repower the scanner module.</li> </ol>
F5	No network power supply for AS01DNET(RTU)	<ol> <li>Check if the network cable is normal.</li> <li>Check if the network power supply is normal. (The external 24V DC network power supply is connected between red V+ and black V- of AS01DNET (RTU) .)</li> </ol>
F6	Internal error; An error in the internal storage units of AS01DNET (RTU)	Return the product for repair if the error still exists after repower on.
F7	Internal error; An error in the data exchange units of AS01DNET (RTU)	Return the product for repair if the error still exists after repower on.
F8	Manufacture error	Return the product for repair if the error still exists after repower on.

Code	Indication	How to deal with
F9	Internal error; An error in the access of the Flash of AS01DNET (RTU)	Return the product for repair if the error still exists after repower on.
E4	Module error	Check if an error occurs in the modules connected to the right side of AS01DNET (RTU); Check if the module exists; Check if current module matches that configured in the software; Check if the unconfigured module is added.
E7	Repeated node ID detection	<ul> <li>If the code has emerged for a long time, please shoot troubles in the methods below.</li> <li>1. Ensure that there are at least two nodes working normally in the network.</li> <li>2. Check if the two ends of the network are both connected with a 121Ω terminal resistor.</li> <li>3. Ensure that the baud rates of all network nodes are same.</li> <li>4. Check if the network cable has a problem such as being disconnected and loosened.</li> <li>5. Check if the bus communication cable length exceeds maximum transmission distance. If the maximum transmission distance is exceeded, the stability of the system can not be ensured.</li> <li>6. Check if the shielded wire of the network communication cable is grounded.</li> <li>7. Turn on the power of AS01DNET (RTU) again.</li> </ul>
E9	The number of I/O modules connected to AS01DNET (RTU) exceeds the maximum 8.	Check if the number of I/O modules connected to AS01DNET (RTU) is more than 8.
80	AS01DNET (RTU) is in STOP state.	<ol> <li>Check if the RUN/STOP switch of the PLC connected to the DeviceNet master is turned to RUN.</li> <li>Check if the value of control word of AS01DNET (RTU) is 1. For details, refer to section 11.5.4.3.4.</li> </ol>
83	The AS01DNET (RTU) configuration in the software is being downloading.	Wait until the download of AS01DNET (RTU) configuration data is completed.
# 13

# Chapter 13 Data Tracer and Data Logger

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# 13.1 Data Tracer

This section uses ISPSoft for demonstration. For DIADesigner operation, refer to section 14.4.1 from DIADesigner software manual.

# 13.1.1 About Data Tracer

Data Tracer is used for the real-time collection of variable symbols, values, states in devices, after some trigger condition is met so as to draw curve charts for analysis of value trends. Refer to Section 22.2 in ISPSoft User Manual for more details.

#### **Operation 1**

 Compile the current project before using the function. Click Wizard> Data Tracer to open the Data Tracer window as shown below.



• Click the button 🗐 of Symbol Name to open the Add Sample Source window.

Sample Parameter Measuremen	nt			
Sample Period			Trigger Setting Trigger Position	
Customized Time	(1 ~ 1000 ms	s)	Symbol / Device Word v 0 > v 0	
Symbol Name Device Name	Source Category	Comment	t	
M100	BOOL			
D0	VALUE ~			
	~			

Click the button of Symbol Name in the Add Sample Source window and select the variable symbol name to be added in the Choose Symbol window or directly type a device name in the Device Name box.



• Set up the sample period and trigger setting.

Sample Parameter Measuremer	nt		
Sample Period System Cycle Time Customized Time	(1 ~ 1000 m		Trigger Setting Trigger Position 1 Compare Condition BOOL ON Word 0 > 0
Sample Source Delete			
Symbol Name Device Name	Source Category	Comment	t
M100	BOOL 🗸		
D0	VALUE ~		
	~		

After setting up the parameters, click 
 on the icon toolbar to have the system in the online mode. Then click 
 to download the settings to the PLC.

	I II 🖉 🖬	<u>,</u> M M 9
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• After the sample parameter settings in the data tracer are completed and downloaded, any of the following three modes on the icon toolbar can be used for watching curves in the online mode.



Click is on the icon toolbar to export the data to your computer for future use.



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#### 13.1.2 Example

If X0.0 is a signal to open/close externally. Use Data Trace to measure the width of time when X0.0 is ON.

#### • Steps:

① Open Data Tracer and enter X0.0 for monitoring.

<sup>②</sup> Set the Customized Time to 100 ms to take samping, set the trigger device to X0.0, set the trigger position to 10, and then set the compare condition to ON as the image shown below.

Sample Parameter Measuremen	nt							
Sample Period			rigger Setting					
O System Cycle Time			Trigger Position 10	-	Compare Condit	ON		~
• Customized Time 100	(1 ~ 1000 n	ns)	Symbol / Device X	0.0	⊖ Word ∨	0	> ~ 0	
Sample Source Delete								
Symbol Name Device Name	Source Category	Comment						
X0.0	BOOL 🗸							
X0.1	BOOL ~			•				
	~							

③ Set the mode to One-shot trigger and wait for the trigger (ON). Once it is triggered, it displays the recorded curve data.

M The value in I  $\triangle$  X1 is 2500 ms, the time measured between two vertical lines, X1 and X2. for X0.0.



# 13.2 Data Logger

This section uses ISPSoft for demonstration. For DIADesigner operation, refer to section 14.4.2 from DIADesigner software manual.

## 13.2.1 About Data Logger

Data logger is used for the long-term recording of variable symbols, values, states in devices, and drawing curve charts. The data is stored in the PLC and the memory card of the PLC for analysis of value trends. Refer to Section 22.3 in ISPSoft User Manual for more details.

#### **Operation A**

• Compile the current project before using the function. Click Wizard> Data Logger to open the Data Logger window as shown below.



• Click the button 🗍 of Symbol Name to open the Add Sample Source window.

Sample Parameter	Measuremen	nt			
Parameters					
Sample Point	s 1000	(1 ~ 16384 p	ts)		
Sampling Me	thod				Action When Sample Points Reach
<ul> <li>Periodic</li> </ul>	al Sampling	1	(1~65535	sec)	Stop Recording
<ul> <li>Triggere</li> </ul>	d Sampling		(M0 ~ M819	91)	O Continue Recording ( Replace the old data )
Sample Source	Delete				
Symbol Name	Device Name	Source Category	Comment		
	M0	BOOL V			
	D0	VALUE ~			
		~			

• Click the button G of Symbol Name in the Add Sample Source window and select the variable symbol name to be added in the Choose Symbol window or directly type a device name in the Device Name box.

Add Sample Source ×		
Add Sample Source	Sample Source Delete	
Symbol Name	Symbol Name Device Name Source Categor	/ Comment
Device Name M0	M0 BOOL	
Add Cancel		

After setting up the parameters, click 
 on the icon toolbar to have the system in the online mode. Then click 
 to download the settings to the PLC. And then click 
 to record data.

Note: From here you can also follow Operation B to complete the recording and saving.



When the recording is done, click the uploade button to update the data for later viewing.



Click I on the icon toolbar to export the data to your computer for future use.



• Click on the icon toolbar or use SM and SR to save the data to the SD Card installed on the PLC.

#### **Operation B**

You can also use SM flags or SR registors to complete the data recording, data saving or set to store data on a SD card permanently. See the example below for reference.



- Check if the flag SM457 is ON. If the flag SM457 is ON, it indicates the valid recorded parameters are downloaded in data logger. And that means the operation A is done correctly.
- Use inputs to enable/disable or set the flag SM454 to ON for the PLC to start recording. If you need to store data on a SD card, set SR902=16#5AA5.
- When SM455 is ON or when the quantity of data has met the value set in SR900 (32-bit value), the system start saving data on a SD card.

NOTE: While sending data to the SD card for storage, the PLC needs a period of undisturbing time, approximately tens of milliseconds. During this period, the PLC is not allowed to execute interrupts. Make sure the PLC is NOT executing any interrupts, especially the external input ones before starting to send data to the SD card for storage.

- When SM455 is switching from OFF to ON, set SM456 ON. And the PLC starts to store the recorded data on the SD card. The default path and the file name are as shown below:
  - Default saving path

AS100: \SDCard\PLC CARD\AS100\Log AS200: \SDCard\PLC CARD\AS200\Log AS300: \SDCard\PLC CARD\AS300\Log

Default file name
 DATA\_LOGGER\_yyyymmdd\_hhmmss.log
 EX: DATA\_LOGGER\_20181108\_161901.log

#### 13.2.2 Related SM Flags and SR Registors

SM / SR	Attr.	Description
		Check here to see if a SD Card is installed in the PLC.
SM450	R	ON: SD card inside
		OFF: No SD card
		Check here to see if data is being stored on the SD card.
SM452	R	ON: In the operation of storing
		OFF: Not in the operation of storing
		Check here to see if there is any SD card operational error.
SM453	R	ON: Abnormal
		OFF: Normal
00450		Check here to see the last operational error code of the SD card.
SR453	R	Note: Only available when SM453=ON
ON AE A	R/W	Set this flag to ON/OFF to start or stop recording. The system will not set this flag to OFF
SM454	<b>R</b> / W	automatically even if the space for recording is full. You need to set the flag to OFF manually.
SM455	R	Check here to see if the recorded number has reached the set limit.
3101455		ON: The quantity of recordings has reached the set number or the SD card is in cycle recording.
		Used with SR902 to activate the settings in SR902 for the SD card.
SM456	R/W	Note: Set the flag from OFF to ON and the PLC starts to store the recorded data on the SD card when SR902=16#5AA5.
014457	_	Check here to see if there is any valid, downloaded, recorded parameters in the data logger.
SM457	R	ON: The valid recorded parameters are downloaded in data logger.
0000	R	Check here to see the quantity of the recorded data (32-bit value).
SR900	K	Note: It increments the number of the recorded data by 1 for each record.
		Control codes for recorded data.
		<ul> <li>16#5AA5: Store data to a default root and specified file name on the SD card.</li> </ul>
SR902	R/W	• 0: The storing is done.
		Others: Invalid numbers
		Note: Used with SM456 to activate this setting.

Note: "R" in the column of attribute (Attr.) indicates the item is read only and the status can be read here.

"W" in the column of attribute (Attr.) indicates you can set, delete or write a value for this item.

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# 13.3 Delta Drive Parameters Backup and Restore

This section uses ISPSoft for demonstration. For DIADesigner operation, refer to section 16.8 from DIADesigner software manual.

Delta device parameters can be backed up and restored. This function allows you to backup and restore the device parameters, including parameters of inverters and servo drives that are connected to the PLC CPU. You can backup the device parameters for later use. If a device is not function, you can change to a new one and use the backup the parameters to set up the new device quickly. Here we use AS Series PLC CPU as an example to backup and restore Delta device paratmeters. Refer to EIP Builder User Manual for detailed information on operation of other series.

## 13.3.1 System Requirement

Software: ISPSoft V3.10 or later, EIP Builder V1.07 or later PLC CPU: AS Series PLC firmware V1.08 or later Drive: C2000 Series inverter firmware V2.06 or later EIP Communication Card: CMC-EIP01 firmware V1.08 or later

## 13.3.2 The Architecture Overview for Backup and Restore

Through EIP Builder, you can backup device parameters and store them in the SD card that is installed in AS Series PLC CPU. For restoration, you can use HMI to manage the SR from AS PLC CPU to restore the drive parameters to the Delta drive that is connected to the AS Series PLC CPU.

For AS300 Series PLC CPU, you can deloy back up and restoration for up to 16 Delta drives at the same time. For AS100 and AS200 Series PLC CPU, you can utilize back up and restoration for up to 8 Delta drives at the same time. Find the architecture overview for back up and restoration below. Refer to Chapter 9 for details on the EtherNet/IP operation.



## 13.3.3 Steps to Backup Delta Device Parameters

Step 1: Open EIP Builder and make sure AS Series PLC CPU is well-connected and ready to communicate. And then make sure AS Series PLC CPU is also connected to the Delta drives and they are also ready to communicate.



Step 2: Make sure a SD Card is installed in the AS Series PLC CPU and the AS Series PLC CPU is at the state of STOP.

on the tool bar for backup	).
🏪 EIP Builder	
File Edit View Tool	Operate Help
i 🖹 🐂 💾 i 禄 🔡	💺 🙋 🗄 🗳
Project Tree	<sup>p</sup> Uploader Vie

Step 4: Select the paremeters that you need to store for backup and click Start.

Step 3: Click the Uploader icon

Name		Status	Comment	
+ - V	Untitled			
	Parameter Backup From Device			
1	<ul> <li>Vetwork_0</li> </ul>			
	Dev_1 (CMC-EIP01)			
	Dev_2 (CMC-EIP01)			
*	Data exchange			
	Untitled (P0)			

Name	Status	Comment	
v V Untitled			
✓ ✓ Parameter Backup From Device			
V Network_0			
Dev_1 (CMC-EIP01)	0		
Dev_2 (CMC-EIP01)	0		
Data exchange			
Untitled (P0)			
	All done	_	×
Dev_1 (CMC-EIP01) Success Dev_2 (CMC-EIP01) Success	Il done		
ev_2 (CMC-EIP01) Success	-		ir V
	OK		d Time : 0s

Step 5: Once all the selected parameters are uploaded to the computer, you can see the information "All done".

Step 6: Click the **Downloader icon** on the tool bar to download the backup file from the computer to the SD card of AS Series PLC CPU.

File Edit View Tool	
Project Tree	P N Downloader

Step 7: Select the paremeters that you need to download and click Start.

Name		Status	Comment	
Y V L	Intitled			
v [	Parameter Restore To Device			
	Network_0			
	Dev_1 (CMC-EIP01)			
1	Dev_2 (CMC-EIP01)			
~	Download "Backup File" to PLC			
	Vetwork_0			
	Dev_1 (CMC-EIP01)			
	Dev_2 (CMC-EIP01)			
- ¥ 10	Data exchange			
	Untitled (PO)			

Step 8: Once all the selected parameters are downloaded to the SD card of the AS Series PLC CPU, you can see the information "All done".



Step 9: Use your computer to check if the backup file is saved in the SD card.

#### Remarks:

- Default backup file path
- AS100: \SDCard\PLC CARD\AS200\DevPara AS200: \SDCard\PLC CARD\AS200\DevPara

AS300: \SDCard\PLC CARD\AS300\DevPara

#### 

mmmm: device or module code (e.g. PLC CPU is 0000.)

nn: communication port number (e.g. PLC Ethernet communication port is 03.)

tt: communication protocol type (e.g. Ethernet communication is fixed to 01.)

For example: If the device IP is 192.168.1.9 and its ID is 9, the device information is C0A80109

(IP: 192 = 16#C0, 168=16#A8, 1=16#01, 9=16#09) + 09 (ID) + 000000 = C0A8010909000000.par

		0000_03_01_C0A8010A0A000000.par
1	E	0000_03_01_C0A8010A09000000.par
	<	

Step 10: You can use ISPSoft to set the Delta drive's number in SR1601 and SR1602 for easier operation when it is required to use the restoration function on site.

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### 13.3.4 Steps to Restore Delta Device Parameters

Two ways you can use to restore the Delta device parameters. One is to use ISPSoft to perform the restoration and the other way is to send commands (SM/SR) to the SD card of the AS Series PLC CPU through HMI. Refer to section 3.1.4.16 Delta Device Parameters Backup and Restore from ISPSoft User Manual for more information. Here we focus on the operation of sending commands (SM/SR) to the SD card of the AS Series PLC CPU through HMI.

Use SM/SR devices to appoint which Delta drive should be restored. Refer to the table below. After you have set the configurations, the PLC executes the restorations when the PLC is Power-On or from Stop to Run.

SM / SR	Function	Description	Retainable
SR1600	Parameter restoration code	<ul><li>0: No action (default)</li><li>1: The AS Series PLC CPU executes the restoration when the PLC is Power-On or from Stop to Run. When the restoration is complete, reset the value to 0.</li></ul>	Yes
SR1601.0 ~ SR1601.15 and SR1602.0 ~ SR1602.15	Target device number to perform parameter restoration	SR1601.0: corresponding to target device #1 SR1601.1: corresponding to target device #2 : SR1601.15: corresponding to target device #16 OFF: No action (default) ON: Execute restoration on the appointed target device.	Yes
SR1603	The total number of Delta drives that error has occurred during restoration	<ul> <li>0: No error occurred</li> <li>1~16: The total number of Delta drives that error</li> <li>has occurred during restoration</li> </ul>	No
SR1604	The last digit of the device's IP address that a most recent error occurred during restoration	<ul> <li>0 ~ 255: The last digit of the device's IP address</li> <li>that a most recent error occurred during restoration.</li> <li>(Only valid when SM1161 is switched to ON. Find</li> <li>SM1161 description below.)</li> </ul>	No
SR1605	The error code of the last device that error occurred	Refer to the error code table below.	No
SM1160	Parameter restoration complete	OFF: When the value in SR1600 changes from 1 to 0, reset SM1160 to OFF. ON: When the restoration is complete and successful, SM1160 switches to ON.	No
SM1161	Error occurred during parameter restoration	OFF: When the value in SR1600 changes from 1 to 0, reset SM1160 to OFF. ON: If any error occurred during restoration, SM1161 switches to ON.	No

In HWCONFIG, you can set up the handling method: what to do if an error occurs while restoring.

#### • Execution delay time when power on:

You can set up how logh should the PLC CPU wait before the restoration begins. The default is 3 seconds. It means after power on, and after the PLC CPU detects its modules, it will wait for 3 seconds before executing restoration. But if the value in SR1600 is 0, the action here will be ignored.

Delta	a Device Parameter Restore Setting					
	Name	Setting Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
Ø.	Execution delay time when power on	3	1sec	3	0	180

#### • When error occurs, CPU module:

You can set up if an error occurs during restoration, the PLC CPU stops or keeps running (default). If an error occurs during restoration, the PLC CPU will show warning error LED and stores the error message "H'0021". Refer to the error code table below.

Delta	Delta Device Parameter Restore Setting						
	Name	Setting Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum	
	Execution delay time when power on	3	1sec	3	0	180	
Ø.	When error occurs, CPU module	Keeps Running -		Keeps Running	-	-	
		Keeps Running					
		Stops					

#### Delta Device Parameter Restore Setting:

For the connected Delta devices, you can set up more configurations for security, including IP address, ID Number, Password Protecton, and Compatibile Check.

Note: Delta devices will also check for the compatibility, even if you have selected the option "Ignore Checks if Possible" here.

General Data Exchange							
Function Card 1 Setting   Device 1							
+ Function Card 2 Setting		Name	Setting Value	Unit	Default	Minimum	Maximum
- Delta Device Parameter Resto	e Parameter Resto 🕨 🕴 IP	IP Address	192.168.1.73		192.168.1.1	1.1.1.1	223.255.255.255
Device 1		ID No.	1		1	1	247
Device 2		Password (Max Length: 8)				-	-
Device 3		Compatible Check	Partial Compatible		Partial Compatible	-	-
Device 4		company creat			i a car compatible		

#### Example: Back up parameter from Delta drives, number 1, 3, 6 and 16 and execute restorations.

#### Backup

Step 1: Select the devices that you need to backup in EIP Builder. Here we select device 1, 3, 6 and 16.

Iner	Status	Comment	
Name	Status	Comment	
<ul> <li>✓ ✓ Untitled</li> <li>✓ ✓ Parameter Backup From Device</li> </ul>	_		
<ul> <li>Parameter Backup From Device</li> <li>Network_1</li> </ul>			
Dev_1 (CMC-EIP01)			
Dev_2 (CMC-EIP01)			
Dev_3 (CMC-EIP01)			
Dev_4 (CMC-EIP01)			
Dev_5 (CMC-EIP01)			
Dev_6 (CMC-EIP01)			
Dev_7 (CMC-EIP01)			
Dev_8 (CMC-EIP01)			
Dev_9 (CMC-EIP01)			

Step 2: Download the backup file from the computer to the SD card of AS Series PLC CPU.

Name	Status	Comment	
✓ ✓ Download "Backup File" to PLC	Status	Contrienc	
<ul> <li>V Network 1</li> </ul>			
Dev_1 (CMC-EIP01)			
Dev_2 (CMC-EIP01)			
<pre>ver_1(chccEP01)</pre>	-		
Dev_4 (CMC-EIP01)			
Dev_5 (CMC-EIP01)			
Z Dev_6 (CMC-EIP01)			
Dev_7 (CMC-EIP01)			
Dev_8 (CMC-EIP01)			
Dev_9 (CMC-EIP01)			
Dev 10 (CMC-EIP01)			

Step 3: Make sure you have the backup file ready and the IP addresses and Slave IDs in the backup file of the SD card are identical to the ones that need to be restored.

#### SD Card:

File naming: mmmm\_nn\_tt\_pppppppppppppppppppppppppp

mmmm: device or module code (e.g. PLC CPU is 0000.)

nn: communication port number (e.g. PLC Ethernet communication port is 03.)

tt: communication protocol type (e.g. Ethernet communication is fixed to 01.)

For example: If the device IP is 192.168.1.101 and its ID is 01, the device information is C0A80165

 $(\mathsf{IP:}\ 192=16\#\mathsf{C0},\ 168=16\#\mathsf{A8},\ 1=16\#\mathsf{01},\ 101=16\#\mathsf{65})+\mathsf{01}\ (\mathsf{ID})+\mathsf{000000}=\mathsf{C0A8016501000000}.\mathsf{par}$ 

0000\_03\_01\_C0A8017416000000.par 0000\_03\_01\_C0A8016A06000000.par 0000\_03\_01\_C0A8016501000000.par 0000\_03\_01\_C0A8016703000000.par

Step 4: You can use ISPSoft to set the Delta drive's number in SR1601 and SR1602 for easier operation when it is required to use the restoration function on site.

#### Restoration

Step 1: Check and make sure you have set the IP addresses, Slave IDs, and passwords of the Delta drives to be restored.

Step 2: Use the HMI, e.g., Delta DOP series HMI to set up SR1601=16#8025 (SR1601.0, SR1601.2, SR1601.5,

SR1601.15; these 4 bits set to ON and others set to OFF.) Note: You can use ISPSoft to set the Delta drive's number in SR1601 and SR1602 beforehand, it would be easier for personeels to execute restoration on site.

- Step 3: Make sure a SD Card is installed in the AS Series PLC CPU and the AS Series PLC CPU is at the state of STOP.
- Step 4: Use HMI to set SR1601 to 1. Switch PLC CPU from STOP to RUN.
- Step 5: Check if the value in SM1160 of the PLC CPU. If it is ON, it indicates the restoration is complete. If it is not ON, go check if the value in SM1161 is ON. If it is ON, it indicates an error has occurred during restoration.

#### Troubleshooting

- When SM1161 is ON and the value in SR1603 is not 0.
- Read the value in SR1604 to find the last digit of the device's IP address that a most recent error occurred during restoration to find out which device is not functioning.
- Read the value in SR1605 or use the PRST\_ErrRead to read the error code. See the table below for troubleshooting.

Туре	Error Code in SR1605	Error Message	Solution
	H'0001	CPU module can NOT detect SD card	Make sure SD card is installed securely. Unplug it and plug it in again.
	H'0002	No backup file in SD card.	Make sure there is a backup file in SD card.
	H'0003	Error occurred while reading data from SD card. For instance, failed to read or the file is corrupted.	Check if SD card is damaged.
PLC setting and operation	H'0004	Failed to write data into SD card.	Check if SD card is written proof or if it is damaged.
error	H'0008	Restoration setting error (For example, the IP address to be restored is set as a broadcasting one. For restoration, the IP address should be one on one, not broadcasting.	Check if the naming of IP address and ID is the same as what is set in HWCONFIG.
	H'000A	Connection lost	Check if the network cable is well-connected and the wiring is correct.
	H'1000	Not supported parameter settings	Check if the Delta drive's firmware version in the backup file is matched with the one to be restored.
	H'1001	Device series not matched	Check if the Delta drive's series in the backup file is matched with the one to be restored.
	H'1002	Device version not matched	Check if the Delta drive's firmware version in the backup file is matched with the one to be restored.
	H'1003	Incompatible device voltage level	Check if the Delta drive's voltage level in the backup file is matched with the one to be restored.
Backup and restoration	H'1004	Incompatible device power	Check if the Delta drive's power in the backup file is matched with the one to be restored.
error	H'1010	Device model not matched	Check if the Delta drive's model in the backup file is matched with the one to be restored.
	H'1011	Incorrect device password	Check if the Delta drive's password is the same as what is set in HWCONFIG.
	H'1100	Device communication timeout	Check if the network cable is well-connected and free from noise interference.
	H'1101	Currently the device can NOT execute backup or restoration.	If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors of the Delta drive.
	H'1103	Currently the device can NOT compete the execution of backup or restoration.	If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors of the Delta drive.
	H'1106	Device responds with incomplete data	If the problem persists, contact the

Туре	Error Code in SR1605	Error Message	Solution
		for backup/restoration	local authorized distributors of the Delta drive.
	H'1108	Device responds with an unexpected error.	Check if the network cable is well-connected and free from noise interference.
	H'2000	Parameters exceed the upper limit.	If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors of the Delta drive.
	H'2001	Parameters are less than the lower limit.	If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors of the Delta drive.
	H'2002	Parameters can NOT be written.	If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors of the Delta drive.
Restoration error	H'2003	Currently the device is at the state of RUN.	Switch the device to the state of STOP.
enor	H'2004	Currently the device is at the state of error.	Refer to the drive user manual for more information.
	H'2005	Incorrect device file	If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors of the Delta drive.
	H'2006	Number of device parameters not matched.	If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors of the Delta drive.
	H'2007	Execution of backup or restoration timeout	If the problem persists, contact the local authorized distributors of the Delta drive.

# 13.3.5 FAQ

Question 1: Is Ethernet/IP the only communication protocol for backup and restoration?

Answer: Yes, currently Ethernet/IP is the only communication protocol supported. RS485 communication will also be available in the near future.

Question 2: Are the file name and the folder path editable?

Answer: The file name of the backup file contains to 4 sections, PLC Ethernet communication port, Ethernet communication protocol, and device information. Only the device information can be edited according to the device to be restored. See below for more details on the file naming.

File naming: mmmm\_nn\_tt\_pppppppppppppppppppppppppp

nn: communication port number (e.g. PLC Ethernet communication port is 03.)

tt: communication protocol type (e.g. Ethernet communication is fixed to 01.)

For example: If the device IP is 192.168.1.101 and its ID is 01, the device information is C0A80165

(IP: 192 = 16#C0, 168=16#A8, 1=16#01, 101=16#65) + 01 (ID) + 000000 = C0A8016501000000.par

Question 3: Can backup and restoration be executed when PLC CPU is at the state of RUN?

Answer: No. Backup and restoration can only be executed when PLC CPU is at the state of STOP. Since AS Series PLC CPU reads data from or writes data into the SD card, it affects the PLC scan time and may further affect the PLC operation.

MEMO



# Appendix A Installing a USB Driver

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# A.1 Installing the USB Driver for an AS Series CPU module in Windows XP with SP3

The instructions below show how to install the USB driver for an AS Series CPU module on Windows XP. To install the USB driver on another operating system, refer to the instructions in the operating system for information on installing new hardware.

Before you install the USB driver, you must install ISPSoft version 3.00 or above on your computer.

 Supply power to the AS Series CPU module. Connect the AS Series CPU module to a USB port on your computer with a USB cable. In the Found New Hardware Wizard, select No, not this time and then click Next.



(2) The wizard displays the name of the detected USB device. Select Install from a list or specific location (Advanced) and then click Next.

Found New Hardware Wizard
This wizard helps you install software for: DELTA PLC
Click Next to continue.
< Back Next > Cancel

(3) After you install ISPSoft version 3.00 or above, the driver for the AS CPU module is under the folder where you installed ISPSoft: ...\ISPSoft\drivers\Delta\_PLC\_USB\_Driver\.

Select **Include this location in the search** and enter the correct path, or click **Browse** to browse for the correct folder. Click **Next** to continue the installation.

Found New Hardware Wizard
Please choose your search and installation options.
<ul> <li>Search for the best driver in these locations.</li> <li>Use the check boxes below to limit or expand the default search, which includes local paths and removable media. The best driver found will be installed.</li> <li>Search removable media (floppy, CD-ROM)</li> <li>Include this location in the search:         <ul> <li>C:\Program Files\Delta Industrial Automation\ISPSott</li> <li>Browse</li> </ul> </li> <li>Don't search. I will choose the driver to install.</li> <li>Choose this option to select the device driver from a list. Windows does not guarantee that the driver you choose will be the best match for your hardware.</li> </ul>
< Back Next > Cancel



(4) The system installs the driver. If the Hardware Installation message appears during the installation, click Continue Anyway.



(5) Click Finish.



(6) Open the Windows Device Manager window. If the Delta PLC port for the USB device is under Ports (COM & LPT), the installation of the driver is successful, and Windows assigns a communication port number to the USB device.



#### Additional remarks

- If you connect the PLC to a different USB port on the computer, the system may ask you to install the driver again. Follow the steps above, and install the driver again. After you install the driver, the communication port number that the operating system assigns to the USB device may have changed.
- If Windows XP has not been updated to the version SP3 on the computer, an error message stating the
  missing files will appear during the installation. Resolve this issue with one of the following steps.
  - (a) Cancel the installation, install Windows XP SP3 on the computer, and reinstall the driver according to the steps above.
  - (b) Get the file needed, and specify the path where the file is stored for the missing file in the error message window.

Δ

# A.2 Installing the USB Driver for an AS Series CPU module in Windows 7

This section describes the steps to install the USB driver for an AS Series CPU module on Windows 7. To install the USB driver for an AS Series CPU module on another operating system, refer to the instructions in the operating system for information about installing new hardware.

Before you install the USB driver, you must install ISPSoft version 3.00 or above on your computer.

Supply power to the AS Series CPU module. Connect the AS Series CPU module to a USB port on the computer with a USB cable.

 Windows detects the module. From the Windows Control Panel, open the Device Manager. The name of the USB device appears in the Device Manager window. Double-click the AS300.



(2) In the AS300 Properties dialog box, click Update Driver.....

3	AS300			
	Davias huse:			
	Device type:	Other devices		
	Manufacturer:	Unknown		
	Location:	Port_#0001.Hub_#0003		
elemer To find		levice, click Update Driver.		
		Update Driver		

(3) Click Browse my computer for driver software.

Search automatically for updated Windows will search your computer and the for your device, unless you've disabled this for settings.	internet for the latest driver software
Browse my computer for driver so Locate and install driver software manually.	ftware

Α

(4) After you install ISPSoft version 3.00 or later, the driver for the AS Series CPU module is under the folder where you installed ISPSoft ...\ISPSoft\drivers\Delta\_PLC\_USB\_Driver\. Enter the path to the driver, or click Browse to browse to the correct folder.

Specify the correct path. If you installed the driver for the AS series CPU module to another location, specify the corresponding path. Click **Next** to continue the installation.

Industrial Automatio		
	n\ISPSoft 3.02\drivers\Delta_PLC_USB_Driver	▼ Browse
Include subfolders		
1 of mo pick f	rom a list of dovice drivers on my	computer
This list will show	rom a list of device drivers on my o v installed driver software compatible with the sime category as the device.	
software in the sa	ime category as the device.	
		Next
	_	
Sele	ect the folder that contains drivers for your	hardware.
Sele		hardware.
Sele	> 🍌 CANopenBuilder	hardware.
Sele		hardware.
Sele	<ul> <li>CANopenBuilder</li> <li>Data</li> </ul>	hardware.
Sele	<ul> <li>CANopenBuilder</li> <li>Data</li> <li>DataLogger</li> <li>DataTracer</li> <li>drivers</li> </ul>	hardware.
Sele	<ul> <li>CANopenBuilder</li> <li>Data</li> <li>DataLogger</li> <li>DataTracer</li> </ul>	hardware.

(5) Click **OK**. The system installs the driver. If the **Windows Security** window appears during the installation, click **Install this driver software anyway**.



(6) When the installation completes, click **Close**.



(7) Open the Device Manager window again. If the name of the Delta USB device appears under Ports (COM & LPT), the installation of the driver is successful. The operating system assigns a communication port number to the USB device.



#### Additional remarks

• If you connect the PLC to a different USB port on the computer, the system may ask you to install the driver again. Install the driver again. After you install the driver, the communication port number that the operating system assigns to the USB device may have changed.

# A.3 Installing the USB Driver for an AS Series CPU module in Windows 8

Windows 8 driver signature enforcement provides a way to improve the security of the operating system by validating the integrity of a driver or system file each time it is loaded into memory. Because the Delta PLC USB driver does not include the driver signature, this section shows you how to disable driver signature enforcement in Windows 8 to successfully install the Delta PLC USB driver. Once you disable the driver signature enforcement setting, it returns to its original state after you restart Windows.

Follow these steps to disable driver signature enforcement in Windows 8.

- 1. Press the Windows button [[WIN] + [I] on your keyboard to display the **Settings** window. Click **Change PC settings**.
- 2. The PC settings window appears. Click General and then click Restart now under Advanced startup.

Settings Desktop Control Panel	
Control Faner Personalization PC info Help	PC settings     Language       Activate Windows     Activate Windows       Personalize     Available storage       Users     Available storage       Natifications     Sterege attri       Share     Privacy       Privacy     Refresh your PC without affecting you miss. Insc.       Privacy     Refree week you and the stere to be
Atl III III IIII NETGEARST 32 Brightness Notifications Power Keyboard Change PC settings	Sync your settings HomeGroup Windows Update Advanced startup Instantion of the settings Windows Update Memory Wisson from a grannings The settings r put RC Memory wisson from a grannings The settings r put RC

3. After the computer restarts, under Choose an option, click Troubleshoot. Under Troubleshoot, click Advanced options.



- Α
- On the Advanced options page, click Startup Settings, and then on the Startup Settings page, click Restart to restart the computer.

$\odot$ Advanced opti	ons	
System Restore Use a restore point recorded on yo PC to restore Windows	r C:\ Centrand Prompt Use the Command Prompt for advanced troubleshooting	Restart to change Windows options such as:
System Image Recovery Prover Windows Luing a specific system image file	Startup Settings Charge Windows startup behavior	Enable debugging mode     Enable boot logging     Enable Sate Mode     Diable defuer dynamic anti-makeure protection     Diable entyrikaurch anti-makeure protection     Diable entyrikaurch anti-makeure protection
Automatic Repair Exproblem that keep Windows h	ñ	(Merr)

5. Press the 7 or F7 key on your keyboard to choose **Disable driver signature enforcement**. Press Enter and the system directs you back to the Windows 8 operating system. Install the Delta PLC USB driver now by connecting the AS Series CPU module to your computer's USB port. Refer to Section A2 for the steps to install the USB driver.



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# A.4 Installing the USB Driver for an AS Series CPU module in Windows 10

Windows 10 driver signature enforcement provides a way to improve the security of the operating system by validating the integrity of a driver or system file each time it is loaded into memory. Because the Delta PLC USB driver does not include the driver signature, this section shows you how to disable driver signature enforcement in Windows 10 to successfully install the Delta PLC USB. Once you disable the driver signature enforcement setting, it returns to its original state after restarting Windows.

This section describes the steps to disable driver signature enforcement in Windows 10.

- 1. Click the Windows **Start** button and then click **Settings**.
- A (Setting) B (Update & Security) Windows Settings B Settings Power Ask me anything B Ask me anything
- 2. In the Settings window, click Update & Security.



3. In the Settings window, click Recovery, and then click Restart now.

4. After the computer restarts, under **Choose an Option**, click **Troubleshoot**, and then click **Advanced options**.



5. On the **Advanced options** page, click **Startup Settings**. On the **Startup Settings** page click **Restart** to restart the computer.



6. On your keyboard, press 7 or F7 to choose **Disable driver signature enforcement**, and the system directs you to the Windows 10 operating system page. Install the Delta PLC USB driver.



 Install the USB driver for the AS Series CPU module by connecting the AS Series CPU module to your computer's USB port. Refer to Section A2 for the steps to install the USB driver.

# A.5 Notes on Utilizing USB Communication

- Suggested to use USB communication in the following occasions: PLC program upload / download, PLC parameters monitoring, and firmware upgrade.
- Suggested NOT to use USB communication for applications that require long time communication and without any connection drop.
- When experiencing connection lost, you can unplug the USB cable and then plug it back in and try the communication again.
- For the first time USB communication user, you need to install the USB driver for the AS Series PLC CPU.
- If the communication is still not working after unplugging and plugging, you need to open the Devices (Windows settings -> Devices) to see if the USB driver is still valid. The USB driver may be lost due to Windows updates. If your USB driver is invalid, install the USB driver again.



# Appendix B Device Addresses

# **Table of Contents**

B.1 Standard Modbus Device Addresses	В-2

B.2 Function Codes and Number of Devices Supported for Modbus ProtocolsB-3

# **B.1 Standard Modbus Device Addresses**

Applicable to AS series PLC

Device	Туре	Format	Device range	Modbus address	AS Address
				(Decimal number)	(Hexadecimal number)
x	Bit	DD.DD	X0.0-X63.15	124577-125600	6000-63FF
	Word	DD	X0-X63	332769-332832	8000-803F
Y	Bit	DD.DD	Y0.0-Y63.15	040961-041984	A000-A3FF
	Word	DD	Y0-Y63	440961-441024	A000-A03F
М	Bit	DDDD	M0-M8191	000001-008192	0000-1FFF
SM	Bit	DDDD	SM0-SM4095	016385-020480	4000-4FFF
SR	Word	DDDD	SR0-SR2047	449153-451200	C000-C7FF
D	Word	DDDDD	D0-D29999	400001-430000	0000-752F
S	Bit	DDDD	S0-S2047	020481-022528	5000-57FF
т	Bit	DDD	T0-T511	057345-057856	E000-E1FF
	Word	DDD	T0-T511	457345-457856	E000-E1FF
с	Bit	DDD	C0-C511	061441-061952	F000-F1FF
	Word	DDD	C0-C511	461441-461952	F000-F1FF
нс	Bit	DDD	HC0-HC255	064513-064768	FC00-FCFF
	DWord	DDD	HC0-HC255	464513-464768	FC00-FCFF
E	Word	DD	E0-E9	465025-465039	FE00-FE09
# **B.2 Function Codes and Number of Devices Supported** for Modbus Protocols

Applicable to AS series PLC

Function code	Name	Description	Number of devices supported (FW V1.06.00 or later)	Number of devices supported (FW V1.06.10 or later)
01	Read Coil Status	X, Y, M, SM, S, T, C, HC	1~256 bits	1~1600 bits
02	Read Discrete Input Status	X, Y, M, SM, S, T, C, HC	1~256 bits	1~1600 bits
03	Read Holding Registers	X, Y, SR, D, T, C, HC, E	1~100 words, (1~50 for HC)	1~100 words, (1~50 for HC)
04	Read Input Registers	Х	1~100 words	1~100 words
05	Force Single Coil	Y, M, SM, S, T, C, HC	1 bit	1 bit
06	Preset Single Register	Y, SR, D, T, C, HC, E	1 word	1 word
0F	Force Multiple Coils	Y, M, SM, S, T, C, HC	1~256 bits	1~1600 bits
10	Preset Multiple Register	Y, SR, D, T, C, HC, E	1~100 words, (1~50 for HC)	1~100 words, (1~50 for HC)
17	Read/Write Multiple Register	Y, SR, D, T, C, HC, E	1~100 words, (1~50 for HC)	1~100 words, (1~50 for HC)

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# Appendix C EMC Standards

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# C.1 EMC Standards for an AS Series System

## C.1.1 AS Series System EMC Standards

The EMC standards that are applicable to an AS series system are listed in the following tables.

### • EMI

Port	Frequency range	Level (Normative)	Reference standard
Enclosure port	30-230 MHz	40 dB (µV/m) quasi-peak	
(radiated)			IEC 61000-6-4
(measured at a	230-1000 MHz	47 dB (μV/m) quasi-peak	
distance of 10 meters)			
	0.15-0.5 MHz	79 dB (μV) quasi-peak	
AC power port	0.13-0.3 10112	66 dB (μV) average	IEC 61000-6-4
(conducted)	0.5-30 MHz	73 dB (μV) quasi-peak	1EC 01000-6-4
	0.5-30 MIHZ	60 dB (μV) average	

#### EMS

Environmental phenomenon	Reference standard	Test		Test level
Electrostatic discharge	IEC 61000-4-2	C	ontact Air	± 4 kV ± 8 kV
Radio frequency electromagnetic field Amplitude modulated	IEC 61000-4-3	80% AM, 1 kHz sinusoidal	2.0-2.7 GHz 1.4-2.0 GHz 80-1000 MHz	1 V/m 3 V/m 10 V/m
Power frequency magnetic field			0 Hz	30 A/m 30 A/m

### • Conducted immunity test

Environmental phenomenon		Fast transient burst	High energy surge	Radio frequency interference
Reference	Reference standard		IEC 61000-4-5	IEC 61000-4-6
Interface/Port	Specific interface/port	Test level	Test level	Test level
Data	Shielded cable	1 kV	1 kV CM	10 V
communication	Unshielded cable	1 kV	1 kV CM	10 V
	AC I/O (unshielded)	2 kV	2 kV CM	
Digital and analog	Analog or DC I/O(unshielded)	1 kV	1 kV CM	10 V
	All shielded lines (to the earth)	1 kV	1 kV CM	10 V
	AC power	2 kV	2 kV CM	10 V
Equipment power	AC power	2 KV	1 kV DM	10 V
	DC power	2 kV	0.5 kV CM	10 V
	DC power	2 KV 0.5 KV DM		10 V
	AC I/O and AC	0.117	2 kV CM	10 V
I/O power and	auxiliary power	2 kV	1 kV DM	10 V
auxiliary power output	DC I/O and DC		0.5 kV CM	40.14
	auxiliary power	2 kV	0.5 kV DM	10 V

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### C.1.2 Installation Instructions to meet EMC Standards

You must install an AS Series PLC in a control box. The control box protects the PLC and isolates electromagnetic interference generated by the PLC.

- (1) Control box
  - Use a conductive control box. Remove the paint on the plate bolts to ensure good contact between the inner plate and the control box.
  - Connect the control box with a thick wire to ensure that the control box is well-grounded, even if there is high-frequency noise.
  - The diameter of holes in the control box must be less than 10 millimeters (3.94 inches). Radio frequency noise may be emitted if the hole diameter is larger than 10 millimeters.
  - Minimize the distance between the door of the control box and the PLC to prevent radio waves from leaking. You can also prevent radio waves from leaking by putting an EMI gasket on the painted surface.
- (2) Connecting a power cable and a ground

Connect the PLC system power cable and the ground as described below.

- Provide a ground point near the power supply module. Use thick, short wires to connect the terminals LG and FG with the ground. The length of the wire should be less than 30 centimeters (11.18 inches). Noise generated by the PLC system is passed to the ground through LG and FG; therefore, the impedance should be as low as possible. Although the wires are used to reduce noise, they themselves carry a lot of noise. Using short wires can prevent the wires from acting as antennas.
- Twist the ground and the power cable together; the noise flowing through the power cable is then passed to the ground. The ground and the power cable do not need to be twisted if you install a filter on the power cable.

### C.1.3 Cables

#### Grounding a shielded cable

Cables drawn from the control box carry high-frequency noise. When they are outside of the control box, they are like antennas emitting noise. The cables connected to digital input/output modules, analog input/output modules, temperature measurement modules, network modules, and motion control modules should all be shielded cables to prevent the emission of noise. Using shielded cables also increases the resistance to external noise. You improve the resistance to noise if the signal cables that are connected to the digital input/output modules, analog input/output modules, temperature measurement modules, temperature measurement modules, network modules, and motion control modules are all shielded cables that are grounded properly. If you do not use shielded cables or ground the shielded cables correctly, noise resistance will not improve. Make sure the shield of any connected cable contacts the control box. You must scrape any paint off of the control box at the contact point. All fastening must be metal, and the shield must contact the surface of the control box. Use washers to correct any unevenness or use an abrasive to level the surface.

Ground the shield of a shielded cable as close to a module as possible. Ensure that there is no electromagnetic induction between grounded cables.

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# Appendix D Maintenance and Inspection

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## **D.1** Cautions

Observe the following precautions before performing maintenance and inspection. **Incorrect or careless operation** will lead to injury or equipment damage.



• To prevent a breakdown of an AS Series system or a fire, ensure that the ambient environment does not contain corrosive substances such as chloride gas, sulfide gas or flammable substances such as oil mist, cutting powder, or dirt.

- To prevent the connectors from oxidizing and to prevent electric shock, do not touch the connectors.
- To prevent electric shock, turn off the power before pulling the connectors or loosening the screws.
- To prevent cable damage, and to prevent the connectors from being loosened, do not put weight on the cables or pull on them.
- Ensure that the input voltage is within the rated range.
- To prevent product breakdown, fire, or injury, do not disassemble or alter the modules.
  - To prevent a controlled element from malfunctioning, ensure that the program and parameters are written into a new CPU module before restarting the AS Series system.
  - To prevent incorrect output or equipment damage, refer to the related manuals for more information about operating the modules.
  - To prevent damage to the modules, touch grounded metal or wear an antistatic wrist strap to release static electricity from your body before working on a module.
  - To prevent noise from causing system breakdown, keep a proper distance from the system when using a cell phone or communication device.
  - Do not install an AS Series system in direct sun or in a humid environment.
  - To prevent the temperature of an element from being too high, maintain a proper distance between the AS Series system and heat sources such as coils, heating devices, and resistors.
  - To protect an AS Series system, install an emergency stop switch and an overcurrent protection device.
  - Inserting and pulling a module several times can loosen the contact between the module and the backplane.

• To prevent an unexpected shock from resulting in damage to the AS Series system and a controlled element, ensure that the modules are correctly and firmly installed.

# **D.2 Daily Maintenance**

To keep an AS series system operating normally, ensure that the ambient environment and the AS series system conform to the cautions listed in section D.1. You can then perform the daily inspection described below. If you find any problems, follow the solution and perform any necessary maintenance.

### **D.2.1 Required Inspection Tools**

- A screwdriver
- Industrial alcohol
- A clean cotton cloth

### **D.2.2 Daily Inspection**

No.	Item	Inspection	Criterion	Remedy
1	Appearance	Check visually.	Dirt must not be present.	Remove the dirt.
2	Installing of a backplane	Check whether the set screws are loose. Check whether the backplane is installed on the DIN rail properly.	The backplane must be installed firmly.	Tighten the screws. Install the backplane on the DIN rail properly.
3	Installing of a module	Check whether the module is loose that the projection is inserted into the hole on the backplane, and that the screw is tightened.	The projection under the module must be inserted into the hole in the backplane, and the screw must be tightened.	Install the module firmly.
	Connection	Check whether the removable terminal block is loose.	The removable terminal block must not be loose.	Install the terminal block firmly.
4		Check whether the connector is loose.	The connector must not be loose.	Tighten the screws on the connector.

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No.		Item	Inspection	Criterion	Remedy
	Power supply module	POWER LED indicator	Check whether the POWER LED indicator is ON.	The POWER LED indicator must be ON.	Please refer to Chapter 12 for more information about troubleshooting.
	CPU module	RUN LED	When the CPU module is running, check whether the RUN LED is ON.	The RUN LED indicator must be ON.	
5		ERROR LED	Check whether the ERROR LED indicator is OFF.	The ERROR LED indicator must be OFF.	
5		BUS FAULT LED indicator	Check whether the BUS FAULT LED indicator is OFF.	The BUS FAULT LED indicator must be OFF.	
		SYSTEM LED indicator	Check whether the SYSTEM LED indicator is OFF.	The SYSTEM LED indicator must be OFF.	
	LED indicators on an extension module*		Check whether the LED indicators on the extension module are ON.	If the LED indicators are ON, the module is operating normally.	

\* Please refer to the Module Manual for more information related to the LED indicators on the extension modules.

# **D.3 Periodic Maintenance**

In addition to daily inspection, you should perform periodic maintenance depending on the actual operating environment. After making sure that the ambient environment and the AS Series system conform to the cautions listed in Section D.1, perform the periodic inspection described below. If you find any problems, follow the solution and perform any necessary maintenance.

### **D3.1 Required Inspection Tools**

- A screwdriver
- Industrial alcohol
- A clean cotton cloth
- A multimeter
- A thermometer
- A hygrometer

No.		ltem	Inspection	Criterion	Remedy			
1	Ambient environment	Ambient temperature/hu midity	The ambient temperature and the ambient humidity are measured by a thermometer and a hygrometer.	The ambient temperature and the ambient humidity must conform to the specifications for the modules or the backplane. If the specifications are different, the strictest specifications have priority.	To ensure that the system operates in a stable environment, determine why the environment varies, and resolve the issue.			
		Atmosphere	Measure corrosive gas.	Corrosive gas must not be present.				
2	Supply voltage		Measure the AC power supply.	The power supply should meet the specifications for the power supply module.	Check the power supply.			
3	Installation	Looseness	Check whether the module is loose.	The module must be installed firmly.	Please refer to Chapter 4 for more information on installing the module.			
					Adhesion of dirt	Check the appearance.	Dirt must not be present.	Remove the dirt.
	Connection	Connection	Connection	Connection	Looseness of terminal screws	Tighten the screws with a screwdriver.	The screws must not be loose.	Tighten the screws.
4					Looseness of connectors	Pull the connectors.	The connectors must not be loose.	Tighten the screws on the connectors.
5		system nosis	Check the error logs.	No new error occurs.	Please refer to section 12.1.3 for more information.			

## D.3.2 Periodic Inspection

#### AS Series Hardware and Operation Manual

No.	ltem	Inspection	Criterion	Remedy
6	Maximum scan time	Check the states of SR413 and SR414 through the device monitoring table in ISPSoft.	The maximum scan cycle must be within the range specified in the system specifications.	Determine why the scan time exceeds specifications.